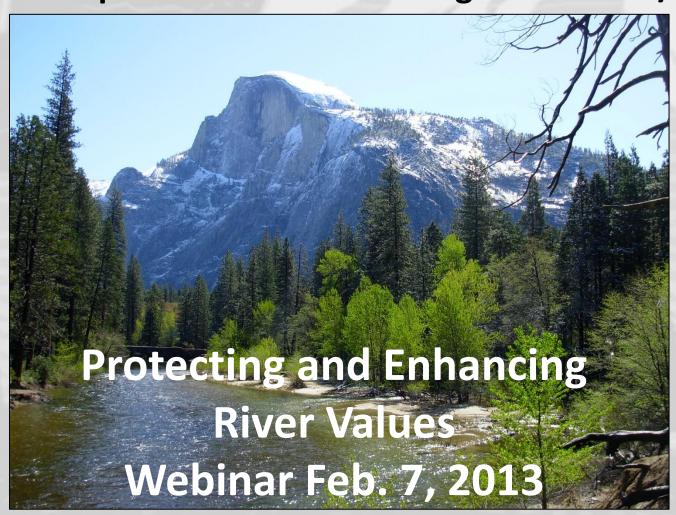
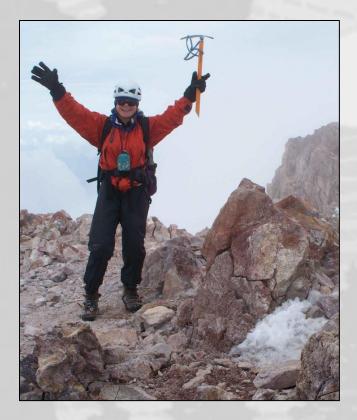


MERCED WILD AND SCENIC RIVER Draft Comprehensive River Management Plan / EIS





Today's Speakers



Kathleen Morse



Mae Frantz



Presentation Overview

- 1. The Wild and Scenic Rivers Act Protect and Enhance Mandate and Merced River Outstandingly Remarkable Values
- 2. Merced River Plan Foundational Planning Framework and River Value Conditions, Issues, and Opportunities
- 3. Merced River Plan Actions to Protect and Enhance River Values
- 4. Merced River Plan Monitoring and Management





Section One

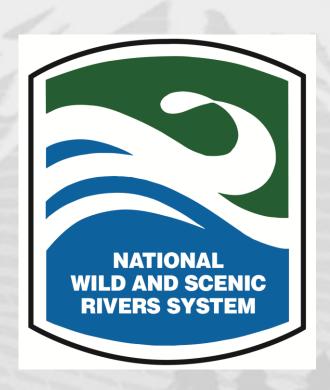
The Wild and Scenic Rivers Act Protect and Enhance Mandate

Merced River
Outstandingly Remarkable Values



Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968

- Protects free-flowing condition
- Protects water quality
- Protects and enhances the river's
 Outstandingly Remarkable Values
 (ORVs)— the qualities that make the
 river worthy of special protection



 Requires management plans to be completed to provide long-term guidance

ORV Criteria

The value must be river related or river dependent:

- Located in the river or on its immediate shorelands (within a quarter-mile on either side of the river)
 and
- Contribute substantially to the functioning of the river ecosystem or owe its location or existence to the presence of the river

The value must be rare, unique, or exemplary in a regional or national context.

"A conspicuous example from among a number of similar values that are themselves uncommon or extraordinary."

(1999 IWSRCC Guidelines)



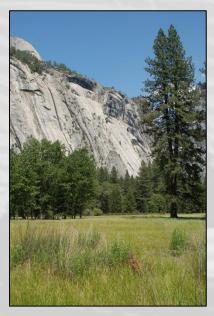
Merced River Biological ORVs

- High-elevation Meadows and Riparian Habitat
- Yosemite Valley Mid-elevation Meadows and Riparian Habitat
- Sierra Sweet Bay











Geologic/Hydrologic ORVs

- Glacially Carved Canyon Upper Merced
- "Giant Staircase"
- Rare, Mid-elevation Alluvial River
- Boulder Bar in El Portal











Cultural ORVs

- Yosemite Valley American Indian
 Ethnographic Resources
- Yosemite Valley Archeological District
- Yosemite Valley Historic Resources
- El Portal Archeological District
- Regionally Rare Archeological Features, including Rock Rings
- Wawona Archeological District
- Wawona Historic Resources



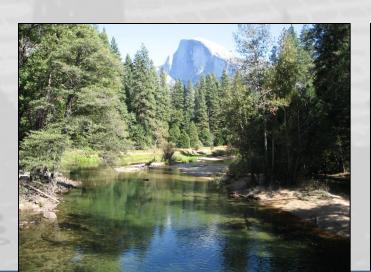






Scenic ORVs

- Scenic Views in Wilderness
- Iconic Scenic Views in Yosemite Valley
- Scenic Views in the Merced River Gorge
- Scenic Wilderness Views along the South Fork Merced River











Recreational ORVs

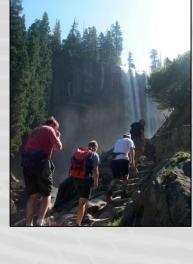
WILDERNESS ABOVE NEVADA FALL:

- Hiking
- Backpacking
- Swimming

YOSEMITE VALLEY:

- Viewing Scenery
- Swimming
- Hiking
- Camping
- Paddling
- Picnicking
- River Interpretation and Education











Section Two

Merced River Plan Foundational Planning Framework

River Value Conditions, Issues, and Opportunities

Foundational Framework

"Each [river] will be managed to protect and enhance the values for which the river was designated, while providing for public recreation and resource uses which do not adversely impact or degrade those values."

WSRA Guidelines, 1982



Foundational Planning Framework

To protect river values...

A comprehensive management plan must

- 1. Define, identify and correct any existing adverse impacts or degradation to river values;
- 2. Prevent future adverse impacts or degradation.



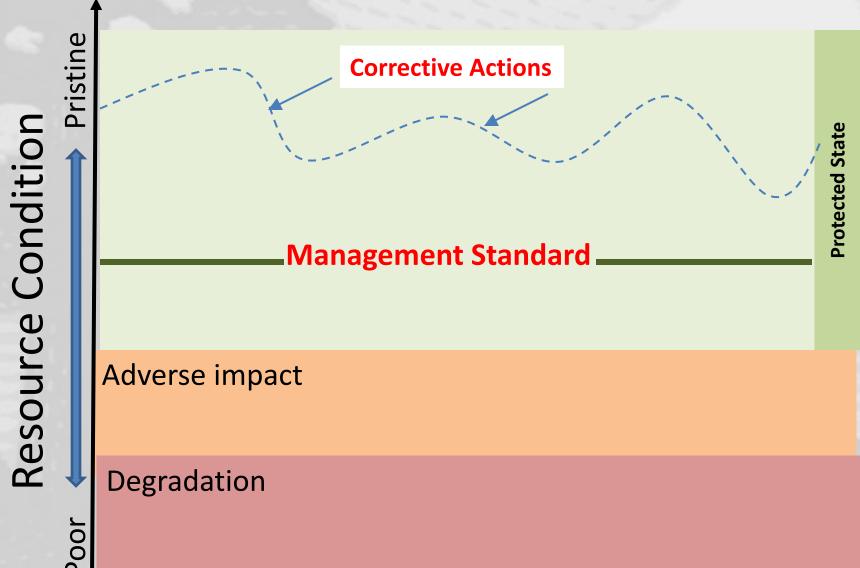


Foundational Planning Framework

Adverse Impact: A significant reduction in the quality of a river value in relation to baseline conditions as a result of public use or development. Adverse impact is determined at a segment-wide scale and requires immediate attention by the agency.

Degradation: The state in which a river value has been fundamentally altered by public use or development to point that its value is lost for at least 10 years. Degradation is a segment-wide condition.







Baseline Conditions

Draft Baseline Conditions Report updated in July 2012

DEIS: Chapter 5 includes comprehensive assessment of river values



Flooded informal trail in El Capitan Meadow

Key Findings

- Local impacts in El Capitan Meadow
- Riparian areas between Clark's and Sentinel bridges
- Hydrologic impacts of Sugarpine Bridge
- Informal trails through Valley meadows
- Improve condition of national historic landmarks







Hydrologic impacts of Sugar Pine Bridge



Foundational Planning Framework

To enhance river values...

The Merced River Plan must

- 1. Identify baseline conditions for each river value; and
- 2. Improve conditions in the river corridor
- 3. Outline a monitoring protocol to evaluate conditions over time and take appropriate management actions.

These actions have been linked with proactive restoration measures to form a comprehensive restoration program for the Merced River corridor.

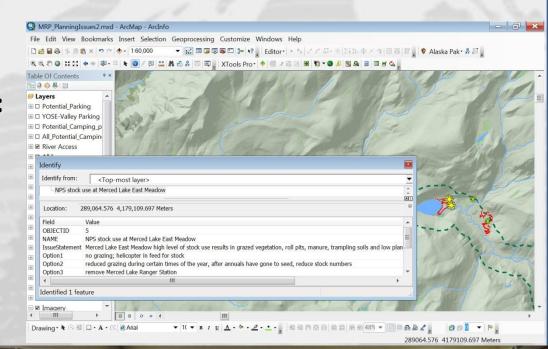


River Value Issue & Opportunity Analysis

Interdisciplinary team evaluation of entire river corridor

Used research studies, park data, subject-matter expertise, and public comment to identify:

- Significant issues in river management
- Opportunities to enhance river values







Section Three

Merced River Plan

Actions to Protect and Enhance River Values

Actions to Protect & Enhance an Interconnected River System



Actions to Protect & Enhance River Values

| Bed and Banks (ordinary high-water mark) | Incorporate large wood into river channel to enhance habitat quality and channel complexity. Direct river access to resilient sandy beaches and sandbars to prevent impacts to riparian areas. Fence off sensitive areas, and direct use to more resilient areas. Remove Housekeeping Camp lodging units out of ordinary high-water mark. |
|--|--|
| 100 feet away from river | Ecologically restore portions of Backpackers, North Pines, Lower Pines, and Wawona campgrounds. Relocate or remove campsites at least 100 feet away from the river. |
| 150 feet away from river | □ Prohibit new development within a 150-foot riparian buffer. □ Move Yosemite Village Day-use Parking Area north, at least 150 feet away from the river. |
| Meadow restoration | □ Restore 171 – 337 acres of meadow by filling ditches and removing informal trails. □ Remove roadside parking along meadows and associated fill material. □ Restore hydrology and fire processes to increase the acreage of meadows and oak woodlands. |
| Scenic vistas | ☐ Selectively thin trees that encroach on historic scenic views in the Merced River corridor. |
| Cultural restoration | Remove informal trails, non-essential roads, and infrastructure that impacts archeological sites. Delineate bike paths, roads, bridle paths, parking, staging, and trails away from sensitive resources. Remove graffiti, and install fencing around rock art and other sensitive features. |



Cultural ORV Protection & Enhancement (Ethnographic)

- Document the Yosemite Valley Traditional Cultural Property consisting of traditional use areas, spiritual places, and historic villages
- Remove conifers from meadows / black oak communities
- Restore traditionally-used plant populations



Cultural ORV Protection & Enhancement (Archeological)

- Remove informal trails, nonessential roads, campsites, and infrastructure that impact archeological sites
- Increase education efforts to minimize visitor use impacts to archeological resources
- Develop site management plans for exceptional sites
- Complete and update necessary archeological site and district documentation







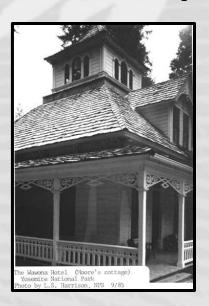


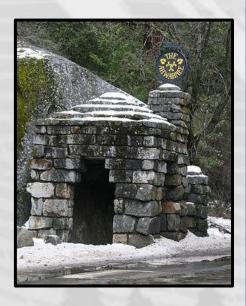




Cultural ORV Protection & Enhancement (Historic Resources)

- Follow historic structures report recommendations to return structures at the Ahwahnee, Residence 1, and Wawona Hotel to "good" condition
- Develop historic structures report for Le Conte Memorial Lodge
- Continue regular routine preservation maintenance and rehabilitation









Scenic ORV Protection & Enhancement

- Reduce visual intrusions as part of the ecological restoration program
- Ensure that new development is protective of scenic resources
- Implement management treatment—including removal of vegetation to protect views from vista points within the corridor



Before Tunnel View Restoration, 2007

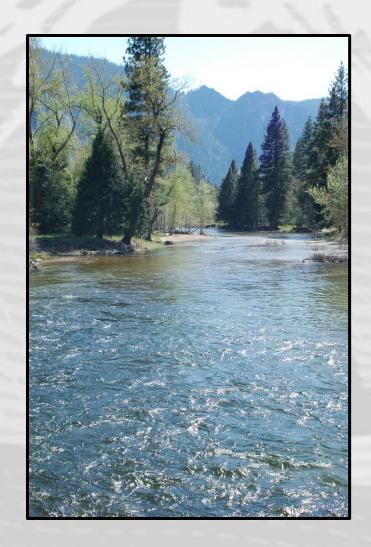


After Tunnel View Restoration, 2008



Water Quality Protection & Enhancement

- Implement a riparian buffer to prevent erosion and trap sediment
- Relocate RV dump stations away from river
- Ensure parking area redevelopment is located away from the river and includes BMPs for water quality protection
- Connect Wawona campground to water treatment system
- Require minimum flows on the South Fork





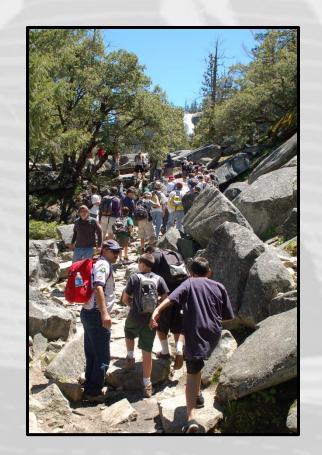
Recreation ORV Protection & Enhancement

Segment 1

- Sustain a range of high-quality, resource based recreational activities; allow private boating
- Manage visitor densities to ensure wilderness character qualities

Segment 2

- Improve circulation and access while reducing crowding at key attraction sites
- Manage boating to improve dispersed recreation along the river; designate put-in and take-out locations





- Establish a riparian buffer; pull development back from river
- Remove riverside riprap
- Retain large wood in river channel
- Re-vegetate denuded riverbanks
- Remove ditches from meadows
- Remove informal trails from wet meadows
- Direct visitor use to more stable and resilient river access points



Denuded and riprapped riverbank



Healthy riverbank riparian vegetation





Before: Housekeeping Camp Restoration, 1995



After: Housekeeping Camp Restoration, 2003



Before: Devil's Elbow, pre-restoration, 1993



After: Devil's Elbow, post-restoration, 1995



- Ecologically restore at least 164 acres in the river corridor
- Remove at least 5,700 linear feet of riverbank revetment
- Implement a 50' riparian setback from Indian Creek
- Remove 6 miles of informal trails in Valley meadows
- Prohibit new development within 150' of the ordinary high water mark
- Remove campsites and associated development from within 100' of the bed and banks of the river







- Construct engineered log jams between Clark's and Sentinel bridges to enhance riparian habitat and channel complexity
- Remove abandoned infrastructure in meadows and ecologically restore sites
- Revegetate denuded riverbank areas
- Improve meadow hydrology by removing artificial fill, filling ditches, and constructing culverts
- Eliminate roadside parking that impacts sensitive meadow and riparian habitat





- Ecologically restore the Greenmeyer sand pit
- Remove bulk petroleum industrial fueling facility from the floodplain in El Portal
- Enhance valley oaks by establishing an oak recruitment area of at least 1 acre
- Provide designated river access to picnic areas with paths that encourage visitors to walk in resilient areas

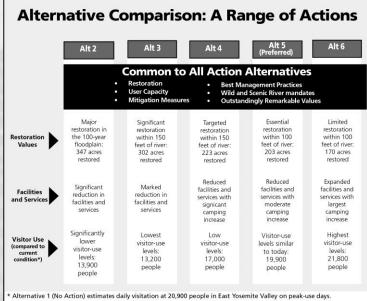




Actions to Protect & Enhance that Vary by Alternative Alternative Comparison: A R

Degree of ecological restoration in specific areas:

- Yosemite Valley day-use parking area
- Former Rivers Campgrounds
- Merced Lake High Sierra
 Camp
- Housekeeping Camp
- Valley bridges
- El Capitan Meadow



Components that Equate to an Individual Alternative

Actions Common to All Management Actions Common To Alts 2-6 (the Action Alternatives)

Protection and Enhancement of River Values

- Free-flowing Condition
- Water Quality
- Outstandingly Remarkable Values

Manage User Capacity, Land Use, and Facilities and Services

Actions That Vary

Site-specific Management Actions for Individual Alternative

Actions Vary According to Management Goals for:

- Restoration
- Visitor-use Levels
- Visitor Experience





Meadow Protection & Enhancement

- Increased monitoring
- Increased education and enforcement
- Trail delineation
- Removal of informal trails
- Recontour topography
- Soil decompaction
- Fences
- Boardwalks
- Adjust roadside parking
- Manage access



El Capitan Meadow in 2000

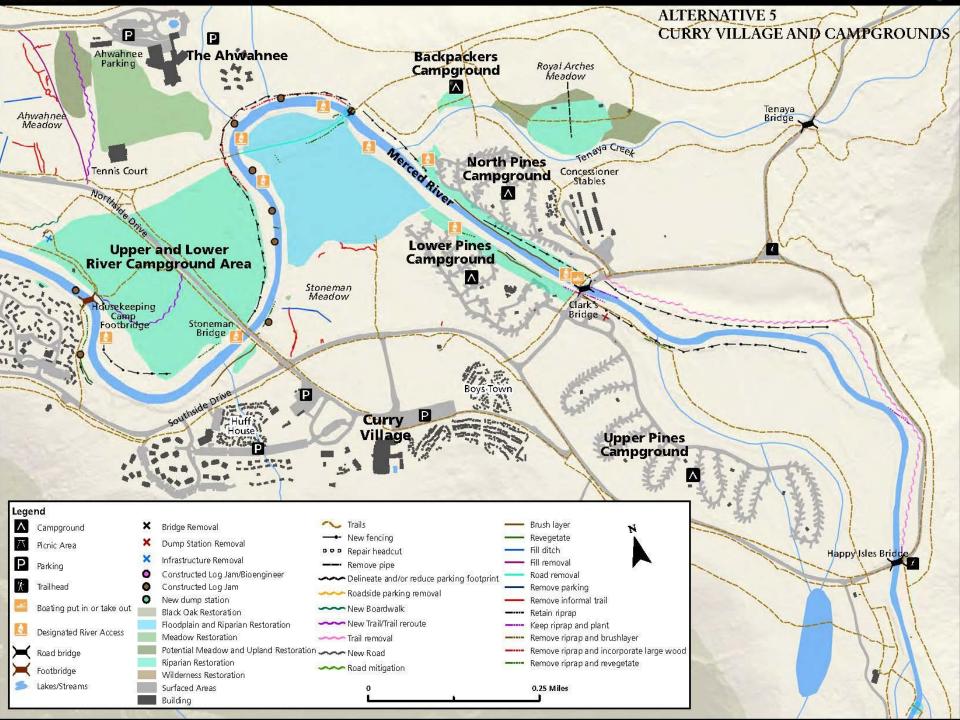


El Capitan Meadow in 2012



Actions to Protect & Enhance Specific to Alternative 5 (Preferred)

- Relocate parking development at Yosemite Village day-use parking area at least 150 feet from river
- Locate walk-in camping near Upper Rivers out of the 25 year floodplain
- Remove 34 units from the observed ordinary high-water mark at Housekeeping Camp
- Retain all historic Valley Bridges except
 Sugar Pine, which is removed to enhance the free-flowing condition of the river















Section Four

Merced River Plan

Protection in Perpetuity: Monitoring and Management

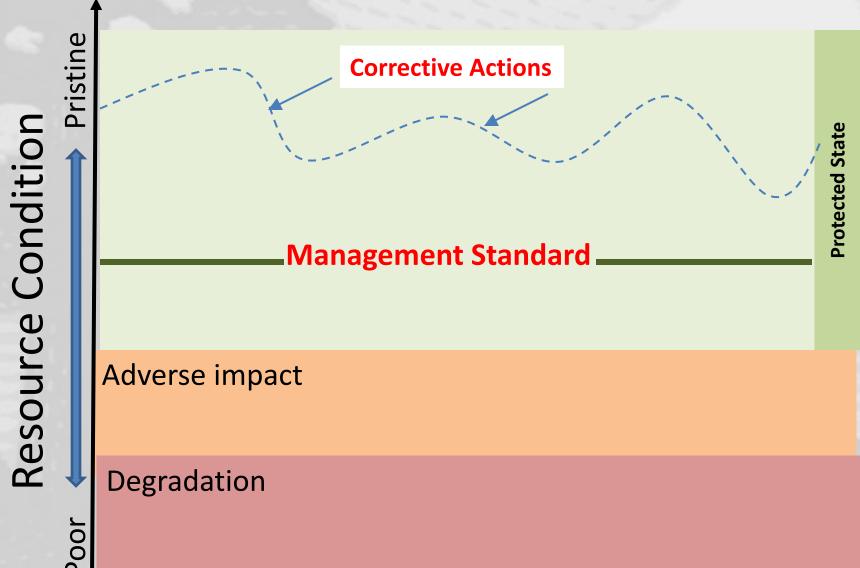


Protection in Perpetuity: Monitoring and Management

What about avoiding future impacts?

A series of monitoring protocols has been developed to evaluate conditions over time and thresholds have been set for taking appropriate management actions.







Monitoring and Management

- Indicators: measure of river value condition
- Triggers: levels at which NPS must respond to protect values from exceeding management standards
- Management responses: represent the potential actions available to prevent further impact and enhance values





Monitoring and Management: Triggers & Management Responses

Meadow Indicators:

- Fragmentation
- Bare soil
- Streambank Stability

Initial Trigger (fragmentation):

Fragmentation level in an individual meadow drops below 93%.

Management Response

- Increased visitor impact monitoring
- Implement appropriate restoration actions





EXAMPLE: FRAGMENTATION OF MEADOW HABITAT DUE TO PROLIFERATION OF INFORMAL TRAILS



1987: Stoneman Meadow informal trails

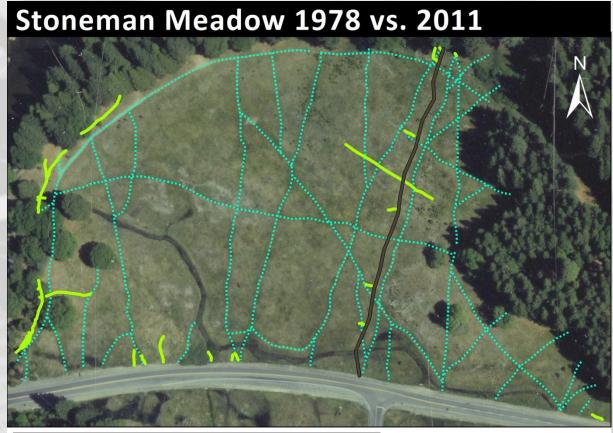
Using Largest Patch Index (LPI-5)

Management Standard is 93% weighted mean (segment-wide) with no individual meadow less than 90%

Adverse impact is 81% weighted mean (segment-wide)

Degradation is 40% weighted mean (segment-wide)

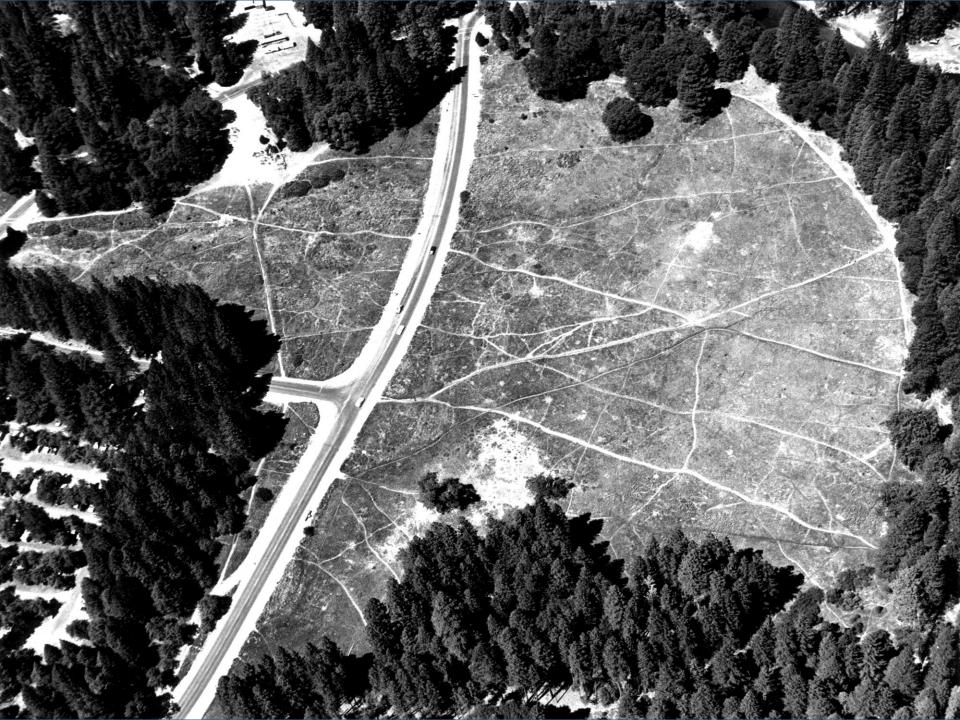


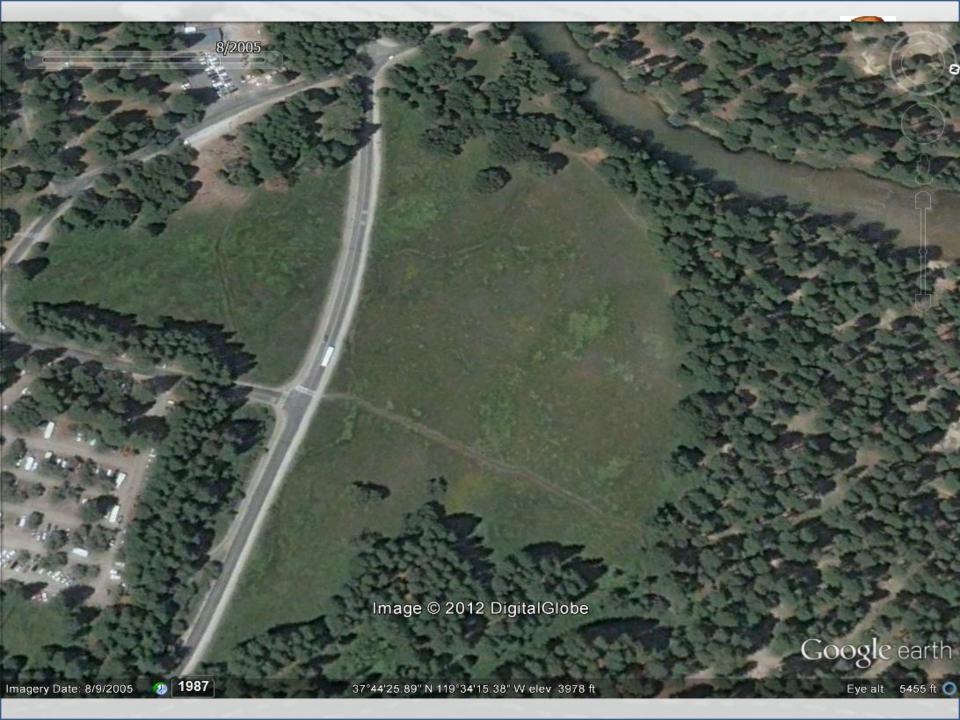


| Trail Symbol | Total length of trails | LPI-5 Value |
|--------------|------------------------|-------------|
| 1978 | 3170 meters | 40.40 |
| 2011 —— | 327 meters | 99.12 |

| Current Boardwalk | | | | | |
|----------------------|----|----|-------|--|--|
| 0 | 25 | 50 | 100 m | | |

These 1978 informal trail values were determined based on the presence of trails in this aerial photograph from the Yosemite Archives. For LPI-5 values, all 1978 trails were given a default trail width of 12".







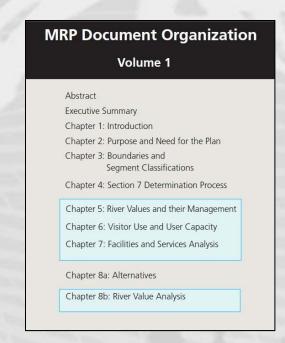
Where to Learn More

Merced River Draft Plan and EIS

- Chapter 5- River Values and their management
- Chapter 8a- Alternatives
- Chapter 8b- River Value Analysis
- Appendix E- Proposed Restoration Actions
- Appendix M Changes to ORVs Over Time

On the Internet

- For fact sheets and research studies, visit: www.nps.gov/yose/parkmgmt/mrp.htm
- For the Merced River Plan interactive map, visit: http://imgis.nps.gov/yose





Merced River Plan Public Review &

Comment Period

- 100-day review period
 January 8 April 18, 2013
- Comment online <u>http://parkplanning.nps.gov/mrp_deis</u>
- Or via email: yose_planning@nps.gov
- Or via US mail:

 National Park Service
 Merced River Plan
 P.O. Box 577
 Yosemite NP, CA 95389





