

XXIII. MISCELLANEOUS ENACTMENTS

1. Abraham Lincoln Bicentennial Commission

PUBLIC LAW 106–173—FEB. 25, 2000

114 STAT. 14

Public Law 106–173
106th Congress

An Act

To establish the Abraham Lincoln Bicentennial Commission.

Feb. 25, 2000
[H.R. 1451]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Abraham Lincoln
Bicentennial
Commission Act.
36 USC note
prec. 101.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Abraham Lincoln Bicentennial Commission Act”.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Abraham Lincoln, the 16th President, was one of the Nation’s most prominent leaders, demonstrating true courage during the Civil War, one of the greatest crises in the Nation’s history.

(2) Born of humble roots in Hardin County, Kentucky, on February 12, 1809, Abraham Lincoln rose to the Presidency through a legacy of honesty, integrity, intelligence, and commitment to the United States.

(3) With the belief that all men were created equal, Abraham Lincoln led the effort to free all slaves in the United States.

(4) Abraham Lincoln had a generous heart, with malice toward none and with charity for all.

(5) Abraham Lincoln gave the ultimate sacrifice for the country Lincoln loved, dying from an assassin’s bullet on April 15, 1865.

(6) All Americans could benefit from studying the life of Abraham Lincoln, for Lincoln’s life is a model for accomplishing the “American Dream” through honesty, integrity, loyalty, and a lifetime of education.

(7) The year 2009 will be the bicentennial anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln, and a commission should be established to study and recommend to Congress activities that are fitting and proper to celebrate that anniversary in a manner that appropriately honors Abraham Lincoln.

SEC. 3. ESTABLISHMENT.

There is established a commission to be known as the Abraham Lincoln Bicentennial Commission (referred to in this Act as the “Commission”).

SEC. 4. DUTIES.

The Commission shall have the following duties:

(1) To study activities that may be carried out by the Federal Government to determine whether the activities are fitting and proper to honor Abraham Lincoln on the occasion of the bicentennial anniversary of Lincoln's birth, including—

(A) the minting of an Abraham Lincoln bicentennial penny;

(B) the issuance of an Abraham Lincoln bicentennial postage stamp;

(C) the convening of a joint meeting or joint session of Congress for ceremonies and activities relating to Abraham Lincoln;

(D) a redesignation of the Lincoln Memorial, or other activity with respect to the Memorial; and

(E) the acquisition and preservation of artifacts associated with Abraham Lincoln.

(2) To recommend to Congress the activities that the Commission considers most fitting and proper to honor Abraham Lincoln on such occasion, and the entity or entities in the Federal Government that the Commission considers most appropriate to carry out such activities.

Congress.
President.

SEC. 5. MEMBERSHIP.

(a) NUMBER AND APPOINTMENT.—The Commission shall be composed of 15 members appointed as follows:

(1) Two members, each of whom shall be a qualified citizen described in subsection (b), appointed by the President.

(2) One member, who shall be a qualified citizen described in subsection (b), appointed by the President on the recommendation of the Governor of Illinois.

(3) One member, who shall be a qualified citizen described in subsection (b), appointed by the President on the recommendation of the Governor of Indiana.

(4) One member, who shall be a qualified citizen described in subsection (b), appointed by the President on the recommendation of the Governor of Kentucky.

(5) Three members, at least one of whom shall be a Member of the House of Representatives, appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

(6) Three members, at least one of whom shall be a Senator, appointed by the majority leader of the Senate.

(7) Two members, at least one of whom shall be a Member of the House of Representatives, appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives.

(8) Two members, at least one of whom shall be a Senator, appointed by the minority leader of the Senate.

(b) QUALIFIED CITIZEN.—A qualified citizen described in this subsection is a private citizen of the United States with—

(1) a demonstrated dedication to educating others about the importance of historical figures and events; and

(2) substantial knowledge and appreciation of Abraham Lincoln.

(c) TIME OF APPOINTMENT.—Each initial appointment of a member of the Commission shall be made before the expiration of the 120-day period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(d) CONTINUATION OF MEMBERSHIP.—If a member of the Commission was appointed to the Commission as a Member of

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114 STAT. 16

Congress, and ceases to be a Member of Congress, that member may continue to serve on the Commission for not longer than the 30-day period beginning on the date that member ceases to be a Member of Congress.

(e) **TERMS.**—Each member shall be appointed for the life of the Commission.

(f) **VACANCIES.**—A vacancy in the Commission shall not affect the powers of the Commission but shall be filled in the manner in which the original appointment was made.

(g) **BASIC PAY.**—Members shall serve on the Commission without pay.

(h) **TRAVEL EXPENSES.**—Each member shall receive travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with sections 5702 and 5703 of title 5, United States Code.

(i) **QUORUM.**—Five members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum but a lesser number may hold hearings.

(j) **CHAIR.**—The Commission shall select a Chair from among the members of the Commission.

(k) **MEETINGS.**—The Commission shall meet at the call of the Chair. Periodically, the Commission shall hold a meeting in Springfield, Illinois.

SEC. 6. DIRECTOR AND STAFF.

(a) **DIRECTOR.**—The Commission may appoint and fix the pay of a Director and such additional personnel as the Commission considers to be appropriate.

(b) **APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN CIVIL SERVICE LAWS.**—

(1) **DIRECTOR.**—The Director of the Commission may be appointed without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and may be paid without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of that title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates.

(2) **STAFF.**—The staff of the Commission shall be appointed subject to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of that title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates.

SEC. 7. POWERS.

(a) **HEARINGS AND SESSIONS.**—The Commission may, for the purpose of carrying out this Act, hold such hearings, sit and act at such times and places, take such testimony, and receive such evidence as the Commission considers to be appropriate.

(b) **POWERS OF MEMBERS AND AGENTS.**—Any member or agent of the Commission may, if authorized by the Commission, take any action that the Commission is authorized to take by this Act.

(c) **OBTAINING OFFICIAL DATA.**—The Commission may secure directly from any department or agency of the United States information necessary to enable the Commission to carry out this Act. Upon request of the Chair of the Commission, the head of that department or agency shall furnish that information to the Commission.

(d) **MAILS.**—The Commission may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as other departments and agencies of the United States.

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(e) ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT SERVICES.—Upon the request of the Commission, the Administrator of General Services shall provide to the Commission, on a reimbursable basis, the administrative support services necessary for the Commission to carry out its responsibilities under this Act.

SEC. 8. REPORTS.

(a) INTERIM REPORTS.—The Commission may submit to Congress such interim reports as the Commission considers to be appropriate.

Deadline.

(b) FINAL REPORT.—The Commission shall submit a final report to Congress not later than the expiration of the 4-year period beginning on the date of the formation of the Commission. The final report shall contain—

(1) a detailed statement of the findings and conclusions of the Commission;

(2) the recommendations of the Commission; and

(3) any other information that the Commission considers to be appropriate.

SEC. 9. BUDGET ACT COMPLIANCE.

Any spending authority provided under this Act shall be effective only to such extent and in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts.

SEC. 10. TERMINATION.

The Commission shall terminate 120 days after submitting the final report of the Commission pursuant to section 8.

SEC. 11. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this Act.

Approved February 25, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1451:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Vol. 145 (1999): Oct. 4, considered and passed House.

Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Vol. 146 (2000): Feb. 8, House concurred in Senate amendment.



2. Abraham Lincoln Interpretive Center, Illinois

PUBLIC LAW 106-291—OCT. 11, 2000

114 STAT. 922

Public Law 106-291
106th Congress

An Act

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes.

Oct. 11, 2000
[H.R. 4578]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes, namely:

Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

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GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

114 STAT. 941

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SEC. 146. (a) CONTRIBUTIONS TOWARD ESTABLISHMENT OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN INTERPRETIVE CENTER.—

114 STAT. 952

(1) **GRANTS AUTHORIZED.**—Subject to subsections (a)(2) and (a)(3), the Secretary of the Interior shall make grants to contribute funds for the establishment in Springfield, Illinois, of an interpretive center to preserve and make available to the public materials related to the life of President Abraham Lincoln and to provide interpretive and educational services which communicate the meaning of the life of Abraham Lincoln.

(2) **PLAN AND DESIGN.**—

(A) **SUBMISSION.**—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the entity selected by the Secretary of the Interior to receive grants under subsection (a)(1) shall submit to the Secretary a plan and design for the interpretive center, including a description of the following:

Deadline.

- (i) The design of the facility and site.
- (ii) The method of acquisition.
- (iii) The estimated cost of acquisition, construction, operation, and maintenance.

(iv) The manner and extent to which non-Federal entities will participate in the acquisition, construction, operation, and maintenance of the center.

114 STAT. 953

(B) **CONSULTATION AND COOPERATION.**—The plan and design for the interpretive center shall be prepared in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior and the Governor of Illinois and in cooperation with such other public, municipal, and private entities as the Secretary considers appropriate.

(3) **CONDITIONS ON GRANT.**—

(A) **MATCHING REQUIREMENT.**—A grant under subsection (a)(1) may not be made until such time as the entity selected to receive the grant certifies to the Secretary of the Interior that funds have been contributed by the

114 STAT. 953

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State of Illinois or raised from non-Federal sources for use to establish the interpretive center in an amount equal to at least double the amount of that grant.

(B) RELATION TO OTHER LINCOLN-RELATED SITES AND MUSEUMS.—The Secretary of the Interior shall further condition the grant under subsection (a)(1) on the agreement of the grant recipient to operate the resulting interpretive center in cooperation with other Federal and non-Federal historic sites, parks, and museums that represent significant locations or events in the life of Abraham Lincoln. Cooperative efforts to promote and interpret the life of Abraham Lincoln may include the use of cooperative agreements, cross references, cross promotion, and shared exhibits.

(4) PROHIBITION ON CONTRIBUTION OF OPERATING FUNDS.—Grant amounts may not be used for the maintenance or operation of the interpretive center.

(5) NON-FEDERAL OPERATION.—The Secretary of the Interior shall have no involvement in the actual operation of the interpretive center, except at the request of the non-Federal entity responsible for the operation of the center.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of the Interior a total of \$50,000,000 to make grants under subsection (a)(1). Amounts so appropriated shall remain available for expenditure through fiscal year 2006.

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114 STAT. 1029

This Act may be cited as the “Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001”.

Approved October 11, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4578:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-646 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 106-914 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-312 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

June 13-15, considered and passed House.

July 10, 12, 17, 18, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Oct. 3, House agreed to conference report.

Oct. 3-5, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 36 (2000):

Oct. 11, Presidential statement and remarks.



3. Aleutian World War II

PUBLIC LAW 106-176—MAR. 10, 2000

114 STAT. 23

Public Law 106-176
106th Congress

An Act

To make technical corrections to the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 and to other laws related to parks and public lands.

Mar. 10, 2000
[H.R. 149]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCE TO OMNIBUS PARKS AND PUBLIC LANDS MANAGEMENT ACT OF 1996.

Omnibus Parks
Technical
Corrections Act
of 2000.

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This Act may be cited as the “Omnibus Parks Technical Corrections Act of 2000”.

16 USC 1 note.

(b) **REFERENCE TO OMNIBUS PARKS ACT.**—In this Act, the term “Omnibus Parks Act” means the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-333; 110 Stat. 4093).

**TITLE I—TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO
DIVISION I**

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SEC. 113. UNALASKA.

114 STAT. 27

Section 513(c) of division I of the Omnibus Parks Act (110 Stat. 4165; 16 U.S.C. 461 note) is amended by striking “whall be comprised” and inserting “shall be comprised”.

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Approved March 10, 2000.

114 STAT. 34

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 149:

- HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-17 (Comm. on Resources).
- SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-125 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).
- CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:
 - Vol. 145 (1999): Feb. 23, considered and passed House.
 - Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate, amended.
 - Vol. 146 (2000): Feb. 15, House concurred in Senate amendments.



4. Anderson Cottage, District of Columbia (study)

113 STAT. 1501

PUBLIC LAW 106-113—NOV. 29, 1999

Public Law 106-113
106th Congress

An Act

Nov. 29, 1999
[H.R. 3194]Making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000,
and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the several departments, agencies, corporations and other organizational units of the Government for the fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

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113 STAT. 1535

DIVISION B

Incorporation by
reference.SEC. 1000. (a) The provisions of the following bills are hereby
enacted into law:

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(2) H.R. 3422 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on
November 17, 1999;(3) H.R. 3423 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on
November 17, 1999;

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113 STAT. 1536
Incorporation by
reference;
publication.(b) In publishing the Act in slip form and in the United States
Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112, of title 1, United States
Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after the
date of approval at the end appendixes setting forth the texts
of the bills referred to in subsection (a) of this section.

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113 STAT. 1537

Approved November 29, 1999.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3194:HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-479 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):Nov. 3, considered and passed House; considered and passed Senate, amend-
ed.

Nov. 18, House agreed to conference report.

Nov. 19, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 35 (1999):

Nov. 29, Presidential remarks and statement.

ENDNOTE: The following appendixes are added pursuant to the provisions of section 1000
of this Act (113 Stat. 1535).

PUBLIC LAW 106-113—APPENDIX C 113 STAT. 1501A-135

APPENDIX C—H.R. 3423

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

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TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

113 STAT.
1501A-190

* * * * *

SEC. 326. (a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This section may be cited as the “National Park Service Studies Act of 1999”.

113 STAT.
1501A-194

(b) **AUTHORIZATION OF STUDIES.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of the Interior (“the Secretary”) shall conduct studies of the geographical areas and historic and cultural themes described in subsection (b)(3) to determine the appropriateness of including such areas or themes in the National Park System.

(2) **CRITERIA.**—In conducting the studies authorized by this Act, the Secretary shall use the criteria for the study of areas for potential inclusion in the National Park System in accordance with section 8 of Public Law 91-383, as amended by section 303 of the National Parks Omnibus Management Act (Public Law 105-391; 112 Stat. 3501).

113 STAT.
1501A-195

(3) **STUDY AREAS.**—The Secretary shall conduct studies of the following:

- (A) Anderson Cottage, Washington, District of Columbia.
- (B) Bioluminescent Bay, Puerto Rico.
- (C) Civil Rights Sites, multi-State.
- (D) Crossroads of the American Revolution, Central New Jersey.
- (E) Fort Hunter Liggett, California.
- (F) Fort King, Florida.
- (G) Gaviota Coast Seashore, California.
- (H) Kate Mullany House, New York.
- (I) Loess Hills, Iowa.
- (J) Low Country Gullah Culture, multi-State.
- (K) Nan Madol, State of Ponape, Federated States of Micronesia (upon the request of the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia).
- (L) Walden Pond and Woods, Massachusetts.
- (M) World War II Sites, Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas.
- (N) World War II Sites, Republic of Palau (upon the request of the Government of the Republic of Palau).

(c) **REPORTS.**—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives a report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of each study under subsection (b) within three fiscal years following the date on which funds are first made available for each study.

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5. Base Closing Property Conveyances

113 STAT. 512

PUBLIC LAW 106-65—OCT. 5, 1999

Public Law 106-65
106th Congress

An Act

Oct. 5, 1999
[S. 1059]

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2000 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

National Defense
Authorization
Act for Fiscal
Year 2000.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000”.

SEC. 2. ORGANIZATION OF ACT INTO DIVISIONS; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) DIVISIONS.—This Act is organized into three divisions as follows:

- (1) Division A—Department of Defense Authorizations.
- (2) Division B—Military Construction Authorizations.
- (3) Division C—Department of Energy National Security Authorizations and Other Authorizations.

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113 STAT. 824
Military
Construction
Authorization
Act for Fiscal
Year 2000.

**DIVISION B—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION
AUTHORIZATIONS**

SEC. 2001. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the “Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000”.

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113 STAT. 844

TITLE XXVIII—GENERAL PROVISIONS

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113 STAT. 853

**SUBTITLE C—DEFENSE BASE CLOSURE AND
REALIGNMENT**

SEC. 2821. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CONVEYANCES OF BASE CLOSURE PROPERTY.

(a) 1990 LAW.—Section 2905(b)(4) of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended—

- (1) in subparagraph (A)—
 - (A) by inserting “or realigned” after “closed”; and
 - (B) by inserting “for purposes of job generation on the installation” before the period at the end;
- (2) by redesignating subparagraphs (C), (D), (E), and (F) as subparagraphs (E), (F), (G), and (J), respectively;
- (3) by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following new subparagraphs:

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“(B) The transfer of property of a military installation under subparagraph (A) shall be without consideration if the redevelopment authority with respect to the installation—

“(i) agrees that the proceeds from any sale or lease of the property (or any portion thereof) received by the redevelopment authority during at least the first seven years after the date of the transfer under subparagraph (A) shall be used to support the economic redevelopment of, or related to, the installation; and

“(ii) executes the agreement for transfer of the property and accepts control of the property within a reasonable time after the date of the property disposal record of decision or finding of no significant impact under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).

“(C) For purposes of subparagraph (B), the use of proceeds from a sale or lease described in such subparagraph to pay for, or offset the costs of, public investment on or related to the installation for any of the following purposes shall be considered a use to support the economic redevelopment of, or related to, the installation:

“(i) Road construction.

“(ii) Transportation management facilities.

“(iii) Storm and sanitary sewer construction.

“(iv) Police and fire protection facilities and other public facilities.

“(v) Utility construction.

“(vi) Building rehabilitation.

“(vii) Historic property preservation.

“(viii) Pollution prevention equipment or facilities.

“(ix) Demolition.

“(x) Disposal of hazardous materials generated by demolition.

“(xi) Landscaping, grading, and other site or public improvements.

“(xii) Planning for or the marketing of the development and reuse of the installation.

113 STAT. 854

“(D) The Secretary may recoup from a redevelopment authority such portion of the proceeds from a sale or lease described in subparagraph (B) as the Secretary determines appropriate if the redevelopment authority does not use the proceeds to support economic redevelopment of, or related to, the installation for the period specified in subparagraph (B).”;

(4) in subparagraph (F), as redesignated by paragraph (2)—

(A) by striking “(i)”; and

(B) by striking clause (ii); and

(5) by inserting after subparagraph (F), as so redesignated, the following new subparagraphs:

“(H)(i) In the case of an agreement for the transfer of property of a military installation under this paragraph that was entered into before April 21, 1999, the Secretary may modify the agreement, and in so doing compromise, waive, adjust, release, or reduce any right, title, claim, lien, or demand of the United States, if—

“(I) the Secretary determines that as a result of changed economic circumstances, a modification of the agreement is necessary;

“(II) the terms of the modification do not require the return of any payments that have been made to the Secretary;

“(III) the terms of the modification do not compromise, waive, adjust, release, or reduce any right, title, claim, lien, or demand of the United States with respect to in-kind consideration; and

“(IV) the cash consideration to which the United States is entitled under the modified agreement, when combined with the cash consideration to be received by the United States for the disposal of other real property assets on the installation, are as sufficient as they were under the original agreement to fund the reserve account established under section 204(b)(7)(C) of the Defense Authorization Amendments and Base Closure and Realignment Act, with the depreciated value of the investment made with commissary store funds or non-appropriated funds in property disposed of pursuant to the agreement being modified, in accordance with section 2906(d).

“(ii) When exercising the authority granted by clause (i), the Secretary may waive some or all future payments if, and to the extent that, the Secretary determines such waiver is necessary.

“(iii) With the exception of the requirement that the transfer be without consideration, the requirements of subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D) shall be applicable to any agreement modified pursuant to clause (i).

“(I) In the case of an agreement for the transfer of property of a military installation under this paragraph that was entered into during the period beginning on April 21, 1999, and ending on the date of enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000, at the request of the redevelopment authority concerned, the Secretary shall modify the agreement to conform to all the requirements of subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D). Such a modification may include the compromise, waiver, adjustment, release, or reduction of any right, title, claim, lien, or demand of the United States under the agreement.”

113 STAT. 855

(b) 1988 LAW.—Section 204(b)(4) of the Defense Authorization Amendments and Base Closure and Realignment Act (Public Law 100-526; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A)—

(A) by inserting “or realigned” after “closed”; and

(B) by inserting “for purposes of job generation on the installation” before the period at the end;

(2) by redesignating subparagraphs (C), (D), and (E) as subparagraphs (E), (F), and (I), respectively;

(3) by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following new subparagraphs:

“(B) The transfer of property of a military installation under subparagraph (A) shall be without consideration if the redevelopment authority with respect to the installation—

“(i) agrees that the proceeds from any sale or lease of the property (or any portion thereof) received by the redevelopment authority during at least the first seven years after the date of the transfer under subparagraph (A) shall be used to support the economic redevelopment of, or related to, the installation; and

“(ii) executes the agreement for transfer of the property and accepts control of the property within a reasonable time after the date of the property disposal record of decision or finding of no significant impact under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).

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“(C) For purposes of subparagraph (B), the use of proceeds from a sale or lease described in such subparagraph to pay for, or offset the costs of, public investment on or related to the installation for any of the following purposes shall be considered a use to support the economic redevelopment of, or related to, the installation:

“(i) Road construction.

“(ii) Transportation management facilities.

“(iii) Storm and sanitary sewer construction.

“(iv) Police and fire protection facilities and other public facilities.

“(v) Utility construction.

“(vi) Building rehabilitation.

“(vii) Historic property preservation.

“(viii) Pollution prevention equipment or facilities.

“(ix) Demolition.

“(x) Disposal of hazardous materials generated by demolition.

“(xi) Landscaping, grading, and other site or public improvements.

“(xii) Planning for or the marketing of the development and reuse of the installation.

“(D) The Secretary may recoup from a redevelopment authority such portion of the proceeds from a sale or lease described in subparagraph (B) as the Secretary determines appropriate if the redevelopment authority does not use the proceeds to support economic redevelopment of, or related to, the installation for the period specified in subparagraph (B).”;

(4) in subparagraph (E), as redesignated by paragraph

(2)—

(A) by striking “(i)”; and

(B) by striking clause (ii); and

(5) by inserting after subparagraph (F) the following new subparagraphs:

113 STAT. 856

“(G)(i) In the case of an agreement for the transfer of property of a military installation under this paragraph that was entered into before April 21, 1999, the Secretary may modify the agreement, and in so doing compromise, waive, adjust, release, or reduce any right, title, claim, lien, or demand of the United States, if—

“(I) the Secretary determines that as a result of changed economic circumstances, a modification of the agreement is necessary;

“(II) the terms of the modification do not require the return of any payments that have been made to the Secretary;

“(III) the terms of the modification do not compromise, waive, adjust, release, or reduce any right, title, claim, lien, or demand of the United States with respect to in-kind consideration; and

“(IV) the cash consideration to which the United States is entitled under the modified agreement, when combined with the cash consideration to be received by the United States for the disposal of other real property assets on the installation, are as sufficient as they were under the original agreement to fund the reserve account established under paragraph (7)(C), with the depreciated value of the investment made with com-

113 STAT. 856

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missary store funds or nonappropriated funds in property disposed of pursuant to the agreement being modified, in accordance with section 2906(d) of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990.

“(ii) When exercising the authority granted by clause (i), the Secretary may waive some or all future payments if, and to the extent that, the Secretary determines such waiver is necessary.

“(iii) With the exception of the requirement that the transfer be without consideration, the requirements of subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D) shall be applicable to any agreement modified pursuant to clause (i).

“(H) In the case of an agreement for the transfer of property of a military installation under this paragraph that was entered into during the period beginning on April 21, 1999, and ending on the date of enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000, at the request of the redevelopment authority concerned, the Secretary shall modify the agreement to conform to all the requirements of subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D). Such a modification may include the compromise, waiver, adjustment, release, or reduction of any right, title, claim, lien, or demand of the United States under the agreement.”.

* * * * *

113 STAT. 976

Approved October 5, 1999.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1059 (H.R. 1401):

HOUSE REPORTS: Nos. 106-162 accompanying H.R. 1401 (Comm. on Armed Services) and 106-301 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-50 (Comm. on Armed Services).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):

May 24-27, considered and passed Senate.

June 14, considered and passed House, amended, in lieu of H.R. 1401.

Sept. 15, House agreed to conference report.

Sept. 21, 22, Senate considered and agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 35 (1999):

Oct. 5, Presidential remarks and statement.



6. Bioluminescent Bay, Puerto Rico (study)

PUBLIC LAW 106–113—NOV. 29, 1999

113 STAT. 1501

Public Law 106–113
106th Congress

An Act

Making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000,
and for other purposes.

Nov. 29, 1999
[H.R. 3194]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the serveral departments, agencies, corporations and other organizational units of the Government for the fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

DIVISION B

113 STAT. 1535

SEC. 1000. (a) The provisions of the following bills are hereby enacted into law:

Incorporation by reference.

* * * * *

(2) H.R. 3422 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on November 17, 1999;

(3) H.R. 3423 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on November 17, 1999;

* * * * *

(b) In publishing the Act in slip form and in the United States Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112, of title 1, United States Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after the date of approval at the end appendixes setting forth the texts of the bills referred to in subsection (a) of this section.

113 STAT. 1536
Incorporation by reference; publication.

* * * * *

Approved November 29, 1999.

113 STAT. 1537

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3194:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106–479 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):

Nov. 3, considered and passed House; considered and passed Senate, amended.

Nov. 18, House agreed to conference report.

Nov. 19, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 35 (1999):

Nov. 29, Presidential remarks and statement.

ENDNOTE: The following appendixes are added pursuant to the provisions of section 1000 of this Act (113 Stat. 1535).



113 STAT. 1501A–135 PUBLIC LAW 106–113—APPENDIX C

APPENDIX C—H.R. 3423

Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

113 STAT.
1501A–190**TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS**

* * * * *

113 STAT.
1501A–194

SEC. 326. (a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This section may be cited as the “National Park Service Studies Act of 1999”.

(b) **AUTHORIZATION OF STUDIES.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of the Interior (“the Secretary”) shall conduct studies of the geographical areas and historic and cultural themes described in subsection (b)(3) to determine the appropriateness of including such areas or themes in the National Park System.

(2) **CRITERIA.**—In conducting the studies authorized by this Act, the Secretary shall use the criteria for the study of areas for potential inclusion in the National Park System in accordance with section 8 of Public Law 91–383, as amended by section 303 of the National Parks Omnibus Management Act (Public Law 105–391; 112 Stat. 3501).

113 STAT.
1501A–195

(3) **STUDY AREAS.**—The Secretary shall conduct studies of the following:

(A) Anderson Cottage, Washington, District of Columbia.

(B) Bioluminescent Bay, Puerto Rico.

(C) Civil Rights Sites, multi-State.

(D) Crossroads of the American Revolution, Central New Jersey.

(E) Fort Hunter Liggett, California.

(F) Fort King, Florida.

(G) Gaviota Coast Seashore, California.

(H) Kate Mullany House, New York.

(I) Loess Hills, Iowa.

(J) Low Country Gullah Culture, multi-State.

(K) Nan Madol, State of Ponape, Federated States of Micronesia (upon the request of the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia).

(L) Walden Pond and Woods, Massachusetts.

(M) World War II Sites, Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas.

(N) World War II Sites, Republic of Palau (upon the request of the Government of the Republic of Palau).

(c) **REPORTS.**—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives a report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of each study under subsection (b) within three fiscal years following the date on which funds are first made available for each study.

* * * * *

7. Bosque Redondo Memorial, NM

PUBLIC LAW 106-511—NOV. 13, 2000

114 STAT. 2365

Public Law 106-511
106th Congress

An Act

To provide for equitable compensation for the Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe, and for other purposes.

Nov. 13, 2000
[S. 964]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

* * * * *

**TITLE II—BOSQUE REDONDO
MEMORIAL**

114 STAT. 2369
Bosque Redondo
Memorial Act.
New Mexico.
16 USC 431 note.

SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the “Bosque Redondo Memorial Act”.

SEC. 202. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(1) in 1863, the United States detained nearly 9,000 Navajo and forced their migration across nearly 350 miles of land to Bosque Redondo, a journey known as the “Long Walk”;

(2) Mescalero Apache people were also incarcerated at Bosque Redondo;

(3) the Navajo and Mescalero Apache people labored to plant crops, dig irrigation ditches and build housing, but drought, cutworms, hail, and alkaline Pecos River water created severe living conditions for nearly 9,000 captives;

(4) suffering and hardships endured by the Navajo and Mescalero Apache people forged a new understanding of their strengths as Americans;

(5) the Treaty of 1868 was signed by the United States and the Navajo tribes, recognizing the Navajo Nation as it exists today;

(6) the State of New Mexico has appropriated a total of \$123,000 for a planning study and for the design of the Bosque Redondo Memorial;

(7) individuals and businesses in DeBaca County donated \$6,000 toward the production of a brochure relating to the Bosque Redondo Memorial;

(8) the Village of Fort Sumner donated 70 acres of land to the State of New Mexico contiguous to the existing 50 acres comprising Fort Sumner State Monument, contingent on the funding of the Bosque Redondo Memorial;

(9) full architectural plans and the exhibit design for the Bosque Redondo Memorial have been completed;

(10) the Bosque Redondo Memorial project has the encouragement of the President of the Navajo Nation and the President of the Mescalero Apache Tribe, who have each appointed tribal members to serve as project advisors;

(11) the Navajo Nation, the Mescalero Tribe and the National Park Service are collaborating to develop a symposium

114 STAT. 2369

PUBLIC LAW 106-511—NOV. 13, 2000

on the Bosque Redondo Long Walk and a curriculum for inclusion in the New Mexico school curricula;

(12) an interpretive center would provide important educational and enrichment opportunities for all Americans; and

(13) Federal financial assistance is needed for the construction of a Bosque Redondo Memorial.

(b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this title are as follows:

(1) To commemorate the people who were interned at Bosque Redondo.

(2) To pay tribute to the native populations' ability to rebound from suffering, and establish the strong, living communities that have long been a major influence in the State of New Mexico and in the United States.

114 STAT. 2370

(3) To provide Americans of all ages a place to learn about the Bosque Redondo experience and how it resulted in the establishment of strong American Indian Nations from once divergent bands.

(4) To support the construction of the Bosque Redondo Memorial commemorating the detention of the Navajo and Mescalero Apache people at Bosque Redondo from 1863 to 1868.

SEC. 203. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

(1) MEMORIAL.—The term "Memorial" means the building and grounds known as the Bosque Redondo Memorial.

(2) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Defense.

SEC. 204. BOSQUE REDONDO MEMORIAL.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.— Upon the request of the State of New Mexico, the Secretary is authorized to establish a Bosque Redondo Memorial within the boundaries of Fort Sumner State Monument in New Mexico. No memorial shall be established without the consent of the Navajo Nation and the Mescalero Tribe.

(b) COMPONENTS OF THE MEMORIAL.—The memorial shall include—

(1) exhibit space, a lobby area that represents design elements from traditional Mescalero and Navajo dwellings, administrative areas that include a resource room, library, workrooms and offices, restrooms, parking areas, sidewalks, utilities, and other visitor facilities;

(2) a venue for public education programs; and

(3) a location to commemorate the Long Walk of the Navajo people and the healing that has taken place since that event.

SEC. 205. CONSTRUCTION OF MEMORIAL.

(a) GRANT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may award a grant to the State of New Mexico to provide up to 50 percent of the total cost of construction of the Memorial.

(2) NON-FEDERAL SHARE.—The non-Federal share of construction costs for the Memorial shall include funds previously expended by the State for the planning and design of the Memorial, and funds previously expended by non-Federal entities for the production of a brochure relating to the Memorial.

PUBLIC LAW 106-511—NOV. 13, 2000

114 STAT. 2370

(b) REQUIREMENTS.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this section, the State shall—

(1) submit to the Secretary a proposal that—

(A) provides assurances that the Memorial will comply with all applicable laws, including building codes and regulations; and

(B) includes such other information and assurances as the Secretary may require; and

(2) enter into a Memorandum of Understanding with the Secretary that shall include—

(A) a timetable for the completion of construction and the opening of the Memorial;

(B) assurances that construction contracts will be competitively awarded;

(C) assurances that the State or Village of Fort Sumner will make sufficient land available for the Memorial; 114 STAT. 2371

(D) the specifications of the Memorial which shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local building codes and laws;

(E) arrangements for the operation and maintenance of the Memorial upon completion of construction;

(F) a description of Memorial collections and educational programming;

(G) a plan for the design of exhibits including the collections to be exhibited, security, preservation, protection, environmental controls, and presentations in accordance with professional standards;

(H) an agreement with the Navajo Nation and the Mescalero Tribe relative to the design and location of the Memorial; and

(I) a financing plan developed by the State that outlines the long-term management of the Memorial, including—

(i) the acceptance and use of funds derived from public and private sources to minimize the use of appropriated or borrowed funds;

(ii) the payment of the operating costs of the Memorial through the assessment of fees or other income generated by the Memorial;

(iii) a strategy for achieving financial self-sufficiency with respect to the Memorial by not later than 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act; and

(iv) a description of the business activities that would be permitted at the Memorial and appropriate vendor standards that would apply.

Deadline.

SEC. 206. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title—

(1) \$1,000,000 for fiscal year 2000; and

(2) \$500,000 for each of fiscal years 2001 and 2002.

(b) CARRYOVER.—Any funds made available under this section that are unexpended at the end of the fiscal year for which those funds are appropriated, shall remain available for use by the Sec-

114 STAT. 2371

PUBLIC LAW 106-511—NOV. 13, 2000

retary through September 30, 2002 for the purposes for which those funds were made available.

* * * * *

114 STAT. 2377

Approved November 13, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 964:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-944 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-217 (Comm. on Indian Affairs).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Vol. 145 (1999): Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate.

Vol. 146 (2000): Oct. 18, considered and passed House, amended.

Oct. 24, Senate concurred in House amendment.



**8. Bainbridge Island/Japanese-American Memorial
(study)**

PUBLIC LAW 107-363—DEC. 19, 2002

116 STAT. 3024

Public Law 107-363
107th Congress

An Act

To direct the Secretary of the Interior to conduct a study of the site commonly known as Eagledale Ferry Dock at Taylor Avenue in the State of Washington for potential inclusion in the National Park System.

Dec. 19, 2002
[H.R. 3747]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Bainbridge
Island Japanese-
American
Memorial Study
Act of 2002.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; FINDINGS.

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This Act may be cited as the “Bainbridge Island Japanese-American Memorial Study Act of 2002”.

(b) **FINDINGS.**—The Congress finds the following:

(1) During World War II on February 19, 1942, President Franklin Delano Roosevelt signed Executive Order 9066, setting in motion the forced exile of more than 110,000 Japanese Americans.

(2) In Washington State, 12,892 men, women and children of Japanese ancestry experienced three years of incarceration, an incarceration violating the most basic freedoms of American citizens.

(3) On March 30, 1942, 227 Bainbridge Island residents were the first Japanese Americans in United States history to be forcibly removed from their homes by the U.S. Army and sent to internment camps. They boarded the ferry Kehloken from the former Eagledale Ferry Dock, located at the end of Taylor Avenue, in the city of Bainbridge Island, Washington State.

(4) The city of Bainbridge Island has adopted a resolution stating that this site should be a National Memorial, and similar resolutions have been introduced in the Washington State Legislature.

(5) Both the Minidoka National Monument and Manzanar National Historic Site can clearly tell the story of a time in our Nation’s history when constitutional rights were ignored. These camps by design were placed in very remote places and are not easily accessible. Bainbridge Island is a short ferry ride from Seattle and the site would be within easy reach of many more people.

(6) This is a unique opportunity to create a site that will honor those who suffered, cherish the friends and community who stood beside them and welcomed them home, and inspire all to stand firm in the event our nation again succumbs to similar fears.

(7) The site should be recognized by the National Park Service based on its high degree of national significance, association with significant events, and integrity of its location

116 STAT. 3025

PUBLIC LAW 107-363—DEC. 19, 2002

and setting. This site is critical as an anchor for future efforts to identify, interpret, serve, and ultimately honor the Nikkei—persons of Japanese ancestry—influence on Bainbridge Island.

SEC. 2. EAGLEDALE FERRY DOCK LOCATION AT TAYLOR AVENUE STUDY AND REPORT.

(a) **STUDY.**—The Secretary of the Interior shall carry out a special resource study regarding the national significance, suitability, and feasibility of designating as a unit of the National Park System the property commonly known as the Eagledale Ferry Dock at Taylor Avenue and the historical events associated with it, located in the town of Bainbridge Island, Kitsap County, Washington.

Deadline.

(b) **REPORT.**—Not later than 1 year after funds are first made available for the study under subsection (a), the Secretary of the Interior shall submit to the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a report describing the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of the study.

(c) **REQUIREMENTS FOR STUDY.**—Except as otherwise provided in this section, the study under subsection (a) shall be conducted in accordance with section 8(c) of Public Law 91-383 (16 U.S.C. 1a-5(c)).

Approved December 19, 2002.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3747: (S. 1894) (S. 1959)

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 107-690 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 107-196 accompanying S. 1894 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 148 (2002):

Nov. 14, considered and passed House.

Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate.



9. Brandywine Battlefield, Pennsylvania

PUBLIC LAW 106–86—OCT. 31, 1999

113 STAT. 1298

Public Law 106–86
106th Congress

An Act

To authorize appropriations for the protection of Paoli and Brandywine Battlefields in Pennsylvania, to authorize the Valley Forge Museum of the American Revolution at Valley Forge National Historical Park, and for other purposes.

Oct. 31, 1999
[H.R. 659]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Pennsylvania
Battlefields
Protection Act of
1999.
16 USC 410aa
note.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Pennsylvania Battlefields Protection Act of 1999”.

**TITLE I—PAOLI AND BRANDYWINE
BATTLEFIELDS**

* * * * *

SEC. 102. BRANDYWINE BATTLEFIELD PROTECTION.

(a) BRANDYWINE BATTLEFIELD.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is authorized to provide funds to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, a political subdivision of the Commonwealth, or the Brandywine Conservancy, for the acquisition, protection, and preservation of land in an area generally known as the Meetinghouse Road Corridor, located in Chester County, Pennsylvania, as depicted on a map entitled “Brandywine Battlefield—Meetinghouse Road Corridor”, numbered 80,000 and dated April 1999 (referred to in this title as the “Brandywine Battlefield”). The map shall be on file and available for public inspection in the appropriate offices of the National Park Service.

113 STAT. 1299

(2) WILLING SELLERS OR DONORS.—Lands and interests in land may be acquired pursuant to this section only with the consent of the owner thereof.

(b) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary shall enter into a cooperative agreement with the same entity that is provided funds under subsection (a) for the management by the entity of the Brandywine Battlefield. The Secretary may also provide technical assistance to the entity to assure the preservation and interpretation of the Brandywine Battlefield’s resources.

(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated \$3,000,000 to carry out this section. Such funds shall be expended in the ratio of one dollar of Federal funds for each dollar of funds contributed by non-Federal sources. Any funds

113 STAT. 1299

PUBLIC LAW 106-86—OCT. 31, 1999

provided by the Secretary shall be subject to an agreement that provides for the protection of the Brandywine Battlefield's resources.

* * * * *

113 STAT. 1300

Approved October 31, 1999.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 659:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-139 (Comm. on Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):

June 22, considered and passed House.

Oct. 14, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Oct. 18, House concurred in Senate amendment.



PUBLIC LAW 106-554—DEC. 21, 2000

114 STAT. 2763

* Public Law 106-554
106th Congress

An Act

Making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001,
and for other purposes.

Dec. 21, 2000
[H.R. 4577]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of
the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

SECTION 1. (a) The provisions of the following bills of the
106th Congress are hereby enacted into law:

(1) H.R. 5656, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(2) H.R. 5657, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(3) H.R. 5658, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(4) H.R. 5666, as introduced on December 15, 2000, except
that the text of H.R. 5666, as so enacted, shall not include
section 123 (relating to the enactment of H.R. 4904).

(5) H.R. 5660, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(6) H.R. 5661, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(7) H.R. 5662, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(8) H.R. 5663, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(9) H.R. 5667, as introduced on December 15, 2000.

(b) In publishing this Act in slip form and in the United
States Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112 of title 1, United
States Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after
the date of approval at the end appendixes setting forth the texts
of the bills referred to in subsection (a) of this section and the
text of any other bill enacted into law by reference by reason
of the enactment of this Act.

Consolidated
Appropriations
Act, 2001.
Incorporation by
reference.

Publication.
1 USC 112 note.

SEC. 2. (a) Notwithstanding Rule 3 of the Budget Scorekeeping
Guidelines set forth in the joint explanatory statement of the
committee of conference accompanying Conference Report 105-217,
legislation enacted in section 505 of the Department of Transpor-
tation and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001, section 312
of the Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2001, titles X and
XI of H.R. 5548 (106th Congress) as enacted by H.R. 4942 (106th
Congress), division B of H.R. 5666 (106th Congress) as enacted
by this Act, and sections 1(a)(5) through 1(a)(9) of this Act that
would have been estimated by the Office of Management and Budget
as changing direct spending or receipts under section 252 of the
Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 were
it included in an Act other than an appropriations Act shall be
treated as direct spending or receipts legislation, as appropriate,
under section 252 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit
Control Act of 1985.

(b) In preparing the final sequestration report required by
section 254(f)(3) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit
Control Act of 1985 for fiscal year 2001, in addition to the informa-
tion required by that section, the Director of the Office of Manage-
ment and Budget shall change any balance of direct spending

* See Endnote on 114 Stat. 2764.

114 STAT. 2764

PUBLIC LAW 106-554—DEC. 21, 2000

and receipts legislation for fiscal year 2001 under section 252 of that Act to zero.

(c) This Act may be cited as the “Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2001”.

Approved December 21, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4577 (S. 2553):

HOUSE REPORTS: Nos. 106-645 (Comm. on Appropriations) and 106-1033 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-293 accompanying S. 2553 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

June 8, 12-14, considered and passed House.

June 22, 23, 26-30, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Dec. 15, House and Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 36 (2000):

Dec. 21, Presidential remarks and statement.

***ENDNOTE:** The following appendixes were added pursuant to the provisions of section 1 of this Act (114 Stat. 2763).



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APPENDIX H—H.R. 5663

APPENDIX I—H.R. 5667

114 STAT. 2763A-171 PUBLIC LAW 106-554—APPENDIX D

APPENDIX D—H.R. 5666

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

114 STAT.
2763A-214

DIVISION B

TITLE I

* * * * *

114 STAT.
2763A-230

SEC. 135. Funds provided in Public Law 106-291 for Federal land acquisition by the National Park Service in Fiscal Year 2001 for Brandywine Battlefield, Ice Age National Scenic Trail, Mississippi National River and Recreation Area, Shenandoah National Heritage Area, Fallen Timbers Battlefield and Fort Miamis National Historic Site may be used for a grant to a State, local government, or to a land management entity for the acquisition of lands without regard to any restriction on the use of Federal land acquisition funds provided through the Land and Water Conservation Act of 1965.

* * * * *

**10. Brown vs. Board of Education 50th Anniversary
Commission (establish)**

PUBLIC LAW 107-41—SEPT. 18, 2001

115 STAT. 226

Public Law 107-41
107th Congress

An Act

To establish a commission for the purpose of encouraging and providing for the commemoration of the 50th anniversary of the Supreme Court decision in *Brown v. Board of Education*.

Sept. 18, 2001
[H.R. 2133]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

36 USC note
prec. 101.

SECTION 1. FINDINGS.

The Congress finds that as the Nation approaches May 17, 2004, marking the 50th anniversary of the Supreme Court decision in *Oliver L. Brown et al. v. Board of Education of Topeka, Kansas et al.*, it is appropriate to establish a national commission to plan and coordinate the commemoration of that anniversary.

SEC. 2. ESTABLISHMENT.

There is established a commission to be known as the “Brown v. Board of Education 50th Anniversary Commission” (referred to in this Act as the “Commission”).

SEC. 3. DUTIES.

In order to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the Brown decision, the Commission shall—

(1) in conjunction with the Department of Education, plan and coordinate public education activities and initiatives, including public lectures, writing contests, and public awareness campaigns, through the Department of Education’s ten regional offices; and

(2) in cooperation with the Brown Foundation for Educational Equity, Excellence, and Research in Topeka, Kansas (referred to in this Act as the “Brown Foundation”), and such other public or private entities as the Commission considers appropriate, encourage, plan, develop, and coordinate observances of the anniversary of the Brown decision.

SEC. 4. MEMBERSHIP.

(a) **NUMBER AND APPOINTMENT.**—The Commission shall be composed as follows:

(1) Two representatives of the Department of Education appointed by the Secretary of Education, one of whom shall serve as one of two Co-chairpersons of the Commission.

(2) Two representatives of the Department of Justice appointed by the Attorney General, one of whom shall serve as one of two Co-chairpersons of the Commission.

(3) Eleven individuals appointed by the President after receiving recommendations as follows: President.

(A)(i) The Members of the Senate from each State described in clause (iii) shall each submit the name of one individual from the State to the majority leader and minority leader of the Senate.

(ii) After review of the submissions made under clause (i), the majority leader of the Senate, in consultation with the minority leader of the Senate, shall recommend to the President five individuals, one from each of the States described in clause (iii).

(iii) The States described in this clause are the States in which the lawsuits decided by the Brown decision were originally filed (Delaware, Kansas, South Carolina, and Virginia), and the State of the first legal challenge involved (Massachusetts).

(B)(i) The Members of the House of Representatives from each State described in subparagraph (A)(iii) shall each submit the name of one individual from the State to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the minority leader of the House of Representatives.

(ii) After review of the submissions made under clause (i), the Speaker of the House of Representatives, in consultation with the minority leader of the House of Representatives, shall recommend to the President five individuals, one from each of the States described in subparagraph (A)(iii).

(C) The Delegate to the House of Representatives from the District of Columbia shall recommend to the President one individual from the District of Columbia.

(4) Two representatives of the judicial branch of the Federal Government appointed by the Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court.

(5) Two representatives of the Brown Foundation.

(6) Two representatives of the NAACP Legal Defense and Education Fund.

(7) One representative of the Brown v. Board of Education National Historic Site.

(b) TERMS.—Members of the Commission shall be appointed for the life of the Commission.

(c) VACANCIES.—A vacancy in the Commission shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.

(d) COMPENSATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Members of the Commission shall serve without pay.

(2) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—Each member shall receive travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with applicable provisions under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code.

(e) QUORUM.—A majority of members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum.

(f) MEETINGS.—The Commission shall hold its first meeting not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act. The Commission shall subsequently meet at the call of a Co-chairperson or a majority of its members.

(g) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND STAFF.—The Commission may secure the services of an executive director and staff personnel as it considers appropriate.

PUBLIC LAW 107-41—SEPT. 18, 2001

115 STAT. 228

SEC. 5. POWERS.

(a) **POWERS OF MEMBERS AND AGENTS.**—Any member or agent of the Commission may, if so authorized by the Commission, take any action which the Commission is authorized to take under this Act.

(b) **GIFTS AND DONATIONS.**—

(1) **AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT.**—The Commission may accept and use gifts or donations of money, property, or personal services.

(2) **DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY.**—Any books, manuscripts, miscellaneous printed matter, memorabilia, relics, or other materials donated to the Commission which relate to the Brown decision, shall, upon termination of the Commission—

(A) be deposited for preservation in the Brown Foundation Collection at the Spencer Research Library at the University of Kansas in Lawrence, Kansas; or

(B) be disposed of by the Commission in consultation with the Librarian of Congress, and with the express consent of the Brown Foundation and the Brown v. Board of Education National Historic Site.

(c) **MAILS.**—The Commission may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as other departments and agencies of the United States.

SEC. 6. REPORTS.

Deadline.

(a) **INTERIM REPORTS.**—The Commission shall transmit interim reports to the President and the Congress not later than December 31 of each year. Each such report shall include a description of the activities of the Commission during the year covered by the report, an accounting of any funds received or expended by the Commission during such year, and recommendations for any legislation or administrative action which the Commission considers appropriate.

(b) **FINAL REPORT.**—The Commission shall transmit a final report to the President and the Congress not later than December 31, 2004. Such report shall include an accounting of any funds received or expended, and the disposition of any other properties, not previously reported.

SEC. 7. TERMINATION.

(a) **DATE.**—The Commission shall terminate on such date as the Commission may determine, but not later than February 1, 2005.

(b) **DISPOSITION OF FUNDS.**—Any funds held by the Commission on the date the Commission terminates shall be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury.

115 STAT. 229

PUBLIC LAW 107-41—SEPT. 18, 2001

SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated \$250,000 for the period encompassing fiscal years 2003 and 2004 to carry out this Act, to remain available until expended.

Approved September 18, 2001.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2133 (S. 1046):

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 147 (2001):

June 27, considered and passed House.

Aug. 3, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Sept. 10, House concurred in Senate amendment.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 37 (2001):

Sept. 19, Presidential statement.



11. Carter Woodson Home, District of Columbia (study)

PUBLIC LAW 106-349—OCT. 24, 2000

114 STAT. 1359

Public Law 106-349
106th Congress

An Act

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to study the suitability and feasibility of designating the Carter G. Woodson Home in the District of Columbia as a National Historic Site, and for other purposes.

Oct. 24, 2000
[H.R. 3201]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled

Carter G.
Woodson Home
National Historic
Site Study Act of
2000.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Carter G. Woodson Home National Historic Site Study Act of 2000”.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

(1) Dr. Carter G. Woodson, cognizant of the widespread ignorance and scanty information concerning the history of African Americans, founded on September 9, 1915, the Association for the Study of Negro Life and History, since renamed the Association for the Study of African-American Life and History.

(2) The Association was founded in particular to counter racist propaganda alleging black inferiority and the pervasive influence of Jim Crow prevalent at the time.

(3) The mission of the Association was and continues to be educating the American public of the contributions of Black Americans in the formation of the Nation’s history and culture.

(4) Dr. Woodson dedicated nearly his entire adult life to every aspect of the Association’s operations in furtherance of its mission.

(5) Among the notable accomplishments of the Association under Dr. Woodson’s leadership, Negro History Week was instituted in 1926 to be celebrated annually during the second week of February. Negro History Week has since evolved into Black History Month.

(6) The headquarters and center of operations of the Association was Dr. Woodson’s residence, located at 1538 Ninth Street, Northwest, Washington, D.C.

SEC. 3. DEFINITION.

For purposes of this Act, the term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the National Park Service.

SEC. 4. STUDY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 18 months after the date on which funds are made available for such purpose, the Secretary, after consultation with the Mayor of the District of Columbia,

Deadline.

114 STAT. 1360

PUBLIC LAW 106-349—OCT. 24, 2000

shall submit to the Committee on Resources of the United States House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the United States Senate a resource study of the Dr. Carter G. Woodson Home and headquarters of the Association for the Study of African-American Life and History, located at 1538 Ninth Street, Northwest, Washington, D.C.

(b) CONTENTS.—The study under subsection (a) shall—

(1) identify suitability and feasibility of designating the Carter G. Woodson Home as a unit of the National Park System; and

(2) include cost estimates for any necessary acquisition, development, operation and maintenance, and identification of alternatives for the management, administration, and protection of the Carter G. Woodson Home.

SEC. 5. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this Act.

Approved October 24, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3201:

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-322 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

Feb. 15, considered and passed House.
Oct. 5, considered and passed Senate.



12. Cataloguing and Maintaining Military Memorials

PUBLIC LAW 106-511—NOV. 13, 2000

114 STAT. 2365

Public Law 106-511
106th Congress

An Act

To provide for equitable compensation for the Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe, and for other purposes.

Nov. 13, 2000
[S. 964]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

* * * * *

**TITLE III—SENSE OF THE CONGRESS
REGARDING THE NEED FOR CATALOGING AND MAINTAINING CERTAIN
PUBLIC MEMORIALS**

114 STAT. 2371

SEC. 301. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

(1) There are many thousands of public memorials scattered throughout the United States and abroad that commemorate military conflicts of the United States and the service of individuals in the Armed Forces.

(2) These memorials have never been comprehensively cataloged.

(3) Many of these memorials suffer from neglect and disrepair, and many have been relocated or stored in facilities where they are unavailable to the public and subject to further neglect and damage.

114 STAT. 2372

(4) There exists a need to collect and centralize information regarding the location, status, and description of these memorials.

(5) The Federal Government maintains information on memorials only if they are federally funded.

(6) Remembering Veterans Who Earned Their Stripes (a nonprofit corporation established as RVETS, Inc. under the laws of the State of Nevada) has undertaken a self-funded program to catalogue the memorials located in the United States that commemorate military conflicts of the United States and the service of individuals in the Armed Forces, and has already obtained information on more than 7,000 memorials in 50 States.

(b) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) the people of the United States owe a debt of gratitude to veterans for their sacrifices in defending the Nation during times of war and peace;

(2) public memorials that commemorate military conflicts of the United States and the service of individuals in the Armed Forces should be maintained in good condition, so that future generations may know of the burdens borne by these individuals;

(3) Federal, State, and local agencies responsible for the construction and maintenance of these memorials should

114 STAT. 2372

PUBLIC LAW 106-511—NOV. 13, 2000

cooperate in cataloging these memorials and providing the resulting information to the Department of the Interior; and

(4) the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the National Park Service, should—

(A) collect and maintain information on public memorials that commemorate military conflicts of the United States and the service of individuals in the Armed Forces;

(B) coordinate efforts at collecting and maintaining this information with similar efforts by other entities, such as Remembering Veterans Who Earned Their Stripes (a nonprofit corporation established as RVETS, Inc. under the laws of the State of Nevada); and

(C) make this information available to the public.

* * * * *

114 STAT. 2377

Approved November 13, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 964:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-944 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-217 (Comm. on Indian Affairs).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Vol. 145 (1999): Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate.

Vol. 146 (2000): Oct. 18, considered and passed House, amended.

Oct. 24, Senate concurred in House amendment.



13. Centennial of Flight Commemoration Act

PUBLIC LAW 106-68—OCT. 6, 1999

113 STAT. 981

Public Law 106-68
106th Congress**An Act**To make certain technical and other corrections relating to the Centennial of Flight
Commemoration Act (36 U.S.C. 143 note; 112 Stat. 3486 et seq.).Oct. 6, 1999
[S. 1072]*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of
the United States of America in Congress assembled,***SECTION 1. CENTENNIAL OF FLIGHT COMMISSION.**The Centennial of Flight Commemoration Act (36 U.S.C. 143
note; 112 Stat. 3486 et seq.) is amended—

(1) in section 4—

36 USC 143 note.

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) in paragraphs (1) and (2) by striking “or his
designee”;(ii) in paragraph (3) by striking “, or his designee”
and inserting “to represent the interests of the Founda-
tion” and in paragraph (3) strike the word “chairman”
and insert the word “president”;(iii) in paragraph (4) by striking “, or his designee”
and inserting “to represent the interests of the 2003
Committee”;(iv) in paragraph (5) by inserting before the period
“and shall represent the interests of such aeronautical
entities”; and

(v) in paragraph (6) by striking “, or his designee”;

(B) by striking subsection (f);

(C) by redesignating subsections (b) through (e) as
subsections (c) through (f), respectively; and

(D) by inserting after subsection (a) the following:

“(b) ALTERNATES.—Each member described under subsection
(a) may designate an alternate who may act in lieu of the member
to the extent authorized by the member, including attending
meetings and voting.”;

(2) in section 5—

36 USC 143 note.

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) by inserting “provide recommendations and
advice to the President, Congress, and Federal agencies
on the most effective ways to” after “The Commission
shall”;

(ii) by striking paragraph (1); and

(iii) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through (7)
as paragraphs (1) through (6), respectively;

(B) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c) and inserting after subsection (a) the following:

“(b) INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES.—The Commission may—

“(1) advise the United States with regard to gaining support for and facilitating international recognition of the importance of aviation history in general and the centennial of powered flight in particular; and

“(2) attend international meetings regarding such activities as advisors to official United States representatives or to gain or provide information for or about the activities of the Commission.”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(d) ADDITIONAL DUTIES.—The Commission may—

“(1)(A) assemble, write, and edit a calendar of events in the United States (and significant events in the world) dealing with the commemoration of the centennial of flight or the history of aviation;

“(B) actively solicit event information; and

“(C) disseminate the calendar by printing and distributing hard and electronic copies and making the calendar available on a web page on the Internet;

“(2) maintain a web page on the Internet for the public that includes activities related to the centennial of flight celebration and the history of aviation;

“(3) write and produce press releases about the centennial of flight celebration and the history of aviation;

“(4) solicit and respond to media inquiries and conduct media interviews on the centennial of flight celebration and the history of aviation;

“(5) initiate contact with individuals and organizations that have an interest in aviation to encourage such individuals and organizations to conduct their own activities in celebration of the centennial of flight;

“(6) provide advice and recommendations, through the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration or the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration (or any employee of such an agency head under the direction of that agency head), to individuals and organizations that wish to conduct their own activities in celebration of the centennial of flight, and maintain files of information and lists of experts on related subjects that can be disseminated on request;

“(7) sponsor meetings of Federal agencies, State and local governments, and private individuals and organizations for the purpose of coordinating their activities in celebration of the centennial of flight; and

“(8) encourage organizations to publish works related to the history of aviation.”;

(3) in section 6(a)—

(A) in paragraph (2)—

(i) by striking the first sentence; and

(ii) in the second sentence—

(I) by striking “the Federal” and inserting “a Federal”; and

(II) by striking “the information” and inserting “information”; and

PUBLIC LAW 106-68—OCT. 6, 1999

113 STAT. 983

(B) in paragraph (3) by striking “section 4(c)(2)” and inserting “section 4(d)(2)”;

(4) in section 6(c)(1) by striking “the Commission may” and inserting “the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration or the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration (or an employee of the respective administration as designated by either Administrator) may, on behalf of the Commission,”; 36 USC 143 note.

(5) in section 7— 36 USC 143 note.

(A) in subsection (a) in the first sentence—

(i) by striking “There” and inserting “Subject to subsection (h), there”; and

(ii) by inserting before the period “or represented on the Advisory Board under section 12(b)(1) (A) through (E)”;

(B) in subsection (b) by striking “The Commission” and inserting “Subject to subsection (h), the Commission”;

(C) by striking subsection (g);

(D) by redesignating subsection (h) as subsection (g); and

(E) by adding at the end the following:

“(h) LIMITATION.—Each member of the Commission described under section 4(a) (3), (4), and (5) may not make personnel decisions, including hiring, termination, and setting terms and conditions of employment.”;

(6) in section 9— 36 USC 143 note.

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) by striking “The Commission may” and inserting “After consultation with the Commission, the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration may”; and

(ii) by striking “its duties or that it” and inserting “the duties under this Act or that the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration”;

(B) in subsection (b)—

(i) in the first sentence by striking “The Commission shall have” and inserting “After consultation with the Commission, the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration may exercise”; and

(ii) in the second sentence by striking “that the Commission lawfully adopts” and inserting “adopted under subsection (a)”;

(C) by amending subsection (d) to read as follows:

“(d) USE OF FUNDS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), funds from licensing royalties received under this section shall be used by the Commission to carry out the duties of the Commission specified by this Act.

113 STAT. 984

PUBLIC LAW 106-68—OCT. 6, 1999

“(2) EXCESS FUNDS.—The Commission shall transfer any portion of funds in excess of funds necessary to carry out the duties described under paragraph (1), to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to be used for the sole purpose of commemorating the history of aviation or the centennial of powered flight.”;

36 USC 143 note.

(7) in section 10—

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) in the first sentence, by striking “activities of the Commission” and inserting “actions taken by the Commission in fulfillment of the Commission’s duties under this Act”;

(ii) in paragraph (3), by adding “and” after the semicolon;

(iii) in paragraph (4), by striking the semicolon and “and” and inserting a period; and

(iv) by striking paragraph (5); and

(B) in subsection (b)(1) by striking “activities” and inserting “recommendations”;

36 USC 143 note.

(8) in section 12—

(A) in subsection (b)—

(i) in paragraph (1)—

(I) in subparagraphs (A), (C), (D), and (E), by striking “, or the designee of the Secretary”;

(II) in subparagraph (B), by striking “, or the designee of the Librarian”; and

(III) in subparagraph (F)—

(aa) in clause (i) by striking “government” and inserting “governmental entity”; and

(bb) by amending clause (ii) to read as follows:

“(ii) shall be selected among individuals who—

“(I) have earned an advanced degree related to aerospace history or science, or have actively and primarily worked in an aerospace related field during the 5-year period before appointment by the President; and

“(II) specifically represent 1 or more of the persons or groups enumerated under section 5(a)(1).”;

(ii) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) ALTERNATES.—Each member described under paragraph (1) (A) through (E) may designate an alternate who may act in lieu of the member to the extent authorized by the member, including attending meetings and voting.”; and

(B) in subsection (h) by striking “section 4(e)” and inserting “section 4(d)”;

PUBLIC LAW 106-68—OCT. 6, 1999

113 STAT. 985

(9) in section 13—

36 USC 143 note.

(A) by striking paragraph (4); and

(B) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (4).

Approved October 6, 1999.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1072:

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-105 (Comm. on Governmental Affairs).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):

Aug. 5, considered and passed Senate.

Sept. 27, considered and passed House.



14. Chesapeake Bay Gateways Network

116 STAT. 2446

PUBLIC LAW 107-308—DEC. 2, 2002

Public Law 107-308
107th Congress**An Act**Dec. 2, 2002
[H.R. 3908]

To reauthorize the North American Wetlands Conservation Act, and for other purposes.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*North American
Wetlands
Conservation
Reauthorization
Act.
16 USC 4401
note.**SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

This Act may be cited as the “North American Wetlands Conservation Reauthorization Act”.

* * * * *

116 STAT. 2448

SEC. 9. CHESAPEAKE BAY INITIATIVE.

Section 502(c) of the Chesapeake Bay Initiative Act of 1998 (16 U.S.C. 461 note; Public Law 105-312) is amended by striking “2003” and inserting “2008”.

Approved December 2, 2002.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3908:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 107-421 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 107-304 (Comm. on Environment and Public Works).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 148 (2002):

May 7, considered and passed House.

Nov. 14, considered and passed Senate, amended. House concurred in Senate amendments.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 38 (2002):

Dec. 2, Presidential remarks.



15. Civil Rights Sites (study)

PUBLIC LAW 106-113—NOV. 29, 1999

113 STAT. 1501

Public Law 106-113
106th Congress

An Act

Making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000,
and for other purposes.

Nov. 29, 1999
[H.R. 3194]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the serveral departments, agencies, corporations and other organizational units of the Government for the fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

DIVISION B

113 STAT. 1535

SEC. 1000. (a) The provisions of the following bills are hereby enacted into law:

Incorporation by reference.

* * * * *

(2) H.R. 3422 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on November 17, 1999;

(3) H.R. 3423 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on November 17, 1999;

* * * * *

(b) In publishing the Act in slip form and in the United States Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112, of title 1, United States Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after the date of approval at the end appendixes setting forth the texts of the bills referred to in subsection (a) of this section.

113 STAT. 1536
Incorporation by reference;
publication.

* * * * *

Approved November 29, 1999.

113 STAT. 1537

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3194:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-479 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):

Nov. 3, considered and passed House; considered and passed Senate, amended.

Nov. 18, House agreed to conference report.

Nov. 19, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 35 (1999):

Nov. 29, Presidential remarks and statement.

ENDNOTE: The following appendixes are added pursuant to the provisions of section 1000 of this Act (113 Stat. 1535).



113 STAT. 1501A-63 PUBLIC LAW 106-113—APPENDIX B

APPENDIX B—H.R. 3422

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

	* * * * * * *
	TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS
113 STAT. 1501A-81	* * * * * * *
	MAN AND THE BIOSPHERE
113 STAT. 1501A-121	

SEC. 590. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act may be provided for the United Nations Man and the Biosphere Program or the United Nations World Heritage Fund for programs in the United States.

* * * * * * *

APPENDIX C—H.R. 3423113 STAT.
1501A-135

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

	* * * * * * *
	TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS
113 STAT. 1501A-190	* * * * * * *

113 STAT.
1501A-194

SEC. 326. (a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This section may be cited as the “National Park Service Studies Act of 1999”.

(b) **AUTHORIZATION OF STUDIES.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of the Interior (“the Secretary”) shall conduct studies of the geographical areas and historic and cultural themes described in subsection (b)(3) to determine the appropriateness of including such areas or themes in the National Park System.

113 STAT.
1501A-195

(2) **CRITERIA.**—In conducting the studies authorized by this Act, the Secretary shall use the criteria for the study of areas for potential inclusion in the National Park System in accordance with section 8 of Public Law 91-383, as amended by section 303 of the National Parks Omnibus Management Act (Public Law 105-391; 112 Stat. 3501).

(3) **STUDY AREAS.**—The Secretary shall conduct studies of the following:

(A) Anderson Cottage, Washington, District of Columbia.

(B) Bioluminescent Bay, Puerto Rico.

(C) Civil Rights Sites, multi-State.

(D) Crossroads of the American Revolution, Central New Jersey.

(E) Fort Hunter Liggett, California.

PUBLIC LAW 106–113—APPENDIX C 113 STAT. 1501A–195

(F) Fort King, Florida.

(G) Gaviota Coast Seashore, California.

(H) Kate Mullany House, New York.

(I) Loess Hills, Iowa.

(J) Low Country Gullah Culture, multi-State.

(K) Nan Madol, State of Ponape, Federated States of Micronesia (upon the request of the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia).

(L) Walden Pond and Woods, Massachusetts.

(M) World War II Sites, Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas.

(N) World War II Sites, Republic of Palau (upon the request of the Government of the Republic of Palau).

(c) REPORTS.—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives a report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of each study under subsection (b) within three fiscal years following the date on which funds are first made available for each study.

* * * * *

16. Crossroads of the West Historic District, Utah

114 STAT. 3068

PUBLIC LAW 106-577—DEC. 28, 2000

Public Law 106-577
106th Congress

An Act

Dec. 28, 2000
[S. 2749]

To establish the California Trail Interpretive Center in Elko, Nevada, to facilitate the interpretation of the history of development and use of trails in the settling of the western portion of the United States, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

* * * * *

114 STAT. 3071
Utah.

**TITLE III—GOLDEN SPIKE/CROSSROADS
OF THE WEST NATIONAL HERITAGE
AREA STUDY AREA AND THE CROSS-
ROADS OF THE WEST HISTORIC DIS-
TRICT**

* * * * *

114 STAT. 3072
16 USC 461 note.

SEC. 302. CROSSROADS OF THE WEST HISTORIC DISTRICT.

(a) **PURPOSES.**—The purposes of this section are—

(1) to preserve and interpret, for the educational and inspirational benefit of the public, the contribution to our national heritage of certain historic and cultural lands and edifices of the Crossroads of the West Historic District; and

(2) to enhance cultural and compatible economic redevelopment within the District.

(b) **DEFINITIONS.**—For the purposes of this section:

(1) **DISTRICT.**—The term “District” means the Crossroads of the West Historic District established by subsection (c).

(2) **SECRETARY.**—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

(3) **HISTORIC INFRASTRUCTURE.**—The term “historic infrastructure” means the District’s historic buildings and any other structure that the Secretary determines to be eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places.

(c) **CROSSROADS OF THE WEST HISTORIC DISTRICT.**—

(1) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—There is established the Crossroads of the West Historic District in the city of Ogden, Utah.

(2) **BOUNDARIES.**—The boundaries of the District shall be the boundaries depicted on the map entitled “Crossroads of the West Historic District”, numbered OGGO-20,000, and dated March 22, 2000. The map shall be on file and available for public inspection in the appropriate offices of the Department of the Interior.

(d) **DEVELOPMENT PLAN.**—The Secretary may make grants and enter into cooperative agreements with the State of Utah, local governments, and nonprofit entities under which the Secretary agrees to pay not more than 50 percent of the costs of—

114 STAT. 3073

PUBLIC LAW 106-577—DEC. 28, 2000

114 STAT. 3073

(1) preparation of a plan for the development of historic, architectural, natural, cultural, and interpretive resources within the District;

(2) implementation of projects approved by the Secretary under the development plan described in paragraph (1); and

(3) an analysis assessing measures that could be taken to encourage economic development and revitalization within the District in a manner consistent with the District's historic character.

(e) RESTORATION, PRESERVATION, AND INTERPRETATION OF PROPERTIES.—

(1) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—The Secretary may enter into cooperative agreements with the State of Utah, local governments, and nonprofit entities owning property within the District under which the Secretary may—

(A) pay not more than 50 percent of the cost of restoring, repairing, rehabilitating, and improving historic infrastructure within the District;

(B) provide technical assistance with respect to the preservation and interpretation of properties within the District; and

(C) mark and provide interpretation of properties within the District.

(2) NON-FEDERAL CONTRIBUTIONS.—When determining the cost of restoring, repairing, rehabilitating, and improving historic infrastructure within the District for the purposes of paragraph (1)(A), the Secretary may consider any donation of property, services, or goods from a non-Federal source as a contribution of funds from a non-Federal source.

(3) PROVISIONS.—A cooperative agreement under paragraph (1) shall provide that—

(A) the Secretary shall have the right of access at reasonable times to public portions of the property for interpretive and other purposes;

(B) no change or alteration may be made in the property except with the agreement of the property owner, the Secretary, and any Federal agency that may have regulatory jurisdiction over the property; and

(C) any construction grant made under this section shall be subject to an agreement that provides—

(i) that conversion, use, or disposal of the project so assisted for purposes contrary to the purposes of this section shall result in a right of the United States to compensation from the beneficiary of the grant; and

(ii) for a schedule for such compensation based on the level of Federal investment and the anticipated useful life of the project.

(4) APPLICATIONS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—A property owner that desires to enter into a cooperative agreement under paragraph (1) shall submit to the Secretary an application describing how the project proposed to be funded will further the purposes of the management plan developed for the District.

114 STAT. 3074

114 STAT. 3074

PUBLIC LAW 106-577—DEC. 28, 2000

(B) CONSIDERATION.—In making such funds available under this subsection, the Secretary shall give consideration to projects that provide a greater leverage of Federal funds.

(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this section not more than \$1,000,000 for any fiscal year and not more than \$5,000,000 total.

Approved December 28, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 2749:

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-441 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

Oct. 5, considered and passed Senate.

Oct. 24, considered and passed House, amended.

Dec. 15, Senate concurred in House amendments.



17. Federal Land Transaction Facilitation

PUBLIC LAW 106-248—JULY 25, 2000

114 STAT. 598

Public Law 106-248
106th Congress

An Act

To authorize the acquisition of the Valles Caldera, to provide for an effective land and wildlife management program for this resource within the Department of Agriculture, and for other purposes.

July 25, 2000
[S. 1892]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

* * * * *

**TITLE II—FEDERAL LAND
TRANSACTION FACILITATION**

114 STAT. 613
Federal Land
Transaction
Facilitation Act.

SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the “Federal Land Transaction Facilitation Act”.

43 USC 2301
note.

SEC. 202. FINDINGS.

43 USC 2301.

Congress finds that—

(1) the Bureau of Land Management has authority under the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to sell land identified for disposal under its land use planning;

(2) the Bureau of Land Management has authority under that Act to exchange Federal land for non-Federal land if the exchange would be in the public interest;

(3) through land use planning under that Act, the Bureau of Land Management has identified certain tracts of public land for disposal;

(4) the Federal land management agencies of the Departments of the Interior and Agriculture have authority under existing law to acquire land consistent with the mission of each agency;

(5) the sale or exchange of land identified for disposal and the acquisition of certain non-Federal land from willing landowners would—

(A) allow for the reconfiguration of land ownership patterns to better facilitate resource management;

(B) contribute to administrative efficiency within Federal land management units; and

(C) allow for increased effectiveness of the allocation of fiscal and human resources within the Federal land management agencies;

(6) a more expeditious process for disposal and acquisition of land, established to facilitate a more effective configuration of land ownership patterns, would benefit the public interest;

(7) many private individuals own land within the boundaries of Federal land management units and desire to sell the land to the Federal Government;

(8) such land lies within national parks, national monuments, national wildlife refuges, national forests, and other areas designated for special management;

114 STAT. 613

PUBLIC LAW 106-248—JULY 25, 2000

(9) Federal land management agencies are facing increased workloads from rapidly growing public demand for the use of public land, making it difficult for Federal managers to address problems created by the existence of inholdings in many areas;

(10) in many cases, inholders and the Federal Government would mutually benefit from Federal acquisition of the land on a priority basis;

114 STAT. 614

(11) proceeds generated from the disposal of public land may be properly dedicated to the acquisition of inholdings and other land that will improve the resource management ability of the Federal land management agencies and adjoining landowners;

(12) using proceeds generated from the disposal of public land to purchase inholdings and other such land from willing sellers would enhance the ability of the Federal land management agencies to—

(A) work cooperatively with private landowners and State and local governments; and

(B) promote consolidation of the ownership of public and private land in a manner that would allow for better overall resource management;

(13) in certain locations, the sale of public land that has been identified for disposal is the best way for the public to receive fair market value for the land; and

(14) to allow for the least disruption of existing land and resource management programs, the Bureau of Land Management may use non-Federal entities to prepare appraisal documents for agency review and approval consistent with applicable provisions of the Uniform Standards for Federal Land Acquisition.

43 USC 2302.

SEC. 203. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

(1) **EXCEPTIONAL RESOURCE.**—The term “exceptional resource” means a resource of scientific, natural, historic, cultural, or recreational value that has been documented by a Federal, State, or local governmental authority, and for which there is a compelling need for conservation and protection under the jurisdiction of a Federal agency in order to maintain the resource for the benefit of the public.

(2) **FEDERALLY DESIGNATED AREA.**—The term “federally designated area” means land in Alaska and the eleven contiguous Western States (as defined in section 103(o) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1702(o))) that on the date of enactment of this Act was within the boundary of—

(A) a national monument, area of critical environmental concern, national conservation area, national riparian conservation area, national recreation area, national scenic area, research natural area, national outstanding natural area, or a national natural landmark managed by the Bureau of Land Management;

(B) a unit of the National Park System;

(C) a unit of the National Wildlife Refuge System;

(D) an area of the National Forest System designated for special management by an Act of Congress; or

PUBLIC LAW 106-248—JULY 25, 2000

114 STAT. 614

(E) an area within which the Secretary or the Secretary of Agriculture is otherwise authorized by law to acquire lands or interests therein that is designated as—

(i) wilderness under the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.);

(ii) a wilderness study area;

(iii) a component of the Wild and Scenic Rivers System under the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (16 U.S.C. 1271 et seq.); or

(iv) a component of the National Trails System under the National Trails System Act (16 U.S.C. 1241 et seq.).

114 STAT. 615

(3) **INHOLDING.**—The term “inholding” means any right, title, or interest, held by a non-Federal entity, in or to a tract of land that lies within the boundary of a federally designated area.

(4) **PUBLIC LAND.**—The term “public land” means public lands (as defined in section 103 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1702)).

(5) **SECRETARY.**—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 204. IDENTIFICATION OF INHOLDINGS.

43 USC 2303.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture shall establish a procedure to—

Procedures.

(1) identify, by State, inholdings for which the landowner has indicated a desire to sell the land or interest therein to the United States; and

(2) prioritize the acquisition of inholdings in accordance with section 206(c)(3).

(b) **PUBLIC NOTICE.**—As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this title and periodically thereafter, the Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture shall provide public notice of the procedures referred to in subsection (a), including any information necessary for the consideration of an inholding under section 206. Such notice shall include publication in the Federal Register and by such other means as the Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture determine to be appropriate.

Federal Register, publication.

(c) **IDENTIFICATION.**—An inholding—

(1) shall be considered for identification under this section only if the Secretary or the Secretary of Agriculture receive notification of a desire to sell from the landowner in response to public notice given under subsection (b); and

(2) shall be deemed to have been established as of the later of—

(A) the earlier of—

(i) the date on which the land was withdrawn from the public domain; or

(ii) the date on which the land was established or designated for special management; or

(B) the date on which the inholding was acquired by the current owner.

(d) **NO OBLIGATION TO CONVEY OR ACQUIRE.**—The identification of an inholding under this section creates no obligation on the part of a landowner to convey the inholding or any obligation on the part of the United States to acquire the inholding.

114 STAT. 615

PUBLIC LAW 106-248—JULY 25, 2000

43 USC 2304.

SEC. 205. DISPOSAL OF PUBLIC LAND.

114 STAT. 616

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary shall establish a program, using funds made available under section 206, to complete appraisals and satisfy other legal requirements for the sale or exchange of public land identified for disposal under approved land use plans (as in effect on the date of enactment of this Act) under section 202 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1712).

(b) SALE OF PUBLIC LAND.—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The sale of public land so identified shall be conducted in accordance with sections 203 and 209 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1713, 1719).

(2) **EXCEPTIONS TO COMPETITIVE BIDDING REQUIREMENTS.**—The exceptions to competitive bidding requirements under section 203(f) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1713(f)) shall apply to this section in cases in which the Secretary determines it to be necessary.

(c) **REPORT IN PUBLIC LAND STATISTICS.**—The Secretary shall provide in the annual publication of Public Land Statistics, a report of activities under this section.

(d) **TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.**—The authority provided under this section shall terminate 10 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

43 USC 2305.

SEC. 206. FEDERAL LAND DISPOSAL ACCOUNT.

(a) **DEPOSIT OF PROCEEDS.**—Notwithstanding any other law (except a law that specifically provides for a proportion of the proceeds to be distributed to any trust funds of any States), the gross proceeds of the sale or exchange of public land under this Act shall be deposited in a separate account in the Treasury of the United States to be known as the “Federal Land Disposal Account”.

(b) **AVAILABILITY.**—Amounts in the Federal Land Disposal Account shall be available to the Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture, without further Act of appropriation, to carry out this title.

(c) USE OF THE FEDERAL LAND DISPOSAL ACCOUNT.—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Funds in the Federal Land Disposal Account shall be expended in accordance with this subsection.

(2) FUND ALLOCATION.—

(A) **PURCHASE OF LAND.**—Except as authorized under subparagraph (C), funds shall be used to purchase lands or interests therein that are otherwise authorized by law to be acquired, and that are—

(i) inholdings; and

(ii) adjacent to federally designated areas and contain exceptional resources.

(B) **INHOLDINGS.**—Not less than 80 percent of the funds allocated for the purchase of land within each State shall be used to acquire inholdings identified under section 204.

(C) **ADMINISTRATIVE AND OTHER EXPENSES.**—An amount not to exceed 20 percent of the funds deposited in the Federal Land Disposal Account may be used by the Secretary for administrative and other expenses necessary to carry out the land disposal program under section 205.

PUBLIC LAW 106-248—JULY 25, 2000

114 STAT. 616

(D) SAME STATE PURCHASES.—Of the amounts not used under subparagraph (C), not less than 80 percent shall be expended within the State in which the funds were generated. Any remaining funds may be expended in any other State.

(3) PRIORITY.—The Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture shall develop a procedure for prioritizing the acquisition of inholdings and non-Federal lands with exceptional resources as provided in paragraph (2). Such procedure shall consider—

114 STAT. 617
Procedures.

(A) the date the inholding was established (as provided in section 204(c));

(B) the extent to which acquisition of the land or interest therein will facilitate management efficiency; and

(C) such other criteria as the Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture deem appropriate.

(4) BASIS OF SALE.—Any land acquired under this section shall be—

(A) from a willing seller;

(B) contingent on the conveyance of title acceptable to the Secretary, or the Secretary of Agriculture in the case of an acquisition of National Forest System land, using title standards of the Attorney General;

(C) at a price not to exceed fair market value consistent with applicable provisions of the Uniform Appraisal Standards for Federal Land Acquisitions; and

(D) managed as part of the unit within which it is contained.

(d) CONTAMINATED SITES AND SITES DIFFICULT AND UNECONOMIC TO MANAGE.—Funds in the Federal Land Disposal Account shall not be used to purchase land or an interest in land that, as determined by the Secretary or the Secretary of Agriculture—

(1) contains a hazardous substance or is otherwise contaminated; or

(2) because of the location or other characteristics of the land, would be difficult or uneconomic to manage as Federal land.

(e) LAND AND WATER CONSERVATION FUND ACT.—Funds made available under this section shall be supplemental to any funds appropriated under the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act (16 U.S.C. 4601-4 et seq.).

(f) TERMINATION.—On termination of activities under section 205—

(1) the Federal Land Disposal Account shall be terminated; and

(2) any remaining balance in the account shall become available for appropriation under section 3 of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act (16 U.S.C. 4601-6).

SEC. 207. SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

43 USC 2306.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this title provides an exemption from any limitation on the acquisition of land or interest in land under any Federal law in effect on the date of enactment of this Act.

(b) OTHER LAW.—This title shall not apply to land eligible for sale under—

(1) Public Law 96-568 (commonly known as the “Santini-Burton Act”) (94 Stat. 3381); or

114 STAT. 617

PUBLIC LAW 106-248—JULY 25, 2000

(2) the Southern Nevada Public Land Management Act of 1998 (112 Stat. 2343).

(c) EXCHANGES.—Nothing in this title precludes, preempts, or limits the authority to exchange land under authorities providing for the exchange of Federal lands, including but not limited to—

114 STAT. 618

(1) the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.); or

(2) the Federal Land Exchange Facilitation Act of 1988 (102 Stat. 1086) or the amendments made by that Act.

(d) NO NEW RIGHT OR BENEFIT.—Nothing in this Act creates a right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by a party against the United States, its agencies, its officers, or any other person.

Approved July 25, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1892:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-724 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-267 (Comm on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

Apr. 13, considered and passed Senate.

July 11, 12, considered and passed House.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 36 (2000):

July 25, Presidential statement.



18. Ferry Farm, Virginia

PUBLIC LAW 106–291—OCT. 11, 2000

114 STAT. 922

Public Law 106–291
106th Congress

An Act

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes.

Oct. 11, 2000
[H.R. 4578]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes, namely:

Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

* * * * *

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

114 STAT. 928

* * * * *

NATIONAL RECREATION AND PRESERVATION

114 STAT. 929

(INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

For expenses necessary to carry out recreation programs, natural programs, cultural programs, heritage partnership programs, environmental compliance and review, international park affairs, statutory or contractual aid for other activities, and grant administration, not otherwise provided for, \$58,359,000: *Provided*, That \$1,595,000 appropriated in Public Law 105–277 for the acquisition of interests in Ferry Farm, George Washington’s Boyhood Home, shall be transferred to this account and shall be available until expended for a cooperative agreement for management of George Washington’s Boyhood Home, Ferry Farm, as authorized in Public Law 105–355.

* * * * *

This Act may be cited as the “Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001”.

114 STAT. 1029

Approved October 11, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4578:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106–646 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 106–914 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106–312 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

June 13–15, considered and passed House.

July 10, 12, 17, 18, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Oct. 3, House agreed to conference report.

Oct. 3–5, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 36 (2000):

Oct. 11, Presidential statement and remarks.



114 STAT. 2763

PUBLIC LAW 106-554—DEC. 21, 2000

* Public Law 106-554
106th Congress

An Act

Dec. 21, 2000
[H.R. 4577]

Making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001,
and for other purposes.

Consolidated
Appropriations
Act, 2001.
Incorporation by
reference.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of
the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

SECTION 1. (a) The provisions of the following bills of the
106th Congress are hereby enacted into law:

(1) H.R. 5656, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(2) H.R. 5657, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(3) H.R. 5658, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(4) H.R. 5666, as introduced on December 15, 2000, except
that the text of H.R. 5666, as so enacted, shall not include
section 123 (relating to the enactment of H.R. 4904).

(5) H.R. 5660, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(6) H.R. 5661, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(7) H.R. 5662, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(8) H.R. 5663, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(9) H.R. 5667, as introduced on December 15, 2000.

Publication.
1 USC 112 note.

(b) In publishing this Act in slip form and in the United
States Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112 of title 1, United
States Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after
the date of approval at the end appendixes setting forth the texts
of the bills referred to in subsection (a) of this section and the
text of any other bill enacted into law by reference by reason
of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 2. (a) Notwithstanding Rule 3 of the Budget Scorekeeping
Guidelines set forth in the joint explanatory statement of the
committee of conference accompanying Conference Report 105-217,
legislation enacted in section 505 of the Department of Transpor-
tation and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001, section 312
of the Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2001, titles X and
XI of H.R. 5548 (106th Congress) as enacted by H.R. 4942 (106th
Congress), division B of H.R. 5666 (106th Congress) as enacted
by this Act, and sections 1(a)(5) through 1(a)(9) of this Act that
would have been estimated by the Office of Management and Budget
as changing direct spending or receipts under section 252 of the
Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 were
it included in an Act other than an appropriations Act shall be
treated as direct spending or receipts legislation, as appropriate,
under section 252 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit
Control Act of 1985.

(b) In preparing the final sequestration report required by
section 254(f)(3) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit
Control Act of 1985 for fiscal year 2001, in addition to the informa-
tion required by that section, the Director of the Office of Manage-
ment and Budget shall change any balance of direct spending

* See Endnote on 114 Stat. 2764.

PUBLIC LAW 106-554—DEC. 21, 2000

114 STAT. 2764

and receipts legislation for fiscal year 2001 under section 252 of that Act to zero.

(c) This Act may be cited as the “Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2001”.

Approved December 21, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4577 (S. 2553):

HOUSE REPORTS: Nos. 106-645 (Comm. on Appropriations) and 106-1033 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-293 accompanying S. 2553 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

June 8, 12-14, considered and passed House.

June 22, 23, 26-30, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Dec. 15, House and Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 36 (2000):

Dec. 21, Presidential remarks and statement.

***ENDNOTE:** The following appendixes were added pursuant to the provisions of section 1 of this Act (114 Stat. 2763).



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APPENDIX D-2—S. 2885

APPENDIX E—H.R. 5660

APPENDIX F—H.R. 5661

APPENDIX G—H.R. 5662

APPENDIX H—H.R. 5663

APPENDIX I—H.R. 5667

APPENDIX D—H.R. 5666

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

DIVISION B

114 STAT.
2763A-214

TITLE I

* * * * *

SEC. 131. Notwithstanding any provision of law or regulation, funds appropriated in Public Law 106-291 for a cooperative agreement for management of George Washington's Boyhood Home, Ferry Farm, shall be transferred to the George Washington's Fredericksburg Foundation, Inc. (formerly known as Kenmore Association, Inc.) immediately upon signing of the cooperative agreement.

114 STAT.
2763A-230

* * * * *

19. Fort Hunter Liggett, California (study)

113 STAT. 1501

PUBLIC LAW 106-113—NOV. 29, 1999

Public Law 106-113
106th Congress

An Act

Nov. 29, 1999
[H.R. 3194]Making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000,
and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the several departments, agencies, corporations and other organizational units of the Government for the fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

113 STAT. 1535

DIVISION B

Incorporation by
reference.SEC. 1000. (a) The provisions of the following bills are hereby
enacted into law:

* * * * *

(2) H.R. 3422 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on
November 17, 1999;(3) H.R. 3423 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on
November 17, 1999;

* * * * *

113 STAT. 1536
Incorporation by
reference;
publication.(b) In publishing the Act in slip form and in the United States
Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112, of title 1, United States
Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after the
date of approval at the end appendixes setting forth the texts
of the bills referred to in subsection (a) of this section.

* * * * *

113 STAT. 1537

Approved November 29, 1999.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3194:HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-479 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):Nov. 3, considered and passed House; considered and passed Senate, amend-
ed.

Nov. 18, House agreed to conference report.

Nov. 19, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 35 (1999):

Nov. 29, Presidential remarks and statement.

ENDNOTE: The following appendixes are added pursuant to the provisions of section 1000
of this Act (113 Stat. 1535).

PUBLIC LAW 106-113—APPENDIX C 113 STAT. 1501A-135

APPENDIX C—H.R. 3423

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

113 STAT.
1501A-190

* * * * *

SEC. 326. (a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This section may be cited as the “National Park Service Studies Act of 1999”.

113 STAT.
1501A-194

(b) **AUTHORIZATION OF STUDIES.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of the Interior (“the Secretary”) shall conduct studies of the geographical areas and historic and cultural themes described in subsection (b)(3) to determine the appropriateness of including such areas or themes in the National Park System.

(2) **CRITERIA.**—In conducting the studies authorized by this Act, the Secretary shall use the criteria for the study of areas for potential inclusion in the National Park System in accordance with section 8 of Public Law 91-383, as amended by section 303 of the National Parks Omnibus Management Act (Public Law 105-391; 112 Stat. 3501).

113 STAT.
1501A-195

(3) **STUDY AREAS.**—The Secretary shall conduct studies of the following:

- (A) Anderson Cottage, Washington, District of Columbia.
- (B) Bioluminescent Bay, Puerto Rico.
- (C) Civil Rights Sites, multi-State.
- (D) Crossroads of the American Revolution, Central New Jersey.
- (E) Fort Hunter Liggett, California.
- (F) Fort King, Florida.
- (G) Gaviota Coast Seashore, California.
- (H) Kate Mullany House, New York.
- (I) Loess Hills, Iowa.
- (J) Low Country Gullah Culture, multi-State.
- (K) Nan Madol, State of Ponape, Federated States of Micronesia (upon the request of the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia).
- (L) Walden Pond and Woods, Massachusetts.
- (M) World War II Sites, Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas.
- (N) World War II Sites, Republic of Palau (upon the request of the Government of the Republic of Palau).

(c) **REPORTS.**—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives a report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of each study under subsection (b) within three fiscal years following the date on which funds are first made available for each study.

* * * * *

20. Fort King, Florida (study)

113 STAT. 1501

PUBLIC LAW 106–113—NOV. 29, 1999

Public Law 106–113
106th Congress

An Act

Nov. 29, 1999
[H.R. 3194]Making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000,
and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the several departments, agencies, corporations and other organizational units of the Government for the fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

113 STAT. 1535

DIVISION B

Incorporation by
reference.SEC. 1000. (a) The provisions of the following bills are hereby
enacted into law:

* * * * *

(2) H.R. 3422 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on
November 17, 1999;(3) H.R. 3423 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on
November 17, 1999;

* * * * *

113 STAT. 1536
Incorporation by
reference;
publication.

(b) In publishing the Act in slip form and in the United States Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112, of title 1, United States Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after the date of approval at the end appendixes setting forth the texts of the bills referred to in subsection (a) of this section.

* * * * *

113 STAT. 1537

Approved November 29, 1999.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3194:HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106–479 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):Nov. 3, considered and passed House; considered and passed Senate, amend-
ed.

Nov. 18, House agreed to conference report.

Nov. 19, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 35 (1999):

Nov. 29, Presidential remarks and statement.

ENDNOTE: The following appendixes are added pursuant to the provisions of section 1000 of this Act (113 Stat. 1535).

PUBLIC LAW 106-113—APPENDIX C 113 STAT. 1501A-135

APPENDIX C—H.R. 3423

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

113 STAT.
1501A-190

* * * * *

SEC. 326. (a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This section may be cited as the “National Park Service Studies Act of 1999”.

113 STAT.
1501A-194

(b) **AUTHORIZATION OF STUDIES.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of the Interior (“the Secretary”) shall conduct studies of the geographical areas and historic and cultural themes described in subsection (b)(3) to determine the appropriateness of including such areas or themes in the National Park System.

(2) **CRITERIA.**—In conducting the studies authorized by this Act, the Secretary shall use the criteria for the study of areas for potential inclusion in the National Park System in accordance with section 8 of Public Law 91-383, as amended by section 303 of the National Parks Omnibus Management Act (Public Law 105-391; 112 Stat. 3501).

113 STAT.
1501A-195

(3) **STUDY AREAS.**—The Secretary shall conduct studies of the following:

- (A) Anderson Cottage, Washington, District of Columbia.
- (B) Bioluminescent Bay, Puerto Rico.
- (C) Civil Rights Sites, multi-State.
- (D) Crossroads of the American Revolution, Central New Jersey.
- (E) Fort Hunter Liggett, California.
- (F) Fort King, Florida.
- (G) Gaviota Coast Seashore, California.
- (H) Kate Mullany House, New York.
- (I) Loess Hills, Iowa.
- (J) Low Country Gullah Culture, multi-State.
- (K) Nan Madol, State of Ponape, Federated States of Micronesia (upon the request of the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia).
- (L) Walden Pond and Woods, Massachusetts.
- (M) World War II Sites, Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas.
- (N) World War II Sites, Republic of Palau (upon the request of the Government of the Republic of Palau).

(c) **REPORTS.**—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives a report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of each study under subsection (b) within three fiscal years following the date on which funds are first made available for each study.

* * * * *

**21. Four Corners Monument Tribal Park
Interpretive Center, Colorado**

113 STAT. 1703

PUBLIC LAW 106-143—DEC. 7, 1999

Public Law 106-143
106th Congress

An Act

Dec. 7, 1999
[S. 28]

To authorize an interpretive center and related visitor facilities within the Four
Corners Monument Tribal Park, and for other purposes.

Four Corners
Interpretive
Center Act.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of
the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Four Corners Interpretive Center Act”.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(1) the Four Corners Monument is nationally significant as the only geographic location in the United States where 4 State boundaries meet;

State listing.

(2) the States with boundaries that meet at the Four Corners are Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico, and Utah;

(3) between 1868 and 1875 the boundary lines that created the Four Corners were drawn, and in 1899 a monument was erected at the site;

(4) a United States postal stamp will be issued in 1999 to commemorate the centennial of the original boundary marker;

(5) the Four Corners area is distinct in character and possesses important historical, cultural, and prehistoric values and resources within the surrounding cultural landscape;

(6) although there are no permanent facilities or utilities at the Four Corners Monument Tribal Park, each year the park attracts approximately 250,000 visitors;

(7) the area of the Four Corners Monument Tribal Park falls entirely within the Navajo Nation or Ute Mountain Ute Tribe reservations;

(8) the Navajo Nation and the Ute Mountain Ute Tribe have entered into a memorandum of understanding governing the planning and future development of the Four Corners Monument Tribal Park;

(9) in 1992, through agreements executed by the Governors of Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico, and Utah, the Four Corners Heritage Council was established as a coalition of State, Federal, tribal, and private interests;

(10) the State of Arizona has obligated \$45,000 for planning efforts and \$250,000 for construction of an interpretive center at the Four Corners Monument Tribal Park;

(11) numerous studies and extensive consultation with American Indians have demonstrated that development at the

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113 STAT. 1704

Four Corners Monument Tribal Park would greatly benefit the people of the Navajo Nation and the Ute Mountain Ute Tribe;

(12) the Arizona Department of Transportation has completed preliminary cost estimates that are based on field experience with rest-area development for the construction of a Four Corners Interpretive Center and surrounding infrastructure, including restrooms, roadways, parking areas, and water, electrical, telephone, and sewage facilities;

(13) an interpretive center would provide important educational and enrichment opportunities for all Americans; and

(14) Federal financial assistance and technical expertise are needed for the construction of an interpretive center.

(b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this Act are—

(1) to recognize the importance of the Four Corners Monument and surrounding landscape as a distinct area in the heritage of the United States that is worthy of interpretation and preservation;

(2) to assist the Navajo Nation and the Ute Mountain Ute Tribe in establishing the Four Corners Interpretive Center and related facilities to meet the needs of the general public;

(3) to highlight and showcase the collaborative resource stewardship of private individuals, Indian tribes, universities, Federal agencies, and the governments of States and political subdivisions thereof (including counties); and

(4) to promote knowledge of the life, art, culture, politics, and history of the culturally diverse groups of the Four Corners region.

SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

As used in this Act:

(1) CENTER.—The term “Center” means the Four Corners Interpretive Center established under section 4, including restrooms, parking areas, vendor facilities, sidewalks, utilities, exhibits, and other visitor facilities.

(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term “eligible entity” means the States of Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico, or Utah, or any consortium of 2 or more of those States.

(3) FOUR CORNERS HERITAGE COUNCIL.—The term “Four Corners Heritage Council” means the nonprofit coalition of Federal, State, tribal, and private entities established in 1992 by agreements of the Governors of the States of Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico, and Utah.

(4) FOUR CORNERS MONUMENT.—The term “Four Corners Monument” means the physical monument where the boundaries of the States of Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico, and Utah meet.

(5) FOUR CORNERS MONUMENT TRIBAL PARK.—The term “Four Corners Monument Tribal Park” means lands within the legally defined boundaries of the Four Corners Monument Tribal Park.

(6) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 4. FOUR CORNERS INTERPRETIVE CENTER.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary is authorized to establish within the boundaries of the Four Corners Monument Tribal Park a center for the

interpretation and commemoration of the Four Corners Monument, to be known as the “Four Corners Interpretive Center”.

(b) **LAND DESIGNATED AND MADE AVAILABLE.**—Land for the Center shall be designated and made available by the Navajo Nation or the Ute Mountain Ute Tribe within the boundaries of the Four Corners Monument Tribal Park in consultation with the Four Corners Heritage Council and in accordance with—

(1) the memorandum of understanding between the Navajo Nation and the Ute Mountain Ute Tribe that was entered into on October 22, 1996; and

(2) applicable supplemental agreements with the Bureau of Land Management, the National Park Service, and the United States Forest Service.

(c) **CONCURRENCE.**—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, no such center shall be established without the consent of the Navajo Nation and the Ute Mountain Ute Tribe.

(d) **COMPONENTS OF CENTER.**—The Center shall include—

(1) a location for permanent and temporary exhibits depicting the archaeological, cultural, and natural heritage of the Four Corners region;

(2) a venue for public education programs;

(3) a location to highlight the importance of efforts to preserve southwestern archaeological sites and museum collections;

(4) a location to provide information to the general public about cultural and natural resources, parks, museums, and travel in the Four Corners region; and

(5) visitor amenities including restrooms, public telephones, and other basic facilities.

SEC. 5. CONSTRUCTION GRANT.

(a) **GRANT.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary is authorized to award a grant to an eligible entity for the construction of the Center in an amount not to exceed 50 percent of the cost of construction of the Center.

(2) **ASSURANCES.**—To be eligible for the grant, the eligible entity that is selected to receive the grant shall provide assurances that—

(A) the non-Federal share of the costs of construction is paid from non-Federal sources (which may include contributions made by States, private sources, the Navajo Nation, and the Ute Mountain Ute Tribe for planning, design, construction, furnishing, startup, and operational expenses); and

(B) the aggregate amount of non-Federal funds contributed by the States used to carry out the activities specified in subparagraph (A) will not be less than \$2,000,000, of which each of the States that is party to the grant will contribute equally in cash or in kind.

(3) **FUNDS FROM PRIVATE SOURCES.**—A State may use funds from private sources to meet the requirements of paragraph (2)(B).

(4) **FUNDS OF STATE OF ARIZONA.**—The State of Arizona may apply \$45,000 authorized by the State of Arizona during fiscal year 1998 for planning and \$250,000 that is held in reserve by the State for construction toward the Arizona share.

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113 STAT. 1706

(b) GRANT REQUIREMENTS.—In order to receive a grant under this Act, the eligible entity selected to receive the grant shall—

(1) submit to the Secretary a proposal that—

Proposal.

(A) meets all applicable—

(i) laws, including building codes and regulations; and

(ii) requirements under the memorandum of understanding described in paragraph (2); and

(B) provides such information and assurances as the Secretary may require; and

(2) enter into a memorandum of understanding with the Secretary providing—

(A) a timetable for completion of construction and opening of the Center;

(B) assurances that design, architectural, and construction contracts will be competitively awarded;

(C) specifications meeting all applicable Federal, State, and local building codes and laws;

(D) arrangements for operations and maintenance upon completion of construction;

(E) a description of the Center collections and educational programming;

(F) a plan for design of exhibits including, but not limited to, the selection of collections to be exhibited, and the providing of security, preservation, protection, environmental controls, and presentations in accordance with professional museum standards;

(G) an agreement with the Navajo Nation and the Ute Mountain Ute Tribe relative to site selection and public access to the facilities; and

(H) a financing plan developed jointly by the Navajo Nation and the Ute Mountain Ute Tribe outlining the long-term management of the Center, including—

(i) the acceptance and use of funds derived from public and private sources to minimize the use of appropriated or borrowed funds;

(ii) the payment of the operating costs of the Center through the assessment of fees or other income generated by the Center;

(iii) a strategy for achieving financial self-sufficiency with respect to the Center by not later than 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act; and

(iv) appropriate vendor standards and business activities at the Four Corners Monument Tribal Park.

SEC. 6. SELECTION OF GRANT RECIPIENT.

The Four Corners Heritage Council may make recommendations to the Secretary on grant proposals regarding the design of facilities at the Four Corners Monument Tribal Park.

SEC. 7. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) AUTHORIZATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of the Interior to carry out this Act—

(1) \$2,000,000 for fiscal year 2000; and

(2) \$50,000 for each of fiscal years 2001 through 2005 for maintenance and operation of the Center, program development, or staffing in a manner consistent with the requirements of section 5(b).

113 STAT. 1707

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(b) **CARRYOVER.**—Funds made available under subsection (a)(1) that are unexpended at the end of the fiscal year for which those funds are appropriated, may be used by the Secretary through fiscal year 2002 for the purposes for which those funds are made available.

(c) **RESERVATION OF FUNDS.**—The Secretary may reserve funds appropriated pursuant to this Act until a grant proposal meeting the requirements of this Act is submitted, but no later than September 30, 2001.

SEC. 8. DONATIONS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for purposes of the planning, construction, and operation of the Center, the Secretary may accept, retain, and expend donations of funds, and use property or services donated, from private persons and entities or from public entities.

SEC. 9. STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.

Nothing in this Act is intended to abrogate, modify, or impair any right or claim of the Navajo Nation or the Ute Mountain Ute Tribe, that is based on any law (including any treaty, Executive order, agreement, or Act of Congress).

Approved December 7, 1999.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 28:

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-144 (Comm. on Indian Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):

Sept. 9, considered and passed Senate.
Nov. 18, considered and passed House.



22. Gaviota Coast, California (study)

PUBLIC LAW 106-113—NOV. 29, 1999

113 STAT. 1501

Public Law 106-113
106th Congress

An Act

Making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000,
and for other purposes.

Nov. 29, 1999
[H.R. 3194]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the several departments, agencies, corporations and other organizational units of the Government for the fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

DIVISION B

113 STAT. 1535

SEC. 1000. (a) The provisions of the following bills are hereby enacted into law:

Incorporation by reference.

* * * * *

(2) H.R. 3422 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on November 17, 1999;

(3) H.R. 3423 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on November 17, 1999;

* * * * *

(b) In publishing the Act in slip form and in the United States Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112, of title 1, United States Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after the date of approval at the end appendixes setting forth the texts of the bills referred to in subsection (a) of this section.

113 STAT. 1536
Incorporation by reference; publication.

* * * * *

Approved November 29, 1999.

113 STAT. 1537

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3194:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-479 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):

Nov. 3, considered and passed House; considered and passed Senate, amended.

Nov. 18, House agreed to conference report.

Nov. 19, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 35 (1999):

Nov. 29, Presidential remarks and statement.

ENDNOTE: The following appendixes are added pursuant to the provisions of section 1000 of this Act (113 Stat. 1535).



APPENDIX C—H.R. 3423

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

	* * * * *
113 STAT. 1501A–190	TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS
	* * * * *
113 STAT. 1501A–194	<p>SEC. 326. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the “National Park Service Studies Act of 1999”.</p> <p>(b) AUTHORIZATION OF STUDIES.—</p> <p>(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Interior (“the Secretary”) shall conduct studies of the geographical areas and historic and cultural themes described in subsection (b)(3) to determine the appropriateness of including such areas or themes in the National Park System.</p> <p>(2) CRITERIA.—In conducting the studies authorized by this Act, the Secretary shall use the criteria for the study of areas for potential inclusion in the National Park System in accordance with section 8 of Public Law 91–383, as amended by section 303 of the National Parks Omnibus Management Act (Public Law 105–391; 112 Stat. 3501).</p> <p>(3) STUDY AREAS.—The Secretary shall conduct studies of the following:</p> <p>(A) Anderson Cottage, Washington, District of Columbia.</p> <p>(B) Bioluminescent Bay, Puerto Rico.</p> <p>(C) Civil Rights Sites, multi-State.</p> <p>(D) Crossroads of the American Revolution, Central New Jersey.</p> <p>(E) Fort Hunter Liggett, California.</p> <p>(F) Fort King, Florida.</p> <p>(G) Gaviota Coast Seashore, California.</p> <p>(H) Kate Mullany House, New York.</p> <p>(I) Loess Hills, Iowa.</p> <p>(J) Low Country Gullah Culture, multi-State.</p> <p>(K) Nan Madol, State of Ponape, Federated States of Micronesia (upon the request of the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia).</p> <p>(L) Walden Pond and Woods, Massachusetts.</p> <p>(M) World War II Sites, Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas.</p> <p>(N) World War II Sites, Republic of Palau (upon the request of the Government of the Republic of Palau).</p> <p>(c) REPORTS.—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives a report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of each study under subsection (b) within three fiscal years following the date on which funds are first made available for each study.</p>
113 STAT. 1501A–195	
	* * * * *

23. Great Falls Historic District, New Jersey (study)

PUBLIC LAW 106-176—MAR. 10, 2000

114 STAT. 23

Public Law 106-176
106th Congress

An Act

To make technical corrections to the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 and to other laws related to parks and public lands.

Mar. 10, 2000
[H.R. 149]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCE TO OMNIBUS PARKS AND PUBLIC LANDS MANAGEMENT ACT OF 1996.

Omnibus Parks
Technical
Corrections Act
of 2000.

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This Act may be cited as the “Omnibus Parks Technical Corrections Act of 2000”.

16 USC 1 note.

(b) **REFERENCE TO OMNIBUS PARKS ACT.**—In this Act, the term “Omnibus Parks Act” means the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-333; 110 Stat. 4093).

**TITLE I—TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO
DIVISION I**

* * * * *

SEC. 110. GREAT FALLS HISTORIC DISTRICT, NEW JERSEY.

114 STAT. 26

Section 510(a)(1) of division I of the Omnibus Parks Act (110 Stat. 4158; 16 U.S.C. 461 note) is amended by striking “the contribution of our national heritage” and inserting “the contribution to our national heritage”.

* * * * *

Approved March 10, 2000.

114 STAT. 34

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 149:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-17 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-125 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Vol. 145 (1999): Feb. 23, considered and passed House.

Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Vol. 146 (2000): Feb. 15, House concurred in Senate amendments.



115 STAT. 407

PUBLIC LAW 107-59—NOV. 5, 2001

Public Law 107-59
107th Congress

An Act

Nov. 5, 2001
[H.R. 146]

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to study the suitability and feasibility of designating the Great Falls Historic District in Paterson, New Jersey, as a unit of the National Park System, and for other purposes.

Great Falls
Historic District
Study Act of
2001.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Great Falls Historic District Study Act of 2001”.

SEC. 2. NATIONAL PARK SERVICE STUDY REGARDING GREAT FALLS HISTORIC DISTRICT, PATERSON, NEW JERSEY.

(a) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) **GREAT FALLS HISTORIC DISTRICT.**—The term “Great Falls Historic District” means the Great Falls Historic District in the city of Paterson, New Jersey, established as an historic district by section 510 of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-333; 110 Stat. 4158; 16 U.S.C. 461 note).

(2) **SECRETARY.**—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the National Park Service.

(b) **STUDY.**—As soon as practicable after funds are made available to carry out this section, the Secretary shall commence a study regarding the suitability and feasibility of further recognizing the historic and cultural significance of the lands and structures of the Great Falls Historic District through the designation of the Great Falls Historic District as a unit of the National Park System.

Applicability.

(c) **STUDY PROCESS AND COMPLETION.**—Section 8(c) of Public Law 91-383 (16 U.S.C. 1a-5(c)) shall apply to the study required by this section.

Reports.

(d) **SUBMISSION.**—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a report describing the results of the study.

(e) **AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this section.

Approved November 5, 2001.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 146:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 107-47 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 107-74 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 147 (2001):

May 9, considered and passed House.

Oct. 17, considered and passed Senate.



**24. Harriet Tubman Sites,
New York and Maryland (study)**

PUBLIC LAW 106–516—NOV. 13, 2000

114 STAT. 2404

Public Law 106–516
106th Congress

An Act

To direct the Secretary of the Interior to conduct a special resource study concerning the preservation and public use of sites associated with Harriet Tubman located in Auburn, New York, and for other purposes.

Nov. 13, 2000
[S. 2345]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Harriet Tubman Special Resource Study Act”.

Harriet Tubman
Special Resource
Study Act.
State listing.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds that—

(1) Harriet Tubman was born into slavery on a plantation in Dorchester County, Maryland, in 1821;

(2) in 1849, Harriet Tubman escaped the plantation on foot, using the North Star for direction and following a route through Maryland, Delaware, and Pennsylvania to Philadelphia, where she gained her freedom;

(3) Harriet Tubman is an important figure in the history of the United States, and is most famous for her role as a “conductor” on the Underground Railroad, in which, as a fugitive slave, she helped hundreds of enslaved individuals to escape to freedom before and during the Civil War;

(4) during the Civil War, Harriet Tubman served the Union Army as a guide, spy, and nurse;

(5) after the Civil War, Harriet Tubman was an advocate for the education of black children;

(6) Harriet Tubman settled in Auburn, New York, in 1857, and lived there until 1913;

(7) while in Auburn, Harriet Tubman dedicated her life to caring selflessly and tirelessly for people who could not care for themselves, was an influential member of the community and an active member of the Thompson Memorial A.M.E. Zion Church, and established a home for the elderly;

(8) Harriet Tubman was a friend of William Henry Seward, who served as the Governor of and a Senator from the State of New York and as Secretary of State under President Abraham Lincoln;

(9) 4 sites in Auburn that directly relate to Harriet Tubman and are listed on the National Register of Historic Places are—

(A) Harriet Tubman’s home;

(B) the Harriet Tubman Home for the Aged;

(C) the Thompson Memorial A.M.E. Zion Church; and

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(D) Harriet Tubman Home for the Aged and William Henry Seward's home in Auburn are national historic landmarks.

SEC. 3. STUDY CONCERNING SITES IN AUBURN, NEW YORK, ASSOCIATED WITH HARRIET TUBMAN.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of the Interior shall conduct a special resource study of the national significance, feasibility of long-term preservation, and public use of the following sites associated with Harriet Tubman:

(1) Harriet Tubman's birthplace, located on Greenbriar Road, off of Route 50, in Dorchester County, Maryland.

(2) Bazel Church, located 1 mile South of Greenbriar Road in Cambridge, Maryland.

(3) Harriet Tubman's home, located at 182 South Street, Auburn, New York.

(4) The Harriet Tubman Home for the Aged, located at 180 South Street, Auburn, New York.

(5) The Thompson Memorial A.M.E. Zion Church, located at 33 Parker Street, Auburn, New York.

(6) Harriet Tubman's grave at Fort Hill Cemetery, located at 19 Fort Street, Auburn, New York.

(7) William Henry Seward's home, located at 33 South Street, Auburn, New York.

(b) **INCLUSION OF SITES IN THE NATIONAL PARK SYSTEM.**—The study under subsection (a) shall include an analysis and any recommendations of the Secretary concerning the suitability and feasibility of—

(1) designating one or more of the sites specified in subsection (a) as units of the National Park System; and

(2) establishing a national heritage corridor that incorporates the sites specified in subsection (a) and any other sites associated with Harriet Tubman.

(c) **STUDY GUIDELINES.**—In conducting the study authorized by this Act, the Secretary shall use the criteria for the study of areas for potential inclusion in the National Park System contained in section 8 of Public Law 91-383, as amended by section 303 of the National Park Omnibus Management Act (P.L. 105-391; 112 Stat. 3501).

(d) **CONSULTATION.**—In preparing and conducting the study under subsection (a), the Secretary shall consult with—

(1) the Governors of the States of Maryland and New York;

(2) a member of the Board of County Commissioners of Dorchester County, Maryland;

(3) the Mayor of the city of Auburn, New York;

(4) the owner of the sites specified in subsection (a); and

(5) the appropriate representatives of—

(A) the Thompson Memorial A.M.E. Zion Church;

(B) the Bazel Church;

(C) the Harriet Tubman Foundation; and

(D) the Harriet Tubman Organization, Inc.

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114 STAT. 2406

(e) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date on which funds are made available for the study under subsection (a), the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report describing the results of the study. Deadline.

Approved November 13, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 2345:

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-440 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

Oct. 5, considered and passed Senate.

Oct. 24, considered and passed House.



25. Jackson Multi-Agency Campus, Wyoming

114 STAT. 797

PUBLIC LAW 106-272—SEPT. 22, 2000

Public Law 106-272
106th Congress**An Act**Sept. 22, 2000
[S. 1374]To authorize the development and maintenance of a multi-agency campus project
in the town of Jackson, Wyoming.Jackson Multi-
Agency Campus
Act of 2000.*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of
the United States of America in Congress assembled,***SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**This Act may be cited as the “Jackson Multi-Agency Campus
Act of 2000”.**SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.**

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(1) the management of public land and natural resources
and the service of the public in the area of Jackson, Wyoming,
are responsibilities shared by—

(A) the Department of Agriculture;

(B) the Forest Service;

(C) the Department of the Interior, including—

(i) the National Park Service; and

(ii) the United States Fish and Wildlife Service;

(D) the Game and Fish Commission of the State of
Wyoming;

(E) Teton County, Wyoming;

(F) the town of Jackson, Wyoming;

(G) the Jackson Chamber of Commerce; and

(H) the Jackson Hole Historical Society; and

(2) it is desirable to locate the administrative offices of
several of the agencies and entities specified in paragraph
(1) on 1 site to—(A) facilitate communication between the agencies and
entities;(B) reduce costs to the Federal, State, and local govern-
ments; and

(C) better serve the public.

(b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this Act are—

(1) to authorize the Federal agencies specified in subsection
(a)—(A) to develop and maintain the Project in Jackson,
Wyoming, in cooperation with the other agencies and enti-
ties specified in subsection (a); and(B) to provide resources and enter into such agreements
as are necessary for the planning, design, construction,
operation, maintenance, and fixture modifications of all
elements of the Project;

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114 STAT. 798

(2) to direct the Secretary to convey to the town of Jackson, Wyoming, certain parcels of federally owned land located in Teton County, Wyoming, in exchange for construction of facilities for the Bridger-Teton National Forest by the town of Jackson;

(3) to direct the Secretary to convey to the Game and Fish Commission of the State of Wyoming certain parcels of federally owned land in the town of Jackson, Wyoming, in exchange for approximately 1.35 acres of land, also located in the town of Jackson, to be used in the construction of the Project; and

(4) to relinquish certain reversionary interests of the United States in order to facilitate the transactions described in paragraphs (1) through (3).

SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

(1) COMMISSION.—The term “Commission” means the Game and Fish Commission of the State of Wyoming.

(2) CONSTRUCTION COST.—The term “construction cost” means any cost that is—

(A) associated with building improvements to Federal standards and guidelines; and

(B) open to a competitive bidding process approved by the Secretary.

(3) FEDERAL PARCEL.—The term “Federal parcel” means—

(A) the parcel of land, and all appurtenances to the land, comprising approximately 15.3 acres, depicted as “Bridger-Teton National Forest” on the Map; and

(B) the parcel comprising approximately 80 acres, known as the “Cache Creek Administrative Site”, located adjacent to the town.

(4) MAP.—The term “Map” means the map entitled “Multi-Agency Campus Project Site”, dated March 31, 1999, and on file in the offices of—

(A) the Bridger-Teton National Forest, in the State of Wyoming; and

(B) the Chief of the Forest Service.

(5) MASTER PLAN.—The term “master plan” means the document entitled “Conceptual Master Plan”, dated July 14, 1998, and on file at the offices of—

(A) the Bridger-Teton National Forest, in the State of Wyoming; and

(B) the Chief of the Forest Service.

(6) PROJECT.—The term “Project” means the proposed project for construction of a multi-agency campus, to be carried out by the town of Jackson in cooperation with the other agencies and entities described in section 2(a)(1), to provide, in accordance with the master plan—

(A) administrative facilities for various agencies and entities; and

(B) interpretive, educational, and other facilities for visitors to the greater Yellowstone area.

(7) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Agriculture (including a designee of the Secretary).

114 STAT. 799

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(8) STATE PARCEL.—The term “State parcel” means the parcel of land comprising approximately 3 acres, depicted as “Wyoming Game and Fish” on the Map.

(9) TOWN.—The term “town” means the town of Jackson, Wyoming.

SEC. 4. MULTI-AGENCY CAMPUS PROJECT, JACKSON, WYOMING.

Deadline.

(a) CONSTRUCTION FOR EXCHANGE OF PROPERTY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the town may construct, as part of the Project, an administrative facility to be owned and operated by the Bridger-Teton National Forest, if—

(A) an offer by the town to construct the administrative facility is accepted by the Secretary under paragraph (2);

(B) a memorandum of understanding between the town and the Secretary outlining the roles and responsibilities of each party involved in the land exchange and construction is executed;

(C) a final building design and construction cost estimate is approved by the Secretary; and

(D) the exchange described in subsection (b)(2) is completed in accordance with that subsection.

(2) ACCEPTANCE AND AUTHORIZATION TO CONSTRUCT.—The Secretary, on receipt of an acceptable offer from the town under paragraph (1), shall authorize the town to construct the administrative facility described in paragraph (1) in accordance with this Act.

(3) CONVEYANCE.—

(A) SECRETARY.—The Secretary shall convey all right, title, and interest in and to the Federal land described in section 5(a)(1) to the town in simultaneous exchange for, and on satisfactory completion of, the administrative facility.

(B) TOWN.—The town shall convey all right, title, and interest in and to the administrative facility constructed under this section in exchange for the land described in section 5(a)(1).

(b) OFFER TO CONVEY STATE PARCEL.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may offer to convey a portion of the State parcel, depicted on the Map as “Parcel Three”, to the United States to be used for construction of an administrative facility for the Bridger-Teton National Forest.

(2) CONVEYANCE.—If the offer described in paragraph (1) is made not later than 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall convey the Federal land described in section 5(a)(2) to the Commission, in exchange for the portion of the State parcel described in paragraph (1), in accordance with this Act.

SEC. 5. CONVEYANCE OF FEDERAL LAND.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In exchange for the consideration described in section 4, the Secretary shall convey—

(1) to the town, in a manner that equalizes values—

(A) the portion of the Federal parcel, comprising approximately 9.3 acres, depicted on the Map as “Parcel Two”; and

PUBLIC LAW 106-272—SEPT. 22, 2000

114 STAT. 800

(B) if an additional conveyance of land is necessary to equalize the values of land exchanged after the conveyance of Parcel Two, an appropriate portion of the portion of the Federal parcel comprising approximately 80 acres, known as the “Cache Creek Administrative Site” and located adjacent to the town; and

(2) to the Commission, the portion of the Federal parcel, comprising approximately 3.2 acres, depicted on the Map as “Parcel One”.

(b) REVERSIONARY INTERESTS.—As additional consideration for acceptance by the United States of any offer described in section 4, the United States shall relinquish all reversionary interests in the State parcel, as set forth in the deed between the United States and the State of Wyoming, dated February 19, 1957, and recorded on October 2, 1967, in Book 14 of Deeds, Page 382, in the records of Teton County, Wyoming.

SEC. 6. EQUAL VALUE OF INTERESTS EXCHANGED.

(a) VALUATION OF LAND TO BE CONVEYED.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The fair market and improvement values of the land to be exchanged under this Act shall be determined—

(A) by appraisals acceptable to the Secretary, using nationally recognized appraisal standards; and

(B) in accordance with section 206 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1716).

(2) APPRAISAL REPORT.—Each appraisal report shall be written to Federal standards, as defined in the Uniform Appraisal Standards for Federal Land Acquisitions developed by the Interagency Land Acquisition Conference.

(3) NO EFFECT ON VALUE OF REVERSIONARY INTERESTS.—An appraisal of the State parcel shall not take into consideration any reversionary interest held by the United States in the State parcel as of the date on which the appraisal is conducted.

(b) VALUE OF FEDERAL LAND GREATER THAN CONSTRUCTION COSTS.—If the value of the Federal land to be conveyed to the town under section 5(a)(1) is greater than the construction costs to be paid by the town for the administrative facility described in section 4(a), the Secretary shall reduce the acreage of the Federal land conveyed so that the value of the Federal land conveyed to the town closely approximates the construction costs.

(c) VALUE OF FEDERAL LAND EQUAL TO VALUE OF STATE PARCEL.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The value of any Federal land conveyed to the Commission under section 5(a)(2) shall be equal to the value of the State parcel conveyed to the United States under section 4(b).

(2) BOUNDARIES.—The boundaries of the Federal land and the State parcel may be adjusted to equalize values.

(d) PAYMENT OF CASH EQUALIZATION.—Notwithstanding subsections (b) and (c), the values of Federal land and the State parcel may be equalized by payment of cash to the Secretary, the Commission, or the town, as appropriate, in accordance with section 206(b) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1716(b)), if the values cannot be equalized

by adjusting the size of parcels to be conveyed or by conveying additional land, without compromising the design of the Project.

SEC. 7. ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS.

(a) **CONSTRUCTION OF FEDERAL FACILITIES.**—The construction of facilities on Federal land within the boundaries of the Project shall be—

(1) supervised and managed by the town in accordance with the memorandum of understanding referred to in section 4(a)(1)(B); and

(2) carried out to standards and specifications approved by the Secretary.

(b) **ACCESS.**—The town (including contractors and subcontractors of the town) shall have access to the Federal land until completion of construction for all purposes related to construction of facilities under this Act.

(c) **ADMINISTRATION OF LAND ACQUIRED BY UNITED STATES.**—Land acquired by the United States under this Act shall be governed by all laws applicable to the administration of national forest sites.

(d) **WETLAND.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—There shall be no construction of any facility after the date of conveyance of Federal land under this Act within any portion of the Federal parcel delineated on the map as “wetlands”.

(2) **DEEDS AND CONVEYANCE DOCUMENTS.**—A deed or other conveyance document executed by the Secretary in carrying out this Act shall contain such reservations as are necessary to preclude development of wetland on any portion of the Federal parcel.

Approved September 22, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1374:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-748 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-215 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Vol. 145 (1999): Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate.

Vol. 146 (2000): Sept. 12, considered and passed House.



26. Jamestown 400th Commemoration Commission

PUBLIC LAW 106-554—DEC. 21, 2000

114 STAT. 2763

* Public Law 106-554
106th Congress

An Act

Making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001,
and for other purposes.

Dec. 21, 2000
[H.R. 4577]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. (a) The provisions of the following bills of the 106th Congress are hereby enacted into law:

(1) H.R. 5656, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(2) H.R. 5657, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(3) H.R. 5658, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(4) H.R. 5666, as introduced on December 15, 2000, except that the text of H.R. 5666, as so enacted, shall not include section 123 (relating to the enactment of H.R. 4904).

(5) H.R. 5660, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(6) H.R. 5661, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(7) H.R. 5662, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(8) H.R. 5663, as introduced on December 14, 2000.

(9) H.R. 5667, as introduced on December 15, 2000.

(b) In publishing this Act in slip form and in the United States Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112 of title 1, United States Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after the date of approval at the end appendixes setting forth the texts of the bills referred to in subsection (a) of this section and the text of any other bill enacted into law by reference by reason of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 2. (a) Notwithstanding Rule 3 of the Budget Scorekeeping Guidelines set forth in the joint explanatory statement of the committee of conference accompanying Conference Report 105-217, legislation enacted in section 505 of the Department of Transportation and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001, section 312 of the Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2001, titles X and XI of H.R. 5548 (106th Congress) as enacted by H.R. 4942 (106th Congress), division B of H.R. 5666 (106th Congress) as enacted by this Act, and sections 1(a)(5) through 1(a)(9) of this Act that would have been estimated by the Office of Management and Budget as changing direct spending or receipts under section 252 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 were it included in an Act other than an appropriations Act shall be treated as direct spending or receipts legislation, as appropriate, under section 252 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

(b) In preparing the final sequestration report required by section 254(f)(3) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 for fiscal year 2001, in addition to the information required by that section, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall change any balance of direct spending

Consolidated
Appropriations
Act, 2001.
Incorporation by
reference.

Publication.
1 USC 112 note.

* See Endnote on 114 Stat. 2764.

114 STAT. 2764

PUBLIC LAW 106-554—DEC. 21, 2000

and receipts legislation for fiscal year 2001 under section 252 of that Act to zero.

(c) This Act may be cited as the “Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2001”.

Approved December 21, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4577 (S. 2553):

HOUSE REPORTS: Nos. 106-645 (Comm. on Appropriations) and 106-1033 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-293 accompanying S. 2553 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

June 8, 12-14, considered and passed House.

June 22, 23, 26-30, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Dec. 15, House and Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 36 (2000):

Dec. 21, Presidential remarks and statement.

***ENDNOTE:** The following appendixes were added pursuant to the provisions of section 1 of this Act (114 Stat. 2763).



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APPENDIX I—H.R. 5667

114 STAT. 2763A-171 PUBLIC LAW 106-554—APPENDIX D

APPENDIX D—H.R. 5666

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

114 STAT.
2763A-214

DIVISION B

TITLE I

* * * * *

114 STAT.
2763A-229

SEC. 127. The provisions of S. 2885, as passed in the United States Senate on October 5, 2000 and engrossed, are hereby enacted into law.

* * * * *

PUBLIC LAW 106–565—DEC. 23, 2000

114 STAT. 2812

Public Law 106–565
106th Congress

An Act

To establish the Jamestown 400th Commemoration Commission, and for other purposes.

Dec. 23, 2000
[H.R. 4907]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Jamestown 400th
Commemoration
Commission Act
of 2000.
Virginia.
16 USC 81 note.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Jamestown 400th Commemoration Commission Act of 2000”.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

16 USC 81 note.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(1) the founding of the colony at Jamestown, Virginia in 1607, the first permanent English colony in the New World, and the capital of Virginia for 92 years, has major significance in the history of the United States;

(2) the settlement brought people from throughout the Atlantic Basin together to form a multicultural society, including English, other Europeans, Native Americans, and Africans;

(3) the economic, political, religious, and social institutions that developed during the first 9 decades of the existence of Jamestown continue to have profound effects on the United States, particularly in English common law and language, cross cultural relationships, and economic structure and status;

(4) the National Park Service, the Association for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities, and the Jamestown-Yorktown Foundation of the Commonwealth of Virginia collectively own and operate significant resources related to the early history of Jamestown; and

(5) in 1996—

(A) the Commonwealth of Virginia designated the Jamestown-Yorktown Foundation as the State agency responsible for planning and implementing the Commonwealth’s portion of the commemoration of the 400th anniversary of the founding of the Jamestown settlement;

(B) the Foundation created the Celebration 2007 Steering Committee, known as the Jamestown 2007 Steering Committee; and

(C) planning for the commemoration began.

(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this Act is to establish the Jamestown 400th Commemoration Commission to—

(1) ensure a suitable national observance of the Jamestown 2007 anniversary by complementing the programs and activities of the State of Virginia;

114 STAT. 2813

PUBLIC LAW 106-565—DEC. 23, 2000

(2) cooperate with and assist the programs and activities of the State in observance of the Jamestown 2007 anniversary;

(3) assist in ensuring that Jamestown 2007 observances provide an excellent visitor experience and beneficial interaction between visitors and the natural and cultural resources of the Jamestown sites;

(4) assist in ensuring that the Jamestown 2007 observances are inclusive and appropriately recognize the experiences of all people present in 17th century Jamestown;

(5) provide assistance to the development of Jamestown-related programs and activities;

(6) facilitate international involvement in the Jamestown 2007 observances;

(7) support and facilitate marketing efforts for a commemorative coin, stamp, and related activities for the Jamestown 2007 observances; and

(8) assist in the appropriate development of heritage tourism and economic benefits to the United States.

16 USC 81 note. **SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.**

In this Act:

(1) **COMMEMORATION.**—The term “commemoration” means the commemoration of the 400th anniversary of the founding of the Jamestown settlement.

(2) **COMMISSION.**—The term “Commission” means the Jamestown 400th Commemoration Commission established by section 4(a).

(3) **GOVERNOR.**—The term “Governor” means the Governor of the State.

(4) **SECRETARY.**—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

(5) **STATE.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—The term “State” means the State of Virginia.

(B) **INCLUSIONS.**—The term “State” includes agencies and entities of the State.

16 USC 81 note. **SEC. 4. JAMESTOWN 400TH COMMEMORATION COMMISSION.**

Establishment.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—There is established a commission to be known as the “Jamestown 400th Commemoration Commission”.

(b) **MEMBERSHIP.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Commission shall be composed of 16 members, of whom—

(A) four members shall be appointed by the Secretary, taking into consideration the recommendations of the Chairperson of the Jamestown 2007 Steering Committee;

(B) four members shall be appointed by the Secretary, taking into consideration the recommendations of the Governor;

(C) two members shall be employees of the National Park Service, of which—

(i) one shall be the Director of the National Park Service (or a designee); and

(ii) one shall be an employee of the National Park Service having experience relevant to the commemoration, to be appointed by the Secretary; and

PUBLIC LAW 106-565—DEC. 23, 2000

114 STAT. 2814

(D) five members shall be individuals that have an interest in, support for, and expertise appropriate to, the commemoration, to be appointed by the Secretary.

(2) TERM; VACANCIES.—

(A) TERM.—A member of the Commission shall be appointed for the life of the Commission.

(B) VACANCIES.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—A vacancy on the Commission shall be filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made.

(ii) PARTIAL TERM.—A member appointed to fill a vacancy on the Commission shall serve for the remainder of the term for which the predecessor of the member was appointed.

(3) MEETINGS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall meet—

(i) at least twice each year; or

(ii) at the call of the Chairperson or the majority of the members of the Commission.

(B) INITIAL MEETING.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which all members of the Commission have been appointed, the Commission shall hold the initial meeting of the Commission.

(4) VOTING.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall act only on an affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the Commission.

(B) QUORUM.—A majority of the Commission shall constitute a quorum.

(5) CHAIRPERSON.—The Secretary shall appoint a Chairperson of the Commission, taking into consideration any recommendations of the Governor.

(c) DUTIES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall—

(A) plan, develop, and execute programs and activities appropriate to commemorate the 400th anniversary of the founding of Jamestown;

(B) generally facilitate Jamestown-related activities throughout the United States;

(C) encourage civic, patriotic, historical, educational, religious, economic, and other organizations throughout the United States to organize and participate in anniversary activities to expand the understanding and appreciation of the significance of the founding and early history of Jamestown;

(D) coordinate and facilitate for the public scholarly research on, publication about, and interpretation of, Jamestown; and

(E) ensure that the 400th anniversary of Jamestown provides a lasting legacy and long-term public benefit by assisting in the development of appropriate programs and facilities.

(2) PLANS; REPORTS.—

(A) STRATEGIC PLAN; ANNUAL PERFORMANCE PLANS.—In accordance with the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993 (Public Law 103-62; 107 Stat. 285), the Commission shall prepare a strategic plan and annual

114 STAT. 2815

PUBLIC LAW 106-565—DEC. 23, 2000

Deadline.

performance plans for the activities of the Commission carried out under this Act.

(B) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than September 30, 2008, the Commission shall complete a final report that contains—

- (i) a summary of the activities of the Commission;
- (ii) a final accounting of funds received and expended by the Commission; and
- (iii) the findings and recommendations of the Commission.

(d) POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.—The Commission may—

(1) accept donations and make dispersions of money, personal services, and real and personal property related to Jamestown and of the significance of Jamestown in the history of the United States;

(2) appoint such advisory committees as the Commission determines to be necessary to carry out this Act;

(3) authorize any member or employee of the Commission to take any action that the Commission is authorized to take by this Act;

(4) procure supplies, services, and property, and make or enter into contracts, leases or other legal agreements, to carry out this Act (except that any contracts, leases or other legal agreements made or entered into by the Commission shall not extend beyond the date of termination of the Commission);

(5) use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as other Federal agencies;

(6) subject to approval by the Commission, make grants in amounts not to exceed \$10,000 to communities and nonprofit organizations to develop programs to assist in the commemoration;

(7) make grants to research and scholarly organizations to research, publish, or distribute information relating to the early history of Jamestown; and

(8) provide technical assistance to States, localities, and nonprofit organizations to further the commemoration.

(e) COMMISSION PERSONNEL MATTERS.—

(1) COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), a member of the Commission shall serve without compensation.

(B) FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.—A member of the Commission who is an officer or employee of the Federal Government shall serve without compensation in addition to the compensation received for the services of the member as an officer or employee of the Federal Government.

(C) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—A member of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for an employee of an agency under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, while away from the home or regular place of business of the member in the performance of the duties of the Commission.

(2) STAFF.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Chairperson of the Commission may, without regard to the civil service laws (including regulations), appoint and terminate an executive director

PUBLIC LAW 106-565—DEC. 23, 2000

114 STAT. 2816

and such other additional personnel as are necessary to enable the Commission to perform the duties of the Commission.

(B) CONFIRMATION OF EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.—The employment of an executive director shall be subject to confirmation by the Commission.

(3) COMPENSATION.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Chairperson of the Commission may fix the compensation of the executive director and other personnel without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, relating to classification of positions and General Schedule pay rates.

(B) MAXIMUM RATE OF PAY.—The rate of pay for the executive director and other personnel shall not exceed the rate payable for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code.

(4) DETAIL OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES.—

(A) FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—On the request of the Commission, the head of any Federal agency may detail, on a reimbursable or non-reimbursable basis, any of the personnel of the agency to the Commission to assist the Commission in carrying out the duties of the Commission under this Act.

(ii) CIVIL SERVICE STATUS.—The detail of an employee under clause (i) shall be without interruption or loss of civil service status or privilege.

(B) STATE EMPLOYEES.—The Commission may—

(i) accept the services of personnel detailed from States (including subdivisions of States); and

(ii) reimburse States for services of detailed personnel.

(5) VOLUNTEER AND UNCOMPENSATED SERVICES.—Notwithstanding section 1342 of title 31, United States Code, the Commission may accept and use voluntary and uncompensated services as the Commission determines necessary.

(6) SUPPORT SERVICES.—The Director of the National Park Service shall provide to the Commission, on a reimbursable basis, such administrative support services as the Commission may request.

(f) PROCUREMENT OF TEMPORARY AND INTERMITTENT SERVICES.—The Chairperson of the Commission may procure temporary and intermittent services in accordance with section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code, at rates for individuals that do not exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of that title.

(g) FACIA NONAPPLICABILITY.—Section 14(b) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the Commission.

(h) NO EFFECT ON AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this section supersedes the authority of the State, the National Park Service, or the Association for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities, concerning the commemoration.

114 STAT. 2817

PUBLIC LAW 106-565—DEC. 23, 2000

(i) **TERMINATION.**—The Commission shall terminate on December 31, 2008.

16 USC 81 note.

SEC. 5. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this Act.

Approved December 23, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4907 (S. 2885):

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-456 accompanying S. 2885 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

Oct. 30, considered and passed House.

Dec. 15, considered and passed Senate.



27. John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts

PUBLIC LAW 107-117—JAN. 10, 2002

115 STAT. 2230

Public Law 107-117
107th Congress

An Act

Making appropriations for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2002, and for other purposes.

Jan. 10, 2002
[H.R. 3338]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2002, for military functions administered by the Department of Defense, and for other purposes, namely:

Department of Defense and Emergency Supplemental Appropriations for Recovery from and Response to Terrorist Attacks on the United States Act, 2002. Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2002. 115 STAT. 2343

* * * * *

DIVISION D—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

* * * * *

TITLE II—GENERAL PROVISION, THIS DIVISION

115 STAT. 2353

SEC. 201. TRUSTEES OF THE JOHN F. KENNEDY CENTER FOR THE PERFORMING ARTS. (a) MEMBERSHIP.—Section 2(a) of the John F. Kennedy Center Act (20 U.S.C. 76h(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking “There is hereby” and inserting the following:

“(1) **IN GENERAL.**—There is”; and

(2) by striking the second sentence and inserting the following:

115 STAT. 2354

“(2) **MEMBERSHIP.**—The Board shall be composed of—

“(A) the Secretary of Health and Human Services;

“(B) the Librarian of Congress;

“(C) the Secretary of State;

“(D) the Chairman of the Commission of Fine Arts;

“(E) the Mayor of the District of Columbia;

“(F) the Superintendent of Schools of the District of Columbia;

“(G) the Director of the National Park Service;

“(H) the Secretary of Education;

“(I) the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution;

“(J)(i) the Speaker and the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives;

“(ii) the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Public Works and Transportation of the House of Representatives; and

“(iii) three additional Members of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives;

115 STAT. 2354

PUBLIC LAW 107-117—JAN. 10, 2002

“(K)(i) the Majority Leader and the Minority Leader of the Senate;

“(ii) the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate; and

“(iii) three additional Members of the Senate appointed by the President of the Senate; and

“(L) thirty-six general trustees, who shall be citizens of the United States, to be appointed in accordance with subsection (b).”

Applicability.
20 USC 76h note.

(b) TERMS OF OFFICE FOR NEW GENERAL TRUSTEES.—Section 2(b) of the John F. Kennedy Center Act (20 U.S.C. 76h(b)) shall apply to each general trustee of the John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts whose position is established by the amendment made by subsection (a)(2) (referred to in this subsection as a “new general trustee”), except that the initial term of office of each new general trustee shall—

Effective date.
President.

(1) commence on the date on which the new general trustee is appointed by the President; and

Termination
date.
115 STAT. 2355

(2) terminate on September 1, 2007.

This Act may be cited as the “Department of Defense and Emergency Supplemental Appropriations for Recovery from and Response to Terrorist Attacks on the United States Act, 2002”.

Approved January 10, 2002.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3338:

HOUSE REPORTS: Nos. 107-298 (Comm. on Appropriations) and 107-350 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 107-109 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 147 (2001):

Nov. 28, considered and passed House.

Dec. 6, 7, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Dec. 20, House and Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 38 (2002):

Jan. 10, Presidential remarks and statement.



28. Kate Mullany House, New York (study)

PUBLIC LAW 106-113—NOV. 29, 1999

113 STAT. 1501

Public Law 106-113
106th Congress

An Act

Making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000,
and for other purposes.

Nov. 29, 1999
[H.R. 3194]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the several departments, agencies, corporations and other organizational units of the Government for the fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

DIVISION B

113 STAT. 1535

SEC. 1000. (a) The provisions of the following bills are hereby enacted into law:

Incorporation by reference.

* * * * *

(2) H.R. 3422 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on November 17, 1999;

(3) H.R. 3423 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on November 17, 1999;

* * * * *

(b) In publishing the Act in slip form and in the United States Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112, of title 1, United States Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after the date of approval at the end appendixes setting forth the texts of the bills referred to in subsection (a) of this section.

113 STAT. 1536
Incorporation by reference; publication.

* * * * *

Approved November 29, 1999.

113 STAT. 1537

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3194:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-479 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):

Nov. 3, considered and passed House; considered and passed Senate, amended.

Nov. 18, House agreed to conference report.

Nov. 19, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 35 (1999):

Nov. 29, Presidential remarks and statement.

ENDNOTE: The following appendixes are added pursuant to the provisions of section 1000 of this Act (113 Stat. 1535).



113 STAT. 1501A–135 PUBLIC LAW 106–113—APPENDIX C

APPENDIX C—H.R. 3423

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

	* * * * *
113 STAT. 1501A–190	TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS
	* * * * *
113 STAT. 1501A–194	SEC. 326. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the “National Park Service Studies Act of 1999”.
	(b) AUTHORIZATION OF STUDIES.—
	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Interior (“the Secretary”) shall conduct studies of the geographical areas and historic and cultural themes described in subsection (b)(3) to determine the appropriateness of including such areas or themes in the National Park System.
	(2) CRITERIA.—In conducting the studies authorized by this Act, the Secretary shall use the criteria for the study of areas for potential inclusion in the National Park System in accordance with section 8 of Public Law 91–383, as amended by section 303 of the National Parks Omnibus Management Act (Public Law 105–391; 112 Stat. 3501).
113 STAT. 1501A–195	(3) STUDY AREAS.—The Secretary shall conduct studies of the following:
	(A) Anderson Cottage, Washington, District of Columbia.
	(B) Bioluminescent Bay, Puerto Rico.
	(C) Civil Rights Sites, multi-State.
	(D) Crossroads of the American Revolution, Central New Jersey.
	(E) Fort Hunter Liggett, California.
	(F) Fort King, Florida.
	(G) Gaviota Coast Seashore, California.
	(H) Kate Mullany House, New York.
	(I) Loess Hills, Iowa.
	(J) Low Country Gullah Culture, multi-State.
	(K) Nan Madol, State of Ponape, Federated States of Micronesia (upon the request of the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia).
	(L) Walden Pond and Woods, Massachusetts.
	(M) World War II Sites, Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas.
	(N) World War II Sites, Republic of Palau (upon the request of the Government of the Republic of Palau).
	(c) REPORTS.—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives a report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of each study under subsection (b) within three fiscal years following the date on which funds are first made available for each study.
	* * * * *

29. Lewis and Clark Expedition Commemorative Coin

PUBLIC LAW 106–126—DEC. 6, 1999

113 STAT. 1643

Public Law 106–126
106th Congress

An Act

To require the Secretary of the Treasury to mint coins in conjunction with the minting of coins by the Republic of Iceland in commemoration of the millennium of the discovery of the New World by Leif Ericson.

Dec. 6, 1999
[H.R. 3373]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

* * * * *

**TITLE III—LEWIS AND CLARK
EXPEDITION COMMEMORATIVE COIN**

SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the “Lewis and Clark Expedition Bicentennial Commemorative Coin Act”.

113 STAT. 1647
Lewis and Clark
Expedition
Bicentennial
Commemorative
Coin Act.
31 USC 5112
note.

SEC. 302. FINDINGS.

The Congress finds that—

(1) the expedition commanded by Meriwether Lewis and William Clark, which came to be called “The Corps of Discovery”, was one of the most remarkable and productive scientific and military exploring expeditions in all American history;

(2) President Thomas Jefferson gave Lewis and Clark the mission to “explore the Missouri River & such principal stream of it, as, by its course and communication with the waters of the Pacific Ocean, whether the Columbia, Oregon, Colorado, or any other river may offer the most direct and practical water communication across this continent for the purposes of commerce”;

(3) the Expedition, in response to President Jefferson’s directive, greatly advanced our geographical knowledge of the continent and prepared the way for the extension of the American fur trade with American Indian tribes throughout the land;

(4) President Jefferson directed the explorers to take note of and carefully record the natural resources of the newly acquired territory known as Louisiana, as well as diligently report on the native inhabitants of the land;

(5) the Expedition departed St. Louis, Missouri on May 14, 1804;

(6) the Expedition held its first meeting with American Indians at Council Bluff near present-day Fort Calhoun, Nebraska, in August 1804, spent its first winter at Fort Mandan, North Dakota, crossed the Rocky Mountains by the mouth of the Columbia River in mid-November of that year, and wintered at Fort Clatsop, near the present-day city of Astoria, Oregon;

(7) the Expedition returned to St. Louis, Missouri, on September 23, 1806, after a 28-month journey covering 8,000 miles during which it traversed 11 future States: Illinois, Missouri,

113 STAT. 1648

Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, and Oregon;

(8) accounts from the journals of Lewis and Clark and the detailed maps that were prepared by the Expedition enhance knowledge of the western continent and routes for commerce;

(9) the Expedition significantly enhanced amicable relationships between the United States and the autonomous American Indian nations, and the friendship and respect fostered between American Indian tribes and the Expedition represents the best of diplomacy and relationships between divergent nations and cultures; and

(10) the Lewis and Clark Expedition has been called the most perfect expedition of its kind in the history of the world and paved the way for the United States to become a great world power.

SEC. 303. COIN SPECIFICATIONS.

(a) DENOMINATION.—In commemoration of the bicentennial of the Lewis and Clark Expedition, the Secretary of the Treasury (hereafter in this title referred to as the “Secretary”) shall mint and issue not more than 500,000 \$1 coins, each of which shall—

(1) weigh 26.73 grams;

(2) have a diameter of 1.500 inches; and

(3) contain 90 percent silver and 10 percent copper.

(b) LEGAL TENDER.—The coins minted under this title shall be legal tender, as provided in section 5103 of title 31, United States Code.

(c) NUMISMATIC ITEMS.—For purposes of section 5136 of title 31, United States Code, all coins minted under this title shall be considered to be numismatic items.

SEC. 304. SOURCES OF BULLION.

The Secretary may obtain silver for minting coins under this title from any available source, including stockpiles established under the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act.

SEC. 305. DESIGN OF COINS.

(a) DESIGN REQUIREMENTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The design of the coins minted under this title shall be emblematic of the expedition of Lewis and Clark.

(2) DESIGNATION AND INSCRIPTIONS.—On each coin minted under this title there shall be—

(A) a designation of the value of the coin;

(B) an inscription of the year “2004” and the years “1804–1806”; and

(C) inscriptions of the words “Liberty”, “In God We Trust”, “United States of America”, and “E Pluribus Unum”.

(3) OBVERSE OF COIN.—The obverse of each coin minted under this title shall bear the likeness of Meriwether Lewis and William Clark.

(4) GENERAL DESIGN.—In designing this coin, the Secretary shall also consider incorporating appropriate elements from the Jefferson Peace and Friendship Medal which Lewis and Clark presented to the Chiefs of the various Indian tribes

PUBLIC LAW 106-126—DEC. 6, 1999

113 STAT. 1649

they encountered and shall consider recognizing Native American culture.

(b) SELECTION.—The design for the coins minted under this title shall be selected by the Secretary after consultation with the Commission of Fine Arts and shall be reviewed by the Citizens Commemorative Coin Advisory Committee.

SEC. 306. ISSUANCE OF COINS.

(a) QUALITY OF COINS.—Coins minted under this title shall be issued in uncirculated and proof qualities.

(b) MINT FACILITY.—Only one facility of the United States Mint may be used to strike any particular quality of the coins minted under this title.

(c) PERIOD FOR ISSUANCE.—The Secretary may issue coins minted under this title only during the period beginning on January 1, 2004, and ending on December 31, 2004.

SEC. 307. SALE OF COINS.

(a) SALE PRICE.—The coins issued under this title shall be sold by the Secretary at a price equal to the sum of—

(1) the face value of the coins;

(2) the surcharge provided in subsection (d) with respect to such coins; and

(3) the cost of designing and issuing the coins (including labor, materials, dies, use of machinery, overhead expenses, marketing, and shipping).

(b) BULK SALES.—The Secretary shall make bulk sales of the coins issued under this title at a reasonable discount.

(c) PREPAID ORDERS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall accept prepaid orders for the coins minted under this title before the issuance of such coins.

(2) DISCOUNT.—Sale prices with respect to prepaid orders under paragraph (1) shall be at a reasonable discount.

(d) SURCHARGES.—All sales of coins minted under this title shall include a surcharge of \$10 per coin.

SEC. 308. DISTRIBUTION OF SURCHARGES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to section 5134(f) of title 31, United States Code, the proceeds from the surcharges received by the Secretary from the sale of coins issued under this title shall be promptly paid by the Secretary as follows:

(1) NATIONAL LEWIS AND CLARK BICENTENNIAL COUNCIL.—Two-thirds to the National Lewis and Clark Bicentennial Council, for activities associated with commemorating the bicentennial of the Lewis and Clark Expedition.

(2) NATIONAL PARK SERVICE.—One-third to the National Park Service for activities associated with commemorating the bicentennial of the Lewis and Clark Expedition.

(b) AUDITS.—Each organization that receives any payment from the Secretary under this section shall be subject to the audit requirements of section 5134(f)(2) of title 31, United States Code.

SEC. 309. FINANCIAL ASSURANCES.

(a) NO NET COST TO THE GOVERNMENT.—The Secretary shall take such actions as may be necessary to ensure that minting and issuing coins under this title will not result in any net cost to the United States Government.

113 STAT. 1650

113 STAT. 1650

PUBLIC LAW 106–126—DEC. 6, 1999

(b) PAYMENT FOR COINS.—A coin shall not be issued under this title unless the Secretary has received—

- (1) full payment for the coin;
- (2) security satisfactory to the Secretary to indemnify the United States for full payment; or
- (3) a guarantee of full payment satisfactory to the Secretary from a depository institution whose deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration Board.

Approved December 6, 1999.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3373:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):

Nov. 16, considered and passed House.

Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate.



30. Lincoln Highway (study)

PUBLIC LAW 106-563—DEC. 23, 2000

114 STAT. 2809

Public Law 106-563
106th Congress**An Act**

To require the Secretary of the Interior to undertake a study regarding methods to commemorate the national significance of the United States roadways that comprise the Lincoln Highway, and for other purposes.

Dec. 23, 2000
[H.R. 2570]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Lincoln Highway
Study Act of
2000.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Lincoln Highway Study Act of 2000”.

SEC. 2. NATIONAL PARK SERVICE STUDY AND REPORT REGARDING THE LINCOLN HIGHWAY.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—The Congress finds the following:

(1) The Lincoln Highway, established in 1913, comprises more than 3,000 miles of roadways from New York, New York, to San Francisco, California, and encompasses United States Routes 1, 20, 30 (including 30N and 30S), 40, 50, and 530 and Interstate Route 80.

(2) The Lincoln Highway played a historically significant role as the first United States transcontinental highway, providing motorists a paved route and allowing vast portions of the country to be accessible by automobile.

(3) The Lincoln Highway transverses the States of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Wyoming, Utah, Nevada, and California.

(4) Although some parts of the Lincoln Highway have disappeared or have been realigned, the many historic, cultural, and engineering features and characteristics of the route still remain.

(5) Given the interest by organized groups and State governments in the preservation of features associated with the Lincoln Highway, the route’s history, and its role in American popular culture, a coordinated evaluation of preservation options should be undertaken.

(b) **STUDY REQUIRED.**—The Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the National Park Service, shall coordinate a comprehensive study of routes comprising the Lincoln Highway. The study shall include an evaluation of the significance of the Lincoln Highway in American history, options for preservation and use of remaining segments of the Lincoln Highway, and options for the preservation and interpretation of significant features associated with the Lincoln Highway. The study shall also consider private sector preservation alternatives.

114 STAT. 2810

PUBLIC LAW 106-563—DEC. 23, 2000

Deadline.

(c) COOPERATIVE EFFORT.—The study under subsection (b) shall provide for the participation of representatives from each State traversed by the Lincoln Highway, State historic preservation offices, representatives of associations interested in the preservation of the Lincoln Highway and its features, and persons knowledgeable in American history, historic preservation, and popular culture.

(d) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which funds are first made available for the study under subsection (b), the Secretary of the Interior shall submit a report to Congress containing the results of the study.

(e) LIMITATION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the Secretary of the Interior or the National Park Service to assume responsibility for the maintenance of any of the routes comprising the Lincoln Highway.

(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated \$500,000 to carry out this section.

Approved December 23, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2570:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-912 (Comm. on Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

Oct. 17, considered and passed House.
Dec. 15, considered and passed Senate.



31. Loess Hills, Iowa (study)

PUBLIC LAW 106-113—NOV. 29, 1999

113 STAT. 1501

Public Law 106-113
106th Congress

An Act

Making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000,
and for other purposes.

Nov. 29, 1999
[H.R. 3194]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the several departments, agencies, corporations and other organizational units of the Government for the fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

DIVISION B

113 STAT. 1535

SEC. 1000. (a) The provisions of the following bills are hereby enacted into law:

Incorporation by reference.

* * * * *

(2) H.R. 3422 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on November 17, 1999;

(3) H.R. 3423 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on November 17, 1999;

* * * * *

(b) In publishing the Act in slip form and in the United States Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112, of title 1, United States Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after the date of approval at the end appendixes setting forth the texts of the bills referred to in subsection (a) of this section.

113 STAT. 1536
Incorporation by reference; publication.

* * * * *

Approved November 29, 1999.

113 STAT. 1537

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3194:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-479 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):

Nov. 3, considered and passed House; considered and passed Senate, amended.

Nov. 18, House agreed to conference report.

Nov. 19, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 35 (1999):

Nov. 29, Presidential remarks and statement.

ENDNOTE: The following appendixes are added pursuant to the provisions of section 1000 of this Act (113 Stat. 1535).



APPENDIX C—H.R. 3423

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

	* * * * *
113 STAT. 1501A–190	TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS
	* * * * *
113 STAT. 1501A–194	<p>SEC. 326. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the “National Park Service Studies Act of 1999”.</p> <p>(b) AUTHORIZATION OF STUDIES.—</p> <p>(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Interior (“the Secretary”) shall conduct studies of the geographical areas and historic and cultural themes described in subsection (b)(3) to determine the appropriateness of including such areas or themes in the National Park System.</p> <p>(2) CRITERIA.—In conducting the studies authorized by this Act, the Secretary shall use the criteria for the study of areas for potential inclusion in the National Park System in accordance with section 8 of Public Law 91–383, as amended by section 303 of the National Parks Omnibus Management Act (Public Law 105–391; 112 Stat. 3501).</p> <p>(3) STUDY AREAS.—The Secretary shall conduct studies of the following:</p> <p>(A) Anderson Cottage, Washington, District of Columbia.</p> <p>(B) Bioluminescent Bay, Puerto Rico.</p> <p>(C) Civil Rights Sites, multi-State.</p> <p>(D) Crossroads of the American Revolution, Central New Jersey.</p> <p>(E) Fort Hunter Liggett, California.</p> <p>(F) Fort King, Florida.</p> <p>(G) Gaviota Coast Seashore, California.</p> <p>(H) Kate Mullany House, New York.</p> <p>(I) Loess Hills, Iowa.</p> <p>(J) Low Country Gullah Culture, multi-State.</p> <p>(K) Nan Madol, State of Ponape, Federated States of Micronesia (upon the request of the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia).</p> <p>(L) Walden Pond and Woods, Massachusetts.</p> <p>(M) World War II Sites, Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas.</p> <p>(N) World War II Sites, Republic of Palau (upon the request of the Government of the Republic of Palau).</p>
113 STAT. 1501A–195	<p>(c) REPORTS.—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives a report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of each study under subsection (b) within three fiscal years following the date on which funds are first made available for each study.</p>
	* * * * *

32. Los Angeles, California Land Transfer

PUBLIC LAW 106-443—NOV. 6, 2000

114 STAT. 1927

Public Law 106-443
106th Congress**An Act**

To extend the authority of the Los Angeles Unified School District to use certain park lands in the City of South Gate, California, which were acquired with amounts provided from the land and water conservation fund, for elementary school purposes.

Nov. 6, 2000
[H.R. 5083]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

(1) In 1988, the Los Angeles Board of Education voted to close Tweedy Elementary School in the City of South Gate, California, due to concerns about health risks at the site of the school.

(2) The school was temporarily relocated to South Gate Park on park land that was originally acquired with amounts provided by the Secretary of the Interior from the land and water conservation fund.

(3) In March 1991, the lease with the city that allowed the Los Angeles Unified School District to operate the school on park land expired, and no progress had been made in constructing new facilities to relocate the school and its students.

(4) In 1992, Congress enacted Public Law 102-443 (106 Stat. 2244), which authorized an 8-year extension in the lease for the use of the park land pending the construction of the new school.

(5) This 8-year extension is due to expire on October 23, 2000, and little progress has been made on the part of the Los Angeles Unified School District to relocate Tweedy Elementary School.

(6) In addition to the long-delayed Tweedy Elementary School relocation, recent studies have identified the need for additional educational facilities in the City of South Gate, including a new high school, junior high, and three primary centers in the near future.

(7) The lack of commitment, oversight, and accountability in finding a new site for Tweedy Elementary School must be corrected in any further lease extension, and a similar situation also must be avoided in addressing the construction of other education facilities in the City of South Gate.

114 STAT. 1928

PUBLIC LAW 106-443—NOV. 6, 2000

SEC. 2. CONTINUATION OF TEMPORARY USE OF PARK LANDS FOR ELEMENTARY SCHOOL PURPOSES, SOUTH GATE, CALIFORNIA.

Notwithstanding section 6(f)(3) of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l-8(f)(3)), the City of South Gate, California, may extend until October 23, 2004, the lease between the City of South Gate and the Los Angeles Unified School District, dated June 8, 1988, and otherwise subject to expire on October 23, 2000, pursuant to Public Law 102-443 (106 Stat. 2244), regarding the use of approximately three acres of South Gate Park as the temporary site for Tweedy Elementary School.

SEC. 3. REPORT ON PROGRESS TO RELOCATE TWEEDY ELEMENTARY SCHOOL AND OTHER SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION.

(a) PERIODIC REPORTS REQUIRED.—As a condition on the extension of the lease referred to in section 1 beyond October 23, 2000, the President of the Board of Education for the Los Angeles Unified School District shall require the preparation of periodic reports describing—

- (1) the progress being made to relocate Tweedy Elementary School from South Gate Park to a permanent location; and
- (2) the School District's construction plans for a new high school, middle school, and three primary centers in the City of South Gate, California.

(b) ELEMENTS OF REPORT.—Each report under subsection (a) shall describe—

- (1) the progress being made in site selection and acquisition, facility design, and construction; and
- (2) any factors hindering either the relocation of Tweedy Elementary School or progress on the School District's other construction plans for the City of South Gate.

(c) SUBMISSION.—The reports required by subsection (a) shall be submitted to the City Manager of the City of South Gate, the Congress, the Los Angeles Board of Education, and Padres Unidos Pro Nuevas Escuelas. The first report shall be submitted not later than May 1, 2001, and subsequent reports shall be submitted every 6 months thereafter during the term of the extended lease.

Approved November 6, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 5083:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):
 Oct. 12, considered and passed House.
 Oct. 26, considered and passed Senate.



33. Marine Corps Heritage Center

PUBLIC LAW 106–398—OCT. 30, 2000

114 STAT. 1654

* Public Law 106–398
106th Congress

An Act

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2001 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

Oct. 30, 2000
[H.R. 4205]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. ENACTMENT OF FISCAL YEAR 2001 NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT.

Incorporation by
reference.

The provisions of H.R. 5408 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on October 6, 2000, are hereby enacted into law.

SEC. 2. PUBLICATION OF ACT.

1 USC 112 note.

In publishing this Act in slip form and in the United States Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112 of title 1, United States Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after the date of approval an appendix setting forth the text of the bill referred to in section 1.

Approved October 30, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4205 (S. 2549) (S. 2550):

HOUSE REPORTS: Nos. 106–616 (Comm. on Armed Services) and 106–945 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106–292 accompanying S. 2549 (Comm. on Armed Services).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

May 17, 18 considered and passed House.

July 13, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Oct. 11, House agreed to conference report.

Oct. 12, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 36 (2000):

Oct. 30, Presidential statement.

*ENDNOTE: The following appendix was added pursuant to the provisions of sections 1 and 2 of this Act.

APPENDIX—H.R. 5408**SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; FINDINGS.**

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This Act may be cited as the “Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001”.

* * * * *

114 STAT.
1654A-2

SEC. 2. ORGANIZATION OF ACT INTO DIVISIONS; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) **DIVISIONS.**—This Act is organized into three divisions as follows:

- (1) Division A—Department of Defense Authorizations.
- (2) Division B—Military Construction Authorizations.
- (3) Division C—Department of Energy National Security Authorizations and Other Authorizations.

* * * * *

114 STAT.
1654A-389

**DIVISION B—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION
AUTHORIZATIONS****SEC. 2001. SHORT TITLE.**

This division may be cited as the “Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001”.

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114 STAT.
1654A-410

TITLE XXVIII—GENERAL PROVISIONS

* * * * *

114 STAT.
1654A-438

SUBTITLE E—OTHER MATTERS

* * * * *

114 STAT.
1654A-440

**SEC. 2884. DEVELOPMENT OF MARINE CORPS HERITAGE CENTER AT
MARINE CORPS BASE, QUANTICO, VIRGINIA.**

(a) **AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO JOINT VENTURE FOR DEVELOPMENT.**—The Secretary of the Navy may enter into a joint venture with the Marine Corps Heritage Foundation, a not-for-profit entity, for the design and construction of a multipurpose facility to be used for historical displays for public viewing, curation, and storage of artifacts, research facilities, classrooms, offices, and associated activities consistent with the mission of the Marine Corps University. The facility shall be known as the Marine Corps Heritage Center.

(b) **AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT CERTAIN LAND.**—(1) The Secretary may, if the Secretary determines it to be necessary for the facility described in subsection (a), accept without compensation any portion of the land known as Locust Shade Park which is now offered by the Park Authority of the County of Prince William, Virginia, as a potential site for the facility.

(2) The Park Authority may convey the land described in paragraph (1) to the Secretary under this section without regard to any limitation on its use, or requirement for its replacement upon

PUBLIC LAW 106-398—APPENDIX 114 STAT. 1654A-440

conveyance, under section 6(f)(3) of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 4601-8(f)(3)) or under any other provision of law.

(c) DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION.—For each phase of development of the facility described in subsection (a), the Secretary may—

(1) permit the Marine Corps Heritage Foundation to contract for the design, construction, or both of such phase of development; or

(2) accept funds from the Marine Corps Heritage Foundation for the design, construction, or both of such phase of development.

(d) ACCEPTANCE AUTHORITY.—Upon completion of construction of any phase of development of the facility described in subsection (a) by the Marine Corps Heritage Foundation to the satisfaction of the Secretary, and the satisfaction of any financial obligations incident thereto by the Marine Corps Heritage Foundation, the facility shall become the property of the Department of the Navy with all right, title, and interest in and to facility being in the United States.

(e) LEASE OF FACILITY.—(1) The Secretary may lease, under such terms and conditions as the Secretary considers appropriate for the joint venture authorized by subsection (a), portions of the facility developed under that subsection to the Marine Corps Heritage Foundation for use in generating revenue for activities of the facility and for such administrative purposes as may be necessary for support of the facility.

(2) The amount of consideration paid the Secretary by the Marine Corps Heritage Foundation for the lease under paragraph (1) may not exceed an amount equal to the actual cost (as determined by the Secretary) of the operation of the facility.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary shall use amounts paid under paragraph (2) to cover the costs of operation of the facility.

(f) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the joint venture authorized by subsection (a) as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

114 STAT.
1654A-441

* * * * *

34. Midway Atoll National Memorial

113 STAT. 1501

PUBLIC LAW 106–113—NOV. 29, 1999

**Public Law 106–113
106th Congress****An Act**Nov. 29, 1999
[H.R. 3194]Making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000,
and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the several departments, agencies, corporations and other organizational units of the Government for the fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

113 STAT. 1535

DIVISION BIncorporation by
reference.**SEC. 1000.** (a) The provisions of the following bills are hereby
enacted into law:

* * * * *

(2) H.R. 3422 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on
November 17, 1999;(3) H.R. 3423 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on
November 17, 1999;

* * * * *

113 STAT. 1536
Incorporation by
reference;
publication.(b) In publishing the Act in slip form and in the United States
Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112, of title 1, United States
Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after the
date of approval at the end appendixes setting forth the texts
of the bills referred to in subsection (a) of this section.

* * * * *

113 STAT. 1537

Approved November 29, 1999.**LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3194:****HOUSE REPORTS:** No. 106–479 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):Nov. 3, considered and passed House; considered and passed Senate, amend-
ed.

Nov. 18, House agreed to conference report.

Nov. 19, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 35 (1999):

Nov. 29, Presidential remarks and statement.

ENDNOTE: The following appendixes are added pursuant to the provisions of section 1000
of this Act (113 Stat. 1535).

APPENDIX C—H.R. 3423

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

* * * * *

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

113 STAT.
1501A-142

* * * * *

GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

113 STAT.
1501A-154

* * * * *

SEC. 126. The Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service and in consultation with the Director of the National Park Service, shall undertake the necessary activities to designate Midway Atoll as a National Memorial to the Battle of Midway. In pursuing such a designation the Secretary shall consult with organizations with an interest in Midway Atoll. The Secretary shall consult on a regular basis with such organizations, including the International Midway Memorial Foundation, Inc. on the management of the National Memorial.

113 STAT.
1501A-164

* * * * *

35. Nan Madol, Micronesia (study)

113 STAT. 1501

PUBLIC LAW 106–113—NOV. 29, 1999

Public Law 106–113
106th Congress

An Act

Nov. 29, 1999
[H.R. 3194]Making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000,
and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the several departments, agencies, corporations and other organizational units of the Government for the fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

113 STAT. 1535

DIVISION B

Incorporation by
reference.SEC. 1000. (a) The provisions of the following bills are hereby
enacted into law:

* * * * *

(2) H.R. 3422 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on
November 17, 1999;(3) H.R. 3423 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on
November 17, 1999;

* * * * *

113 STAT. 1536
Incorporation by
reference;
publication.(b) In publishing the Act in slip form and in the United States
Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112, of title 1, United States
Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after the
date of approval at the end appendixes setting forth the texts
of the bills referred to in subsection (a) of this section.

* * * * *

113 STAT. 1537

Approved November 29, 1999.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3194:HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106–479 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):Nov. 3, considered and passed House; considered and passed Senate, amend-
ed.

Nov. 18, House agreed to conference report.

Nov. 19, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 35 (1999):

Nov. 29, Presidential remarks and statement.

ENDNOTE: The following appendixes are added pursuant to the provisions of section 1000
of this Act (113 Stat. 1535).

PUBLIC LAW 106-113—APPENDIX C 113 STAT. 1501A-135

APPENDIX C—H.R. 3423

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

113 STAT.
1501A-190

* * * * *

SEC. 326. (a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This section may be cited as the “National Park Service Studies Act of 1999”.

113 STAT.
1501A-194

(b) **AUTHORIZATION OF STUDIES.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of the Interior (“the Secretary”) shall conduct studies of the geographical areas and historic and cultural themes described in subsection (b)(3) to determine the appropriateness of including such areas or themes in the National Park System.

(2) **CRITERIA.**—In conducting the studies authorized by this Act, the Secretary shall use the criteria for the study of areas for potential inclusion in the National Park System in accordance with section 8 of Public Law 91-383, as amended by section 303 of the National Parks Omnibus Management Act (Public Law 105-391; 112 Stat. 3501).

113 STAT.
1501A-195

(3) **STUDY AREAS.**—The Secretary shall conduct studies of the following:

- (A) Anderson Cottage, Washington, District of Columbia.
- (B) Bioluminescent Bay, Puerto Rico.
- (C) Civil Rights Sites, multi-State.
- (D) Crossroads of the American Revolution, Central New Jersey.
- (E) Fort Hunter Liggett, California.
- (F) Fort King, Florida.
- (G) Gaviota Coast Seashore, California.
- (H) Kate Mullany House, New York.
- (I) Loess Hills, Iowa.
- (J) Low Country Gullah Culture, multi-State.
- (K) Nan Madol, State of Ponape, Federated States of Micronesia (upon the request of the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia).
- (L) Walden Pond and Woods, Massachusetts.
- (M) World War II Sites, Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas.
- (N) World War II Sites, Republic of Palau (upon the request of the Government of the Republic of Palau).

(c) **REPORTS.**—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives a report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of each study under subsection (b) within three fiscal years following the date on which funds are first made available for each study.

* * * * *

36. National Law Enforcement Museum

114 STAT. 2210

PUBLIC LAW 106–492—NOV. 9, 2000

Public Law 106–492
106th Congress

An Act

Nov. 9, 2000
[S. 1438]

To establish the National Law Enforcement Museum on Federal land in the District of Columbia.

National Law
Enforcement
Museum Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “National Law Enforcement Museum Act”.

SEC. 2. FINDING.

Congress finds that there should be established a National Law Enforcement Museum to honor and commemorate the service and sacrifice of law enforcement officers in the United States.

SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

- (1) MEMORIAL FUND.—The term “Memorial Fund” means the National Law Enforcement Officers Memorial Fund, Inc.
- (2) MUSEUM.—The term “Museum” means the National Law Enforcement Museum established under section 4(a).
- (3) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 4. NATIONAL LAW ENFORCEMENT MUSEUM.

(a) CONSTRUCTION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Memorial Fund may construct a National Law Enforcement Museum on Federal land located on United States Reservation #7, on the property bounded by—

- (A) the National Law Enforcement Officers Memorial on the north;
- (B) the United States Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces on the west;
- (C) Court Building C on the east; and
- (D) Old City Hall on the south.

(2) UNDERGROUND FACILITY.—The Memorial Fund shall be permitted to construct part of the Museum underground below E Street, NW.

(3) CONSULTATION.—The Museum Fund shall consult with and coordinate with the Joint Committee on Administration of the District of Columbia courts in the planning, design, and construction of the Museum.

(b) DESIGN AND PLANS.—

PUBLIC LAW 106-492—NOV. 9, 2000

114 STAT. 2211

(1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Memorial Fund shall be responsible for preparation of the design and plans for the Museum.

(2) APPROVAL.—The design and plans for the Museum shall be subject to the approval of—

(A) the Secretary;

(B) the Commission of Fine Arts; and

(C) the National Capital Planning Commission.

(3) DESIGN REQUIREMENTS.—The Museum shall be designed so that—

(A) there is available for underground planned use by the courts of the District of Columbia for renovation and expansion of Old City Hall—

(i) an area extending to a line that is at least 57 feet, 6 inches, north of the northernmost facade of Old City Hall and parallel to that facade; plus

(ii) an area extending beyond that line and comprising a part of a circle with a radius of 40 feet measured from a point that is 59 feet, 9 inches, from the center of that facade;

(B) the underground portion of the Museum has a footprint of not less than 23,665 square feet;

(C) above ground, there is a no-build zone of 90 feet out from the northernmost face of the north portico of the existing Old City Hall running east to west parallel to Old City Hall;

(D) the aboveground portion of the Museum consists of 2 entrance pavilions totaling a maximum of 10,000 square feet, neither of which shall exceed 6,000 square feet and the height of neither of which shall exceed 25 feet, as measured from the curb of the westernmost pavilion; and

(E) no portion of the aboveground portion of the Museum is located within the 100-foot-wide area centered on the north-south axis of the Old City Hall.

(4) PARKING.—The courts of the District of Columbia and the United States Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces may construct an underground parking structure in the southwest quadrant of United States Reservation #7.

(c) OPERATION AND USE.—The Memorial Fund shall own, operate, and maintain the Museum after completion of construction.

(d) FEDERAL SHARE.—The United States shall pay no expense incurred in the establishment or construction of the Museum.

(e) FUNDING VERIFICATION.—The Secretary shall not permit construction of the Museum to begin unless the Secretary determines that sufficient amounts are available to complete construction of the Museum in accordance with the design and plans approved under subsection (b).

114 STAT. 2212

PUBLIC LAW 106-492—NOV. 9, 2000

Termination
date.

(f) FAILURE TO CONSTRUCT.—If the Memorial Fund fails to begin construction of the Museum by the date that is 10 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the authority to construct the Museum shall terminate on that date.

Approved November 9, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1438 (H.R. 2710):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-918 accompanying H.R. 2710 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-330 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

Sept. 28, considered and passed Senate.

Oct. 24, considered and passed House.



37. National Military Museum

PUBLIC LAW 106-65—OCT. 5, 1999

113 STAT. 512

Public Law 106-65
106th Congress

An Act

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2000 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

Oct. 5, 1999
[S. 1059]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000”.

National Defense
Authorization
Act for Fiscal
Year 2000.

SEC. 2. ORGANIZATION OF ACT INTO DIVISIONS; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) DIVISIONS.—This Act is organized into three divisions as follows:

- (1) Division A—Department of Defense Authorizations.
- (2) Division B—Military Construction Authorizations.
- (3) Division C—Department of Energy National Security Authorizations and Other Authorizations.

* * * * *

**DIVISION B—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION
AUTHORIZATIONS**

SEC. 2001. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the “Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000”.

* * * * *

**TITLE XXIX—COMMISSION ON
NATIONAL MILITARY MUSEUM**

113 STAT. 824
Military
Construction
Authorization
Act for Fiscal
Year 2000.

113 STAT. 880

- Sec. 2901. Establishment.
- Sec. 2902. Duties of Commission.
- Sec. 2903. Report.
- Sec. 2904. Powers.
- Sec. 2905. Commission procedures.
- Sec. 2906. Personnel matters.
- Sec. 2907. Miscellaneous administrative provisions.
- Sec. 2908. Funding.
- Sec. 2909. Termination of Commission.

113 STAT. 881

SEC. 2901. ESTABLISHMENT.

10 USC 111 note.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is hereby established a commission to be known as the “Commission on the National Military Museum” (in this title referred to as the “Commission”).

(b) COMPOSITION.—(1) The Commission shall be composed of 11 voting members appointed from among individuals who have an expertise in military or museum matters as follows:

- (A) Five shall be appointed by the President.
- (B) Two shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, in consultation with the chairman of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.

113 STAT. 881

PUBLIC LAW 106-65—OCT. 5, 1999

(C) One shall be appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives, in consultation with the ranking member of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.

(D) Two shall be appointed by the majority leader of the Senate, in consultation with the chairman of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate.

(E) One shall be appointed by the minority leader of the Senate, in consultation with the ranking member of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate.

(2) The following shall be nonvoting members of the Commission:

(A) The Secretary of Defense.

(B) The Secretary of the Army.

(C) The Secretary of the Navy.

(D) The Secretary of the Air Force.

(E) The Secretary of Transportation.

(F) The Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution.

(G) The Chairman of the National Capital Planning Commission.

(H) The Chairperson of the Commission of Fine Arts.

President.

(c) CHAIRMAN.—The President shall designate one of the individuals first appointed to the Commission under subsection (b)(1)(A) as the chairman of the Commission.

(d) PERIOD OF APPOINTMENT; VACANCIES.—Members shall be appointed for the life of the Commission. Any vacancy in the Commission shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.

Deadline.

(e) INITIAL ORGANIZATION REQUIREMENTS.—(1) All appointments to the Commission shall be made not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) The Commission shall convene its first meeting not later than 60 days after the date as of which all members of the Commission have been appointed.

10 USC 111 note.

SEC. 2902. DUTIES OF COMMISSION.

(a) STUDY OF NATIONAL MILITARY MUSEUM.—The Commission shall conduct a study in order to make recommendations to Congress regarding an authorization for the construction of a national military museum in the National Capital Area.

113 STAT. 882

(b) STUDY ELEMENTS.—In conducting the study, the Commission shall do the following:

(1) Determine whether existing military museums, historic sites, and memorials in the United States are adequate—

(A) to provide in a cost-effective manner for display of, and interaction with, adequately visited and adequately preserved artifacts and representations of the Armed Forces and of the wars in which the United States has been engaged;

(B) to honor the service to the United States of the active and reserve members of the Armed Forces and the veterans of the United States;

(C) to educate current and future generations regarding the Armed Forces and the sacrifices of members of the Armed Forces and the Nation in furtherance of the defense of freedom; and

PUBLIC LAW 106-65—OCT. 5, 1999

113 STAT. 882

(D) to foster public pride in the achievements and activities of the Armed Forces.

(2) Determine whether adequate inventories of artifacts and representations of the Armed Forces and of the wars in which the United States has been engaged are available, either in current inventories or in private or public collections, for loan or other provision to a national military museum.

(3) Develop preliminary proposals for—

(A) the dimensions and design of a national military museum in the National Capital Area;

(B) the location of the museum in that Area; and

(C) the approximate cost of the final design and construction of the museum and of the costs of operating the museum.

(c) **ADDITIONAL DUTIES.**—If the Commission determines to recommend that Congress authorize the construction of a national military museum in the National Capital Area, the Commission shall also, as a part of the study under subsection (a), do the following:

(1) Recommend not fewer than three sites for the museum ranked by preference.

(2) Propose a schedule for construction of the museum.

(3) Assess the potential effects of the museum on the environment, facilities, and roadways in the vicinity of the site or sites where the museum is proposed to be located.

(4) Recommend the percentages of funding for the museum to be provided by the United States, State and local governments, and private sources, respectively.

(5) Assess the potential for fundraising for the museum during the 20-year period following the authorization of construction of the museum.

(6) Assess and recommend various governing structures for the museum, including a governing structure that places the museum within the Smithsonian Institution.

(d) **REQUIREMENTS FOR LOCATION ON NAVY ANNEX PROPERTY.**—In the case of a recommendation under subsection (c)(1) to authorize construction of a national military museum on the Navy Annex property authorized for reservation for such purpose by section 2871(b), the design of the national military museum on such property shall be subject to the following requirements:

(1) The design shall be prepared in consultation with the Superintendent of Arlington National Cemetery.

(2) The design may not provide for access by vehicles to the national military museum through Arlington National Cemetery.

SEC. 2903. REPORT.

The Commission shall, not later than 12 months after the date of its first meeting, submit to Congress a report on its findings and conclusions under this title, including any recommendations under section 2902.

SEC. 2904. POWERS.

(a) **HEARINGS.**—The Commission or, at its direction, any panel or member of the Commission, may, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this title, hold hearings, sit and act at times and places, take testimony, receive evidence, and administer oaths

113 STAT. 883

10 USC 111 note.
Deadline.

10 USC 111 note.

113 STAT. 883

PUBLIC LAW 106-65—OCT. 5, 1999

to the extent that the Commission or any panel or member considers advisable.

(b) INFORMATION.—The Commission may secure directly from the Department of Defense and any other Federal department or agency information that the Commission considers necessary to enable the Commission to carry out its responsibilities under this title.

10 USC 111 note.

SEC. 2905. COMMISSION PROCEDURES.

(a) MEETINGS.—The Commission shall meet at the call of the chairman.

(b) QUORUM.—(1) Six of the members appointed under section 2901(b)(1) shall constitute a quorum other than for the purpose of holding hearings.

(2) The Commission shall act by resolution agreed to by a majority of the members of the Commission.

(c) COMMISSION.—The Commission may establish panels composed of less than full membership of the Commission for the purpose of carrying out the Commission's duties. The actions of each such panel shall be subject to the review and control of the Commission. Any findings and determinations made by such a panel shall not be considered the findings and determinations of the Commission unless approved by the Commission.

(d) AUTHORITY OF INDIVIDUALS TO ACT FOR COMMISSION.—Any member or agent of the Commission may, if authorized by the Commission, take any action which the Commission is authorized to take under this title.

10 USC 111 note.

SEC. 2906. PERSONNEL MATTERS.

(a) PAY OF MEMBERS.—Members of the Commission appointed under section 2901(b)(1) shall serve without pay by reason of their work on the Commission.

(b) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—The members of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, while away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Commission.

(c) STAFF.—(1) The chairman of the Commission may, without regard to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, appoint a staff director and such additional personnel as may be necessary to enable the Commission to perform its duties. The appointment of a staff director shall be subject to the approval of the Commission.

113 STAT. 884

(2) The chairman of the Commission may fix the pay of the staff director and other personnel without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, relating to classification of positions and General Schedule pay rates, except that the rate of pay fixed under this paragraph for the staff director may not exceed the rate payable for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of such title and the rate of pay for other personnel may not exceed the maximum rate payable for grade GS-15 of the General Schedule.

(d) DETAIL OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES.—Upon request of the chairman of the Commission, the head of any Federal department or agency may detail, on a nonreimbursable basis, any personnel of that department or agency to the Commission to assist it in carrying out its duties.

PUBLIC LAW 106-65—OCT. 5, 1999

113 STAT. 884

(e) **PROCUREMENT OF TEMPORARY AND INTERMITTENT SERVICES.**—The chairman of the Commission may procure temporary and intermittent services under section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code, at rates for individuals which do not exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay payable for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of such title.

SEC. 2907. MISCELLANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

10 USC 111 note.

(a) **POSTAL AND PRINTING SERVICES.**—The Commission may use the United States mails and obtain printing and binding services in the same manner and under the same conditions as other departments and agencies of the United States.

(b) **MISCELLANEOUS ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES.**—The Secretary of Defense shall furnish the Commission, on a reimbursable basis, any administrative and support services requested by the Commission.

SEC. 2908. FUNDING.

10 USC 111 note.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Funds for activities of the Commission shall be provided from amounts appropriated for the Department of Defense for operation and maintenance for Defense-wide activities for fiscal year 2000.

(b) **REQUEST.**—Upon receipt of a written certification from the chairman of the Commission specifying the funds required for the activities of the Commission, the Secretary of Defense shall promptly disburse to the Commission, from such amounts, the funds required by the Commission as stated in such certification.

(c) **AVAILABILITY OF CERTAIN FUNDS.**—Of the funds available for activities of the Commission under this section, \$2,000,000 shall be available for the activities, if any, of the Commission under section 2902(c).

SEC. 2909. TERMINATION OF COMMISSION.

10 USC 111 note.

The Commission shall terminate 60 days after the date of the submission of its report under section 2903.

* * * * *

Approved October 5, 1999.

113 STAT. 976

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1059 (H.R. 1401):

HOUSE REPORTS: Nos. 106-162 accompanying H.R. 1401 (Comm. on Armed Services) and 106-301 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-50 (Comm. on Armed Services).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):

May 24-27, considered and passed Senate.

June 14, considered and passed House, amended, in lieu of H.R. 1401.

Sept. 15, House agreed to conference report.

Sept. 21, 22, Senate considered and agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 35 (1999):

Oct. 5, Presidential remarks and statement.



38. National Park Foundation

114 STAT. 23

PUBLIC LAW 106-176—MAR. 10, 2000

Public Law 106-176
106th Congress**An Act**Mar. 10, 2000
[H.R. 149]

To make technical corrections to the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 and to other laws related to parks and public lands.

Omnibus Parks
Technical
Corrections Act
of 2000.*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,***SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCE TO OMNIBUS PARKS AND PUBLIC LANDS MANAGEMENT ACT OF 1996.**

16 USC 1 note.

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This Act may be cited as the “Omnibus Parks Technical Corrections Act of 2000”.(b) **REFERENCE TO OMNIBUS PARKS ACT.**—In this Act, the term “Omnibus Parks Act” means the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-333; 110 Stat. 4093).

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114 STAT. 31

**TITLE III—TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS
TO OTHER PUBLIC LAWS**

* * * * *

114 STAT. 33

SEC. 305. NATIONAL PARK FOUNDATION.

16 USC 19h.

Section 4 of Public Law 90-209 is amended—

(1) by inserting “with or” between “practicable” and “without” in the final sentence thereof; and

(2) by adding at the end thereof a new sentence as follows: “Monies reimbursed to either Department shall be returned by the Department to the account from which the funds for which the reimbursement is made were drawn and may, without further appropriation, be expended for any purpose for which such account is authorized.”.

* * * * *

114 STAT. 34

Approved March 10, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 149:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-17 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-125 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Vol. 145 (1999): Feb. 23, considered and passed House.

Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Vol. 146 (2000): Feb. 15, House concurred in Senate amendments.



PUBLIC LAW 106-408—NOV. 1, 2000

114 STAT. 1762

Public Law 106-408
106th Congress

An Act

To amend the Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act and the Dingell-Johnson Sport Fish Restoration Act to enhance the funds available for grants to States for fish and wildlife conservation projects, to reauthorize and amend the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation Establishment Act, to commemorate the centennial of the establishment of the first national wildlife refuge in the United States on March 14, 1903, and for other purposes.

Nov. 1, 2000
[H.R. 3671]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Fish and Wildlife Programs Improvement and National Wildlife Refuge System Centennial Act of 2000.
16 USC 669 note.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This Act may be cited as the “Fish and Wildlife Programs Improvement and National Wildlife Refuge System Centennial Act of 2000”.

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TITLE II—NATIONAL FISH AND WILDLIFE FOUNDATION

114 STAT. 1777
National Fish and Wildlife Foundation Establishment Act Amendments of 2000.

SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the “National Fish and Wildlife Foundation Establishment Act Amendments of 2000”.

* * * * *

SEC. 208. LIMITATION ON AUTHORITY.

114 STAT. 1781

The National Fish and Wildlife Foundation Establishment Act (16 U.S.C. 3701 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 11. LIMITATION ON AUTHORITY.

114 STAT. 1782
16 USC 3710.

“Nothing in this Act authorizes the Foundation to perform any function the authority for which is provided to the National Park Foundation by Public Law 90-209 (16 U.S.C. 19e et seq.).”.

* * * * *

This title takes effect on January 20, 2001.

114 STAT. 1786

Approved November 1, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3671:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-554 (Comm. on Resources).
SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-495 (Comm. on Environment and Public Works).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):
Apr. 5, considered and passed House.
Oct. 12, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Oct. 18, House concurred in Senate amendments.



39. National Underground Railroad Freedom Center, Ohio

114 STAT. 922

PUBLIC LAW 106–291—OCT. 11, 2000

Public Law 106–291
106th Congress

An Act

Oct. 11, 2000
[H.R. 4578]

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies
for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes.

Department of
the Interior and
Related Agencies
Appropriations
Act, 2001.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of
the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the
following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury
not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior
and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001,
and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

* * * * *

114 STAT. 941

GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

* * * * *

114 STAT. 956
National
Underground
Railroad
Freedom Center
Act.
16 USC 461 note.
16 USC 469l–2
note.

Sec. 150. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the
“National Underground Railroad Freedom Center Act”.

(b) FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.—

(1) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(A) the National Underground Railroad Freedom Center (hereinafter “Freedom Center”) is a nonprofit organization incorporated under the laws of the State of Ohio in 1995;

(B) the objectives of the Freedom Center are to interpret the history of the Underground Railroad through development of a national cultural institution in Cincinnati, Ohio, that will house an interpretive center, including museum, educational, and research facilities, all dedicated to communicating to the public the importance of the quest for human freedom which provided the foundation for the historic and inspiring story of the Underground Railroad;

(C) the city of Cincinnati has granted exclusive development rights for a prime riverfront location to the Freedom Center;

(D) the Freedom Center will be a national center linked through state-of-the-art technology to Underground Railroad sites and facilities throughout the United States and to a constituency that reaches across the United States, Canada, Mexico, the Caribbean and beyond; and

(E) the Freedom Center has reached an agreement with the National Park Service to pursue a range of historical and educational cooperative activities related to the Underground Railroad, including but not limited to assisting the National Park Service in the implementation of the National Underground Railroad Network to Freedom Act.

(2) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this section are—

114 STAT. 957

PUBLIC LAW 106-291—OCT. 11, 2000

114 STAT. 957

(A) to promote preservation and public awareness of the history of the Underground Railroad;

(B) to assist the Freedom Center in the development of its programs and facilities in Cincinnati, Ohio; and

(C) to assist the National Park Service in the implementation of the National Underground Railroad Network to Freedom Act (112 Stat. 679; 16 U.S.C. 469l and following).

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

(2) PROJECT BUDGET.—The term “project budget” means the total amount of funds expended by the Freedom Center on construction of its facility, development of its programs and exhibits, research, collection of informative and educational activities related to the history of the Underground Railroad, and any administrative activities necessary to the operation of the Freedom Center, prior to the opening of the Freedom Center facility in Cincinnati, Ohio.

(3) FEDERAL SHARE.—The term “Federal share” means an amount not to exceed 20 percent of the project budget and shall include all amounts received from the Federal Government under this legislation and any other Federal programs.

(4) NON-FEDERAL SHARE.—The term “non-Federal share” means all amounts obtained by the Freedom Center for the implementation of its facilities and programs from any source other than the Federal Government, and shall not be less than 80 percent of the project budget.

(5) THE FREEDOM CENTER FACILITY.—The term “the Freedom Center facility” means the facility, including the building and surrounding site, which will house the museum and research institute to be constructed and developed in Cincinnati, Ohio, on the site described in subsection (d)(3).

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

(1) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—From sums appropriated pursuant to the authority of subsection (d)(4) in any fiscal year, the Secretary is authorized and directed to provide financial assistance to the Freedom Center, in order to pay the Federal share of the cost of authorized activities described in subsection (e).

114 STAT. 958

(2) EXPENDITURE ON NON-FEDERAL PROPERTY.—The Secretary is authorized to expend appropriated funds under subsection (d)(1) of this section to assist in the construction of the Freedom Center facility and the development of programs and exhibits for that facility which will be funded primarily through private and non-Federal funds, on property owned by the city of Cincinnati, Hamilton County, and the State of Ohio.

(3) DESCRIPTION OF THE FREEDOM CENTER FACILITY SITE.—The facility referred to in subsections (d)(1) and (d)(2) will be located on a site described as follows: a 2-block area south of new South Second, west of Walnut Street, north of relocated Theodore M. Berry Way, and east of Vine Street in Cincinnati, Ohio.

(4) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated \$16,000,000 for the 4 fiscal year period beginning October 1, 1999. Funds not to exceed that total

amount may be appropriated in 1 or more of such fiscal years. Funds shall not be disbursed until the Freedom Center has commitments for a minimum of 50 percent of the non-Federal share.

(5) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds appropriated to carry out the provisions of this section shall remain available for obligation and expenditure until the end of the fiscal year succeeding the fiscal year for which the funds were appropriated.

(6) OTHER PROVISIONS.—Any grant made under this section shall provide that—

(A) no change or alteration may be made in the Freedom Center facility except with the agreement of the property owner and the Secretary;

(B) the Secretary shall have the right of access at reasonable times to the public portions of the Freedom Center facility for interpretive and other purposes; and

(C) conversion, use, or disposal of the Freedom Center facility for purposes contrary to the purposes of this section, as determined by the Secretary, shall result in a right of the United States to compensation equal to the greater of—

(i) all Federal funds made available to the grantee under this section; or

(ii) the proportion of the increased value of the Freedom Center facility attributable to such funds, as determined at the time of such conversion, use, or disposal.

(e) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Freedom Center may engage in any activity related to its objectives addressed in subsection (b)(1), including, but not limited to, construction of the Freedom Center facility, development of programs and exhibits related to the history of the Underground Railroad, research, collection of information and artifacts and educational activities related to the history of the Underground Railroad, and any administrative activities necessary to the operation of the Freedom Center.

(2) PRIORITIES.—The Freedom Center shall give priority to—

(A) construction of the Freedom Center facility;

(B) development of programs and exhibits to be presented in or from the Freedom Center facility; and

(C) providing assistance to the National Park Service in the implementation of the National Underground Railroad Network to Freedom Act (16 U.S.C. 469l).

(f) APPLICATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Freedom Center shall submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing or accompanied by such information as the Secretary may reasonably require. Each application shall—

(A) describe the activities for which assistance is sought;

(B) provide assurances that the non-Federal share of the cost of activities of the Freedom Center shall be paid from non-Federal sources, together with an accounting of costs expended by the Freedom Center to date, a budget

PUBLIC LAW 106-291—OCT. 11, 2000

114 STAT. 959

of costs to be incurred prior to the opening of the Freedom Center facility, an accounting of funds raised to date, both Federal and non-Federal, and a projection of funds to be raised through the completion of the Freedom Center facility.

(2) APPROVAL.—The Secretary shall approve the application submitted pursuant to subsection (f)(1) unless such application fails to comply with the provisions of this section.

(g) REPORTS.—The Freedom Center shall submit an annual report to the appropriate committees of the Congress not later than January 31, 2000, and each succeeding year thereafter for any fiscal year in which Federal funds are expended pursuant to this section. The report shall—

Deadline.

(1) include a financial statement addressing the Freedom Center's costs incurred to date and projected costs, and funds raised to date and projected fundraising goals;

(2) include a comprehensive and detailed description of the Freedom Center's activities for the preceding and succeeding fiscal years; and

(3) include a description of the activities taken to assure compliance with this section.

(h) AMENDMENT TO THE NATIONAL UNDERGROUND RAILROAD NETWORK TO FREEDOM ACT OF 1998.—The National Underground Railroad Network to Freedom Act of 1998 (112 Stat. 679; 16 U.S.C. 469l and following) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 4. PRESERVATION OF HISTORIC SITES OR STRUCTURES.

“(a) AUTHORITY TO MAKE GRANTS.—The Secretary of the Interior may make grants in accordance with this section for the preservation and restoration of historic buildings or structures associated with the Underground Railroad, and for related research and documentation to sites, programs, or facilities that have been included in the national network.

“(b) GRANT CONDITIONS.—Any grant made under this section shall provide that—

“(1) no change or alteration may be made in property for which the grant is used except with the agreement of the property owner and the Secretary;

114 STAT. 960

“(2) the Secretary shall have the right of access at reasonable times to the public portions of such property for interpretive and other purposes; and

“(3) conversion, use, or disposal of such property for purposes contrary to the purposes of this Act, as determined by the Secretary, shall result in a right of the United States to compensation equal to all Federal funds made available to the grantee under this Act.

“(c) MATCHING REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary may obligate funds made available for a grant under this section only if the grantee agrees to match, from funds derived from non-Federal sources, the amount of the grant with an amount that is equal to or greater than the grant. The Secretary may waive the requirement of the preceding sentence with respect to a grant if the Secretary determines that an extreme emergency exists or that such a waiver is in the public interest to assure the preservation of historically significant resources.

114 STAT. 960

PUBLIC LAW 106–291—OCT. 11, 2000

“(d) FUNDING.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for purposes of this section \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 2001 and each subsequent fiscal year. Amounts authorized but not appropriated in a fiscal year shall be available for appropriation in subsequent fiscal years.”.

* * * * *

114 STAT. 1029

This Act may be cited as the “Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001”.

Approved October 11, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4578:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106–646 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 106–914 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106–312 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

June 13–15, considered and passed House.

July 10, 12, 17, 18, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Oct. 3, House agreed to conference report.

Oct. 3–5, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 36 (2000):

Oct. 11, Presidential statement and remarks.



40. National Museum of African American History and Culture Plan for Action Presidential Commission

PUBLIC LAW 107-106—DEC. 28, 2001

115 STAT. 1009

Public Law 107-106
107th Congress

An Act

To establish the National Museum of African American History and Culture Plan for Action Presidential Commission to develop a plan of action for the establishment and maintenance of the National Museum of African American History and Culture in Washington, D.C., and for other purposes.

Dec. 28, 2001
[H.R. 3442]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

National
Museum of
African American
History and
Culture Plan for
Action
Presidential
Commission Act
of 2001.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “National Museum of African American History and Culture Plan for Action Presidential Commission Act of 2001”.

SEC. 2. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—There is established the National Museum of African American History and Culture Plan for Action Presidential Commission (hereafter in this Act referred to as the “Commission”).

(b) **MEMBERSHIP.**—The Commission shall consist of not more than 23 members appointed as follows:

(1) The President shall appoint seven voting members.

(2) The Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Senate Majority Leader shall each appoint six voting members.

(3) In addition to the members appointed under paragraph (2), the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Senate Majority Leader shall each appoint two additional nonvoting members.

(c) **QUALIFICATIONS.**—Members of the Commission shall be chosen from the following professional groups:

(1) Professional museum associations, including the Association of African American Museums and African American Museum Cultural Complex, Inc.

(2) Academic institutions and groups committed to the research and study of African American life, art, history, and culture, including Historically Black Colleges and Universities and the Joint Center for Political and Economic Studies.

SEC. 3. FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSION.

(a) **PLAN OF ACTION FOR ESTABLISHMENT AND MAINTENANCE OF MUSEUM.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Commission shall submit a report to the President and the Congress containing its recommendations with respect to a plan of action for the establishment and maintenance of the National Museum of African American

Reports.

History and Culture in Washington, D.C. (hereafter in this Act referred to as the “Museum”).

(2) NATIONAL CONFERENCE.—In developing the recommendations, the Commission shall convene a national conference on the Museum, comprised of individuals committed to the advancement of African American life, art, history, and culture, not later than 3 months after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) FUNDRAISING PLAN.—The Commission shall develop a fundraising plan for supporting the creation and maintenance of the Museum through contributions by the American people, and a separate plan on fundraising by the African American community.

(c) REPORT ON ISSUES.—The Commission shall examine and submit a report to the President and the Congress on the following issues:

(1) The availability and cost of collections to be acquired and housed in the Museum.

(2) The impact of the Museum on regional African American museums.

(3) Possible locations for the Museum on or adjacent to the National Mall in Washington, D.C.

(4) The cost of converting the Smithsonian Institution’s Arts and Industries Building into a modern museum with requisite temperature and humidity controls.

(5) Whether the Museum should be located within the Smithsonian Institution.

(6) The governance and organizational structure from which the Museum should operate.

(d) LEGISLATION TO CARRY OUT PLAN OF ACTION.—Based on the recommendations contained in the report submitted under subsection (a) and the report submitted under subsection (c), the Commission shall submit for consideration to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, the Committee on House Administration of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Rules and Administration of the Senate, and the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and Senate a legislative plan of action to create and construct the Museum.

SEC. 4. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

(a) FACILITIES AND SUPPORT OF SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.—The Secretary of the Interior shall provide the administrative services, facilities, and funds necessary for the performance of the Commission’s functions.

(b) COMPENSATION.—Each member of the Commission who is not an officer or employee of the Federal Government may receive compensation for each day on which the member is engaged in the work of the Commission, at a daily rate to be determined by the Secretary of the Interior.

(c) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—Each member shall receive travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with applicable provisions under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code.

SEC. 5. DEADLINE FOR SUBMISSION OF REPORTS; TERMINATION.

(a) DEADLINE.—The Commission shall submit final versions of the reports and plans required under section 3 not later than 9 months after the date of the enactment of this Act.

PUBLIC LAW 107-106—DEC. 28, 2001

115 STAT. 1011

(b) **TERMINATION.**—The Commission shall terminate not later than 30 days after submitting the final versions of reports and plans pursuant to subsection (a).

SEC. 6. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated \$3,000,000 for activities of the Commission during fiscal year 2002.

Approved December 28, 2001.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3442:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 147 (2001):

Dec. 11, considered and passed House.

Dec. 17, considered and passed Senate.



41. Native Hiring in Northwest Alaska National Parks

114 STAT. 2205

PUBLIC LAW 106-488—NOV. 9, 2000

Public Law 106-488
106th Congress**An Act**Nov. 9, 2000
[S. 748]

To improve Native hiring and contracting by the Federal Government within the State of Alaska, and for other purposes.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,***SECTION 1. REPORT.**

Deadline.

(a) Within six months after the enactment of this Act the Secretary of the Interior (hereinafter referred to as the “Secretary” shall submit a report detailing the progress the Department has made in the implementation of the provisions of sections 1307 and 1308 of the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act and provisions of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act. The report shall include a detailed action plan on the future implementation of the provisions of sections 1307 and 1308 of the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act and provisions of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act. The report shall describe, in detail, the measures and actions that will be taken, along with a description of the anticipated results to be achieved during the next three fiscal years. The report shall focus on lands under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior in Alaska and shall also address any laws, rules, regulations and policies which act as a deterrent to hiring Native Alaskans or contracting with Native Alaskans to perform and conduct activities and programs of those agencies and bureaus under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior.

(b) The report shall be completed within existing appropriations and shall be transmitted to the Committee on Resources of the United States Senate, and the Committee on Resources of the United States House of Representatives.

16 USC 3198
note.**SEC. 2. PILOT PROGRAM.**

(a) In furtherance of the goals of sections 1307 and 1308 of the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act and the provisions of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act, the Secretary shall—

(1) implement pilot programs to employ residents of local communities at the following units of the National Park System located in northwest Alaska—

- (A) Bering Land Bridge National Preserve,
- (B) Cape Krusenstern National Monument,
- (C) Kobuk Valley National Park, and
- (D) Noatak National Preserve; and

PUBLIC LAW 106-488—NOV. 9, 2000

114 STAT. 2206

(2) report on the results of the programs within one year to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the United States and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives.

(b) In implementing the programs, the Secretary shall consult with the Native Corporations, nonprofit organizations, and Tribal entities in the immediate vicinity of such units and shall also, to the extent practicable, involve such groups in the development of interpretive materials and the pilot programs relating to such units.

Approved November 9, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 748:

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-72 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Vol. 145 (1999): Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate.

Vol. 146 (2000): Oct. 23, considered and passed House.



42. New Jersey Coastal Heritage Trail

113 STAT. 28

PUBLIC LAW 106-18—APR. 8, 1999

Public Law 106-18
106th Congress**An Act**Apr. 8, 1999
[H.R. 171]To authorize appropriations for the Coastal Heritage Trail Route in New Jersey,
and for other purposes.*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of
the United States of America in Congress assembled,***SECTION 1. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**Section 6 of Public Law 100-515 (16 U.S.C. 1244 note) is
amended—(1) in subsection (b)(1), by striking “\$1,000,000” and insert-
ing “\$4,000,000”; and

(2) in subsection (c), by striking “five” and inserting “10”.

Approved April 8, 1999.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 171:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-16 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-24 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):

Feb. 23, considered and passed House.

Mar. 25, considered and passed Senate.



43. Palace of the Governors Annex, New Mexico

PUBLIC LAW 106–291—OCT. 11, 2000

114 STAT. 922

Public Law 106–291
106th Congress

An Act

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes.

Oct. 11, 2000
[H.R. 4578]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes, namely:

Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

* * * * *

GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

114 STAT. 941

* * * * *

SEC. 147. (a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This section may be cited as the “Palace of the Governors Annex Act”.

114 STAT. 953
Palace of the Governors Annex Act.

(b) **CONSTRUCTION OF PALACE OF THE GOVERNORS ANNEX, SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO.**—

(1) **FINDINGS.**—Congress finds that—

(A) the United States has a rich legacy of Hispanic influence in politics, government, economic development, and cultural expression;

(B) the Palace of the Governors—

(i) has been the center of administrative and cultural activity over a vast region of the Southwest since its construction as New Mexico’s second capitol in Santa Fe by Governor Pedro de Peralta in 1610;

(ii) is the oldest continuously occupied public building in the continental United States, having been occupied for 390 years; and

(iii) has been designated as a National Historic Landmark;

114 STAT. 954

(C) since its creation, the Museum of New Mexico has worked to protect and promote Southwestern, Hispanic, and Native American arts and crafts;

(D) the Palace of the Governors houses the history division of the Museum of New Mexico;

(E) the Museum has an extensive, priceless, and irreplaceable collection of—

(i) Spanish Colonial paintings (including the Segesser Hide Paintings, paintings on buffalo hide dating back to 1706);

(ii) pre-Columbian Art; and

(iii) historic artifacts, including—

(I) helmets and armor worn by the Don Juan de Oñate expedition conquistadors who established the first capital in the territory that is now the United States, San Juan de los Caballeros, in July 1598;

(II) the Vara Stick used to measure land grants and other real property boundaries in Dona Ana County, New Mexico;

(III) the Columbus, New Mexico Railway Station clock that was shot, stopping the pendulum, freezing for all history the moment when Pancho Villa's raid began;

(IV) the field desk of Brigadier General Stephen Watts Kearny, who was posted to New Mexico during the Mexican War and whose Army of the West traveled the Santa Fe trail to occupy the territories of New Mexico and California; and

(V) more than 800,000 other historic photographs, guns, costumes, maps, books, and handicrafts;

(F) the Palace of the Governors and its contents are included in the Mary C. Skaggs Centennial Collection of America's Treasures;

(G) the Palace of the Governors and the Segesser Hide paintings have been declared national treasures by the National Trust for Historic Preservation; and

(H) time is of the essence in the construction of an annex to the Palace of the Governors for the exhibition and storing of the collection described in paragraph (E), because—

(i) the existing facilities for exhibiting and storing the collection are so inadequate and unsuitable that existence of the collection is endangered and its preservation is in jeopardy; and

(ii) 2010 marks the 400th anniversary of the continuous occupation and use of the Palace of the Governors and is an appropriate date for ensuring the continued viability of the collection.

(2) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(A) ANNEX.—The term “Annex” means the annex for the Palace of the Governors of the Museum of New Mexico, to be constructed behind the Palace of the Governors building at 110 Lincoln Avenue, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

(B) OFFICE.—The term “Office” means the State Office of Cultural Affairs.

(C) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

(D) STATE.—The term “State” means the State of New Mexico.

(3) GRANT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary shall make a grant to the Office to pay 50 percent of the costs of the final design, construction, management, inspection, furnishing, and equipping of the Annex.

(B) REQUIREMENTS.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, to receive a grant under this paragraph (A), the Office shall—

(i) submit to the Secretary a copy of the architectural blueprints for the Annex; and

PUBLIC LAW 106-291—OCT. 11, 2000

114 STAT. 955

(ii) enter into a memorandum of understanding with the Secretary under subsection ((b)(4).

(4) MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING.—At the request of the Office, the Secretary shall enter into a memorandum of understanding with the Office that—

(A) requires that the Office award the contract for construction of the Annex after a competitive bidding process and in accordance with the New Mexico Procurement Code; and

(B) specifies a date for completion of the Annex.

(5) NON-FEDERAL SHARE.—The non-Federal share of the costs of the final design, construction, management, inspection, furnishing, and equipping of the Annex—

(A) may be in cash or in kind fairly evaluated, including land, art and artifact collections, plant, equipment, or services; and

(B) shall include any contribution received by the State (including contributions from the New Mexico Foundation and other endowment funds) for, and any expenditure made by the State for, the Palace of the Governors or the Annex, including—

(i) design;

(ii) land acquisition (including the land at 110 Lincoln Avenue, Santa Fe, New Mexico);

(iii) acquisitions for and renovation of the library;

(iv) conservation of the Palace of the Governors;

(v) construction, management, inspection, furnishing, and equipping of the Annex; and

(vi) donations of art collections and artifacts to the Museum of New Mexico on or after the date of enactment of this section.

(6) USE OF FUNDS.—The funds received under a grant awarded under subsection (b)(3) shall be used only for the final design, construction, management, inspection, furnishing and equipment of the Annex.

(7) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (B), subject to the availability of appropriations, there is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this section \$15,000,000, to remain available until expended.

(B) CONDITION.—Paragraph (A) authorizes sums to be appropriated on the condition that—

(i) after the date of enactment of this section and before January 1, 2010, the State appropriate at least \$8,000,000 to pay the costs of the final design, construction, management, inspection, furnishing, and equipping of the Annex; and

(ii) other non-Federal sources provide sufficient funds to pay the remainder of the 50 percent non-Federal share of those costs.

* * * * *

114 STAT. 1029

PUBLIC LAW 106-291—OCT. 11, 2000

This Act may be cited as the “Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001”.

Approved October 11, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4578:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-646 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 106-914 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-312 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

June 13-15, considered and passed House.

July 10, 12, 17, 18, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Oct. 3, House agreed to conference report.

Oct. 3-5, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 36 (2000):

Oct. 11, Presidential statement and remarks.



44. Paoli Battlefield, Pennsylvania

PUBLIC LAW 106–86—OCT. 31, 1999

113 STAT. 1298

Public Law 106–86
106th Congress

An Act

To authorize appropriations for the protection of Paoli and Brandywine Battlefields in Pennsylvania, to authorize the Valley Forge Museum of the American Revolution at Valley Forge National Historical Park, and for other purposes.

Oct. 31, 1999
[H.R. 659]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Pennsylvania Battlefields Protection Act of 1999”.

Pennsylvania
Battlefields
Protection Act of
1999.
16 USC 410aa
note.

**TITLE I—PAOLI AND BRANDYWINE
BATTLEFIELDS**

SEC. 101. PAOLI BATTLEFIELD PROTECTION.

(a) PAOLI BATTLEFIELD.—The Secretary of the Interior (hereinafter referred to as the “Secretary”) is authorized to provide funds to the borough of Malvern, Pennsylvania, for the acquisition of the area known as the “Paoli Battlefield”, located in the borough of Malvern, Pennsylvania, as generally depicted on the map entitled “Paoli Battlefield” numbered 80,000 and dated April 1999 (referred to in this title as the “Paoli Battlefield”). The map shall be on file and available for public inspection in the appropriate offices of the National Park Service.

(b) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary shall enter into a cooperative agreement with the borough of Malvern, Pennsylvania, for the management by the borough of the Paoli Battlefield. The Secretary may provide technical assistance to the borough of Malvern to assure the preservation and interpretation of the Paoli Battlefield’s resources.

(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated \$1,250,000 to carry out this section. Such funds shall be expended in the ratio of one dollar of Federal funds for each dollar of funds contributed by non-Federal sources. Any funds provided by the Secretary shall be subject to an agreement that provides for the protection of the Paoli Battlefield’s resources.

* * * * *

Approved October 31, 1999.

113 STAT. 1300

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 659:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106–139 (Comm. on Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):
June 22, considered and passed House.
Oct. 14, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Oct. 18, House concurred in Senate amendment.



45. POW/MIA Memorial Flag Act of 2001

116 STAT. 2787

PUBLIC LAW 107-323—DEC. 4, 2002

Public Law 107-323
107th Congress

An Act

Dec. 4, 2002
[S. 1226]

To require the display of the POW/MIA flag at the World War II Memorial, the Korean War Veterans Memorial, and the Vietnam Veterans Memorial.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

POW/MIA
Memorial Flag
Act of 2002.
36 USC 101 note.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “POW/MIA Memorial Flag Act of 2002”.

SEC. 2. DISPLAY OF POW/MIA FLAG AT WORLD WAR II MEMORIAL, KOREAN WAR MEMORIAL, AND VIETNAM VETERANS MEMORIAL.

(a) **REQUIREMENT FOR DISPLAY.**—Subsection (d)(3) of section 902 of title 36, United States Code, is amended by striking “The Korean War Veterans Memorial and the Vietnam Veterans Memorial” and inserting “The World War II Memorial, the Korean War Veterans Memorial, and the Vietnam Veterans Memorial”.

(b) **DAYS FOR DISPLAY.**—Subsection (c)(2) of that section is amended—

(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as subparagraphs (B) and (C), respectively; and

(2) by inserting before subparagraph (B), as so redesignated, the following new subparagraph (A):

“(A) in the case of display at the World War II Memorial, Korean War Veterans Memorial, and Vietnam Veterans Memorial (required by subsection (d)(3) of this section), any day on which the United States flag is displayed;”.

PUBLIC LAW 107-323—DEC. 4, 2002

116 STAT. 2788

(c) DISPLAY ON EXISTING FLAGPOLE.—No element of the United States Government may construe the amendments made by this section as requiring the acquisition of erection of a new or additional flagpole for purposes of the display of the POW/MIA flag. 36 USC 902 note.

Approved December 4, 2002.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1226:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 148 (2002):

Oct. 2, considered and passed Senate.

Nov. 14, considered and passed House.



46. Presidio Trust

114 STAT. 23

PUBLIC LAW 106-176—MAR. 10, 2000

**Public Law 106-176
106th Congress****An Act**Mar. 10, 2000
[H.R. 149]

To make technical corrections to the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 and to other laws related to parks and public lands.

Omnibus Parks
Technical
Corrections Act
of 2000.*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,***SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCE TO OMNIBUS PARKS AND PUBLIC LANDS MANAGEMENT ACT OF 1996.**

16 USC 1 note.

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This Act may be cited as the “Omnibus Parks Technical Corrections Act of 2000”.(b) **REFERENCE TO OMNIBUS PARKS ACT.**—In this Act, the term “Omnibus Parks Act” means the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-333; 110 Stat. 4093).**TITLE I—TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO
DIVISION I****SEC. 101. PRESIDIO OF SAN FRANCISCO.**

Title I of division I of the Omnibus Parks Act (16 U.S.C. 460bb note) is amended as follows:

(1) In section 101(2) (110 Stat. 4097), by striking “the Presidio is” and inserting “the Presidio was”.

(2) In section 103(b)(1) (110 Stat. 4099), by striking “other lands administrated by the Secretary.” in the last sentence and inserting “other lands administered by the Secretary.”.

(3) In section 105(a)(2) (110 Stat. 4104), by striking “in accordance with section 104(h) of this title.” and inserting “in accordance with section 104(i) of this title.”.

(4) In section 104(b) (110 Stat. 4101), by—

Contracts.

(A) adding the following after the end of the first sentence: “The National Park Service or any other Federal agency is authorized to enter into agreements, leases, contracts and other arrangements with the Presidio Trust which are necessary and appropriate to carry out the purposes of this title.”;

(B) inserting after “June 30, 1932 (40 U.S.C. 303b).” the following “The Trust may use alternative means of dispute resolution authorized under subchapter IV of chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code (5 U.S.C. 571 et seq.)”; and

(C) by inserting at the end of the paragraph “The Trust is authorized to use funds available to the Trust to purchase insurance and for reasonable reception and

PUBLIC LAW 106-176—MAR. 10, 2000

114 STAT. 24

representation expenses, including membership dues, business cards and business related meal expenditures.”.

(5) Section 104(g) (110 Stat. 4103) is amended to read as follows:

“(g) FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT.—Notwithstanding section 1341 of title 31 of the United States Code, all proceeds and other revenues received by the Trust shall be retained by the Trust. Those proceeds shall be available, without further appropriation, to the Trust for the administration, preservation, restoration, operation and maintenance, improvement, repair and related expenses incurred with respect to Presidio properties under its administrative jurisdiction. The Secretary of the Treasury shall invest, at the direction of the Trust, such excess moneys that the Trust determines are not required to meet current withdrawals. Such investment shall be in public debt securities with maturities suitable to the needs of the Trust and bearing interest at rates determined by the Secretary of the Treasury taking into consideration the current average yield on outstanding marketable obligations of the United States of comparable maturity.”.

(6) In section 104(j) (110 Stat. 4103), by striking “exercised.” and inserting “exercised, including rules and regulations for the use and management of the property under the Trust’s jurisdiction.”.

(7) In section 104 (110 Stat. 4101, 4104), by adding after subsection (o) the following:

“(p) EXCLUSIVE RIGHTS TO NAME AND INSIGNIA.—The Trust shall have the sole and exclusive right to use the words ‘Presidio Trust’ and any seal, emblem, or other insignia adopted by its Board of Directors. Without express written authority of the Trust, no person may use the words ‘Presidio Trust’, or any combination or variation of those words alone or with other words, as the name under which that person shall do or purport to do business, for the purpose of trade, or by way of advertisement, or in any manner that may falsely suggest any connection with the Trust.”.

(8) In section 104(n) (110 Stat. 4103), by inserting after “implementation of the” in the first sentence the following “general objectives of the”.

(9) In section 105(a)(2) (110 Stat. 4104), by striking “not more than \$3,000,000 annually” and inserting after “Of such sums,” the following “funds”.

(10) In section 105(c) (110 Stat. 4104), by inserting before “including” the following “on a reimbursable basis,”.

(11) Section 103(c)(2) (110 Stat. 4099) is amended by striking “consecutive terms.” and inserting “consecutive terms, except that upon the expiration of his or her term, an appointed member may continue to serve until his or her successor has been appointed.”.

(12) Section 103(c)(9) (110 Stat. 4100) is amended by striking “properties administered by the Trust” and inserting “properties administered by the Trust and all interest created under leases, concessions, permits and other agreements associated with the properties”.

(13) Section 104(d) (110 Stat. 4102) is amended as follows—

(A) by inserting “(1)” after “FINANCIAL AUTHORITIES.—”;

(B) by striking “(1) The authority” and inserting “(A) The authority”;

(C) by striking “(A) the terms” and inserting “(i) the terms”;

(D) by striking “(B) adequate” and inserting “(ii) adequate”;

(E) by striking “(C) such guarantees” and inserting “(iii) such guarantees”;

(F) by striking “(2) The authority” and inserting “(B) The authority”;

(G) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and (4) as paragraphs (2) and (3) respectively;

(H) in paragraph (2) (as redesignated by this section)—

(i) by striking “The authority” and inserting “The Trust shall also have the authority”;

(ii) by striking “after determining that the projects to be funded from the proceeds thereof are creditworthy and that a repayment schedule is established and only”; and

(iii) by inserting after “and subject to such terms and conditions,” the following “including a review of the creditworthiness of the loan and establishment of a repayment schedule,”; and

(I) in paragraph (3) (as redesignated by this section) by inserting before “this subsection” the following “paragraph (2) of”.

* * * * *

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 149:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-17 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-125 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Vol. 145 (1999): Feb. 23, considered and passed House.

Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Vol. 146 (2000): Feb. 15, House concurred in Senate amendments.



PUBLIC LAW 106-291—OCT. 11, 2000

114 STAT. 922

Public Law 106-291
106th Congress

An Act

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes.

Oct. 11, 2000
[H.R. 4578]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes, namely:

Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001.

* * * * *

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

114 STAT. 987

* * * * *

SEC. 315. All interests created under leases, concessions, permits and other agreements associated with the properties administered by the Presidio Trust, hereafter shall be exempt from all taxes and special assessments of every kind by the State of California and its political subdivisions.

114 STAT. 989
16 USC 460bb
note.

* * * * *

This Act may be cited as the “Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001”.

114 STAT. 1029

Approved October 11, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4578:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-646 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 106-914 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-312 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

June 13-15, considered and passed House.

July 10, 12, 17, 18, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Oct. 3, House agreed to conference report.

Oct. 3-5, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 36 (2000):

Oct. 11, Presidential statement and remarks.



115 STAT. 1012

PUBLIC LAW 107-107—DEC. 28, 2001

Public Law 107-107
107th Congress

An Act

Dec. 28, 2001
[S. 1438]

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2002 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

National Defense
Authorization
Act for Fiscal
Year 2002.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2002”.

* * * * *

115 STAT. 1280
Military
Construction
Authorization
Act for Fiscal
Year 2002.

**DIVISION B—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION
AUTHORIZATIONS**

SEC. 2001. SHORT TITLE; DEFINITION.

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This division may be cited as the “Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2002”.

(b) **DEFINITION OF FISCAL YEAR 2001 DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT.**—In this division, the term “Spence Act” means the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001, as enacted into law by Public Law 106-398 (114 Stat. 1654).

* * * * *

115 STAT. 1303

TITLE XXVIII—GENERAL PROVISIONS

* * * * *

115 STAT. 1328

Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 2861. MANAGEMENT OF THE PRESIDIO OF SAN FRANCISCO.

(a) **AUTHORITY TO LEASE CERTAIN HOUSING UNITS FOR USE AS ARMY HOUSING.**—Title I of division I of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-333; 16 U.S.C. 460bb note) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“SEC. 107. CONDITIONAL AUTHORITY TO LEASE CERTAIN HOUSING UNITS WITHIN THE PRESIDIO.

“(a) **AVAILABILITY OF HOUSING UNITS FOR LONG-TERM ARMY LEASE.**—Subject to subsection (c), the Trust shall make available for lease, to those persons designated by the Secretary of the Army and for such length of time as requested by the Secretary of the Army, 22 housing units located within the Presidio that are under the administrative jurisdiction of the Trust and specified in the agreement between the Trust and the Secretary of the Army in existence as of the date of the enactment of this section.

“(b) **LEASE AMOUNT.**—The monthly amount charged by the Trust for the lease of a housing unit under this section shall be equivalent to the monthly rate of the basic allowance for housing that the occupant of the housing unit is entitled to receive under section 403 of title 37, United States Code.

PUBLIC LAW 107-107—DEC. 28, 2001

115 STAT. 1328

“(c) CONDITION ON CONTINUED AVAILABILITY OF HOUSING UNITS.—Effective after the end of the four-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this section, the Trust shall have no obligation to make housing units available under subsection (a) unless, during that four-year period, the Secretary of the Treasury purchases new obligations of at least \$80,000,000 issued by the Trust under section 104(d)(2). In the event that this condition is not satisfied, the existing agreement referred to in subsection (a) shall be renewed on the same terms and conditions for an additional five years.”

115 STAT. 1329

(b) INCREASED BORROWING AUTHORITY AND TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.—Paragraphs (2) and (3) of section 104(d) of title I of division I of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996, as amended by section 334 of appendix C of Public Law 106-113 (113 Stat. 1501A-198) and amended and redesignated by section 101(13) of Public Law 106-176 (114 Stat. 25), are amended—

16 USC 460bb note.

(1) in paragraph (2), by striking “including a review of the creditworthiness of the loan and establishment of a repayment schedule,” the second place it appears; and

(2) in paragraph (3)—

(A) by striking “\$50,000,000” and inserting “\$150,000,000”; and

(B) by striking “paragraph (3) of”.

* * * * *

Approved December 28, 2001.

115 STAT. 1393

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1438 (H.R. 2586):

HOUSE REPORTS: Nos. 107-194 accompanying H.R. 2586 (Comm. on Armed Services) and 107-333 (Comm. of Conference).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 147 (2001):

Sept. 21, 24-26, Oct. 1, 2, considered and passed Senate.

Oct. 17, considered and passed House, amended, in lieu of H.R. 2586.

Dec. 13, House and Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 37 (2001):

Dec. 28, Presidential statement.



47. Recreation Lakes (study)

114 STAT. 23

PUBLIC LAW 106–176—MAR. 10, 2000

Public Law 106–176
106th Congress**An Act**Mar. 10, 2000
[H.R. 149]

To make technical corrections to the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 and to other laws related to parks and public lands.

Omnibus Parks
Technical
Corrections Act
of 2000.
16 USC 1 note.*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,***SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCE TO OMNIBUS PARKS AND PUBLIC LANDS MANAGEMENT ACT OF 1996.**(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This Act may be cited as the “Omnibus Parks Technical Corrections Act of 2000”.(b) **REFERENCE TO OMNIBUS PARKS ACT.**—In this Act, the term “Omnibus Parks Act” means the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–333; 110 Stat. 4093).**TITLE I—TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO
DIVISION I**

* * * * *

114 STAT. 29

SEC. 123. RECREATION LAKES.(a) **TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.**—Section 1021(a) of division I of the Omnibus Parks Act (110 Stat. 4210; 16 U.S.C. 4601–10e note) is amended as follows:

(1) By striking “manmade lakes” both places it appears and inserting “man-made lakes”.

(2) By striking “for recreational opportunities at federally-managed” and inserting “for recreational opportunities at federally managed”.

(b) **ADVISORY COMMISSION.**—Section 13 of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 4601–10e), as added by section 1021(b) of the Omnibus Parks Act (110 Stat. 4210), is amended as follows:

(1) In subsection (b)(6), by striking “recreation related infrastructure.” and inserting “recreation-related infrastructure.”.

(2) In subsection (e)—

(A) by striking “water related recreation” in the first sentence and inserting “water-related recreation”;

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking “at federally-managed lakes” and inserting “at federally managed lakes”; and

114 STAT. 30

(C) by striking “manmade lakes” each place it appears and inserting “man-made lakes”.

* * * * *

114 STAT. 34

Approved March 10, 2000.**LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 149:**

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106–17 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106–125 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Vol. 145 (1999): Feb. 23, considered and passed House.

Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Vol. 146 (2000): Feb. 15, House concurred in Senate amendments.



48. Revolutionary War and War of 1812 (study)

PUBLIC LAW 106-176—MAR. 10, 2000

114 STAT. 23

Public Law 106-176
106th Congress

An Act

To make technical corrections to the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 and to other laws related to parks and public lands.

Mar. 10, 2000
[H.R. 149]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCE TO OMNIBUS PARKS AND PUBLIC LANDS MANAGEMENT ACT OF 1996.

Omnibus Parks
Technical
Corrections Act
of 2000.

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This Act may be cited as the “Omnibus Parks Technical Corrections Act of 2000”.

16 USC 1 note.

(b) **REFERENCE TO OMNIBUS PARKS ACT.**—In this Act, the term “Omnibus Parks Act” means the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-333; 110 Stat. 4093).

**TITLE I—TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO
DIVISION I**

* * * * *

SEC. 114. REVOLUTIONARY WAR AND WAR OF 1812 HISTORIC PRESERVATION STUDY.

114 STAT. 27

Section 603(d)(2) of division I of the Omnibus Parks Act (110 Stat. 4172; 16 U.S.C. 1a-5 note) is amended by striking “subsection (b) shall—” and inserting “paragraph (1) shall—”.

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Approved March 10, 2000.

114 STAT. 34

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 149:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-17 (Comm. on Resources).
SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-125 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:
Vol. 145 (1999): Feb. 23, considered and passed House.
Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Vol. 146 (2000): Feb. 15, House concurred in Senate amendments.



49. Route 66 Preservation

113 STAT. 224

PUBLIC LAW 106–45—AUG. 10, 1999

Public Law 106–45
106th Congress**An Act**Aug. 10, 1999
[H.R. 66]

To preserve the cultural resources of the Route 66 corridor and to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to provide assistance.

Historic
preservation.*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

16 USC 461 note.

SECTION 1. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act, the following definitions apply:

(1) **ROUTE 66 CORRIDOR.**—The term “Route 66 corridor” means structures and other cultural resources described in paragraph (3), including—

(A) lands owned by the Federal Government and lands owned by a State or local government within the immediate vicinity of those portions of the highway formerly designated as United States Route 66; and

(B) private land within that immediate vicinity that is owned by persons or entities that are willing to participate in the programs authorized by this Act.

(2) **CULTURAL RESOURCE PROGRAMS.**—The term “Cultural Resource Programs” means the programs established and administered by the National Park Service for the benefit of and in support of preservation of the Route 66 corridor, either directly or indirectly.(3) **PRESERVATION OF THE ROUTE 66 CORRIDOR.**—The term “preservation of the Route 66 corridor” means the preservation or restoration of structures or other cultural resources of businesses, sites of interest, and other contributing resources that—

(A) are located within the land described in paragraph (1);

(B) existed during the route’s period of outstanding historic significance (principally between 1926 and 1970), as defined by the study prepared by the National Park Service and entitled “Special Resource Study of Route 66”, dated July 1995; and

(C) remain in existence as of the date of the enactment of this Act.

(4) **SECRETARY.**—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Cultural Resource Programs at the National Park Service.(5) **STATE.**—The term “State” means a State in which a portion of the Route 66 corridor is located.

PUBLIC LAW 106-45—AUG. 10, 1999

113 STAT. 225

SEC. 2. MANAGEMENT.

16 USC 461 note.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary, in collaboration with the entities described in subsection (c), shall facilitate the development of guidelines and a program of technical assistance and grants that will set priorities for the preservation of the Route 66 corridor.

Guidelines.

(b) **DESIGNATION OF OFFICIALS.**—The Secretary shall designate officials of the National Park Service stationed at locations convenient to the States to perform the functions of the Cultural Resource Programs under this Act.

(c) **GENERAL FUNCTIONS.**—The Secretary shall—

(1) support efforts of State and local public and private persons, nonprofit Route 66 preservation entities, Indian tribes, State Historic Preservation Offices, and entities in the States for the preservation of the Route 66 corridor by providing technical assistance, participating in cost-sharing programs, and making grants;

(2) act as a clearinghouse for communication among Federal, State, and local agencies, nonprofit Route 66 preservation entities, Indian tribes, State historic preservation offices, and private persons and entities interested in the preservation of the Route 66 corridor; and

(3) assist the States in determining the appropriate form of and establishing and supporting a non-Federal entity or entities to perform the functions of the Cultural Resource Programs after those programs are terminated.

(d) **AUTHORITIES.**—In carrying out this Act, the Secretary may—

(1) enter into cooperative agreements, including (but not limited to) cooperative agreements for study, planning, preservation, rehabilitation, and restoration related to the Route 66 corridor;

(2) accept donations of funds, equipment, supplies, and services as appropriate;

(3) provide cost-share grants for projects for the preservation of the Route 66 corridor (but not to exceed 50 percent of total project costs) and information about existing cost-share opportunities;

(4) provide technical assistance in historic preservation and interpretation of the Route 66 corridor; and

(5) coordinate, promote, and stimulate research by other persons and entities regarding the Route 66 corridor.

(e) **PRESERVATION ASSISTANCE.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary shall provide assistance in the preservation of the Route 66 corridor in a manner that is compatible with the idiosyncratic nature of the Route 66 corridor.

(2) **PLANNING.**—The Secretary shall not prepare or require preparation of an overall management plan for the Route 66 corridor, but shall cooperate with the States and local public and private persons and entities, State historic preservation offices, nonprofit Route 66 preservation entities, and Indian tribes in developing local preservation plans to guide efforts to protect the most important or representative resources of the Route 66 corridor.

113 STAT. 226

PUBLIC LAW 106-45—AUG. 10, 1999

16 USC 461 note. **SEC. 3. RESOURCE TREATMENT.**(a) **TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.—**(1) **PROGRAM REQUIRED.—**The Secretary shall develop a program of technical assistance in the preservation of the Route 66 corridor and interpretation of the Route 66 corridor.(2) **PROGRAM GUIDELINES.—**As part of the technical assistance program under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall establish guidelines for setting priorities for preservation needs for the Route 66 corridor. The Secretary shall base the guidelines on the Secretary's standards for historic preservation.(b) **PROGRAM FOR COORDINATION OF ACTIVITIES.—**(1) **IN GENERAL.—**The Secretary shall coordinate a program of historic research, curation, preservation strategies, and the collection of oral and video histories of events that occurred along the Route 66 corridor.(2) **DESIGN.—**The program under paragraph (1) shall be designed for continuing use and implementation by other organizations after the Cultural Resource Programs are terminated.16 USC 461 note. **SEC. 4. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

There are authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2000 through 2009 to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Approved August 10, 1999.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 66 (S. 292):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-137 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-20 accompanying S. 292 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):

June 30, considered and passed House.

July 27, considered and passed Senate.



50. Sonoran Desert Lands (study)

PUBLIC LAW 106-65—OCT. 5, 1999

113 STAT. 512

Public Law 106-65
106th Congress

An Act

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2000 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

Oct. 5, 1999
[S. 1059]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

National Defense
Authorization
Act for Fiscal
Year 2000.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000”.

SEC. 2. ORGANIZATION OF ACT INTO DIVISIONS; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) DIVISIONS.—This Act is organized into three divisions as follows:

- (1) Division A—Department of Defense Authorizations.
- (2) Division B—Military Construction Authorizations.
- (3) Division C—Department of Energy National Security Authorizations and Other Authorizations.

* * * * *

**DIVISION B—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION
AUTHORIZATIONS**

113 STAT. 824
Military
Construction
Authorization
Act for Fiscal
Year 2000.

SEC. 2001. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the “Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000”.

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**TITLE XXX—MILITARY LAND
WITHDRAWALS**

113 STAT. 885
Military Lands
Withdrawal Act
of 1999.

* * * * *

SUBTITLE B—WITHDRAWALS IN ARIZONA

113 STAT. 897

SEC. 3031. BARRY M. GOLDWATER RANGE, ARIZONA.

(a) WITHDRAWAL AND RESERVATION.—

(1) WITHDRAWAL.—Subject to valid existing rights and except as otherwise provided in this title, all lands and interests in lands within the boundaries established at the Barry M. Goldwater Range, referred to in paragraph (3), are hereby withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the general land laws, including the mining laws and the mineral leasing and geothermal leasing laws, and jurisdiction over such lands and interests in lands is hereby transferred to the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force.

113 STAT. 898

(2) RESERVATION.—The lands withdrawn by paragraph (1) for the Barry M. Goldwater Range—East are reserved for use

by the Secretary of the Air Force, and for the Barry M. Goldwater Range—West are reserved for use by the Secretary of the Navy, for—

- (A) an armament and high-hazard testing area;
 - (B) training for aerial gunnery, rocketry, electronic warfare, and tactical maneuvering and air support;
 - (C) equipment and tactics development and testing;
- and
- (D) other defense-related purposes consistent with the purposes specified in this paragraph.

(3) LAND DESCRIPTION.—The public lands and interests in lands withdrawn and reserved by this subsection comprise approximately 1,650,200 acres of land in Maricopa, Pima, and Yuma Counties, Arizona, as generally depicted on the map entitled “Barry M. Goldwater Range Land Withdrawal”, dated June 17, 1999, and filed in accordance with section 3033.

(4) TERMINATION OF CURRENT WITHDRAWAL.—Except as otherwise provided in section 3032, as to the lands withdrawn by section 1(c) of the Military Lands Withdrawal Act of 1986 (Public Law 99-606), but not withdrawn for military purposes by this section, the withdrawal of such lands under that Act shall not terminate until after November 6, 2001, or until the relinquishment by the Secretary of the Air Force of such lands is accepted by the Secretary of the Interior. The withdrawal under that Act with respect to the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge shall terminate on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(5) CHANGES IN USE.—The Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force shall consult with the Secretary of the Interior before using the lands withdrawn and reserved by this section for any purpose other than the purposes specified in paragraph (2).

(6) INDIAN TRIBES.—Nothing in this section shall be construed as altering any rights reserved for Indians by treaty or Federal law.

(7) STUDY.—(A) The Secretary of the Interior, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, shall conduct a study of the lands referred to in subparagraph (C) that have important aboriginal, cultural, environmental, or archaeological significance in order to determine the appropriate method to manage and protect such lands following relinquishment of such lands by the Secretary of the Air Force. The study shall consider whether such lands can be better managed by the Federal Government or through conveyance of such lands to another appropriate entity.

(B) In carrying out the study required by subparagraph (A), the Secretary of the Interior shall work with the affected tribes and other Federal and State agencies having experience and knowledge of the matters covered by the study, including all applicable laws relating to the management of the resources referred to in subparagraph (A) on the lands referred to in that subparagraph.

(C) The lands referred to in subparagraph (A) are four tracts of land currently included within the military land withdrawal for the Barry M. Goldwater Air Force Range in the State of Arizona, but that have been identified by the Air Force as unnecessary for military purposes in the Air Force’s

PUBLIC LAW 106-65—OCT. 5, 1999

113 STAT. 899

Draft Legislative Environmental Impact Statement, dated September 1998, and are depicted in figure 2-1 at page 2-7 of such statement, as amended by figure A at page 177 of volume 2 of the Air Force's Final Legislative Environmental Impact Statement, dated March 1999, as the following:

(i) Area 1 (the Sand Tank Mountains) containing approximately 83,554 acres.

(ii) Area 9 (the Sentinel Plain) containing approximately 24,756 acres.

(iii) Area 13 (lands surrounding the Ajo Airport) containing approximately 2,779 acres.

(iv) Interstate 8 Vicinity Non-renewal Area containing approximately 1,090 acres.

(D) Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior shall submit to Congress a report containing the results of the study required by subparagraph (A). Deadline.

(b) MANAGEMENT OF WITHDRAWN AND RESERVED LANDS.—

(1) GENERAL MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY.—(A) During the period of the withdrawal and reservation of lands by this section, the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force shall manage the lands withdrawn and reserved by this section for the military purposes specified in this section, and in accordance with the integrated natural resource management plan prepared pursuant to paragraph (3).

(B) Responsibility for the natural and cultural resources management of the lands referred to in subparagraph (A), and the enforcement of Federal laws related thereto, shall not transfer under that subparagraph before the earlier of—

(i) the date on which the integrated natural resources management plan required by paragraph (3) is completed; or

(ii) November 6, 2001.

(C) The Secretary of the Interior may, if appropriate, transfer responsibility for the natural and cultural resources of the lands referred to in subparagraph (A) to the Department of the Interior pursuant to paragraph (7).

(2) ACCESS RESTRICTIONS.—(A) If the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force determines that military operations, public safety, or national security require the closure to the public of any road, trail, or other portion of lands withdrawn and reserved by this section, the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force may take such action as the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force determines necessary or desirable to effect and maintain such closure.

(B) Any closure under this paragraph shall be limited to the minimum areas and periods that the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force determines are required for the purposes specified in subparagraph (A).

(C) Before any nonemergency closure under this paragraph not specified in the integrated natural resources management plan required by paragraph (3), the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force shall consult with the Secretary of the Interior and, where such closure may affect tribal lands, treaty rights, or sacred sites, the Secretary of the Navy

113 STAT. 900

or the Secretary of the Air Force shall consult, at the earliest practicable time, with affected Indian tribes.

(D) Immediately before and during any closure under this paragraph, the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force shall post appropriate warning notices and take other steps, as necessary, to notify the public of such closure.

(3) INTEGRATED NATURAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT PLAN.—

Deadline.

(A) Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Air Force, and the Secretary of the Interior shall jointly prepare an integrated natural resources management plan for the lands withdrawn and reserved by this section.

(B) The Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Interior may jointly prepare a separate plan pursuant to this paragraph.

(C) Any disagreement concerning the contents of a plan under this paragraph, or any subsequent amendments to the plan, shall be resolved by the Secretary of the Navy for the West Range and the Secretary of the Air Force for the East Range, after consultation with the Secretary of the Interior through the State Director, Bureau of Land Management and, as appropriate, the Regional Director, United States Fish and Wildlife Service. This authority may be delegated to the installation commanders.

(D) Any plan under this paragraph shall be prepared and implemented in accordance with the Sikes Act (16 U.S.C. 670 et seq.) and the requirements of this section.

(E) A plan under this paragraph for lands withdrawn and reserved by this section shall—

(i) include provisions for proper management and protection of the natural and cultural resources of such lands, and for sustainable use by the public of such resources to the extent consistent with the military purposes for which such lands are withdrawn and reserved by this section;

(ii) be developed in consultation with affected Indian tribes and include provisions that address how the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force intend to—

(I) meet the trust responsibilities of the United States with respect to Indian tribes, lands, and rights reserved by treaty or Federal law affected by the withdrawal and reservation;

(II) allow access to and ceremonial use of sacred sites to the extent consistent with the military purposes for which such lands are withdrawn and reserved; and

(III) provide for timely consultation with affected Indian tribes;

(iii) provide that any hunting, fishing, and trapping on such lands be conducted in accordance with the provisions of section 2671 of title 10, United States Code;

113 STAT. 901

(iv) provide for continued livestock grazing and agricultural out-leasing where it currently exists in accordance with the provisions of section 2667 of title 10, United States Code, and at the discretion of the Secretary of the

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113 STAT. 901

Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be;

(v) identify current test and target impact areas and related buffer or safety zones;

(vi) provide that the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force—

(I) shall take necessary actions to prevent, suppress, and manage brush and range fires occurring within the boundaries of the Barry M. Goldwater Range, as well as brush and range fires occurring outside the boundaries of the Barry M. Goldwater Range resulting from military activities; and

(II) may obligate funds appropriated or otherwise available to the Secretaries to enter into memoranda of understanding, and cooperative agreements that shall reimburse the Secretary of the Interior for costs incurred under this clause;

(vii) provide that all gates, fences, and barriers constructed on such lands after the date of the enactment of this Act be designed and erected to allow wildlife access, to the extent practicable and consistent with military security, safety, and sound wildlife management use;

(viii) incorporate any existing management plans pertaining to such lands, to the extent that the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Air Force, and the Secretary of the Interior, upon reviewing such plans, mutually determine that incorporation of such plans into a plan under this paragraph is appropriate;

(ix) include procedures to ensure that the periodic reviews of the plan under the Sikes Act are conducted jointly by the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Air Force, and the Secretary of the Interior, and that affected States and Indian tribes, and the public, are provided a meaningful opportunity to comment upon any substantial revisions to the plan that may be proposed; and

(x) provide procedures to amend the plan as necessary.

(4) MEMORANDA OF UNDERSTANDING AND COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—(A) The Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force may enter into memoranda of understanding or cooperative agreements with the Secretary of the Interior or other appropriate Federal, State, or local agencies, Indian tribes, or other public or private organizations or institutions for purposes of implementing an integrated natural resources management plan prepared under paragraph (3).

(B) Any memorandum of understanding or cooperative agreement under subparagraph (A) affecting integrated natural resources management may be combined, where appropriate, with any other memorandum of understanding or cooperative agreement entered into under this subtitle, and shall not be subject to the provisions of chapter 63 of title 31, United States Code.

(5) PUBLIC REPORTS.—(A)(i) Concurrent with each review of the integrated natural resources management plan under paragraph (3) pursuant to subparagraph (E)(ix) of that paragraph, the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Air Force, and the Secretary of the Interior shall jointly prepare

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and issue a report describing changes in the condition of the lands withdrawn and reserved by this section from the later of the date of any previous report under this paragraph or the date of the environmental impact statement prepared to support this section.

(ii) Any report under clause (i) shall include a summary of current military use of the lands referred to in that clause, any changes in military use of the lands since the previous report, and efforts related to the management of natural and cultural resources and environmental remediation of the lands during the previous five years.

(iii) Any report under this subparagraph may be combined with any report required by the Sikes Act.

(iv) Any disagreements concerning the contents of a report under this subparagraph shall be resolved by the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force. This authority may be delegated to the installation commanders.

(B)(i) Before the finalization of any report under this paragraph, the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Air Force, and the Secretary of the Interior shall invite interested members of the public to review and comment on the report, and shall hold at least one public meeting concerning the report in a location or locations reasonably accessible to persons who may be affected by management of the lands addressed by the report.

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(ii) Each public meeting under clause (i) shall be announced not less than 15 days before the date of the meeting by advertisements in local newspapers of general circulation, publication of an announcement in the Federal Register, and any other means considered necessary.

(C) The final version of any report under this paragraph shall be made available to the public and submitted to appropriate committees of Congress.

Deadline.

(6) INTERGOVERNMENTAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—(A) Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Air Force, and the Secretary of the Interior shall, by memorandum of understanding, establish an intergovernmental executive committee comprised of selected representatives from interested Federal agencies, as well as at least one elected officer (or other authorized representative) from State government and at least one elected officer (or other authorized representative) from each local and tribal government as may be designated at the discretion of the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Air Force, and the Secretary of the Interior.

(B) The intergovernmental executive committee shall be established solely for the purpose of exchanging views, information, and advice relating to the management of the natural and cultural resources of the lands withdrawn and reserved by this section.

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(C) The intergovernmental executive committee shall operate in accordance with the terms set forth in the memorandum of understanding under subparagraph (A), which shall specify the Federal agencies and elected officers or representatives of State, local, and tribal governments to be invited to participate.

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(D) The memorandum of understanding under subparagraph (A) shall establish procedures for creating a forum for exchanging views, information, and advice relating to the management of natural and cultural resources on the lands concerned, procedures for rotating the chair of the intergovernmental executive committee, and procedures for scheduling regular meetings.

(E) The Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force shall, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior, appoint an individual to serve as coordinator of the intergovernmental executive committee. The duties of the coordinator shall be included in the memorandum of understanding under subparagraph (A). The coordinator shall not be a member of the committee.

(7) TRANSFER OF MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY.—(A)(i) If the Secretary of the Interior determines that the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force has failed to manage lands withdrawn and reserved by this section for military purposes in accordance with the integrated natural resource management plan for such lands under paragraph (3), and that failure to do so is resulting in significant and verifiable degradation of the natural or cultural resources of such lands, the Secretary of the Interior shall give the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be, written notice of such determination, a description of the deficiencies in management practices by the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be, and an explanation of the methodology employed in reaching the determination.

(ii) Not later than 60 days after the date a notification under clause (i) is received, the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be, shall submit a response to the Secretary of the Interior, which response may include a plan of action for addressing any deficiencies identified in the notice in the conduct of management responsibility and for preventing further significant degradation of the natural or cultural resources of the lands concerned.

Deadline.

(iii) If, not earlier than three months after the date a notification under clause (i) is received, the Secretary of the Interior determines that deficiencies identified in the notice are not being corrected, and that significant and verifiable degradation of the natural or cultural resources of the lands concerned is continuing, the Secretary of the Interior may, not earlier than 90 days after the date on which the Secretary of the Interior submits to the committees referred to in section 3032(d)(3) notice and a report on the determination, transfer management responsibility for the natural and cultural resources of such lands from the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be, to the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with a schedule for such transfer established by the Secretary of the Interior.

(B) After a transfer of management responsibility pursuant to subparagraph (A), the Secretary of the Interior may transfer management responsibility back to the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force if the Secretary of the Interior determines that adequate procedures and plans have been

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established to ensure that the lands concerned will be adequately managed by the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be, in accordance with the integrated natural resources management plan for such lands under paragraph (3).

(C) For any period during which the Secretary of the Interior has management responsibility under this paragraph for lands withdrawn and reserved by this section, the integrated natural resources management plan for such lands under paragraph (3), including any amendments to the plan, shall remain in effect, pending the development of a management plan prepared pursuant to the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), in cooperation with the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force.

(D) Assumption by the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to this paragraph of management responsibility for the natural and cultural resources of lands shall not affect the use of such lands for military purposes, and the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be, shall continue to direct military activities on such lands.

(8) PAYMENT FOR SERVICES.—The Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force shall assume all costs for implementation of an integrated natural resources management plan under paragraph (3), including payment to the Secretary of the Interior under section 1535 of title 31, United States Code, for any costs the Secretary of the Interior incurs in providing goods or services to assist the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be, in the implementation of the integrated natural resources management plan.

(9) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

(A) The term “Indian tribe” means an Indian or Alaska Native tribe, band, nation, pueblo, village, or community that the Secretary of the Interior acknowledges to exist as an Indian tribe pursuant to the Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994 (25 U.S.C. 479 et seq.).

(B) The term “sacred site” means any specific, discrete, narrowly delineated location on Federal land that is identified by an Indian tribe, or its designee, as sacred by virtue of its established religious significance to, or ceremonial use by, an Indian religion, but only to the extent that the tribe or its designee, has informed the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force of the existence of such site. Neither the Secretary of the Department of Defense, the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Air Force, nor the Secretary of the Interior shall be required under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, to make available to the public any information concerning the location, character, or use of any traditional Indian religious or sacred site located on lands withdrawn and reserved by this subsection.

(c) ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS.—

(1) DURING WITHDRAWAL AND RESERVATION.—Throughout the duration of the withdrawal and reservation of lands by this section, including the duration of any renewal or extension, and with respect both to the activities undertaken by the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force on

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such lands and to all activities occurring on such lands during such times as the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force may exercise management jurisdiction over such lands, the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force shall—

(A) be responsible for and pay all costs related to the compliance of the Department of the Navy or the Department of the Air Force, as the case may be, with applicable Federal, State, and local environmental laws, regulations, rules, and standards;

(B) carry out and maintain in accordance with the requirements of all regulations, rules, and standards issued by the Department of Defense pursuant to chapter 160 of title 10, United States Code, relating to the Defense Environmental Restoration Program, the joint board on ammunition storage established under section 172 of that title, and Executive Order No. 12580, a program to address—

(i) any release or substantial threat of release attributable to military munitions (including unexploded ordnance) and other constituents; and

(ii) any release or substantial threat of release, regardless of its source, occurring on or emanating from such lands during the period of withdrawal and reservation; and

(C) provide to the Secretary of the Interior a copy of any report prepared by the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be, pursuant to any Federal, State, or local environmental law, regulation, rule, or standard.

(2) BEFORE RELINQUISHMENT OR TERMINATION.—

(A) ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW.—(i) Upon notifying the Secretary of the Interior that the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force intends, pursuant to subsection (f), to relinquish jurisdiction over lands withdrawn and reserved by this section, the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force shall provide to the Secretary of the Interior an environmental baseline survey, military range assessment, or other environmental review characterizing the environmental condition of the land, air, and water resources affected by the activities undertaken by the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be, on and over such lands.

(ii) If hazardous substances were stored for one year or more, known to have been released or disposed of, or if a substantial threat of release exists, on lands referred to in clause (i), any environmental review under that clause shall include notice of the type and quantity of such hazardous substances and notice of the time during which such storage, release, substantial threat of release, or disposal took place.

(B) MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING.—(i) In addition to any other requirements under this section, the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Air Force, and the Secretary of the Interior may enter into a memorandum of

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understanding to implement the environmental remediation requirements of this section.

(ii) The memorandum of understanding under clause (i) may include appropriate, technically feasible, and mutually acceptable cleanup standards that the concerned Secretaries believe environmental remediation activities shall achieve and a schedule for completing cleanup activities to meet such standards.

(iii) Cleanup standards under clause (ii) shall be consistent with any legally applicable or relevant and appropriate standard, requirement, criteria, or limitation otherwise required by law.

(C) ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION.—With respect to lands to be relinquished pursuant to subsection (f), the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force shall take all actions necessary to address any release or substantial threat of release, regardless of its source, occurring on or emanating from such lands during the period of withdrawal and reservation under this section. To the extent practicable, all such response actions shall be taken before the termination of the withdrawal and reservation of such lands under this section.

(D) CONSULTATION.—If the Secretary of the Interior accepts the relinquishment of jurisdiction over any lands withdrawn and reserved by this section before all necessary response actions under this section have been completed, the Secretary of the Interior shall consult with the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be, before undertaking or authorizing any activities on such lands that may affect existing releases, interfere with the installation, maintenance, or operation of any response action, or expose any person to a safety or health risk associated with either the releases or the response action being undertaken.

(3) RESPONSIBILITY AND LIABILITY.—(A) The Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force, and not the Secretary of the Interior, shall be responsible for and conduct the necessary remediation of all releases or substantial threats of release, whether located on or emanating from lands withdrawn and reserved by this section, and whether known at the time of relinquishment or termination or subsequently discovered, attributable to management of the lands withdrawn and reserved by this section by the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be, or the use, management, storage, release, treatment, or disposal of hazardous materials, hazardous substances, hazardous wastes, pollutants, contaminants, petroleum products and their derivatives, military munitions, or other constituents on such lands by the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be.

(B) Responsibility under subparagraph (A) shall include liability for any costs or claims asserted against the United States for activities referred to in that subparagraph.

(C) Nothing in this paragraph is intended to prevent the United States from bringing a cost recovery, contribution, or other action against third persons or parties the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force reasonably believes

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may have contributed to a release or substantial threat of release.

(4) OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES.—If the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force delegates responsibility or jurisdiction to another Federal agency over, or permits another Federal agency to operate on, lands withdrawn and reserved by this section, the agency shall assume all responsibility and liability described in paragraph (3) for their activities with respect to such lands.

(5) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

(A)(i) The term “military munitions”—

(I) means all ammunition products and components produced or used by or for the Department of Defense or the Armed Services for national defense and security, including military munitions under the control of the Department of Defense, the Coast Guard, the Department of Energy, and National Guard personnel;

(II) includes confined gaseous, liquid, and solid propellants, explosives, pyrotechnics, chemical and riot control agents, smokes, and incendiaries used by and for Department of Defense components, including bulk explosives and chemical warfare agents, chemical munitions, rockets, guided and ballistic missiles, bombs, warheads, mortar rounds, artillery ammunition, small arms ammunition, grenades, mines, torpedoes, depth charges, cluster munitions and dispensers, demolition charges, and devices and components thereof; and

(III) includes nonnuclear components of nuclear devices managed under the nuclear weapons program of the Department of Energy after all required sanitization operations under the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.) have been completed.

(ii) The term does not include wholly inert items, improvised explosive devices, and nuclear weapons, nuclear devices, and nuclear components thereof.

(B) The term “unexploded ordnance” means military munitions that have been primed, fused, armed, or otherwise prepared for action, and have been fired, dropped, launched, projected, or placed in such a manner as to constitute a hazard or potential hazard, to operations, installation, personnel, or material, and remain unexploded either by malfunction, design, or other cause.

(C) The term “other constituents” means potentially hazardous compounds, mixtures, or elements that are released from military munitions or unexploded ordnance or result from other activities on military ranges.

(d) DURATION OF WITHDRAWAL AND RESERVATIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Unless extended pursuant to subsection (e), the withdrawal and reservation of lands by this section shall terminate 25 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, except as otherwise provided in subsection (f)(4).

(2) OPENING.—On the date of the termination of the withdrawal and reservation of lands by this section, such lands shall not be open to any form of appropriation under the general land laws, including the mining laws and the mineral leasing

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and geothermal leasing laws, until the Secretary of the Interior publishes in the Federal Register an appropriate order stating the date upon which such lands shall be restored to the public domain and opened.

(e) EXTENSION OF INITIAL WITHDRAWAL AND RESERVATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than three years before the termination date of the initial withdrawal and reservation of lands by this section, the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force shall notify Congress and the Secretary of the Interior concerning whether the Navy or Air Force, as the case may be, will have a continuing military need, after such termination date, for all or any portion of such lands.

(2) DUTIES REGARDING CONTINUING MILITARY NEED.—(A) If the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force determines that there will be a continuing military need for any lands withdrawn by this section, the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be, shall—

(i) consult with the Secretary of the Interior concerning any adjustments to be made to the extent of, or to the allocation of management responsibility for, such lands; and

(ii) file with the Secretary of the Interior, not later than one year after the notice required by paragraph (1), an application for extension of the withdrawal and reservation of such lands.

(B) The general procedures of the Department of the Interior for processing Federal Land withdrawals notwithstanding, any application for extension under this paragraph shall be considered complete if it includes the following:

(i) The information required by section 3 of the Engle Act (43 U.S.C. 157), except that no information shall be required concerning the use or development of mineral, timber, or grazing resources unless, and to the extent, the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force proposes to use or develop such resources during the period of extension.

(ii) A copy of the most recent public report prepared in accordance with subsection (b)(5).

Deadline.

(3) LEGISLATIVE PROPOSALS.—The Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of the Air Force shall ensure that any legislative proposal for the extension of the withdrawal and reservation of lands under this section is submitted to Congress not later than May 1 of the year preceding the year in which the existing withdrawal and reservation would otherwise terminate under this section.

(f) TERMINATION AND RELINQUISHMENT.—

Deadline.

(1) NOTICE OF INTENT TO RELINQUISH.—At any time during the withdrawal and reservation of lands under this section, but not later than three years before the termination of the withdrawal and reservation, if the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force determines that there is no continuing military need for lands withdrawn and reserved by this section, or any portion of such lands, the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be, shall notify the Secretary of the Interior of an intent

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to relinquish jurisdiction over such lands, which notice shall specify the proposed date of relinquishment.

(2) **AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT RELINQUISHMENT.**—The Secretary of the Interior may accept jurisdiction over any lands covered by a notice of intent to relinquish jurisdiction under this subsection if the Secretary of the Interior determines that the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force has taken the environmental response actions required under this section.

(3) **ORDER.**—If the Secretary of the Interior accepts jurisdiction over lands covered by a notice of intent to relinquish jurisdiction under this subsection before the termination date of the withdrawal and reservation of such lands under this section, the Secretary of the Interior shall publish in the Federal Register an appropriate order that shall—

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(A) terminate the withdrawal and reservation of such lands under this section;

(B) constitute official acceptance of administrative jurisdiction over such lands by the Secretary of the Interior; and

(C) state the date upon which such lands shall be opened to the operation of the general land laws, including the mining laws and the mineral leasing and geothermal leasing laws, if appropriate.

(4) **JURISDICTION PENDING RELINQUISHMENT.**—(A) Notwithstanding the termination date, unless and until the Secretary of the Interior accepts jurisdiction of land proposed for relinquishment under this subsection, or until the Administrator of General Services accepts jurisdiction of such lands under the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (40 U.S.C. 251 et seq.), such lands shall remain under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be, for the limited purposes of—

(i) environmental response actions under this section; and

(ii) continued land management responsibilities pursuant to the integrated natural resources management plan for such lands under subsection (b)(3).

(B) For any land that the Secretary of the Interior determines to be suitable for return to the public domain, but does not agree with the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force that all necessary environmental response actions under this section have been taken, the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be, and the Secretary of the Interior shall resolve the dispute in accordance with any applicable dispute resolution process.

(C) For any land that the Secretary of the Interior determines to be unsuitable for return to the public domain, the Secretary of the Interior shall immediately notify the Administrator of General Services.

(5) **SCOPE OF FUNCTIONS.**—All functions described under this subsection, including transfers, relinquishes, extensions, and other determinations, may be made on a parcel-by-parcel basis.

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(g) **DELEGATIONS OF FUNCTIONS.**—The functions of the Secretary of the Interior under this section may be delegated, except

that the following determinations and decisions may be approved and signed only by the Secretary of the Interior, the Deputy Secretary of the Interior, an Assistant Secretary of the Interior, or the Director, Bureau of Land Management:

(1) Decisions to accept transfer, relinquishment, or jurisdiction of lands under this section and to open such lands to operation of the public land laws.

(2) Decisions to transfer management responsibility from or to a military department pursuant to subsection (b)(7).

SEC. 3032. MILITARY USE OF CABEZA PRIETA NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE AND CABEZA PRIETA WILDERNESS.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The historic use of the areas designated as the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge and the Cabeza Prieta Wilderness by the Marine Corps and the Air Force has been integral to the effective operation of the Barry M. Goldwater Air Force Range.

(2) Continued use of the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge and Cabeza Prieta Wilderness by the Marine Corps and the Air Force to support military aviation training will remain necessary to ensure the readiness of the Armed Forces.

(3) The historic use of the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge and Cabeza Prieta Wilderness by the Marine Corps and the Air Force has coexisted for many years with the wildlife conservation and wilderness purposes for which the refuge and wilderness were established.

(4) The designation of the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge and the Cabeza Prieta Wilderness recognizes the area as one of our nation's most ecologically and culturally valuable areas.

(b) **MANAGEMENT AND USE OF REFUGE AND WILDERNESS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of the Interior, in coordination with the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force, shall manage the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge and Cabeza Prieta Wilderness—

(A) for the purposes for which the refuge and wilderness were established; and

(B) to support current and future military aviation training needs consistent with the November 21, 1994, memorandum of understanding among the Department of the Interior, the Department of the Navy, and the Department of the Air Force, including any extension or other amendment of such memorandum of understanding under this section.

(2) **CONSTRUCTION.**—Except as otherwise provided in this section, nothing in this subtitle shall be construed to effect the following:

(A) The National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act of 1966 (16 U.S.C. 668dd et seq.) or any other law related to management of the National Wildlife Refuge System.

(B) Any Executive order or public land order in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act with respect to the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge.

(c) **EXTENSION OF MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING.**—The Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary

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of the Air Force shall extend the memorandum of understanding referred to in subsection (b)(1)(B). The memorandum of understanding shall be extended for a period that coincides with the duration of the withdrawal and reservation of the Barry M. Goldwater Air Force Range made by section 3031.

(d) OTHER AMENDMENTS OF MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING.—

(1) AMENDMENTS TO MEET MILITARY AVIATION TRAINING NEEDS.—(A) When determined by the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force to be essential to support military aviation training, the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Air Force, and the Secretary of the Interior shall negotiate amendments to the memorandum of understanding referred to in subsection (b)(1)(B) in order—

(i) to revise existing or establish new low-level training routes or to otherwise accommodate low-level overflight;

(ii) to establish new or enlarged areas closed to public use as surface safety zones; or

(iii) to accommodate the maintenance, upgrade, replacement, or installation of existing or new associated ground instrumentation.

(B) Any amendment of the memorandum of understanding shall be consistent with the responsibilities under law of the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Air Force, and the Secretary of the Interior, respectively.

(C) As provided by the existing provisions of the National Wildlife Refuge System Improvement Act of 1997 (Public Law 105-57) and the Arizona Desert Wilderness Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-628), amendments to the memorandum of understanding to revise existing or establish new low-level training routes or to otherwise accommodate low-level overflight are not subject to compatibility determinations nor precluded by the designation of lands within the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge as wilderness.

(D) Amendments to the memorandum of understanding with respect to the upgrade or replacement of existing associated ground instrumentation or the installation of new associated ground instrumentation shall not be precluded by the existing designation of lands within the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge as wilderness to the extent that the Secretary of the Interior, after consultation with the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force, determines that such actions, considered both individually and cumulatively, create similar or less impact than the existing ground instrumentation permitted by the Arizona Desert Wilderness Act of 1990.

(2) OTHER AMENDMENTS.—The Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of the Navy, or the Secretary of the Air Force may initiate renegotiation of the memorandum of understanding at any time to address other needed changes, and the memorandum of understanding may be amended to accommodate such changes by the mutual consent of the parties consistent with their respective responsibilities under law.

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(3) EFFECTIVE DATE OF AMENDMENTS.—Amendments to the memorandum of understanding shall take effect 90 days after the date on which the Secretary of the Interior submits notice of such amendments to the Committees on Environment and

Public Works, Energy and Natural Resources, and Armed Services of the Senate and the Committees on Resources and Armed Services of the House of Representatives.

(e) ACCESS RESTRICTIONS.—If the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force determines that military operations, public safety, or national security require the closure to the public of any road, trail, or other portion of the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge or the Cabeza Prieta Wilderness, the Secretary of the Interior shall take such action as is determined necessary or desirable to effect and maintain such closure, including agreeing to amend the memorandum of understanding to establish new or enhanced surface safety zones.

(f) STATUS OF CONTAMINATED LANDS.—

(1) DECONTAMINATION.—Throughout the duration of the withdrawal of the Barry M. Goldwater Range under section 3031, the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force shall, to the extent that funds are made available for such purpose, carry out a program of decontamination of the portion of the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge and the Cabeza Prieta Wilderness used for military training purposes that maintains a level of cleanup of such lands equivalent to the level of cleanup of such lands as of the date of the enactment of this Act. Any environmental contamination of the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge or the Cabeza Prieta Wilderness caused or contributed to by the Department of the Navy or the Department of the Air Force shall be the responsibility of the Department of the Navy or the Department of the Air Force, respectively, and not the responsibility of the Department of the Interior.

(2) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as constituting or effecting a relinquishment within the meaning of section 8 of the Military Lands Withdrawal Act of 1986 (Public Law 99-606).

SEC. 3033. MAPS AND LEGAL DESCRIPTION.

(a) PUBLICATION AND FILING.—As soon as practicable after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior shall—

(1) publish in the Federal Register a notice containing the legal description of the lands withdrawn and reserved by this subtitle; and

(2) file maps and the legal description of the lands withdrawn and reserved by this subtitle with the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives.

(b) TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.—Such maps and legal description shall have the same force and effect as if included in this subtitle, except that the Secretary of the Interior may correct clerical and typographical errors in such maps and legal description.

(c) AVAILABILITY FOR PUBLIC INSPECTION.—Copies of such maps and legal descriptions shall be available for public inspection in the offices of the Director and appropriate State Directors and field office managers of the Bureau of Land Management, the office of the commander, Luke Air Force Base, Arizona, the office of the commander, Marine Corps Air Station, Yuma, Arizona, and the Office of the Secretary of Defense.

(d) REIMBURSEMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall reimburse the Secretary of the Interior for any costs incurred by the Secretary of the Interior in implementing this section.

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(e) DELEGATIONS.—

(1) MILITARY DEPARTMENTS.—The functions of the Secretary of Defense, or of the Secretary of a military department, under this section may be delegated.

(2) DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR.—The functions of the Secretary of the Interior under this section may be delegated.

SEC. 3034. WATER RIGHTS.

Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed to establish a reservation to the United States with respect to any water or water right on lands covered by section 3031 or 3032. No provision of this subtitle shall be construed as authorizing the appropriation of water on lands covered by section 3031 or 3032 by the United States after the date of the enactment of this Act, except in accordance with the law of the State in which such lands are located. This section shall not be construed to affect water rights acquired by the United States before the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 3035. HUNTING, FISHING, AND TRAPPING.

All hunting, fishing, and trapping on lands withdrawn by this subtitle shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of section 2671 of title 10, United States Code, except that hunting, fishing, and trapping within the Cabeza Prieta National Wildlife Refuge shall be conducted in accordance with the National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act of 1966 (16 U.S.C. 668dd et seq.), the Recreation Use of Wildlife Areas Act of 1969 (16 U.S.C. 460k et seq.), and other laws applicable to the National Wildlife Refuge System.

SEC. 3036. USE OF MINERAL MATERIALS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subtitle or the Act of July 31, 1947 (commonly known as the Materials Act of 1947; 30 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), the Secretary of the military department concerned may use sand, gravel, or similar mineral material resources of the type subject to disposition under that Act from lands withdrawn and reserved by this subtitle if use of such resources is required for construction needs on such lands.

SEC. 3037. IMMUNITY OF UNITED STATES.

The United States and all departments or agencies thereof shall be held harmless and shall not be liable for any injuries or damages to persons or property suffered in the course of any mining or mineral or geothermal leasing activity conducted on lands covered by section 3031.

* * * * *

Approved October 5, 1999.

113 STAT. 976

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1059 (H.R. 1401):

HOUSE REPORTS: Nos. 106-162 accompanying H.R. 1401 (Comm. on Armed Services) and 106-301 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-50 (Comm. on Armed Services).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):

May 24-27, considered and passed Senate.

June 14, considered and passed House, amended, in lieu of H.R. 1401.

Sept. 15, House agreed to conference report.

Sept. 21, 22, Senate considered and agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 35 (1999):

Oct. 5, Presidential remarks and statement.



52. Timbisha Shoshone Homeland Act

PUBLIC LAW 106–423—NOV. 1, 2000

114 STAT. 1875

Public Law 106–423
106th Congress**An Act**To provide to the Timbisha Shoshone Tribe a permanent land base within its
aboriginal homeland, and for other purposes.Nov. 1, 2000
[S. 2102]*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of
the United States of America in Congress assembled,***SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**This Act may be cited as the “Timbisha Shoshone Homeland
Act”.Timbisha
Shoshone
Homeland Act.
California.
Nevada.
Historic
preservation.
16 USC 410aaa
note.
16 USC 410aaa
note.**SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

Congress finds the following:

(1) Since time immemorial, the Timbisha Shoshone Tribe has lived in portions of California and Nevada. The Tribe’s ancestral homeland includes the area that now comprises Death Valley National Park and other areas of California and Nevada now administered by the Bureau of Land Management.

(2) Since 1936, the Tribe has lived and governed the affairs of the Tribe on approximately 40 acres of land near Furnace Creek in the Park.

(3) The Tribe achieved Federal recognition in 1983 but does not have a land base within the Tribe’s ancestral homeland.

(4) Since the Tribe commenced use and occupancy of the Furnace Creek area, the Tribe’s membership has grown. Tribal members have a desire and need for housing, government and administrative facilities, cultural facilities, and sustainable economic development to provide decent, safe, and healthy conditions for themselves and their families.

(5) The interests of both the Tribe and the National Park Service would be enhanced by recognizing their coexistence on the same land and by establishing partnerships for compatible land uses and for the interpretation of the Tribe’s history and culture for visitors to the Park.

(6) The interests of both the Tribe and the United States would be enhanced by the establishment of a land base for the Tribe and by further delineation of the rights and obligations of each with respect to the Furnace Creek area and to the Park as a whole.

SEC. 3. PURPOSES.16 USC 410aaa
note.

Consistent with the recommendations of the report required by section 705(b) of the California Desert Protection Act of 1994 (Public Law 103–433; 108 Stat. 4498), the purposes of this Act are—

114 STAT. 1876

PUBLIC LAW 106-423—NOV. 1, 2000

(1) to provide in trust to the Tribe land on which the Tribe can live permanently and govern the Tribe's affairs in a modern community within the ancestral homeland of the Tribe outside and within the Park;

(2) to formally recognize the contributions by the Tribe to the history, culture, and ecology of the Park and surrounding area;

(3) to ensure that the resources within the Park are protected and enhanced by—

(A) cooperative activities within the Tribe's ancestral homeland; and

(B) partnerships between the Tribe and the National Park Service and partnerships involving the Bureau of Land Management;

(4) to ensure that such activities are not in derogation of the purposes and values for which the Park was established;

(5) to provide opportunities for a richer visitor experience at the Park through direct interactions between visitors and the Tribe including guided tours, interpretation, and the establishment of a tribal museum and cultural center;

(6) to provide appropriate opportunities for economically viable and ecologically sustainable visitor-related development, by the Tribe within the Park, that is not in derogation of the purposes and values for which the Park was established; and

(7) to provide trust lands for the Tribe in 4 separate parcels of land that is now managed by the Bureau of Land Management and authorize the purchase of 2 parcels now held in private ownership to be taken into trust for the Tribe.

16 USC 410aaa
note.

SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

(1) **PARK.**—The term “Park” means Death Valley National Park, including any additions to that Park.

(2) **SECRETARY.**—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior or the designee of the Secretary.

(3) **TRIBAL.**—The term “tribal” means of or pertaining to the Tribe.

(4) **TRIBE.**—The term “Tribe” means the Timbisha Shoshone Tribe, a tribe of American Indians recognized by the United States pursuant to part 83 of title 25, Code of Federal Regulations (or any corresponding similar regulation or ruling).

(5) **TRUST LANDS.**—The term “trust lands” means those lands taken into trust pursuant to this Act.

16 USC 410aaa
note.

SEC. 5. TRIBAL RIGHTS AND AUTHORITY ON THE TIMBISHA SHOSHONE HOMELAND.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to valid existing rights (existing on the date of enactment of this Act), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the lands, including improvements and appurtenances, described in subsection (b) are declared to be held in trust by the United States for the benefit of the Tribe. All maps referred to in subsection (b) shall be on file and available for public inspection in the appropriate offices of the National Park Service and the Bureau of Land Management.

(b) **PARK LANDS AND BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT LANDS DESCRIBED.**—

PUBLIC LAW 106-423—NOV. 1, 2000

114 STAT. 1877

(1) IN GENERAL.—The following lands and water shall be held in trust for the Tribe pursuant to subsection (a):

(A) Furnace Creek, Death Valley National Park, California, an area of 313.99 acres for community development, residential development, historic restoration, and visitor-related economic development, depicted as Tract 37 on the map of Township 27 North, Range 1 East, of the San Bernardino Meridian, California, numbered Map #1 and dated December 2, 1999, together with 92 acre feet per annum of surface and ground water for the purposes associated with the transfer of such lands. This area shall include a 25-acre, nondevelopment zone at the north end of the area and an Adobe Restoration zone containing several historic adobe homes, which shall be managed by the Tribe as a tribal historic district.

(B) Death Valley Junction, California, an area of approximately 1,000 acres, as generally depicted on the map entitled “Death Valley Junction, California”, numbered Map #2 and dated April 12, 2000, together with 15.1 acre feet per annum of ground water for the purposes associated with the transfer of such lands.

(C)(i) Centennial, California, an area of approximately 640 acres, as generally depicted on the map entitled “Centennial, California”, numbered Map #3 and dated April 12, 2000, together with an amount of ground water not to exceed 10 acre feet per annum for the purposes associated with the transfer of such lands.

(ii) If the Secretary determines that there is insufficient ground water available on the lands described in clause (i) to satisfy the Tribe’s right to ground water to fulfill the purposes associated with the transfer of such lands, then the Tribe and the Secretary shall, within 2 years of such determination, identify approximately 640 acres of land that are administered by the Bureau of Land Management in that portion of Inyo County, California, to the north and east of the China Lake Naval Weapons Center, to be a mutually agreed upon substitute for the lands described in clause (i). If the Secretary determines that sufficient water is available to fulfill the purposes associated with the transfer of the lands described in the preceding sentence, then the Tribe shall request that the Secretary accept such lands into trust for the benefit of the Timbisha Shoshone Tribe, and the Secretary shall accept such lands, together with an amount of water not to exceed 10 acre feet per annum, into trust for the Tribe as a substitute for the lands described in clause (i).

(D) Scotty’s Junction, Nevada, an area of approximately 2,800 acres, as generally depicted on the map entitled “Scotty’s Junction, Nevada”, numbered Map #4 and dated April 12, 2000, together with 375.5 acre feet per annum of ground water for the purposes associated with the transfer of such lands.

(E) Lida, Nevada, Community Parcel, an area of approximately 3,000 acres, as generally depicted on the map entitled “Lida, Nevada, Community Parcel”, numbered Map #5 and dated April 12, 2000, together with 14.7 acre

114 STAT. 1878

PUBLIC LAW 106-423—NOV. 1, 2000

feet per annum of ground water for the purposes associated with the transfer of such lands.

(2) WATER RIGHTS.—The priority date of the Federal water rights described in subparagraphs (A) through (E) of paragraph (1) shall be the date of enactment of this Act, and such Federal water rights shall be junior to Federal and State water rights existing on such date of enactment. Such Federal water rights shall not be subject to relinquishment, forfeiture or abandonment.

(3) LIMITATIONS ON FURNACE CREEK AREA DEVELOPMENT.—

(A) DEVELOPMENT.—Recognizing the mutual interests and responsibilities of the Tribe and the National Park Service in and for the conservation and protection of the resources in the area described in paragraph (1), development in the area shall be limited to—

(i) for purposes of community and residential development—

(I) a maximum of 50 single-family residences; and

(II) a tribal community center with space for tribal offices, recreation facilities, a multipurpose room and kitchen, and senior and youth facilities;

(ii) for purposes of economic development—

(I) a small-to-moderate desert inn; and

(II) a tribal museum and cultural center with a gift shop; and

(iii) the infrastructure necessary to support the level of development described in clauses (i) and (ii).

(B) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (A)(ii), the National Park Service and the Tribe are authorized to negotiate mutually agreed upon, visitor-related economic development in lieu of the development set forth in that subparagraph if such alternative development will have no greater environmental impact than the development set forth in that subparagraph.

(C) RIGHT-OF-WAY.—The Tribe shall have a right-of-way for ingress and egress on Highway 190 in California.

(4) LIMITATIONS ON IMPACT ON MINING CLAIMS.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed as terminating any valid mining claim existing on the date of enactment of this Act on the land described in paragraph (1)(E). Any person with such an existing mining claim shall have all the rights incident to mining claims, including the rights of ingress and egress on the land described in paragraph (1)(E). Any person with such an existing mining claim shall have the right to occupy and use so much of the surface of the land as is required for all purposes reasonably necessary to mine and remove the minerals from the land, including the removal of timber for mining purposes. Such a mining claim shall terminate when the claim is determined to be invalid or is abandoned.

Deadline.

(c) LEGAL DESCRIPTIONS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall file a legal description of the areas described in subsection (b) with the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives and with the Committee on Indian Affairs and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate. Such legal description shall have the

PUBLIC LAW 106-423—NOV. 1, 2000

114 STAT. 1879

same force and effect as if the information contained in the description were included in that subsection except that the Secretary may correct clerical and typographical errors in such legal description and in the maps referred to in the legal description. The legal description shall be on file and available for public inspection in the offices of the National Park Service and the Bureau of Land Management.

(d) **ADDITIONAL TRUST RESOURCES.**—The Secretary may purchase from willing sellers the following parcels and appurtenant water rights, or the water rights separately, to be taken into trust for the Tribe:

(1) Indian Rancheria Site, California, an area of approximately 120 acres, as generally depicted on the map entitled “Indian Rancheria Site, California” numbered Map #6 and dated December 3, 1999.

(2) Lida Ranch, Nevada, an area of approximately 2,340 acres, as generally depicted on the map entitled “Lida Ranch” numbered Map #7 and dated April 6, 2000, or another parcel mutually agreed upon by the Secretary and the Tribe.

(e) **SPECIAL USE AREAS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The areas described in this subsection shall be nonexclusive special use areas for the Tribe, subject to other Federal law. Members of the Tribe are authorized to use these areas for low impact, ecologically sustainable, traditional practices pursuant to a jointly established management plan mutually agreed upon by the Tribe, and by the National Park Service or the Bureau of Land Management, as appropriate. All maps referred to in paragraph (4) shall be on file and available for public inspection in the offices of the National Park Service and Bureau of Land Management.

(2) **RECOGNITION OF THE HISTORY AND CULTURE OF THE TRIBE.**—In the special use areas, in recognition of the significant contributions the Tribe has made to the history, ecology, and culture of the Park and to ensure that the visitor experience in the Park will be enhanced by the increased and continued presence of the Tribe, the Secretary shall permit the Tribe’s continued use of Park resources for traditional tribal purposes, practices, and activities.

(3) **RESOURCE USE BY THE TRIBE.**—In the special use areas, any use of Park resources by the Tribe for traditional purposes, practices, and activities shall not include the taking of wildlife and shall not be in derogation of purposes and values for which the Park was established.

(4) **SPECIFIC AREAS.**—The following areas are designated special use areas pursuant to paragraph (1):

(A) **MESQUITE USE AREA.**—The area generally depicted on the map entitled “Mesquite Use Area” numbered Map #8 and dated April 12, 2000. The Tribe may use this area for processing mesquite using traditional plant management techniques such as thinning, pruning, harvesting, removing excess sand, and removing exotic species. The National Park Service may limit and condition, but not prohibit entirely, public use of this area or parts of this area, in consultation with the Tribe. This area shall be managed in accordance with the jointly established management plan referred to in paragraph (1).

(B) **BUFFER AREA.**—An area of approximately 1,500 acres, as generally depicted on the map entitled “Buffer Area” numbered Map #8 and dated April 12, 2000. The National Park Service shall restrict visitor use of this area to protect the privacy of the Tribe and to provide an opportunity for the Tribe to conduct community affairs without undue disruption from the public.

(C) **TIMBISHA SHOSHONE NATURAL AND CULTURAL PRESERVATION AREA.**—An area that primarily consists of Park lands and also a small portion of Bureau of Land Management land in California, as generally depicted on the map entitled “Timbisha Shoshone Natural and Cultural Preservation Area” numbered Map #9 and dated April 12, 2000.

(5) **ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS.**—With respect to the Timbisha Shoshone Natural and Cultural Preservation Area designated in paragraph (4)(C)—

(A) the Tribe may establish and maintain a tribal resource management field office, garage, and storage area, all within the area of the existing ranger station at Wildrose (existing as of the date of enactment of this Act);

(B) the Tribe also may use traditional camps for tribal members at Wildrose and Hunter Mountain in accordance with the jointly established management plan referred to in paragraph (1);

(C) the area shall be depicted on maps of the Park and Bureau of Land Management that are provided for general visitor use;

(D) the National Park Service and the Bureau of Land Management shall accommodate access by the Tribe to and use by the Tribe of—

(i) the area (including portions described in subparagraph (E)) for traditional cultural and religious activities, in a manner consistent with the purpose and intent of Public Law 95-341 (commonly known as the “American Indian Religious Freedom Act”) (42 U.S.C. 1996 et seq.); and

(ii) areas designated as wilderness (including portions described in subparagraph (E)), in a manner consistent with the purpose and intent of the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.); and

(E)(i) on the request of the Tribe, the National Park Service and the Bureau of Land Management shall temporarily close to the general public, 1 or more specific portions of the area in order to protect the privacy of tribal members engaging in traditional cultural and religious activities in those portions; and

(ii) any such closure shall be made in a manner that affects the smallest practicable area for the minimum period necessary for the purposes described in clause (i).

(f) **ACCESS AND USE.**—Members of the Tribe shall have the right to enter and use the Park without payment of any fee for admission into the Park.

(g) **ADMINISTRATION.**—The trust lands shall constitute the Timbisha Shoshone Reservation and shall be administered pursuant to the laws and regulations applicable to other Indian trust lands, except as otherwise provided in this Act.

PUBLIC LAW 106-423—NOV. 1, 2000

114 STAT. 1881

SEC. 6. IMPLEMENTATION PROCESS.16 USC 410aaa
note.

(a) **GOVERNMENT-TO-GOVERNMENT AGREEMENTS.**—In order to fulfill the purposes of this Act and to establish cooperative partnerships for purposes of this Act, the National Park Service, the Bureau of Land Management, and the Tribe shall enter into government-to-government consultations and shall develop protocols to review planned development in the Park. The National Park Service and the Bureau of Land Management are authorized to enter into cooperative agreements with the Tribe for the purpose of providing training on the interpretation, management, protection, and preservation of the natural and cultural resources of the areas designated for special uses by the Tribe in section 5(e)(4).

(b) **STANDARDS.**—The National Park Service and the Tribe shall develop mutually agreed upon standards for size, impact, and design for use in planning, resource protection, and development of the Furnace Creek area and for the facilities at Wildrose. The standards shall be based on standards for recognized best practices for environmental sustainability and shall not be less restrictive than the environmental standards applied within the National Park System at any given time. Development in the area shall be conducted in a manner consistent with the standards, which shall be reviewed periodically and revised as necessary.

(c) **WATER MONITORING.**—The Secretary and the Tribe shall develop mutually agreed upon standards for a water monitoring system to assess the effects of water use at Scotty's Junction and at Death Valley Junction on the tribal trust lands described in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (D) of section 5(b)(1), and on the Park. Water monitoring shall be conducted in a manner that is consistent with such standards, which shall be reviewed periodically and revised as necessary.

SEC. 7. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.16 USC 410aaa
note.

(a) **TRIBAL EMPLOYMENT.**—In employing individuals to perform any construction, maintenance, interpretation, or other service in the Park, the Secretary shall, insofar as practicable, give first preference to qualified members of the Tribe.

(b) **GAMING.**—Gaming as defined and regulated by the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (25 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.) shall be prohibited on trust lands within the Park.

(c) **INITIAL RESERVATION.**—Lands taken into trust for the Tribe pursuant to section 5, except for the Park land described in subsections (b)(1)(A) and (d)(1) of such section, shall be considered to be the Tribe's initial reservation for purposes of section 20(b)(1)(B)(ii) of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (25 U.S.C. 2719(b)(1)(B)(ii)).

(d) **TRIBAL JURISDICTION OVER TRUST LANDS.**—All trust lands that are transferred under this Act and located within California shall be exempt from section 1162 of title 18, United States Code, and section 1360 of title 28, United States Code, upon the certification by the Secretary, after consultation with the Attorney General, that the law enforcement system in place for such lands will be adequate to provide for the public safety and the public interest, except that no such certification may take effect until the expiration of the 3-year period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act.

Effective date.

114 STAT. 1882

PUBLIC LAW 106-423—NOV. 1, 2000

16 USC 410aaa
note.**SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this Act such sums as may be necessary.

Approved November 1, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 2102:**SENATE REPORTS:** No. 106-327 (Comm. on Indian Affairs).**CONGRESSIONAL RECORD,** Vol. 146 (2000):

July 19, considered and passed Senate.

Oct. 17, considered and passed House.



53. University of Utah Museum Grant

PUBLIC LAW 107-329—DEC. 6, 2002

116 STAT. 2815

Public Law 107-329
107th Congress

An Act

To provide for the acquisition of land and construction of an interagency administrative and visitor facility at the entrance to American Fork Canyon, Utah, and for other purposes.

Dec. 6, 2002
[S. 1240]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

* * * * *

**TITLE II—UTAH PUBLIC LANDS
ARTIFACT PRESERVATION**

116 STAT. 2818

SEC. 201. FINDINGS.

Congress finds that—

- (1) the collection of the Utah Museum of Natural History in Salt Lake City, Utah, includes more than 1,000,000 archaeological, paleontological, zoological, geological, and botanical artifacts;
- (2) the collection of items housed by the Museum contains artifacts from land managed by—
 - (A) the Bureau of Land Management;
 - (B) the Bureau of Reclamation;
 - (C) the National Park Service;
 - (D) the United States Fish and Wildlife Service; and
 - (E) the Forest Service;
- (3) more than 75 percent of the Museum’s collection was recovered from federally managed public land; and
- (4) the Museum has been designated by the legislature of the State of Utah as the State museum of natural history.

SEC. 202. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

- (1) MUSEUM.—The term “Museum” means the University of Utah Museum of Natural History in Salt Lake City, Utah.
- (2) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 203. ASSISTANCE FOR UNIVERSITY OF UTAH MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY.

(a) ASSISTANCE FOR MUSEUM.—The Secretary shall make a grant to the University of Utah in Salt Lake City, Utah, to pay the Federal share of the costs of construction of a new facility for the Museum, including the design, planning, furnishing, and equipping of the Museum.

Grants.

(b) GRANT REQUIREMENTS.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—To receive a grant under subsection (b), the Museum shall submit to the Secretary a proposal for the use of the grant.
- (2) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share of the costs described in subsection (a) shall not exceed 25 percent.

116 STAT. 2819

PUBLIC LAW 107-329—DEC. 6, 2002

(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$15,000,000, to remain available until expended.

* * * * *

Approved December 6, 2002.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 1240 (H.R. 3928):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 107-669 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 107-178 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 148 (2002):

Aug. 1, considered and passed Senate.

Sept. 24, considered and passed House, amended.

Nov. 19, Senate concurred in House amendment.



54. Upper Housatonic River Valley, Connecticut (study)

PUBLIC LAW 106–470—NOV. 9, 2000

114 STAT. 2055

Public Law 106–470
106th Congress**An Act**

To direct the Secretary of the Interior to conduct a study of the suitability and feasibility of establishing an Upper Housatonic Valley National Heritage Area in the State of Connecticut and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and for other purposes.

 Nov. 9, 2000
 [H.R. 4312]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Upper Housatonic National Heritage Area Study Act of 2000”.

Upper
Housatonic
National
Heritage Area
Study Act of
2000.

SEC. 2. AUTHORIZATION OF STUDY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of the Interior (“the Secretary”) shall conduct a study of the Upper Housatonic National Heritage Area (“Study Area”). The study shall include analysis, documentation, and determinations regarding whether the Study Area—

(1) has an assemblage of natural, historic, and cultural resources that together represent distinctive aspects of American heritage worthy of recognition, conservation, interpretation, and continuing use, and are best managed through partnerships among public and private entities and by combining diverse and sometimes noncontiguous resources and active communities;

(2) reflects traditions, customs, beliefs and folklife that are a valuable part of the national story;

(3) provides outstanding opportunities to conserve natural, historic, cultural, and/or scenic features;

(4) provides outstanding recreational and educational opportunities;

(5) contains resources important to the identified theme or themes of the Study Area that retain a degree of integrity capable of supporting interpretation;

(6) includes residents, business interests, nonprofit organizations, and local and State governments who are involved in the planning, have developed a conceptual financial plan that outlines the roles for all participants including the Federal Government, and have demonstrated support for the concept of a national heritage area;

(7) has a potential management entity to work in partnership with residents, business interests, nonprofit organizations, and local and State governments to develop a national heritage area consistent with continued local and State economic activity; and

114 STAT. 2056

PUBLIC LAW 106-470—NOV. 9, 2000

(8) has a conceptual boundary map that is supported by the public.

(b) CONSULTATION.—In conducting the study, the Secretary shall consult with the State historic preservation officers, State historical societies and other appropriate organizations.

SEC. 3. BOUNDARIES OF THE STUDY AREA.

The Study Area shall be comprised of—

(1) part of the Housatonic River's watershed, which extends 60 miles from Lanesboro, Massachusetts to Kent, Connecticut;

(2) the towns of Canaan, Cornwall, Kent, Norfolk, North Canaan, Salisbury, Sharon, and Warren in Connecticut; and

(3) the towns of Alford, Dalton, Egremont, Great Barrington, Hinsdale, Lanesboro, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlboro, Pittsfield, Richmond, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, and West Stockbridge in Massachusetts.

Deadline.

SEC. 4. REPORT.

Not later than 3 fiscal years after the date on which funds are first available for this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives a report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of the study.

SEC. 5. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There are authorized to be appropriated \$300,000 to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Approved November 9, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4312 (S. 2421):

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-317 accompanying S. 2421 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

Oct. 17, considered and passed House.

Oct. 27, considered and passed Senate.



55. Valley City, ND Land Conveyance

PUBLIC LAW 106-291—OCT. 11, 2000

114 STAT. 922

Public Law 106-291
106th Congress

An Act

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes.

Oct. 11, 2000
[H.R. 4578]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2001, and for other purposes, namely:

Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

* * * * *

GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

114 STAT. 941

* * * * *

SEC. 144. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and subject to subsections (b) and (c), all conveyances to the city of Valley City, a municipal corporation of Barnes County, North Dakota, of lands described in subsection (b), heretofore or hereafter made directly by The Burlington Northern and Santa Fe Railway Company or its successors, are hereby validated to the extent that the conveyances would be legal and valid if all right, title, and interest of the United States, except minerals, were held by The Burlington Northern and Santa Fe Railway Company.

114 STAT. 950

(b) LANDS DESCRIBED.—The lands referred to in subsection (a) are the land that formed part of the railroad right-of-way granted to the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, a predecessor to The Burlington Northern and Santa Fe Railway Company, by an Act of Congress on July 2, 1864, specifically a 400-foot wide right-of-way, being 200 feet wide on each side of the centerline of the rail track as originally located and constructed between milepost 69.05 and milepost 61.10 within Barnes County, North Dakota, as shown and described on the map entitled “City of Valley City—Railroad Parcels” dated September 1, 2000. Such map shall be placed on file and available for inspection in the offices of the Director of the Bureau of Land Management.

(c) ACCESS AND MINERAL RIGHTS.—

(1) PRESERVATION OF RIGHTS OF ACCESS.—Nothing in this section shall impair any rights of access in favor of the public or any owner of adjacent lands over, under, or across the lands described in section 2.

(2) MINERALS.—The United States reserves any federally owned mineral rights in the lands described in subsection (b), except that the United States disclaims any and all right of surface entry to the mineral estate of such lands.

* * * * *

114 STAT. 1029

PUBLIC LAW 106-291—OCT. 11, 2000

This Act may be cited as the “Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001”.

Approved October 11, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4578:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-646 (Comm. on Appropriations) and No. 106-914 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-312 (Comm. on Appropriations).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

June 13-15, considered and passed House.

July 10, 12, 17, 18, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Oct. 3, House agreed to conference report.

Oct. 3-5, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 36 (2000):

Oct. 11, Presidential statement and remarks.



56. Vancouver National Historic Reserve

PUBLIC LAW 106-176—MAR. 10, 2000

114 STAT. 23

Public Law 106-176
106th Congress

An Act

To make technical corrections to the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 and to other laws related to parks and public lands.

Mar. 10, 2000
[H.R. 149]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCE TO OMNIBUS PARKS AND PUBLIC LANDS MANAGEMENT ACT OF 1996.

Omnibus Parks
Technical
Corrections Act
of 2000.

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This Act may be cited as the “Omnibus Parks Technical Corrections Act of 2000”.

16 USC 1 note.

(b) **REFERENCE TO OMNIBUS PARKS ACT.**—In this Act, the term “Omnibus Parks Act” means the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-333; 110 Stat. 4093).

**TITLE I—TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO
DIVISION I**

* * * * *

SEC. 107. VANCOUVER NATIONAL HISTORIC RESERVE.

114 STAT. 26

Section 502(a) of division I of the Omnibus Parks Act (110 Stat. 4154; 16 U.S.C. 461 note) is amended by striking “by the Vancouver Historical Assessment’ published”.

* * * * *

Approved March 10, 2000.

114 STAT. 34

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 149:

- HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-17 (Comm. on Resources).
- SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-125 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).
- CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:
 - Vol. 145 (1999): Feb. 23, considered and passed House.
 - Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate, amended.
 - Vol. 146 (2000): Feb. 15, House concurred in Senate amendments.



114 STAT. 1654

PUBLIC LAW 106–398—OCT. 30, 2000

* Public Law 106–398
106th Congress

An Act

Oct. 30, 2000
[H.R. 4205]

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2001 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Incorporation by
reference.

SECTION 1. ENACTMENT OF FISCAL YEAR 2001 NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT.

The provisions of H.R. 5408 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on October 6, 2000, are hereby enacted into law.

1 USC 112 note.

SEC. 2. PUBLICATION OF ACT.

In publishing this Act in slip form and in the United States Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112 of title 1, United States Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after the date of approval an appendix setting forth the text of the bill referred to in section 1.

Approved October 30, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4205 (S. 2549) (S. 2550):

HOUSE REPORTS: Nos. 106–616 (Comm. on Armed Services) and 106–945 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106–292 accompanying S. 2549 (Comm. on Armed Services).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

May 17, 18 considered and passed House.

July 13, considered and passed Senate, amended.

Oct. 11, House agreed to conference report.

Oct. 12, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 36 (2000):

Oct. 30, Presidential statement.

*ENDNOTE: The following appendix was added pursuant to the provisions of sections 1 and 2 of this Act.

APPENDIX—H.R. 5408

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; FINDINGS.

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This Act may be cited as the “Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001”.

* * * * *

SEC. 2. ORGANIZATION OF ACT INTO DIVISIONS; TABLE OF CONTENTS. 114 STAT. 1654A-2

(a) **DIVISIONS.**—This Act is organized into three divisions as follows:

- (1) Division A—Department of Defense Authorizations.
- (2) Division B—Military Construction Authorizations.
- (3) Division C—Department of Energy National Security Authorizations and Other Authorizations.

* * * * *

DIVISION B—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION AUTHORIZATIONS

114 STAT. 1654A-389

SEC. 2001. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the “Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001”.

* * * * *

TITLE XXVIII—GENERAL PROVISIONS

114 STAT. 1654A-410

* * * * *

Subtitle D—Land Conveyances

114 STAT. 1654A-419

PART I—ARMY CONVEYANCES

* * * * *

SEC. 2843. LAND CONVEYANCE, VANCOUVER BARRACKS, WASHINGTON. 114 STAT. 1654A-425

(a) **CONVEYANCE AUTHORIZED.**—The Secretary of the Army may convey, without consideration, to the City of Vancouver, Washington (in this section referred to as the “City”), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property, including any improvements thereon, encompassing 19 structures at Vancouver Barracks, Washington, which are identified by the Army using numbers between 602 and 676, and are known as the west barracks.

(b) **PURPOSE.**—The purpose of the conveyance authorized by subsection (a) shall be to include the property described in that subsection in the Vancouver National Historic Reserve, Washington.

(c) **DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.**—The exact acreage and legal description of the real property to be conveyed under subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary. The cost of the survey shall be borne by the City.

(d) **ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.**—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance authorized by subsection (a) as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

* * * * *

116 STAT. 2891

PUBLIC LAW 107-342—DEC. 17, 2002

Public Law 107-342
107th Congress

An Act

Dec. 17, 2002
[H.R. 2099]

To amend the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 to provide adequate funding authorization for the Vancouver National Historic Reserve.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. INCREASE IN AUTHORIZATION FOR RESERVE.

Section 502(d) of division I of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 (16 U.S.C. 461 note; 110 Stat. 4154) is amended by striking “\$5,000,000” and all that follows through the period and inserting “\$15,000,000 for development costs associated with capital projects consistent with the cooperative management plan, except that the Federal share of such development costs shall not exceed 50 percent of the total costs.”.

Approved December 17, 2002.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2099 (S. 1649):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 107-627 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 107-193 accompanying S. 1649 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 148 (2002):

Sept. 24, considered and passed House.

Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate.



57. Vicksburg Campaign Trail (study)

PUBLIC LAW 106–487—NOV. 9, 2000

114 STAT. 2202

Public Law 106–487
106th Congress**An Act**To authorize a feasibility study on the preservation of certain Civil War battlefields
along the Vicksburg Campaign Trail.

Nov. 9, 2000

[S. 710]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of
the United States of America in Congress assembled,***SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**This Act may be cited as the “Vicksburg Campaign Trail Battle-
fields Preservation Act of 2000”.Vicksburg
Campaign Trail
Battlefields
Preservation Act
of 2000.
State listing.**SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.**

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(1) there are situated along the Vicksburg Campaign Trail
in the States of Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, and Ten-
nessee the sites of several key Civil War battles;(2) the battlefields along the Vicksburg Campaign Trail
are collectively of national significance in the history of the
Civil War; and(3) the preservation of those battlefields would vitally con-
tribute to the understanding of the heritage of the United
States.(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this Act is to authorize a feasi-
bility study to determine what measures should be taken to preserve
certain Civil War battlefields along the Vicksburg Campaign Trail.**SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.**

In this Act:

(1) CAMPAIGN TRAIL STATE.—The term “Campaign Trail
State” means each of the States of Mississippi, Louisiana,
Arkansas, and Tennessee, including political subdivisions of
those States.(2) CIVIL WAR BATTLEFIELD.—The term “Civil War battle-
field” includes the following sites (including related structures
adjacent to or thereon)—(A) the battlefields at Helena and Arkansas Post,
Arkansas;(B) Goodrich’s Landing near Transylvania, and sites
in and around Lake Providence, East Carroll Parish, Lou-
isiana;(C) the battlefield at Milliken’s Bend, Madison Parish,
Louisiana;(D) the route of Grant’s march through Louisiana from
Milliken’s Bend to Hard Times, Madison and Tensas Par-
ishes, Louisiana;

(E) the Winter Quarters at Tensas Parish, Louisiana;

(F) Grant's landing site at Bruinsburg, and the route of Grant's march from Bruinsburg to Vicksburg, Claiborne, Hinds, and Warren Counties, Mississippi;

(G) the battlefield at Port Gibson (including Shaifer House, Bethel Church, and the ruins of Windsor), Claiborne County, Mississippi;

(H) the battlefield at Grand Gulf, Claiborne County, Mississippi;

(I) the battlefield at Raymond (including Waverly (the Peyton House)), Hinds County, Mississippi;

(J) the battlefield at Jackson, Hinds County, Mississippi;

(K) the Union siege lines around Jackson, Hinds County, Mississippi;

(L) the battlefield at Champion Hill (including Coker House), Hinds County, Mississippi;

(M) the battlefield at Big Black River Bridge, Hinds and Warren Counties, Mississippi;

(N) the Union fortifications at Haynes Bluff, Confederate fortifications at Snyder's Bluff, and remnants of Federal exterior lines, Warren County, Mississippi;

(O) the battlefield at Chickasaw Bayou, Warren County, Mississippi;

(P) Pemberton's Headquarters at Warren County, Mississippi;

(Q) the site of actions taken in the Mississippi Delta and Confederate fortifications near Grenada, Grenada County, Mississippi;

(R) the site of the start of Greirson's Raid and other related sites, LaGrange, Tennessee; and

(S) any other sites considered appropriate by the Secretary.

(3) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the National Park Service.

SEC. 4. FEASIBILITY STUDY.

Deadline.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years after funds are made available for this Act, the Secretary shall complete a feasibility study to determine what measures should be taken to preserve Civil War battlefields along the Vicksburg Campaign Trail.

(b) COMPONENTS.—In completing the study, the Secretary shall—

(1) review current National Park Service programs, policies and criteria to determine the most appropriate means of ensuring the Civil War battlefields and associated natural, cultural, and historical resources are preserved;

(2) evaluate options for the establishment of a management entity for the Civil War battlefields consisting of a unit of government or a private nonprofit organization that—

(A) administers and manages the Civil War battlefields; and

(B) possesses the legal authority to—

(i) receive Federal funds and funds from other units of government or other organizations for use in managing the Civil War battlefields;

PUBLIC LAW 106–487—NOV. 9, 2000

114 STAT. 2204

(ii) disburse Federal funds to other units of government or other nonprofit organizations for use in managing the Civil War battlefields;

(iii) enter into agreements with the Federal Government, State governments, or other units of government and nonprofit organizations; and

(iv) acquire land or interests in land by gift or devise, by purchase from a willing seller using donated or appropriated funds, or by donation;

(3) make recommendations to the Campaign Trail States for the management, preservation, and interpretation of the natural, cultural, and historical resources of the Civil War battlefields;

(4) identify appropriate partnerships among Federal, State, and local governments, regional entities, and the private sector, including nonprofit organizations and the organization known as “Friends of the Vicksburg Campaign and Historic Trail”, in furtherance of the purposes of this Act; and

(5) recommend methods of ensuring continued local involvement and participation in the management, protection, and development of the Civil War battlefields.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the date of completion of the study under this section, the Secretary shall submit a report describing the findings of the study to—

(1) the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate; and

(2) the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives.

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this Act \$1,500,000.

Approved November 9, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 710:

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106–184 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Vol. 145 (1999): Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate.

Vol. 146 (2000): Oct. 23, considered and passed House.



58. Virginia Key Beach, FL (study)

116 STAT. 2892

PUBLIC LAW 107-343—DEC. 17, 2002

Public Law 107-343
107th Congress**An Act**Dec. 17, 2002
[H.R. 2109]

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to conduct a special resource study of Virginia Key Beach Park in Biscayne Bay, Florida, for possible inclusion in the National Park System.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,***SECTION 1. STUDY AND CRITERIA.**

(a) **STUDY.**—The Secretary of the Interior (in this Act referred to as “the Secretary”) shall conduct a study of Virginia Key Beach Park in Biscayne Bay, Florida, which was used for recreation by African Americans at a time when public beaches were racially segregated by law. The study shall evaluate the national significance of the site and the suitability and feasibility of establishing the site as a unit of the National Park System.

(b) **CRITERIA.**—In conducting the study required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall use the criteria for the study of areas for potential inclusion in the National Park System contained in section 8 of Public Law 91-383 (16 U.S.C. 1a-5; popularly known as the National Park System General Authorities Act).

SEC. 2. REPORT.

Upon completion of the study, the Secretary shall transmit to the Congress a report on the findings of the study and the conclusions and recommendations of the Secretary.

Approved December 17, 2002.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 2109:**HOUSE REPORTS:** No. 107-390 (Comm. on Resources).**SENATE REPORTS:** No. 107-273 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).**CONGRESSIONAL RECORD,** Vol. 148 (2002):

Apr. 30, considered and passed House.

Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate.



59. Waco Mammoth Site Area, TX (study)

PUBLIC LAW 107-341—DEC. 16, 2002

116 STAT. 2890

Public Law 107-341
107th Congress**An Act**

To direct the Secretary of the Interior to study the suitability and feasibility of designating the Waco Mammoth Site Area in Waco, Texas, as a unit of the National Park System, and for other purposes.

Dec. 16, 2002
[H.R. 1925]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. STUDY AND REPORT REGARDING WACO MAMMOTH SITE AREA.

(a) **STUDY.**—The Secretary of the Interior, in consultation with the State of Texas, the city of Waco, and other appropriate organizations, shall carry out a special resource study regarding the national significance, suitability, and feasibility of designating the Waco Mammoth Site Area located in the city of Waco, Texas, as a unit of the National Park System.

(b) **STUDY PROCESS AND COMPLETION.**—Section 8(c) of Public Law 91-383 (16 U.S.C. 1a-5(c)) shall apply to the conduct and completion of the study required by this section.

Applicability.

SEC. 2. SUBMISSION OF STUDY RESULTS.

Deadline.

Not later than 3 years after funds are first made available for this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a report describing the results of the study.

Approved December 16, 2002.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 1925:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 107-317 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 107-264 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 148 (2002):

May 14, considered and passed House.

Nov. 19, considered and passed Senate.



60. Walden Pond and Woods, Massachusetts (study)

113 STAT. 1501

PUBLIC LAW 106-113—NOV. 29, 1999

Public Law 106-113
106th Congress

An Act

Nov. 29, 1999
[H.R. 3194]Making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000,
and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the several departments, agencies, corporations and other organizational units of the Government for the fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

113 STAT. 1535

DIVISION B

Incorporation by
reference.SEC. 1000. (a) The provisions of the following bills are hereby
enacted into law:

* * * * *

(2) H.R. 3422 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on
November 17, 1999;(3) H.R. 3423 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on
November 17, 1999;

* * * * *

113 STAT. 1536
Incorporation by
reference;
publication.(b) In publishing the Act in slip form and in the United States
Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112, of title 1, United States
Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after the
date of approval at the end appendixes setting forth the texts
of the bills referred to in subsection (a) of this section.

* * * * *

113 STAT. 1537

Approved November 29, 1999.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3194:HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-479 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):Nov. 3, considered and passed House; considered and passed Senate, amend-
ed.

Nov. 18, House agreed to conference report.

Nov. 19, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 35 (1999):

Nov. 29, Presidential remarks and statement.

ENDNOTE: The following appendixes are added pursuant to the provisions of section 1000
of this Act (113 Stat. 1535).

PUBLIC LAW 106-113—APPENDIX C 113 STAT. 1501A-135

APPENDIX C—H.R. 3423

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

113 STAT.
1501A-190

* * * * *

SEC. 326. (a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This section may be cited as the “National Park Service Studies Act of 1999”.

113 STAT.
1501A-194

(b) **AUTHORIZATION OF STUDIES.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of the Interior (“the Secretary”) shall conduct studies of the geographical areas and historic and cultural themes described in subsection (b)(3) to determine the appropriateness of including such areas or themes in the National Park System.

(2) **CRITERIA.**—In conducting the studies authorized by this Act, the Secretary shall use the criteria for the study of areas for potential inclusion in the National Park System in accordance with section 8 of Public Law 91-383, as amended by section 303 of the National Parks Omnibus Management Act (Public Law 105-391; 112 Stat. 3501).

113 STAT.
1501A-195

(3) **STUDY AREAS.**—The Secretary shall conduct studies of the following:

- (A) Anderson Cottage, Washington, District of Columbia.
- (B) Bioluminescent Bay, Puerto Rico.
- (C) Civil Rights Sites, multi-State.
- (D) Crossroads of the American Revolution, Central New Jersey.
- (E) Fort Hunter Liggett, California.
- (F) Fort King, Florida.
- (G) Gaviota Coast Seashore, California.
- (H) Kate Mullany House, New York.
- (I) Loess Hills, Iowa.
- (J) Low Country Gullah Culture, multi-State.
- (K) Nan Madol, State of Ponape, Federated States of Micronesia (upon the request of the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia).
- (L) Walden Pond and Woods, Massachusetts.
- (M) World War II Sites, Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas.
- (N) World War II Sites, Republic of Palau (upon the request of the Government of the Republic of Palau).

(c) **REPORTS.**—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives a report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of each study under subsection (b) within three fiscal years following the date on which funds are first made available for each study.

* * * * *

**61. Washington-Rochambeau Revolutionary Route
(study)**

114 STAT. 2083

PUBLIC LAW 106-473—NOV. 9, 2000

Public Law 106-473
106th Congress

An Act

Nov. 9, 2000
[H.R. 4794]

To require the Secretary of the Interior to complete a resource study of the 600 mile route through Connecticut, Delaware, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Virginia, used by George Washington and General Rochambeau during the American Revolutionary War.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of
the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

Washington-
Rochambeau
Revolutionary
Route National
Heritage Act of
2000.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Washington-Rochambeau Revolutionary Route National Heritage Act of 2000”.

SEC. 2. STUDY OF THE WASHINGTON-ROCHAMBEAU REVOLUTIONARY ROUTE.

Deadline.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 2 years after the date on which funds are made available to carry out this section, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives, a resource study of the 600 mile route through Connecticut, Delaware, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Virginia, used by George Washington and General Jean Baptiste Donatien de Vimeur, comte de Rochambeau during the American Revolutionary War.

(b) **CONSULTATION.**—In conducting the study required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall consult with State and local historic associations and societies, State historic preservation agencies, and other appropriate organizations.

(c) **CONTENTS.**—The study shall—

(1) identify the full range of resources and historic themes associated with the route referred to in subsection (a), including its relationship to the American Revolutionary War;

(2) identify alternatives for National Park Service involvement with preservation and interpretation of the route referred to in subsection (a); and

PUBLIC LAW 106-473—NOV. 9, 2000

114 STAT. 2084

(3) include cost estimates for any necessary acquisition, development, interpretation, operation, and maintenance associated with the alternatives identified pursuant to paragraph (2).

Approved November 9, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4794:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

Oct. 23, considered and passed House.

Oct. 27, considered and passed Senate.



62. World War II Home Front Sites (study)

114 STAT. 1370

PUBLIC LAW 106-352—OCT. 24, 2000

Public Law 106-352
106th Congress**An Act**Oct. 24, 2000
[H.R. 4063]

To establish the Rosie the Riveter/World War II Home Front National Historical Park in the State of California, and for other purposes.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*Rosie the Riveter/
World War II
Home Front
National
Historical Park
Establishment
Act of 2000.
16 USC 410gg
note.
114 STAT. 1372
16 USC
410ggg-2.**SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

This Act may be cited as the “Rosie the Riveter/World War II Home Front National Historical Park Establishment Act of 2000”.

* * * * *

SEC. 4. WORLD WAR II HOME FRONT STUDY.

The Secretary shall conduct a theme study of the World War II home front to determine whether other sites in the United States meet the criteria for potential inclusion in the National Park System in accordance with section 8 of Public Law 91-383 (16 U.S.C. 1a-5).

* * * * *

114 STAT. 1373

Approved October 24, 2000.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 4063:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-723 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 106-446 (Comm. on Energy and Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 146 (2000):

July 11, considered and passed House.

Oct. 5, considered and passed Senate.



63. World War II Sites, Northern Marianas (study)

PUBLIC LAW 106-113—NOV. 29, 1999

113 STAT. 1501

Public Law 106-113
106th Congress

An Act

Making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000,
and for other purposes.

Nov. 29, 1999
[H.R. 3194]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the several departments, agencies, corporations and other organizational units of the Government for the fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

DIVISION B

113 STAT. 1535

SEC. 1000. (a) The provisions of the following bills are hereby enacted into law:

Incorporation by reference.

* * * * *

(2) H.R. 3422 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on November 17, 1999;

(3) H.R. 3423 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on November 17, 1999;

* * * * *

(b) In publishing the Act in slip form and in the United States Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112, of title 1, United States Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after the date of approval at the end appendixes setting forth the texts of the bills referred to in subsection (a) of this section.

113 STAT. 1536
Incorporation by reference; publication.

* * * * *

Approved November 29, 1999.

113 STAT. 1537

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3194:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106-479 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):

Nov. 3, considered and passed House; considered and passed Senate, amended.

Nov. 18, House agreed to conference report.

Nov. 19, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 35 (1999):

Nov. 29, Presidential remarks and statement.

ENDNOTE: The following appendixes are added pursuant to the provisions of section 1000 of this Act (113 Stat. 1535).



APPENDIX C—H.R. 3423

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

	* * * * *
113 STAT. 1501A–190	TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS
	* * * * *
113 STAT. 1501A–194	SEC. 326. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the “National Park Service Studies Act of 1999”.
	(b) AUTHORIZATION OF STUDIES.—
	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Interior (“the Secretary”) shall conduct studies of the geographical areas and historic and cultural themes described in subsection (b)(3) to determine the appropriateness of including such areas or themes in the National Park System.
	(2) CRITERIA.—In conducting the studies authorized by this Act, the Secretary shall use the criteria for the study of areas for potential inclusion in the National Park System in accordance with section 8 of Public Law 91–383, as amended by section 303 of the National Parks Omnibus Management Act (Public Law 105–391; 112 Stat. 3501).
113 STAT. 1501A–195	(3) STUDY AREAS.—The Secretary shall conduct studies of the following:
	(A) Anderson Cottage, Washington, District of Columbia.
	(B) Bioluminescent Bay, Puerto Rico.
	(C) Civil Rights Sites, multi-State.
	(D) Crossroads of the American Revolution, Central New Jersey.
	(E) Fort Hunter Liggett, California.
	(F) Fort King, Florida.
	(G) Gaviota Coast Seashore, California.
	(H) Kate Mullany House, New York.
	(I) Loess Hills, Iowa.
	(J) Low Country Gullah Culture, multi-State.
	(K) Nan Madol, State of Ponape, Federated States of Micronesia (upon the request of the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia).
	(L) Walden Pond and Woods, Massachusetts.
	(M) World War II Sites, Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas.
	(N) World War II Sites, Republic of Palau (upon the request of the Government of the Republic of Palau).
	(c) REPORTS.—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives a report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of each study under subsection (b) within three fiscal years following the date on which funds are first made available for each study.
	* * * * *

64. World War II Sites, Palau (study)

PUBLIC LAW 106–113—NOV. 29, 1999

113 STAT. 1501

Public Law 106–113
106th Congress

An Act

Making consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000,
and for other purposes.

Nov. 29, 1999
[H.R. 3194]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the several departments, agencies, corporations and other organizational units of the Government for the fiscal year 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

* * * * *

DIVISION B

113 STAT. 1535

SEC. 1000. (a) The provisions of the following bills are hereby enacted into law:

Incorporation by reference.

* * * * *

(2) H.R. 3422 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on November 17, 1999;

(3) H.R. 3423 of the 106th Congress, as introduced on November 17, 1999;

* * * * *

(b) In publishing the Act in slip form and in the United States Statutes at Large pursuant to section 112, of title 1, United States Code, the Archivist of the United States shall include after the date of approval at the end appendixes setting forth the texts of the bills referred to in subsection (a) of this section.

113 STAT. 1536
Incorporation by reference; publication.

* * * * *

Approved November 29, 1999.

113 STAT. 1537

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3194:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 106–479 (Comm. of Conference).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 145 (1999):

Nov. 3, considered and passed House; considered and passed Senate, amended.

Nov. 18, House agreed to conference report.

Nov. 19, Senate agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 35 (1999):

Nov. 29, Presidential remarks and statement.

ENDNOTE: The following appendixes are added pursuant to the provisions of section 1000 of this Act (113 Stat. 1535).



APPENDIX C—H.R. 3423

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000, and for other purposes, namely:

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113 STAT. 1501A–190	TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS
	* * * * *
113 STAT. 1501A–194	SEC. 326. (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the “National Park Service Studies Act of 1999”.
	(b) AUTHORIZATION OF STUDIES.—
	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Interior (“the Secretary”) shall conduct studies of the geographical areas and historic and cultural themes described in subsection (b)(3) to determine the appropriateness of including such areas or themes in the National Park System.
	(2) CRITERIA.—In conducting the studies authorized by this Act, the Secretary shall use the criteria for the study of areas for potential inclusion in the National Park System in accordance with section 8 of Public Law 91–383, as amended by section 303 of the National Parks Omnibus Management Act (Public Law 105–391; 112 Stat. 3501).
113 STAT. 1501A–195	(3) STUDY AREAS.—The Secretary shall conduct studies of the following:
	(A) Anderson Cottage, Washington, District of Columbia.
	(B) Bioluminescent Bay, Puerto Rico.
	(C) Civil Rights Sites, multi-State.
	(D) Crossroads of the American Revolution, Central New Jersey.
	(E) Fort Hunter Liggett, California.
	(F) Fort King, Florida.
	(G) Gaviota Coast Seashore, California.
	(H) Kate Mullany House, New York.
	(I) Loess Hills, Iowa.
	(J) Low Country Gullah Culture, multi-State.
	(K) Nan Madol, State of Ponape, Federated States of Micronesia (upon the request of the Government of the Federated States of Micronesia).
	(L) Walden Pond and Woods, Massachusetts.
	(M) World War II Sites, Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas.
	(N) World War II Sites, Republic of Palau (upon the request of the Government of the Republic of Palau).
	(c) REPORTS.—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives a report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of each study under subsection (b) within three fiscal years following the date on which funds are first made available for each study.
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