

I. GENERAL LEGISLATION

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An Act Relating to rights of way through certain parks, reservations, and other public lands, approved February 15, 1901 (31 Stat. 790)

Public lands.

Rights of way through reservations, etc., authorized. See p. 11.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and hereby is, authorized and empowered, under general regulations to be fixed by him, to permit the use of rights of way through the public lands, forest and other reservations of the United States, and the Yosemite, Sequoia, and General Grant national parks, California, for electrical plants, poles, and lines for the generation and distribu-

tion of electrical power, and for telephone and telegraph purposes, and for canals, ditches, pipes and pipe lines, flumes, tunnels, or other water conduits, and for water plants, dams, and reservoirs used to promote irrigation or mining or quarrying, or the manufacturing or cutting of timber or lumber, or the supplying of water for domestic, public, or any other beneficial uses to the extent of the ground occupied by such canals, ditches, flumes, tunnels, reservoirs, or other water conduits or water plants, or electrical or other works permitted hereunder, and not to exceed fifty feet on each side of the marginal limits thereof, or not to exceed fifty feet on each side of the center lines of such pipes and pipe lines, electrical, telegraph, and telephone lines and poles, by any citizen, association, or corporation of the United States, where it is intended by such to exercise the use permitted hereunder or any one or more of the purposes herein named: *Provided*, That such permits shall be allowed within or through any of said parks or any forest, military, Indian, or other reservation only upon the approval of the chief officer of the Department under whose supervision such park or reservation falls and upon a finding by him that the same is not incompatible with the public interest: *Provided further*, That all permits given hereunder for telegraph and telephone purposes shall be subject to the provision of title sixty-five of the Revised Statutes of the United States, and amendments thereto, regulating rights of way for telegraph companies over the public domain: *And provided further*, That any permission given by the Secretary of the Interior under the provisions of this Act may be revoked by him or his successor in his discretion, and shall not be held to confer any right, or easement, or interest in, to, or over any public land, reservation, or park. (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 79.)

(Amended by 36 Stat. 1253, see p. 3, below; and by Federal Water Power Act of June 10, 1920, 41 Stat. 1063, as amended by 41 Stat. 1353, see p. 4.)¹

Width.

Proviso.
Approval of permit.

Telegraph, etc., permits.

Revocation of permits.

Excerpt from "An Act Making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1912," approved March 4, 1911 (36 Stat. 1253)

The head of the department having jurisdiction over the lands is authorized and empowered, under general regulations to be fixed by him, to grant an easement for rights of way, for a period not exceeding fifty years from the date of the issuance of such grant, over, across, and upon the public lands, national forests, and reservations of the United States for electrical poles and lines for the transmission and distribution of electrical power, and for poles and lines for telephone and telegraph purposes, to the extent of twenty feet on each side of the center line of such electrical, telephone and telegraph lines and poles, to any citizen, association, or corporation of the United States, where it is intended by such to exercise

Rights of way for electric lines.
(Amended by 41 Stat. 1353. See p. 4.)
Grants allowed for 50 years over public lands, national parks, etc.

(Amends 31 Stat. 790. See p. 2.)

¹ See Solicitor's Opinion of June 6, 1932 (M. 27036).

Official approval
required.

Forfeiture.

Existing permits.

the right of way herein granted for any one or more of the purposes herein named: *Provided*, That such right of way shall be allowed within or through any national park, national forest, military, Indian, or any other reservation only upon the approval of the chief officer of the department under whose supervision or control such reservation falls, and upon a finding by him that the same is not incompatible with the public interest: *Provided*, That all or any part of such right of way may be forfeited and annulled by declaration of the head of the department having jurisdiction over the lands for nonuse for a period of two years or for abandonment.

Any citizen, association, or corporation of the United States to whom there has heretofore been issued a permit for any of the purposes specified herein under any existing law, may obtain the benefit of this Act upon the same terms and conditions as shall be required of citizens associations, or corporations hereafter making application under the provisions of this statute. (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 5.)

An Act To amend an act entitled "An Act To create a Federal Power Commission; to provide for the improvement of navigation; the development of water power, the use of the public lands in relation thereto; and to repeal section 18 of the River and Harbor Appropriation Act, approved August 8, 1917, and for other purposes," approved June 10, 1920, approved March 3, 1921 (41 Stat. 1353):

Federal Water
Power Act (41
Stat. 1063).
No permits for
works under, in
national parks or
monuments with-
out specific au-
thority of Con-
gress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter no permit, license, lease, or authorization for dams, conduits, reservoirs, power houses, transmission lines, or other works for storage or carriage of water, or for the development, transmission, or utilization of power, within the limits as now constituted of any national park or national monument shall be granted or made without specific authority of Congress, and so much of the Act of Congress approved June 10, 1920, entitled "An Act to create a Federal Power Commission; to provide for the improvement of navigation; the development of water power; the use of the public lands in relation thereto; and to repeal section 18 of the River and Harbor Appropriation Act, approved August 8, 1917, and for other purposes," approved June 10, 1920, as authorizes licensing such uses of existing national parks and national monuments by the Federal Power Commission is hereby repealed. (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 797.)

Authority for li-
censing, therein
repealed.

An Act For the protection of the public forest reserves and national parks of the United States, approved February 6, 1905 (33 Stat. 700)

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled

* Amends 31 Stat. 790 (see p. 2) and 36 Stat. 1253 (see p. 3).

bled, That all persons employed in the forest reserve and national park service of the United States shall have authority to make arrests for the violation of the laws and regulations relating to the forest reserves and national parks, and any person so arrested shall be taken before the nearest United States commissioner, within whose jurisdiction the reservation or national park is located, for trial; and upon sworn information by any competent person any United States commissioner in the proper jurisdiction shall issue process for the arrest of any person charged with the violation of said laws and regulations; but nothing herein contained shall be construed as preventing the arrest by any officer of the United States, without process, of any person taken in the act of violating said laws and regulations. (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 10.)

Forest reserves and national parks.
Arrests for violating laws, etc.

Process.

Arrest without process.

Excerpts from "An Act To codify, revise, and amend the penal laws of the United States," approved March 4, 1909 (35 Stat. 1098)

SEC. 49. Whoever shall cut, or cause or procure to be cut, or shall wantonly destroy, or cause to be wantonly destroyed, any timber growing on the public lands of the United States; or whoever shall remove, or cause to be removed, any timber from said public lands, with intent to export or to dispose of the same; or whoever, being the owner, master, or consignee of any vessel, or the owner, director, or agent of any railroad, shall knowingly transport any timber so cut or removed from said lands, or lumber manufactured therefrom, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than one year, or both. Nothing in this section shall prevent any miner or agriculturist from clearing his land in the ordinary working of his mining claim, or in the preparation of his farm for tillage, or from taking the timber necessary to support his improvements, or the taking of timber for the use of the United States. And nothing in this section shall interfere with or take away any right or privilege under any existing law of the United States to cut or remove timber from any public lands. (U.S.C., title 18, sec. 103.)

Timber deprecations on public lands.

Punishment for.

Rights of entry-men.

SEC. 50. Whoever shall unlawfully cut, or aid in unlawfully cutting, or shall wantonly injure or destroy, or procure to be wantonly injured or destroyed, any tree, growing, standing, or being upon any land of the United States which, in pursuance of law, has been reserved or purchased by the United States for any public use, or upon any Indian reservation, or lands belonging to or occupied by any tribe of Indians under the authority of the United States, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

Timber, etc., deprecations on reservations or Indian lands.
(Amended by 36 Stat. 867. See p. 7.)

Punishment for.

SEC. 51. Whoever shall cut, chip, chop, or box any tree upon any lands belonging to the United States, or upon

Boxing, etc., trees for turpentine.

any lands covered by or embraced in any unperfected settlement, application, filing, entry, selection, or location, made under any law of the United States, for the purpose of obtaining from such tree any pitch, turpentine, or other substance, or shall knowingly encourage, cause, procure, or aid in the cutting, chipping, chopping, or boxing of any such tree, or shall buy, trade for, or in any manner acquire any pitch, turpentine, or other substance, or any article or commodity made from any such pitch, turpentine, or other substance, when he has knowledge that the same has been so unlawfully obtained from such trees, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both. (U.S.C., title 18, sec. 105.)

Punishment for

Setting fire to timber on public lands.

Punishment for.

Failing to extinguish fires. (Amended by 36 Stat. 857. See p. 7.)

Punishment for.

Fines to be paid into school funds.

SEC. 52. Whoever shall willfully set on fire, or cause to be set on fire, any timber, underbrush, or grass upon the public domain, or shall leave or suffer fire to burn unattended near any timber or other inflammable material, shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. (U.S.C., title 18, sec. 106.)

SEC. 53. Whoever shall build a fire in or near any forest, timber, or other inflammable material upon the public domain shall, before leaving said fire, totally extinguish the same; and whoever shall fail to do so shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

SEC. 54. In all cases arising under the two preceding sections the fines collected shall be paid into the public school fund of the county in which the lands where the offense was committed are situated. (U.S.C., title 18, sec. 108.)

* * * * *

Breaking fences, driving cattle, etc., on inclosed public lands.

Punishment for.

Injuring or removing survey marks.

SEC. 56. Whoever shall knowingly and unlawfully break, open, or destroy any gate, fence, hedge, or wall inclosing any lands of the United States which, in pursuance of any law, have been reserved or purchased by the United States for any public use; or whoever shall drive any cattle, horses, hogs, or other livestock upon any such lands for the purpose of destroying the grass or trees on said lands, or where they may destroy the said grass or trees; or whoever shall knowingly permit his cattle, horses, hogs, or other livestock, to enter through any such inclosure upon any such lands of the United States, where such cattle, horses, hogs, or other livestock may or can destroy the grass or trees or other property of the United States on the said lands, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both: *Provided*, That nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to unreserved public lands. (U.S.C., title 18, sec. 110.)

SEC. 57. Whoever shall willfully destroy, deface, change, or remove to another place any section corner,

quarter-section corner, or meander post, on any Government line of survey, or shall willfully cut down any witness tree or any tree blazed to mark the line of a Government survey, or shall willfully deface, change, or remove any monument or bench mark of any Government survey, shall be fined not more than two hundred and fifty dollars, or imprisoned not more than six months, or both. (U.S.C., title 18, sec. 111.)

Punishment for.

SEC. 58. Whoever in any manner, by threats or force, shall interrupt, hinder, or prevent the surveying of the public lands, or of any private land claim which has been or may be confirmed by the United States, by the persons authorized to survey the same, in conformity with the instructions of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, shall be fined not more than three thousand dollars and imprisoned not more than three years. (U.S.C., title 18, sec. 112.)

Interrupting surveys.

Punishment for.

* * * * *

SEC. 60. Whoever shall willfully or maliciously injure or destroy any of the works, property, or material of any telegraph, telephone, or cable line, or system, operated or controlled by the United States, whether constructed or in process of construction, or shall willfully or maliciously interfere in any way with the working or use of any such line, or system, or shall willfully or maliciously obstruct, hinder, or delay the transmission of any communication over any such line, or system, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than three years, or both. (U.S.C., title 18, sec. 116.)

Injuries to United States telegraph, etc., lines.

Punishment for.

Excerpts from "An Act To provide for determining the heirs of deceased Indians, for the disposition and sale of allotments of deceased Indians, for the leasing of allotments, and for other purposes," approved June 25, 1910 (36 Stat. 857)

SEC. 6. That section fifty of the Act entitled, "An Act to codify, revise, and amend the penal laws of the United States," approved March 4, 1909 (35 Stat. 1098), is hereby amended so as to read:

Timber depredations. Vol. 85, p. 1098, amended. See p. 5.

"SEC. 50. Whoever shall unlawfully cut, or aid in unlawfully cutting, or shall wantonly injure or destroy, or procure to be wantonly injured or destroyed, any tree, growing, standing, or being upon any land of the United States which, in pursuance of law, has been reserved or purchased by the United States for any public use, or upon any Indian reservation, or lands belonging to or occupied by any tribe of Indians under the authority of the United States, or any Indian allotment while the title to the same shall be held in trust by the Government, or while the same shall remain inalienable by the allottee without the consent of the United States, shall be fined not more than \$500, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both." (U.S.C., title 18, sec. 104.)

Punishment for depredations on reservations or Indian lands.

Trust allotments included.

Vol. 35, p. 1098, amended. See p. 5. That section fifty-three of said Act is hereby amended so as to read:

Punishment for not extinguishing fires on reservations or Indian lands.

Trust allotments included.

"SEC. 53. Whoever shall build a fire in or near any forest, timber, or other inflammable material upon the public domain, or upon any Indian reservation, or lands belonging to or occupied by any tribe of Indians under the authority of the United States, or upon any Indian allotment while the title to the same shall be held in trust by the Government, or while the same shall remain inalienable by the allottee without the consent of the United States, shall, before leaving said fire, totally extinguish the same; and whoever shall fail to do so shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both." (U.S.C., title 18, sec. 107.)

Vol. 35, p. 1145, amended.

An Act To amend section 289 of the Criminal Code, approved June 15, 1933 (H.R. 5091)

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 289 of the Criminal Code (U.S.C., title 18, sec. 468) be, and it is hereby, amended to read as follows:

R.S. 5391, p. 1045. Vol 30, p. 717.

Laws of States adopted for punishment of wrongful acts, etc.

"SEC. 289. Whoever, within the territorial limits of any State, organized Territory, or District, but within or upon any of the places now existing or hereafter reserved or acquired, described in section 272 of the Criminal Code (U.S.C., title 18, sec. 451),³ shall do or omit the doing of any act or thing which is not made penal by any laws of Congress, but which if committed or omitted within the jurisdiction of the State, Territory, or District in which such place is situated, by the laws thereof in force on June 1, 1933, and remaining in force at the time of the doing or omitting the doing of such act or thing, would be penal, shall be deemed guilty of a like offense and be subject to a like punishment."

Excerpt from "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1913, and for other purposes," approved August 24, 1912 (37 Stat. 460)

Limit on cost of buildings in national parks. (Amended by 40 Stat. 677. See p. 8 below.) Exception.

No expenditure for construction of administration or other buildings costing in case of any building in excess of \$1,000 shall be made in any national park except under express authority of Congress: *Provided*, That this shall not apply to buildings now in the process of actual construction. (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 451.)

Excerpt from "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1919, and for other purposes," approved July 1, 1918 (40 Stat. 677)

Cost of buildings increased.

The limitation of cost upon the construction of any administration or other building in any national park

³ Includes any lands reserved or acquired for the exclusive use of the United States, and under the exclusive jurisdiction thereof.

without express authority of Congress, contained in the sundry civil appropriation Act approved August 24, 1912, is increased from \$1,000 to \$1,500. (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 451.) (Amends 37 Stat. 466. See p. 8.)

Excerpt from "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1913, and for other purposes," approved August 24, 1912 (37 Stat. 487)

After June 30, 1912, postmasters, assistant postmasters, collectors of customs, collectors of internal revenue, chief clerks of the various executive departments and bureaus, or clerks designated by them for the purpose, the superintendent, the acting superintendent, custodian, and principal clerks of the various national parks and other Government reservations, superintendent, acting superintendents, and principal clerks of the different Indian superintendencies or Indian agencies, and chiefs of field parties, are required, empowered, and authorized, when requested, to administer oaths, required by law or otherwise, to accounts for travel or other expenses against the United States, with like force and effect as officers having a seal; for such services when so rendered or when rendered on demand after said date by notaries public, who at the time are also salaried officers or employees of the United States, no charge shall be made; and on and after July 1, 1912, no fee or money paid for the services herein described shall be paid or reimbursed by the United States. (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 454.)

Oaths to expense accounts.

Additional officers authorized to administer.

No charges allowed. No reimbursement hereafter.

An Act To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535)

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby created in the Department of the Interior a service to be called the National Park Service, which shall be under the charge of a director, who shall be appointed by the Secretary and who shall receive a salary of \$4,500 per annum. There shall also be appointed by the Secretary the following assistants and other employees at the salaries designated: One assistant director, at \$2,500 per annum; one chief clerk, at \$2,000 per annum; one draftsman, at \$1,800 per annum; one messenger, at \$600 per annum; and, in addition thereto, such other employees as the Secretary of the Interior shall deem necessary: *Provided*, That not more than \$8,100 annually shall be expended for salaries of experts, assistants, and employees within the District of Columbia not herein specifically enumerated unless previously authorized by law. The service thus established shall promote and regulate the use of the Federal areas known as national parks, monuments, and reservations hereinafter specified by such means and measures as conform to the fundamental purpose of the said parks,

National Park service established. Director, etc., to be appointed. (Amended by 42 Stat. 1488 "Classification Act.")

Limit for experts.

Purpose defined.

monuments, and reservations, which purpose is to conserve the scenery and the natural and historic objects and the wild life therein and to provide for the enjoyment of the same in such manner and by such means as will leave them unimpaired for the enjoyment of future generations. (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 1.)

Director.
Control of national parks, etc.

SEC. 2. That the director shall, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, have the supervision, management, and control of the several national parks and national monuments which are now under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior, and of the Hot Springs Reservation in the State of Arkansas, and of such other national parks and reservations of like character as may be hereafter created by Congress: *Provided*, That in the supervision, management, and control of national monuments contiguous to national forests the Secretary of Agriculture may cooperate with said National Park Service to such extent as may be requested by the Secretary of the Interior (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 2.)

National monuments contiguous to national forests.

Regulations for management, etc., to be made.

Punishment for violations.
(Amended by 41 Stat. 732. See p. 11.)

SEC. 3. That the Secretary of the Interior shall make and publish such rules and regulations as he may deem necessary or proper for the use and management of the parks, monuments, and reservations under the jurisdiction of the National Park Service, and any violations of any of the rules and regulations authorized by this Act shall be punished as provided for in section fifty of the Act entitled "An Act to codify and amend the penal laws of the United States," approved March fourth, nineteen hundred and nine, as amended by section six of the Act of June twenty-fifth, nineteen hundred and ten (Thirty-sixth United States Statutes at Large, page eight hundred and fifty-seven). He may also, upon terms and conditions to be fixed by him, sell or dispose of timber in those cases where in his judgment the cutting of such timber is required in order to control the attacks of insects or diseases or otherwise conserve the scenery or the natural or historic objects in any such park, monument, or reservation. He may also provide in his discretion for the destruction of such animals and of such plant life as may be detrimental to the use of any of said parks, monuments, or reservations. He may also grant privileges, leases, and permits for the use of land for the accommodation of visitors in the various parks, monuments, or other reservations herein provided for, but for periods not exceeding twenty years; and no natural curiosities, wonders, or objects of interest shall be leased, rented, or granted to anyone on such terms as to interfere with free access to them by the public: *Provided, however*, That the Secretary of the Interior may, under such rules and regulations and on such terms as he may prescribe, grant the privilege to graze live stock within any national park, monument, or reservation

Disposal of timber.

Leases, etc., for accommodation of visitors.

(Amended by 45 Stat. 235. See p. 11.)

Grazing permits.

herein referred to when in his judgment such use is not detrimental to the primary purpose for which such park, monument, or reservation was created, except that this provision shall not apply to the Yellowstone National Park. (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 3.)

Yellowstone Park excepted.

Sec. 4. That nothing in this Act contained shall affect or modify the provisions of the Act approved February fifteenth, nineteen hundred and one, entitled "An Act relating to rights of way through certain parks, reservations, and other public lands." (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 4.)

Rights of way not affected.

Vol. 31, p. 790. (See p. 2.)

Excerpt from "An Act to accept the cession by the State of California of exclusive jurisdiction of the lands embraced within the Yosemite National Park, Sequoia National Park, and General Grant National Park, respectively, and for other purposes," approved June 2, 1920 (41 Stat. 732)

Section 3 of the Act of Congress approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535), entitled "An Act To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," is hereby amended by striking therefrom the words "and any violations of any of the rules and regulations authorized by this Act shall be punished as provided for in section 50 of the Act entitled 'An Act To codify, revise, and amend the Penal Laws of the United States,' approved March 4, 1909, as amended by section 6 of the Act of June 25, 1910 (Thirty-sixth United States Statutes at Large, page 857)," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "and any violation of any of the rules and regulations authorized by this Act shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$500 or imprisonment for not exceeding six months, or both, and be adjudged to pay all cost of the proceedings." (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 3.)

Vol. 39, p. 535, amended. See p. 9.

Punishment modified.

Excerpt from "An Act Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1923, and for other purposes," approved March 7, 1923 (45 Stat. 235)

Section 3 of the Act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535), entitled "An Act to establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," is hereby amended by adding the following thereto: "*And provided further*, That the Secretary of the Interior may grant said privileges, leases, and permits and enter into contracts relating to the same with responsible persons, firms, or corporations without advertising and without securing competitive bids: *And provided further*, That no contract, lease, permit, or privilege granted shall be assigned or transferred by such grantees, permittees, or licenses, without the approval of the Secretary of the Interior first obtained in writing: *And provided further*, That the Secretary may, in his discretion, authorize such grantees, permittees, or licensees to execute mortgages and issue bonds, shares of stock, and other evidences of interest in or indebtedness upon their rights, properties, and franchises, for the purposes

Vol. 39, p. 535, amended. See p. 9.

Provisos. Licenses for accommodations for visitors, without advertising.

Transfers to be approved by Secretary.

Grantees, etc., may issue bonds, etc.

of installing, enlarging, or improving plant and equipment and extending facilities for the accommodation of the public within such national parks and monuments." (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 3.)

Excerpt from "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918, and for other purposes," approved June 12, 1917 (40 Stat. 153)

Revenues from parks to be covered into the Treasury.

Estimates required.

(Amended by 42 Stat. 590, see p. 12 below; and 44 Stat. 900, see p. 12 below.)

From and after July 1, 1918, all revenues of the national parks, except Hot Springs Reservation, Arkansas, shall be covered into the Treasury to the credit of miscellaneous receipts; and the Secretary of the Interior is directed to submit, for the fiscal year 1919 and annually thereafter, estimates of the amounts required for the care, maintenance, and development of the said parks. (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 452.)

Excerpt from "An Act Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1923, and for other purposes," approved May 24, 1922 (42 Stat. 590)

Hot Springs, Ark. Revenues to be covered in as miscellaneous receipts. (Amends 40 Stat. 153. See p. 11 above.) (Amended by 14 Stat. 900. See p. 12 below.)

From and after July 1, 1922, all revenues of the Hot Springs National Park shall be covered into the Treasury to the credit of miscellaneous receipts, except such as may be necessary to pay obligations outstanding on June 30, 1922. (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 452.)

An Act To facilitate and simplify the work of the National Park Service, United States Department of the Interior, and for other purposes, approved July 3, 1928 (44 Stat. 900)

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to aid and assist visitors within the national parks or national monuments in emergencies and when no other source is available for the procurement of food or supplies, by the sale, at cost, of food or supplies in quantities sufficient to enable them to reach safely a point where such food or supplies can be purchased: *Provided*, That the receipts from such sales shall be deposited as a refund to the appropriation or appropriations current at the date of covering in of such deposit and shall be available for the purchase of similar food or supplies. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 12.)

Sale of food, etc., at cost to aid visitors in national parks and monuments.

Proviso. Receipts available for further purchases. (Amends 40 Stat. 153, see p. 12 above; and 42 Stat. 590, see p. 12 above.)

Medical assistance, etc., to employees at isolated situations.

Attention in case of death.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of the Interior, in his discretion, is authorized to provide, out of moneys appropriated for the general expense of the several national parks and national monuments, medical attention for employees of the National Park Service located at isolated situations, including the moving of such employees to hospitals or other places where medical assistance is available, and in case of death to remove the bodies of deceased employees to the nearest place where they can be prepared for shipment or for burial. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 13.)

Excerpt from "An Act To promote the mining of coal, phosphate, oil, oil shale, gas, and sodium on the public domain," approved February 25, 1920 (41 Stat. 437)⁴

Deposits of coal, phosphate, sodium, oil, oil shale, or gas, and lands containing such deposits owned by the United States, including those in national forests, but excluding lands acquired under the Act known as the Appalachian Forest Act, approved March 1, 1911 (36 Stat. 961), and those in national parks, and in lands withdrawn or reserved for military or naval uses or purposes, except as hereinafter provided, shall be subject to disposition in the form and manner provided by this Act to citizens of the United States, or to any association of such persons, or to any corporation organized under the laws of the United States, or of any State or Territory thereof, and in the case of coal, oil, oil shale, or gas, to municipalities: *Provided*, * * * (U.S.C., title 30, sec. 181.)

Public lands.
Nonmetallic mineral deposits on. Disposal of, to citizens, etc.
Lands excluded.
Vol. 36, p. 961.

Coal, etc., to municipalities.

Provisos.

Excerpt from "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1921, and for other purposes," approved June 5, 1920 (41 Stat. 917)

The Secretary of the Interior in his administration of the National Park Service is authorized, in his discretion, to accept patented lands, rights of way over patented lands or other lands, buildings, or other property within the various national parks and national monuments, and moneys which may be donated for the purposes of the national park and monument system. (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 6.)

Acceptance of donated lands, etc., for parks and monuments.

Excerpt from "An Act To amend the Act entitled 'An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in the construction of rural post roads, and for other purposes,' approved July 11, 1916, as amended and supplemented, and for other purposes," approved November 9, 1921 (42 Stat. 212)

SEC. 3. All powers and duties of the Council of National Defense under the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the support of the Army for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and for other purposes," approved August 29, 1916, in relation to highway or highway transport, are hereby transferred to the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Council of National Defense is directed to turn over to the Secretary of Agriculture the equipment, material, supplies, papers, maps, and documents utilized in the exercise of such powers. The powers and duties of agencies dealing with highways in the national parks or in military or naval reservations under the control of the United States Army or Navy, or with highways used principally for military or naval purposes, shall not be taken over by the Secretary of Agriculture, but such highways shall remain under the

Council of National Defense.

Powers of, in locating highways, etc., transferred to Secretary of Agriculture.
Vol. 39, p. 650.

National parks, military and naval reservations.

Control of highways in, not disturbed.

⁴ Amended by Act of February 7, 1927 (44 Stat. 1058), which added "deposits of potassium." (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 30, sec. 181.)

control and jurisdiction of such agencies. (U.S.C., title 23, sec. 3.)

Excerpts from "An Act Authorizing the construction, reconstruction, and improvement of roads and trails, inclusive of necessary bridges, in the national parks and monuments under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior," approved April 9, 1924 (43 Stat. 90)

National Parks, etc.
Roads, trails, etc., authorized in.

The Secretary of the Interior, in his administration of the National Park Service, is hereby authorized to construct, reconstruct, and improve roads and trails, inclusive of necessary bridges, in the national parks and monuments under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior. (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 8.)

Transfer of Army road material distributed under Highway Act, authorized.

SEC. 3. The Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to reserve from distribution to the several States, in addition to the 10 per centum authorized by section 5 of the Act of November 10, 1921 (42 Stat. 213), not exceeding 5 per centum of the material, equipment, and supplies hereafter received from the Secretary of War, and to transfer said material, equipment, and supplies to the Secretary of the Interior for use in constructing, reconstructing, improving, and maintaining roads and trails in the national parks and monuments: *Provided*, That no charge shall be made for such transfer except such sums as may be agreed upon as being reasonable charges for freight, handling, and conditioning for efficient use. (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 436.)

Proviso.
Transfer charges limited.
(Amended by 46 Stat. 1053. See p. 14 below.)

An Act To amend the Act of April 9, 1924, so as to provide for national-park approaches, approved January 31, 1931 (46 Stat. 1053)*

National Parks.
Extension of road systems in.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the construction, reconstruction, and improvement of roads and trails, inclusive of necessary bridges, in the national parks and monuments under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior" (43 Stat. 90; U.S.C., title 16, p. 390, sec. 8), approved April 9, 1924, is hereby amended by adding the following:

Vol. 43, p. 90 amended. (See p. 14 above.)
New matter.

Approaches to be designated.
Purposes declared.

"SEC. 4. Whenever the Secretary of the Interior shall determine it to be in the public interest he may designate as national-park approach roads and as supplementary parts of the highway systems of any of the national parks roads whose primary value is to carry national-park travel and which lead across lands wholly or to the extent of 90 per centum owned by the Government of the United States and which will connect the highways within a national park with a convenient point on or leading to the Federal 7 per centum highway system: *Provided*, That such approach roads so designated shall be limited

To connect with Federal aid highways.
Proviso.
Length restrictions.

* See provision of Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932 (47 Stat. 709), p. 16.

to not to exceed sixty miles in length between a park gateway and such point on or leading to the nearest convenient 7 per centum system road; or, if such approach road is on the 7 per centum system, it shall be limited to not to exceed thirty miles: *Provided further*, That not to exceed forty miles of any one approach road shall be designated in any one county. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 8a.)

Maximum mileage in any one county.

"SEC. 5. The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized during the fiscal years 1932 and 1933 to construct, reconstruct, and improve such national-park approach roads so designated, inclusive of necessary bridges, and to enter into agreements for the maintenance thereof by State or county authorities, or to maintain them when otherwise necessary, as well as hereafter to construct, reconstruct, and improve roads and trails within the national parks and national monuments; and for all such purposes there is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the following sums: \$7,500,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932; the sum of \$7,500,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933: *Provided*, That under agreement with the Secretary of the Interior the Secretary of Agriculture may carry out any or all of the provisions of this section: *Provided further*, That not to exceed \$1,500,000 shall be allocated annually for the construction, reconstruction, and improvement of such national park approach roads: *And provided further*, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit the authority of the Secretary of the Interior to hereafter construct, reconstruct, improve, and maintain roads and trails within the national parks and national monuments. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 8b.)

Improvements during fiscal years 1932 and 1933. State, etc., maintenance. Construction, etc.

Sums authorized.

Provisions. Jurisdiction of Secretary of Agriculture. Annual allocations for approach roads. Authority to construct park roads, etc., by Secretary of Interior not affected.

"Sec. 6. Whenever any such approach road is proposed under the terms of this Act across or within any national forest the Secretary of the Interior shall secure the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture before construction shall begin." (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 8c.)

National forest roads to require approval of Secretary of Agriculture.

Excerpt from "An Act Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1931, and prior fiscal years to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1931, and June 30, 1932, and for other purposes," approved March 4, 1931 (46 Stat. 1570)^{*}

Roads and Trails, National Parks: For an additional amount for the construction, reconstruction, and improvement of roads and trails in national parks, and monuments, and of national-park approach roads, inclusive of necessary bridges, in accordance with the Act approved April 9, 1924, as amended by the Act of

Roads, trails, etc.

^{*} See provision of Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932 (47 Stat. 709), p. 16.

Vol. 43, p. 90,
and Vol. 46, pp.
1053, 1570.
(See pp. 14 and
15.)
Provido.

Approaches to
national monu-
ments included.

January 31, 1931 (43 Stat. 90, and 46 Stat. 1053, respectively), including National Monument approach roads, \$2,500,000 to remain available until expended: *Provided*, That approach roads to national monuments shall be included within the provisions of such Act under the same conditions as approach roads to national parks, and the limitation therein on the amount of annual allocation of funds to national-park approach roads shall be inclusive of such national monument approaches. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 8d.)

Excerpt from "An Act To relieve destitution, to broaden the lending powers of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, and to create employment by providing for and expediting a public-works program," approved July 21, 1932 (47 Stat. 709)

Emergency con-
struction of roads
in national parks
and monuments.

* * * (C) For the construction, reconstruction, and improvement of roads and trails, inclusive of necessary bridges, in the national parks and national monuments under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior, including areas to be established as national parks authorized under the Act of May 22, 1926 (U.S.C., Supp. V, title 16, secs. 403 to 403c), and under the Act of May 25, 1926 (U.S.C., Supp. V, title 16, secs. 404 to 404c), and national park and monument approach roads authorized by the Act of January 31, 1931 (46 Stat. 1053), as amended, or any one section of such roads of not less than eight miles, which crosses lands wholly or to the extent of 90 per centum owned by the Government of the United States, \$3,000,000; * * *

Vol. 44, p. 616.
Vol. 44, p. 635.

Vol. 46, pp.
1053, 1570.
(See pp. 14 and
15.)

An Act For the protection of timber owned by the United States from fire, disease, or the ravages of beetles or other insects, approved September 20, 1922 (42 Stat. 857)

Timber.
Protection of, on
Government
lands, from fire,
insects, etc.,
authorized.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to protect and preserve, from fire, disease, or the ravages of beetles, or other insects, timber owned by the United States upon the public lands, national parks, national monuments, Indian reservations, or other lands under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior owned by the United States, either directly or in co-operation with other departments of the Federal Government, with States, or with owners of timber; and appropriations are hereby authorized to be made for such purposes. (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 594.)

Appropriations,
authorized for.

Excerpt from "An Act Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1924, and for other purposes," approved January 24, 1923 (42 Stat. 1215)¹

Minor purchases
in open market.
(Amended by
Vol. 44, Stat.
936. See p. 17.)

The purchase of supplies or the procurement of services by the National Park Service outside the District of Columbia may be made in the open market without com-

¹ See Sec. 4, 46 Stat. 381. (See p. 19.)

pliance with sections 3709 and 3744 of the Revised Statutes of the United States in the manner common among business men, when the aggregate amount of the purchase or service does not exceed \$50. (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 7.)

R.S., sec. 3709
and 3744, pp.
733, 738.

The National Park Service may exchange hereafter, as part consideration, in the purchase of new equipment, motor vehicles, and any other equipment for use in the national parks. (U.S.C., title 16, sec. 9.)

Exchanges for
new equipment.

Excerpt from "An Act Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1928, and for other purposes," approved January 12, 1927 (44 Stat. 936)¹

The purchase of supplies and equipment or the procurement of services for the Department of the Interior, the bureaus and offices thereof, Howard University, and the Columbia Institution for the Deaf, at the seat of government, as well as those located in the field outside the District of Columbia, may be made in the open market without compliance with sections 3709 and 3744 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, in the manner common among business men, when the aggregate amount of the purchase or the service does not exceed \$100 in any instance.

Minor purchases
allowed in open
market.

(Amends 42 Stat.
1215. U.S.C.,
title 16, sec. 7.
See p. 16.)

R.S. secs. 3709,
3744, pp. 737,
738.

Excerpt from "An Act Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1927, and for other purposes," approved May 10, 1926 (44 Stat. 491)

The Secretary of the Interior in his administration of the National Park Service is authorized to contract for medical attention and service for employees and to make necessary pay-roll deductions agreed to by the employees therefor. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 11.)

Medical services
for employees.
Deducted from
pay roll.

Appropriations made for the administration, protection, and maintenance of the national parks and national monuments under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior shall be available for expense of depositing public money. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 456.)

Expense of de-
positing public
moneys.

An Act Concerning actions on account of death or personal injury within places under the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States, approved February 1, 1928 (45 Stat. 54)

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in the case of the death of any person by the neglect or wrongful act of another within a national park or other place subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States, within the exterior boundaries of any State, such right of action shall exist as though the place were under the jurisdiction of the State within whose exterior boundaries such place may be; and in any action brought to recover on account of injuries sustained in any such place the rights of the parties shall be gov-

National Parks,
etc.
Actions for death
or personal injury
within, to be
brought in courts
of State where
located.

¹ See Sec. 4, 46 Stat. 381. (Sec p. 19.)

erned by the laws of the State within the exterior boundaries of which it may be. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 457.)

Excerpt from "An Act Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1929, and for other purposes," approved March 7, 1928 (45 Stat. 238)

Purchase of waterproof footwear.

Appropriations whenever made for the National Park Service which are available for the purchase of equipment may be used for purchase of waterproof footwear which shall be regarded and listed as park equipment. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 15.)

Excerpts from "An Act To provide for cooperation by the Smithsonian Institution with State, educational, and scientific organizations in the United States for continuing ethnological researches among the American Indians," approved April 10, 1928 (45 Stat. 413)

American Indians, cooperation by Smithsonian Institution in ethnological researches among.

That the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution is hereby authorized to cooperate with any State, educational institution, or scientific organization in the United States for continuing ethnological researches among the American Indians and the excavation and preservation of archaeological remains.

Control of work.

SEC. 2. * * * *Provided further*, That all such cooperative work and division of the result thereof shall be under the direction of the Secretary of the Smithsonian institution: *Provided further*, That where lands are involved which are under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Indian Affairs or the National Park Service, cooperative work thereon shall be under such regulations and conditions as the Secretary of the Interior may provide. (U.S.C., title 20, secs. 69, 70.)

Regulations for work on lands of Indians and National Park Service.

Excerpt from "An Act Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1930, and for other purposes," approved March 4, 1929 (45 Stat. 1602)

Use of appropriations forbidden where campground privileges charged for.

None of the appropriations for the National Park Service, whenever made, shall be available for expenditure within any park or national monument wherein a charge is made or collected by the Park Service for campground privileges. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 14.)

An Act To authorize the maintenance of central warehouses in national parks and national monuments and authorizing appropriations for the purchase of supplies and materials to be kept in said warehouses, approved April 18, 1930 (46 Stat. 219)

National parks and monuments.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That hereafter the Secretary of the Interior, in his administration of the national parks and national monuments, is authorized to maintain central warehouses at said parks and monuments, and appropriations made for the administration, protection, maintenance, and im-

Central warehouses for supplies, etc., to be maintained in.

provement of the said parks and monuments shall be available for the purchase of supplies and materials to be kept in said central warehouses for distribution at cost, including transportation and handling, to projects under specific appropriations, and transfers between the various appropriations made for the national parks and national monuments are hereby authorized for the purpose of charging the cost of supplies and materials, including transportation and handling, drawn from central warehouses maintained under this authority to the particular appropriation benefited; and such supplies and materials as remain therein at the end of any fiscal year shall be continuously available for issuance during subsequent fiscal years and to be charged for by such transfers of funds between appropriations made for the administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement of said parks and monuments for the fiscal year then current without decreasing in any way the appropriations made for that fiscal year: *Provided*, That supplies and materials shall not be purchased solely for the purpose of increasing the value of storehouse stock beyond reasonable requirements for any current fiscal year. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 16.)

Appropriations available for purchases, distribution, etc.

Supplies, etc., continuously available for.

Proviso. Limit on purchases.

An Act To facilitate the administration of the national parks by the United States Department of the Interior, and for other purposes, approved May 26, 1930 (46 Stat. 381)

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to purchase personal equipment and supplies for employees of the National Park Service, and to make deductions therefor from moneys appropriated for salary payments or otherwise due such employees. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 17.)

Purchases for employees authorized to be deducted from salaries.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of the Interior, in his administration of the National Park Service, may authorize the payment of not to exceed 3 cents per mile for a motor cycle or 7 cents per mile for an automobile used for official business, including travel at official stations, when, in his judgment, the expense of travel can be reduced thereby: *Provided*, That he may authorize not to exceed 10 cents per mile for an automobile used in localities where poor road conditions or high cost of motor supplies prevail and he finds that the average cost to the operator is in excess of 7 cents per mile: *Provided further*, That he may authorize the payment of toll and ferry charges, storage, and towage for such automobiles in addition to mileage allowances. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 17a.)⁸

Allowance for motor vehicle travel. (Amended by 46 Stat. 1103. See p. 21.)

Provisos. Higher payments for poor roads: Toll and ferry charges, etc., in addition.

⁸ Amended by 46 Stat. 1103 (p. 21) and sec. 9, H.R. 13520 (p. 22).

Accommodations for the public. Contracts for, authorized without advertising.

SEC. 3. That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to contract for services or other accommodations provided in the national parks and national monuments for the public under contract with the Department of the Interior, as may be required in the administration of the National Park Service, at rates approved by him for the furnishing of such services or accommodations to the Government and without compliance with the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes of the United States. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 17b.)⁹

Sales in emergencies of supplies, etc.

SEC. 4. That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized in emergencies when no other source is available for the immediate procurement of supplies, materials, or special services, to aid and assist grantees, permittees, or licensees conducting operations for the benefit of the public in the national parks and national monuments by the sale at cost, including transportation and handling of such supplies, materials, or special services as may be necessary to relieve the emergency and insure uninterrupted service to the public: *Provided*, That the receipts from such sales shall be deposited as a refund to the appropriation or appropriations current at the date of covering in of such deposit, and shall be available for expenditure for national park and national monument purposes. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 17c.)

Proviso.
Use of receipts.

Cashing traveler's checks for automobile licenses allowed.

SEC. 5. The provisions of section 3651 of the Revised Statutes shall not be construed so as to prohibit the cashing of traveler's checks or other forms of money equivalent in customary use by travelers, exclusive of personal checks, when tendered in payment of automobile license fees charged at national parks under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior, or other collections made within the national parks or national monuments. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 17d.)

Indigent persons. Temporary care and removal of.

SEC. 6. That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to provide, out of moneys appropriated for the general expenses of the several national parks, for the temporary care and removal from the park of indigents, and in case of death to provide for their burial, in those national parks not under local jurisdiction for these purposes, this section in no case to authorize transportation of such indigent or dead for a distance of more than fifty miles from the national park. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 17e.)

Burial expenses.

Reimbursement for horses, etc., lost in fire fighting, etc.

SEC. 7. That hereafter the Secretary of the Interior in his administration of the National Park Service is authorized to reimburse employees and other owners of horses, vehicles, and other equipment lost, damaged, or destroyed while in the custody of such employee or the Department of the Interior, under authorization, contract, or loan, for necessary fire fighting, trail, or other official business, such reimbursement to be made from

⁹ See 42 Stat. 1215 (p. 16) and 44 Stat. 936 (p. 17).

any available funds in the appropriation to which the hire of such equipment would be properly chargeable. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 17f.)

SEC. 8. That the Secretary of the Interior may require field employees of the National Park Service to furnish horses, motor and other vehicles, and miscellaneous equipment necessary for the performance of their official work; and he may provide, at Government expense, forage, care, and housing for animals, and housing or storage and fuel for vehicles and other equipment so required to be furnished. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 17g.)

Field employees to furnish horses and other equipment for official work.
Care, etc., at Government expense.

SEC. 9. That hereafter the Secretary of the Interior may, under such regulations as he may prescribe, authorize the hire, rental, or purchase of property from employees of the National Park Service whenever the public interest will be promoted thereby. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 17h.)

Property of employees.
Purchase, hire, etc., of, authorized.

SEC. 10. Hereafter the National Park Service may hire, with or without personal services, work animals and animal-drawn and motor-propelled vehicles and equipment at rates to be approved by the Secretary of the Interior and without compliance with the provisions of sections 3709 and 3744 of the Revised Statutes. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 17i.)

Work animals and vehicles may be hired without written contract, etc.

SEC. 11. Appropriations whenever made for the National Park Service which are available for general administration may be used for the payment of traveling expenses, including the costs of packing, crating, and transportation (including drayage) of personal effects of employees upon permanent change of station, under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior. (U.S.C., 6th supp., title 16, sec. 17j.)

Traveling expenses, household effects, etc., allowed employees on change of station.

An Act To permit payments for the operation of motorcycles and automobiles used for necessary travel on official business, on a mileage basis in lieu of actual operating expenses, approved February 14, 1931 (46 Stat. 1103)¹⁰

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a civilian officer or employee engaged in necessary travel on official business away from his designated post of duty may be paid, in lieu of actual expenses of transportation, under regulations to be prescribed by the President, not to exceed 3 cents per mile for the use of his own motorcycle or 7 cents per mile for the use of his own automobile for such transportation, whenever such mode of travel has been previously authorized and payment on such mileage basis is more economical and advantageous to the United States. This Act shall take

Transportation of civilian officers, etc.
(Amends sec. 2, 46 Stat. 381.
See p. 19.)
Rates allowed for, by automobile or motorcycle.
In lieu of actual expenses.
Vol. 44, p. 689, amended.

¹⁰ Amended by sec. 9, H.R. 13520, approved March 3, 1933, Treasury-Post Office Appropriation Act for the fiscal year ending July 30, 1934. See page 22.

Effective date. effect July 1, 1931, and all laws or parts of laws are hereby modified or repealed to the extent same may be in conflict herewith.

Excerpt from "An Act Making appropriations for the Treasury and Post Office Departments for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1934, and for other purposes," approved March 3, 1933 (H.R. 13520)

Rates allowed for transportation of civilian officers, etc., by motorcycle or automobile. (Amends 46 Stat. 1103. See p. 21.)

SEC. 9. The allowance provided for in the Act entitled "An Act to permit payments for the operation of motorcycles and automobiles used for necessary travel on official business, on a mileage basis in lieu of actual operating expenses," approved February 14, 1931 (46 Stat. 1103), for travel ordered after the date of enactment of this Act shall not exceed 2 cents per mile in the case of travel by motorcycle or 5 cents per mile in the case of travel by automobile.

CHRONOLOGICAL LIST OF THE NATIONAL PARKS

Name	Year established	Page
1. Yellowstone National Park	1872	25
2. Sequoia National Park	1890	48
3. General Grant National Park	1890	48
4. Yosemite National Park	1890	63
5. Mount Rainier National Park	1899	101
6. Crater Lake National Park	1902	111
7. Platt National Park	1902	118
8. Wind Cave National Park	1903	123
9. Mesa Verde National Park	1906	125
10. Glacier National Park	1910	137
11. Rocky Mountain National Park	1915	152
12. Hawaii National Park	1916	169
13. Lassen Volcanic National Park	1916	186
14. Mount McKinley National Park	1917	200
15. Grand Canyon National Park	1919	205
16. Acadia National Park	1919	215
17. Zion National Park	1919	217
18. Hot Springs National Park ¹	1921	219
19. Bryce Canyon National Park	1928	260
20. Grand Teton National Park	1929	264
21. Carlsbad Caverns National Park	1930	268
22. Great Smoky Mountains National Park	1930	270
23. Sullys Hill National Park ²	1904	277
24. Morristown National Historical Park	1933	279

¹ Set aside as the Hot Springs Reservation by Act of Apr. 20, 1832 (4 Stat. 505).

² Transferred to the Department of Agriculture by Act of Mar. 3, 1931 (46 Stat. 1509), to be maintained as the Sullys Hill National Game Preserve.