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Company I, 4th Company Governor's Guards (Orleans). M. O. Tracy, transferred to Company B December, 1862(?); Jean A. Dumartrait, transferred to Company K(?), absent from November, 1862, dropped November 24, 1864; Arthur L. Stuart, transferred to Company G January, 1864; J. B. Lallande, transferred to Company C April 8, 1864; Britton Bennett.

Company K, Norton Guards (Orleans). George Norton, transferred to Company D May 1, 1862; John W. Labouisse, transferred to Company E November, 1862; Britton Bennett, transferred to Company H; Arthur L. Stuart(?); Charles S. Luzenberg, transferred to Company H January, 1864, resigned July 1, 1864, in Company K; Eugene J. Blasco, killed May 15, 1864; Charles Jeffreys.

13TH REGIMENT

Four independent companies were added to the Battalion of Governor's Guards, or Avegno Zouaves, to create this regiment, which was organized September 11, 1861, at Camp Moore with 830 men. After several months at Camp Chalmette near New Orleans, the regiment left by steamer for Columbus, Kentucky, and arrived in late November. From Columbus, the men went to Corinth, Mississippi. On April 6 and 7, 1862, the regiment fought in the battle of Shiloh and suffered severe casualties. The men participated in the Battle of Farmington, May 9, and received praise for an attack on the enemy. After the evacuation of Corinth, the regiment camped for a time at Tupelo. The men accompanied the Army of Tennessee on its invasion of Kentucky in August. On October 8, the regiment performed gallantly in the Battle of Perryville. Returning to central Tennessee, the regiment went into winter quarters at Tullahoma. On November 30, 1862, General Braxton Bragg ordered the consolidation of the regiment into five companies. These companies joined five companies of the 20th Louisiana Regiment to form the 13th and 20th Louisiana Consolidated Regiment. Despite the merger, promotions of officers continued as though the regiments were still separate. In February, 1865, this consolidated regiment was broken up. The remnants of the 13th Louisiana Regiment were then merged with the 4th and 30th Louisiana regiments and the 14th Louisiana Battalion Sharpshooters. This new unit fought in the Siege of Spanish Fort east of Mobile, Alabama, March 27–April 8, 1865. After the evacuation of Mobile, the men of the 13th Louisiana were placed in a new consolidated unit called the Chalmette Regiment, which surrendered at Gainesville on May 8, 1865. One source says the 13th Louisiana had only 22 men remaining on duty at the surrender.

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13th and 20th Consolidated Regiment

COLONELS. Randall L. Gibson, brigade commander from September 20, 1863, promoted brigadier general January 11, 1864; Leon Von Zinken, retired November, 1864; Francis L. Campbell.

LIEUTENANT COLONELS. Leon Von Zinken, promoted colonel September 20, 1863; Francis L. Campbell, promoted colonel November, 1864; Edgar M. Dubroca(?).

MAJORS. Charles Guillett, mortally wounded January 2, 1863; Francis L. Campbell, promoted lieutenant colonel January 11, 1864(?); Samuel L. Bishop.

COMPANIES AND THEIR COMMANDERS

Company A (20th Louisiana). Albert A. Lipscomb.

Company B (13th Louisiana). Edgar M. Dubroca, promoted major(?); E. J. Blasco, killed May 15, 1864.

Company C (13th Louisiana). George Norton, detached as brigade assistant adjutant general February, 1864; J. B. Lallande.

Company D (20th Louisiana). Samuel L. Bishop, promoted major January 11, 1864(?); Theodore Eichholtz, died of wounds December 1, 1863; Samuel Sutter.

Company E (13th Louisiana). John McGrath.

Company F (20th Louisiana). Robert L. Keene, captured January 10, 1863, exchanged May 4, 1863; Gebhard Kehrwald, deserted December 16, 1863; Robert L. Keene.

Company G (20th Louisiana). H. Brummerstadt, killed January 2, 1863; Theodore Schneider, killed September 20, 1863; Alexander Dresel.

Company H (20th Louisiana). Thomas M. Ryan, died of wounds

January 20, 1863; Adolphus P. Webre, killed July 28, 1864; John D. Caulfield.

Company I (13th Louisiana). John M. King, wounded and captured January 2, 1863; Britton Bennett, absent from November 15, 1863; John M. King, retired January 2, 1865; William P. Richardson.

Company K (13th Louisiana). John W. Labouisse; Arthur L. Stuart.

This regiment was formed at Shelbyville, Tennessee, on November 30, 1862, with an aggregate strength of 1,075 men. The regiment was heavily involved in the Battle of Murfreesboro; 187 of its men were killed, wounded, or missing on December 31, 1862, and 129 on January 2, 1863. The names of 22 men were placed on the government's Roll of Honor for gallant conduct in the battle. The regiment spent the winter and spring near Tullahoma. In late May, the regiment went to Jackson, Mississippi, to join General Joseph E. Johnston's army. The men saw some fighting in the Siege of Jackson, July 5–25, and retreated with the army to Morton. Returning to the Army of Tennessee in late August, the regiment participated in the Battle of Chickamauga, September 19–20, and captured an enemy battery during one attack. On November 25, the regiment fought in the Battle of Missionary Ridge. During the winter and early spring, the men occupied camps near Dalton, Georgia. They fought at Resaca, May 14–15, and at New Hope Church, May 25, during the Atlanta Campaign. On July 28, the regiment lost heavily in the Battle of Ezra Church. The regiment accompanied the army on its invasion of Tennessee and fought in the Battle of Nashville, December 15–16. In February, 1865, at Mobile, Alabama, the regiment was broken up. The men of the 13th Louisiana were consolidated with those of the 4th and 30th Louisiana regiments and the 14th Louisiana Battalion Sharpshooters; the men of the 20th Louisiana were combined with the remnants of the 1st Louisiana Regulars and the 16th Louisiana.

14th Regiment

COLONELS. Valery Sulakowski, resigned February 19, 1862; Richard W. Jones, resigned August 15, 1862; Zebulon York, promoted brigadier general May 31, 1864; David Zable.

LIEUTENANT COLONELS. Richard W. Jones, promoted colonel February 19, 1862; Zebulon York, promoted colonel August 15, 1862; David Zable, promoted colonel May 31, 1864.

MAJORS. Zebulon York, promoted lieutenant colonel February 19, 1862; David Zable, promoted lieutenant colonel August 15, 1862; William H. Toler, dropped November 24, 1864.

Companies and Their Commanders

Company A, Armstrong Guards (Tensas). Thomas P. Farrar, resigned March 12, 1862; Robert King, died June 7, 1862; Prosper King, resigned January 14, 1863; Stephen O. Cotton.

Company B (1st), Franko Rifles (Orleans), disbanded after August, 1861. Robert Dalton, resigned September 12, 1861.

Company B (2nd), Jefferson Cadets (Orleans). W. H. Zimmerman, resigned February 7, 1863; John B. Hood, dropped November 24, 1864.

Company C, Askew Guards (Orleans). John W. T. Leech.

Company D (1st), Empire Rangers (Plaquemine), transferred to 3rd Louisiana Battalion. Robert A. Wilkinson.

Company D (2nd), McClure Guards (Orleans). Robert M. Austin, resigned November 27, 1861; Royal O. Smith, resigned June 2, 1862; Randolph Bradley, killed June 27, 1862; James R. Norment, dropped April 6, 1864; Benjamin R. Hyatt.

Company E, Nixon Rifles (Pointe Coupee). William H. Cooley, resigned September 20, 1861; Benjamin C. Cooley, dropped May 2, 1864; William Hoffman.

Company F, Concordia Rifles (Concordia). William H. Toler, promoted major August 15, 1862; William K. Penny.

Company G, Avengo Rifles (Orleans). P. F. Mancosas, resigned October 5, 1861; A. F. Mallett, resigned May 26, 1862; W. W. Scott, killed June 27, 1862; Ladislas Wankowicz, resigned December 22, 1862; Morton C. Macmisball, died July 26, 1863; John L. Lemon.

Company H, Quitman Rangers (Orleans). Henry Gillum, resigned June 12, 1862; Thomas A. McDannold.

Company I, Tiger Bayou Rifles. Field F. Montgomery, promoted assistant quartermaster October 8, 1862; Charles R. Martin, resigned February 19, 1863; George H. Pouncey, dropped May 24, 1864.

Company K, Lafayette Rifle Cadets (Orleans). David Zable, pro-

lanta, the regiment fought at Atlanta, July 22; Ezra Church, July 28; and Jonesboro, August 31. The regiment went with the army into Tennessee. On November 30, the men arrived too late to participate in the fighting at Franklin. They did see heavy fighting in the Battle of Nashville, December 15–16. From Nashville, the army retreated to Tupelo, Mississippi. After several months there, the brigade received orders to report to Mobile. The men participated in the Siege of Spanish Fort, March 27–April 8, 1865. When Mobile was evacuated, the regiment was consolidated as part of a new unit, the Pelican Regiment. Companies A, E, and I became Company A; Companies C, F, G, and K became Company D; and Companies B, D, and H became Company E. On May 8, the men surrendered at Gainesville, Alabama.

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20th Regiment
(Lovell Regiment)

COLONELS. Augustus Reichard, resigned July 7, 1863; Leon Von Zinken.

LIEUTENANT COLONELS. Samuel Boyd, resigned June 4, 1862; Leon Von Zinken, promoted colonel July 7, 1863; Samuel L. Bishop.

MAJORS. Leon Von Zinken, promoted lieutenant colonel June 4, 1862; Charles Guillett, killed January 2, 1863; Samuel L. Bishop, promoted lieutenant colonel July 7, 1863.

COMPANIES AND THEIR COMMANDERS

Company A, Steuben Guards (Orleans). Gebhard Kehrwald, deserted December 16, 1863; Richard Hackett.

Company B (1st), Louisiana Musketeers (Orleans), detached in February, 1862. Charles Assenheimer.

Company B (2nd), Noel Rangers (Huckins Guard) (Orleans). Alexander Dresel.

Company C, Reichard Rifles (Orleans). Herrmann Muller, retired November 2, 1864; John Schaedel.

Company D, Turner Guards (Orleans). L. C. Buncken, resigned November 10, 1862; Theodore Schneider, killed September 20, 1863; Theodore Eichholtz, died of wounds December 1, 1863; Samuel Sutter.

Company E (1st), Orleans Blues Company A (Orleans), detached in February, 1862. Richard Herrick.

Company E (2nd) (Orleans), added July 23, 1862. Albert A. Lipscomb.

Company F, Florence Guards (Orleans). H. Brummerstadt, killed January 2, 1863; Edmund Lachenmeyer.

Company G, Orleans Blues Company B (Orleans). Patrick Clark, resigned May 17, 1862; Thomas M. Ryan, died of wounds January 20, 1863; Adolphus P. Webre, killed July 28, 1864; John D. Caulfield.

Company H, Stanley Guards (Orleans). H. H. Rainey, resigned April 20, 1862; James Cousley, dropped May 26, 1862; Fred W. Airey.

Company I, Forstall Guards (Mann Rifles) (Orleans). William Boyd, resigned May 26, 1862; Robert L. Keene.

Company K, Jameson Light Guards (Orleans). Thomas O'Neil, resigned April 23, 1862; Samuel L. Bishop, promoted major July 7, 1863; Daniel Maegher, deserted July 17, 1863; Charles J. Harper.

This regiment was organized at Camp Lewis in New Orleans on January 3, 1862, by the addition of six independent companies to the 6th Louisiana Battalion. The regiment had a strength of 879 men. On January 4, the men moved to Camp Benjamin. Several companies served on detached duty at Fort Jackson, Pass Manchac, and Berwick. On March 11, the regiment left for Corinth, Mississippi. The men fought in the Battle of Shiloh, April 6–7. In the battle, Colonel Reichard had his horse shot from under him and Major Von Zinken lost three horses. The regiment participated in a skirmish at Monterey on April 29 and in the Battle of Farmington on May 9. After spending several months at Tupelo, the regiment accompanied the army on its invasion of Kentucky, August–October. The men fought in the Battle of Perryville, October 8. When the army went into winter quarters at Shelbyville, Tennessee, General Braxton