



Junior Ranger Activity Book

Explore Learn Protect



The Statue of Liberty is a national and international treasure managed by the National Park Service. Junior Rangers are special people who explore and learn about the parks and the National Park Service to help preserve and protect our national heritage.

As a Junior Ranger you will be expected to set an example for your family and other people who visit the Statue of Liberty National Monument and other National Park Service sites.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT

(Name)

HAS COMPLETED THE REQUIREMENTS TO BE A
JUNIOR RANGER
AT THE STATUE OF LIBERTY NATIONAL MONUMENT

As a Junior Ranger, I promise to help preserve and protect the Statue of Liberty NM and other National Parks so that they can be enjoyed by future generations. I will do this by sharing what I learned today with others. I promise to continue to discover, explore, and learn about other National Parks and the National Park Service. I also promise to have fun being a National Park Service Junior Ranger.

National Park Service Ranger

Date

**Welcome to the Statue of Liberty National Monument
Junior Ranger Program**

It takes about 1 to 2 hours to become a Statue of Liberty Junior Ranger. Adults can help with the activities; in fact, all family members are invited to explore together.

Here is how you become a Junior Ranger:

1. Complete activities 1 and 2 in this booklet.
2. Choose 5 other activities and complete them.
3. When you have completed the activities, bring the booklet to the Information Center. Show the ranger all the discoveries you've made. Say the Junior Ranger Pledge. Collect your certificate and badge. Congratulations!

Hint: Taking a ranger led walking tour or talking to a ranger are good ways to get help with some of the questions. The exhibits in the museum in the pedestal (accessible with a Monument Pass) or the outdoor exhibit panels may also help.

Junior Ranger Training Checklist

Put an **X** next to the activities you choose to complete. Remember that you must complete activities 1 and 2 along with 5 others for a total of 7 activities.

- _____ 1. Get to Know the Statue of Liberty
- _____ 2. Get to Know the National Park Service
- _____ 3. Who Were These People?
- _____ 4. Location, Location, Location
- _____ 5. Then and Now
- _____ 6. Statue Timeline
- _____ 7. Statue Symbolism
- _____ 8. Turning Green
- _____ 9. How Can I Help?
- _____ 10. The Emblem is also a Symbol

Activity 10

The Emblem is also a Symbol

The arrowhead is the official emblem of the National Park Service and is proudly displayed in National Parks. The arrowhead is designed to represent the history, plants, animals, waters, and land formations protected and preserved throughout the National Park System.

1. Match the part of the National Park Service emblem with what it represents, or symbolizes. We've matched the first one for you.

Hint: Asking a ranger may help you with this activity.

- | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Arrowhead Shape | Land Formation |
| Tree | History |
| Lake | Plants |
| Mountain | Animals |
| Buffalo | Water |



Find Out More!

Continue to grow as a Junior Ranger. Find out more about the Statue of Liberty and the National Park Service by checking out the resources of your local library or by visiting www.nps.gov

Before you finish your activities, think of one question you would like to ask a Park Ranger. Write your question in the **Q** box. If you have time, ask a ranger. Write the answer in the **A** box.

Q

A

Activity 9

How Can I Help?

Being a Junior Ranger means learning to protect park resources.

Circle the letter of the correct answer:

Hint: Asking a ranger may help with this activity.

1. When walking around Liberty Island you see someone climbing the wall of Fort Wood, the fort that is the base of the Statue of Liberty. You know that the fort was built in 1811. You should:

A: Join in and climb.

B: Report it to a National Park Service employee.
The climber could get hurt and may also hurt the historic fort walls.

2. You bought a soda from the refreshment stand. When you are finished you should:

A: Throw the cup in the nearest trash can.

B: Throw the cup in the water.

3. You bought a hot dog from the refreshment stand and did not finish the bun. There are lots of seagulls flying around. You should:

A: Throw the bun in the trash. It is illegal to feed wild life in any National Park. Feeding the birds makes them rely on people food.

B: Feed the bun to the birds. I won't be here when the birds swoop around looking for food and begging from others.

4. The Statue of Liberty is an important symbol to the millions of people who visit each year. How can you show the Statue of Liberty and her visitors the respect they deserve?

A: Run around and play tag in between people's legs.

B: Play quietly so you will not disturb other people's visit.



Activity 1

Get to Know the Statue of Liberty

Answer the following questions:

Hint: Watch the video in the Information Center and/or read the brochure.

1. The people of what country gave the United States the Statue of Liberty?
2. Give one reason why Edouard de Laboulaye, Frédéric Bartholdi, and their friends decided they wanted to give the Statue of Liberty as a gift to the United States?
3. The people of what country were responsible for the cost of building the Pedestal for the Statue of Liberty?

4. How old is the Statue of Liberty?

Hint: _____ The current year

— _____ Year Statue was dedicated, October 26, 1886

= _____ years old



Activity 2

Get to Know the National Park Service

Answer the following questions:

Hint: Read the brochure and look at the National Park Service exhibit in the Information Center.

1. When did the Statue of Liberty become a National Monument?
2. What is the mission of the National Park Service?
3. Are there any National Park Service sites in your home state? (Use the exhibit map and locate where you live – list some of the National Park Service sites)
4. Are you a Junior Ranger in any other National Parks? If yes, which ones?



Activity 3

Who Were These People?

Match the names of people who were important in making the Statue of Liberty a reality with the work they did. The first one is done for you. Then answer the question below.

Hint: The sculpture garden and some of the museum exhibits may help you with this activity.

Richard Morris Hunt

Statue Sculptor

Edouard de Laboulaye

Interior Engineer

Emma Lazarus

Pedestal Designer

Frédéric Auguste Bartholdi

Builder of the Base

Alexandre Gustave Eiffel

Sonnet Writer

Joseph Pulitzer

Idea to Create a Statue

Charles P. Stone

Pedestal Fundraiser

If you had been chosen to design the pedestal for the Statue of Liberty, what would you have created? Draw your design for the pedestal below.

Activity 8

Turning Green

When the Statue was first built, it looked like a bright copper penny. Through the years the copper oxidized, or changed color because it was exposed to air. It took nearly 30 years for the Statue to change to the color you see her today. The green patina or coating helps protect the copper.

Based on what you have learned about how copper ages, number these pictures from oldest to newest by labeling the circles **1, 2, 3**.

Assign the correct year to each statue **1886, 1902, 1916**



Year

Year

Year

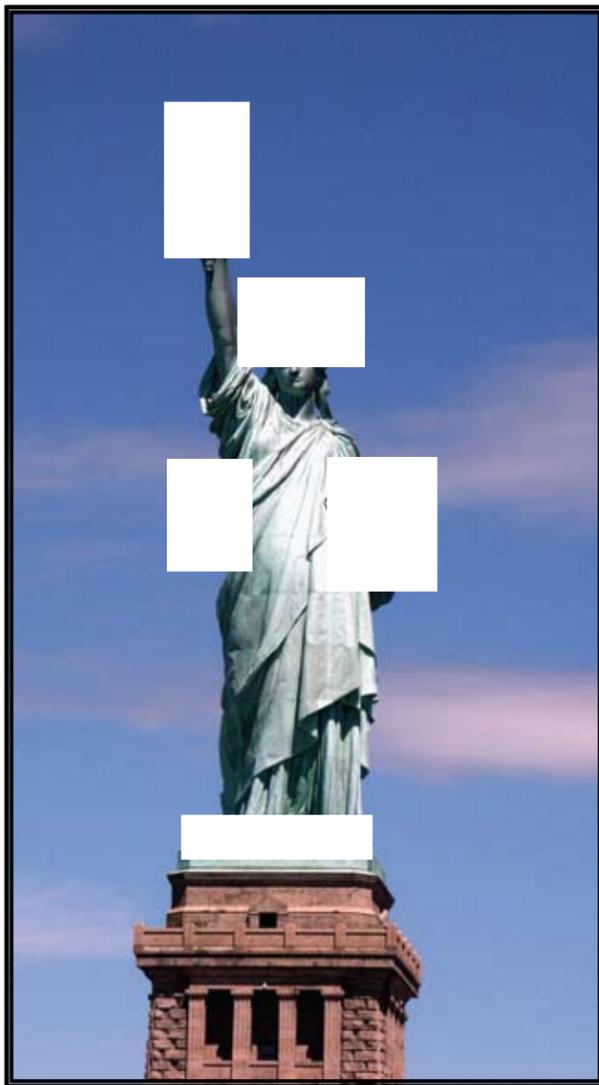
Activity 7

Statue Symbolism

Many of the parts of the Statue of Liberty represent different meanings or ideas; they are symbolic. First, answer the question below. Next, draw a line from her symbolic pieces to where they belong on the statue to help make her whole.

Hint: The statue as a whole is also a symbol. The Statue of Liberty is a good example of the old saying "More than the sum of its parts." Some of the outdoor exhibit panels may help you with this activity.

What does "Liberty Enlightening the World" symbolize to you?



The tablet illustrates the Declaration of Independence, adopted on July 4, 1776, as the beginning of a nation ruled by law.



The broken shackles at her feet symbolize an escape from tyranny and oppression.



The torch is a symbol of the light of liberty and enlightenment. The official name of the statue is "Liberty Enlightening the World."



The seven rays of her crown show that Liberty can enlighten the seven continents and the seven seas.



This style of clothing is like that worn in ancient Greece, the birthplace of democracy.

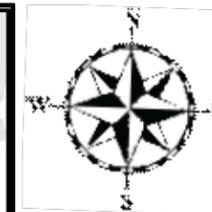
Activity 4

Location, Location, Location

As soon as Frédéric Bartholdi saw this island he hoped it would be the home of his statue. Find out more about this special island by filling in the blanks.

Hint: While walking around the island, read the brochure and outdoor exhibit panels to help you with this activity.

1. The Statue of Liberty is located today on Liberty Island. But this island has had several names in its past. In 1956 the island's name was changed from _____ Island to Liberty Island.
2. Fort _____ is the name of the 1811 fortification that the pedestal and statue were built on.
3. The fort was built on this island because it could protect _____ on the island of Manhattan, from ships coming in from the Lower Bay.



4. The Statue of Liberty is facing _____; welcoming all who visit. She is also striding forward to bring her message to the world.
5. The station on Ellis Island processed about 12 million _____ from 1892—1954. As the ships entered New York Harbor, they crowded up on deck to see the Statue of Liberty.

Activity 5

Then and Now

Below are two photographs of the island and the Statue of Liberty. One was taken in the 1930s and the other in 2005. What has changed and what has stayed the same? List at least two things that are the same and two things that have changed.

Hint: The Statue of Liberty became a National Monument in 1924 and the National Park Service became the administrators in 1933. The U.S. Army used the rest of the island until 1937.



A postcard of Bedloe's Island in the 1930s



A photograph of Liberty Island in 2005.

Differences

1.

2.

Similarities

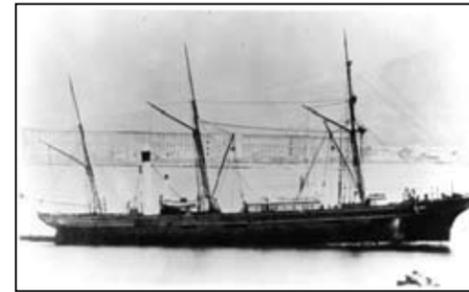
1.

2.

Activity 6

Statue Timeline

From start to finish, the Statue of Liberty took over 20 years to complete. Put the images in chronological order by numbering them from 1 to 4.



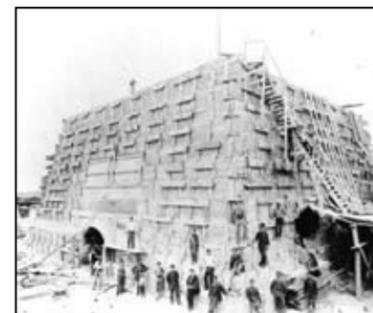
The *Isere* was the French ship that carried the 214 crates containing the pieces of the Statue of Liberty to the United States in 1885.



Bartholdi in his Paris workshop in 1883.



The Statue of Liberty was dedicated on October 28, 1886.



The pedestal foundation in 1884. The pedestal was not completed by the time the crates with pieces of the Statue of Liberty arrived from France.
