

# Rocky Mountain National Park 2016 Trip Planner and Guide

National Park Service  
U.S. Department of the Interior



Lion Lake #1 in Wild Basin. The park is a hiker's paradise with access to stunning high country scenery and amazing wildlife viewing. (John Conroy)

## Find Your Park

### This year, we honor the National Park Service's first century

While Yellowstone National Park was established in 1872 and 34 more parks and monuments were added by 1916, no one agency managed these varied park lands. Then, on August 25, 1916, President Woodrow Wilson signed the act creating the National Park Service (NPS). In the hundred years since, the national park system has grown to more than 400 units, and the NPS has become a widely-recognized and respected agency.

Under the National Park Service's care, millions of visitors from the United States and across the world have had incredible experiences in our national parks. They've learned about our shared history, from ancient North American cultures to the American Revolution to the present day. They have climbed mountains, driven scenic roads and watched wildlife. From the arctic tundra to Florida

wetlands and from remote wilderness to our nation's largest cities, visitors have experienced our country's greatest treasures.

Because of those experiences, many of those millions have become not only visitors, but volunteers, supporters and advocates. It takes more than a federal agency to protect and care for parks — it takes a public that loves its parks and works hard to sustain them. The NPS as a whole and Rocky in particular rely absolutely on the passion and commitment of thousands of volunteers and supporters.

### We also look ahead to the next 100 years

By any measure, our national parks' first century has been a story of success. What will we do in the next 100 years to carry on "America's greatest idea"?

One of the National Park Service's greatest challenges is

staying relevant in an ever-changing world. A lot has happened in a century. What can the NPS do to create and connect with the next generation of park visitors, supporters and advocates?

This year, the NPS is launching the Find Your Park campaign — take a look at [findyourpark.com](http://findyourpark.com). Find Your Park is about inviting you, our visitors, to find the places, activities and ideas that are meaningful to you within our national park system. Your park might be the now-traditional model of traveling to a Yellowstone, Grand Canyon or Rocky Mountain national park to hike, fish and camp. Others' park might be learning about America's incarceration of Japanese-Americans during WWII at Minidoka or Manzanar National Historic Sites; seeing a performance at Wolf Trap National Park for the Performing Arts; or volunteering with youth programs in Golden Gate National Recreation Area.

We believe that our national parks offer special experiences for everyone, whatever their interest

and ability, and this year we want to connect more visitors than ever to those experiences.

### And we ask for your help

For many of us, Rocky Is Our Park — our special place that we return to again and again. This year, we encourage you to help us with connecting your friends, family and neighbors with Rocky and other NPS sites. Share with them what you love about your parks, and help them make their own connection. ■

Visit the park's website for more information, including park research, events and ways to get involved at [www.nps.gov/romo](http://www.nps.gov/romo)



Hiking to Crystal Lakes (Madeline Wilson)

## Planning Essential for Park Visits

No matter what the season, visiting the stunning wilderness of Rocky Mountain National Park requires planning and preparation. A few tips:

- Most visitors arrive during the summer and on fall weekends. Expect lots of company on roads, along popular trails and in parking areas. Tour and hike early and late in the day; by mid-morning, parking areas often are full. Carpool or use the park's free shuttles when possible. Always make reservations for camping in the park and lodging in the local areas.
- Trail Ridge Road crests at over 12,000 feet, and most everything in this region is located above 7,500 feet, so don't push your physical limits. Altitude sickness symptoms include shortness of breath, fatigue, dizziness, nausea, rapid heartbeat and insomnia. Take time to acclimate before engaging in strenuous activities, and if symptoms persist, go to lower elevations.
- Beware of falling trees. Increasing numbers of dead trees creates an ever-present hazard for park visitors. Trees can fall without warning, especially on windy days or after a snowstorm, when branches are laden with snow.
- Staying well-hydrated is very important while visiting the park, but there is limited drinking water available. Bring your own water containers and refill them at park visitor centers. Don't drink directly from streams or lakes — giardia is present in the park.
- Be prepared for changing weather conditions. Even on summer days a light jacket or sweater is often needed to ward off chilly temperatures.

- While not naturally aggressive, black bears have a sensitive sense of smell that draws them to odiferous materials, including food, drinks, toiletries, pet food and cooking items. See proper storage techniques listed on page 8. Help protect the bears!
- Order trip planning materials from pages 10 and 11 of this publication. Products featured in this publication on pages 10-11 are particularly helpful in preparing for a trip to the park.
- Upon arrival, stop by a park visitor center for current information on everything from road and weather conditions to hiking trails, camping and ranger-led programs.
- For more information, visit the park's website at [www.nps.gov/romo](http://www.nps.gov/romo) or call the Rocky Mountain National Park Information Office at 970-586-1206. ■

INSIDE			
Park Information	2-3	Wildlife	8
Suggested Activities	4	Quiet Times	9
Scenic Drives	5	Park's West Side	9
Hiking & Climbing	6	Nature Store	10-11
Longs Peak	6	Park Map	
Popular Hikes	7	and Shuttle Info	12

# Park Information

## The Park is Always Open

Rocky Mountain National Park is open 24 hours a day year-round. Visitors can enter or exit any time.

Summer is the busiest time of year. Visitor center hours vary seasonally.

Some park facilities and roads are closed during the winter months, including much of Trail Ridge Road and Old Fall River Road. If visitors intend to stay overnight, they must be in a designated campground site or a backcountry campsite reserved by a valid permit. Moraine Park campground is open in winter. There is no overnight lodging in the park; see neighboring communities for local options.

## Be Prepared

Rocky Mountain National Park weather can be changeable and sometimes extreme. As elevation is gained, temperatures drop and precipitation increases, so be prepared for chilly conditions – especially at higher altitudes – year-round. Bring appropriate footwear and clothing for each season, including rainwear for summer storms and winter gear designed to protect against extreme cold and wind. Layers of insulating, windproof clothing like synthetic or wool are recommended at all times of year, especially for higher elevations.

Temperatures, precipitation, and conditions can vary year to year, and sometimes the seasons blur together – it can snow on the mountains any month of the year!

## Summer

**(mid-June — early September)**

Sunny mornings, afternoon thunderstorms often with dangerous lightning, and clear, cool nights typify this glorious mountain season. This is the busiest time of year in the park, when visitors enjoy wildflowers and possible wildlife sightings. Most park facilities typically are open.

## Autumn

**(mid-September — November)**

In general, autumn comes early to the high country. Days often start with clear, frosty mornings and bright blue skies, and end with chilly nights. Snowstorms are possible, and Trail Ridge Road can temporarily close due to snow. Trail Ridge usually closes for the season by mid- to late-October. The elk rut is at its height from mid-September through mid-October. Aspens usually turn golden in the Grand Lake area in early September. On the east side, autumn colors commonly start at Bear Lake in mid-September and in the Estes Park area in late September. Temperature, rain, snow and wind can affect the trees and cause the leaves to fall early.

## Winter

**(December — March)**

Conditions can range considerably this time of year. Lower elevations on the east side of the park can be windy, cool and snow-free, while higher elevations experience extreme winds, great temperature ranges and howling snowstorms. Typical west side winters have more snow, less wind, and cold temperatures. Though

some park roads and facilities are closed, this is a quieter time throughout the park and often a good time to view wildlife. Snowshoeing and cross-country and backcountry skiing are popular activities on both the east and the west sides of the park.

## Spring

**(April — mid-June)**

Spring weather in the park is very unpredictable. March and April are typically the snowiest months on the east side, with snows often occurring in May and even early June. Spring snows tend to be much wetter. However, warm, dry, sunny spring days when the first flowers bloom and plows are working to clear the upper reaches of Trail Ridge Road are also enjoyable.

## Be Informed

**Trail Ridge Road Status (open or closed)** – recorded message on the current road status, 970-586-1222

**Colorado Department of Transportation Road Conditions** 877-315-7623 or [www.cotrip.org](http://www.cotrip.org)

## Ranger-led Programs

A wide range of ranger-led walks, talks and evening programs is offered throughout the summer. In winter, ski and snowshoe treks are available by reservation. Programs are listed in the official park newspaper. For more information, call 970-586-1206 or visit <http://go.nps.gov/RockyRangerPrograms>

## Fishing

Populations of trout species, including brown, brook, rainbow and cutthroat, are found in the park. Fishing is permitted in designated park waters. A valid Colorado license is required for all persons 16 years of age and older. Annual, five-day and one-day resident and non-resident licenses are sold in neighboring communities.

Some lakes and streams are closed to fishing to protect threatened native species. Other areas are catch-and-release only, with special regulations in place. Detailed information, including license fees, open and closed waters, methods of capture and limits on size and possession, is available at park visitor centers, ranger stations and online at <http://go.nps.gov/RockyFishing>

## Horseback Riding

Several stables are located in and around the park, offering guided rides along park trails. For a list of private companies contracted to conduct horseback rides in the park visit <http://go.nps.gov/RockyHorses>

Private stock, including horses, mules, ponies, llamas, and burros, is allowed on miles of park trails; visit <http://go.nps.gov/RockyHorses>

## Bicycling

Bicycling is allowed on all park roads unless otherwise posted. Bicycling is not permitted on any trails. Be well supplied with water and food and use extreme caution when riding on park roads. Be aware of narrow, steep and winding roadways, in some cases traversing altitudes over

12,000 feet in elevation. Alpine weather conditions can change quickly and dramatically, bringing gusty winds and frequent summer thunderstorms. Road shoulders are narrow. There are few guardrails and many steep drop-offs. Bicyclists must ride single-file only with the flow of traffic, and they must obey all traffic regulations. Motorists: Give ample room when passing bicyclists.

For additional information, visit <http://go.nps.gov/RockyBicycling>

## Food & Water

Adequate hydration is important to help prevent altitude sickness. Drink plenty of water, two to three times more than usual. Always take water when hiking.

During the summer, the only place to purchase food and beverages in the park is at the Café at Trail Ridge Store, adjacent to the Alpine Visitor Center. When shuttle buses are operating, bottled water is sold at the Park & Ride. Restaurants and grocery stores are located in nearby communities.

The park encourages limiting the use of plastic water bottles by refilling reusable water containers at visitor centers and campgrounds. Recycling receptacles are available parkwide. In winter, water is only available at open visitor centers. Never drink untreated water from streams or lakes.

## Picnicking

Picnicking is very popular in the park. Picnic areas are indicated on the official park map. All are first-come, first-served. Some have fire grates, some allow portable grills, and some have restroom/vault toilet facilities. Visit <http://go.nps.gov/RockyPicnic> for more information.

## Lost and Found

Please turn in found items at any park visitor center. The Backcountry Office handles lost items; contact them at 970-586-1242.

## Free Wi-Fi

Bring your wireless electronic device for free wi-fi service, available in and around the Beaver Meadows, Fall River and Kawuneeche visitor centers.

## Lodging & Visitor Services

No lodging is available inside the park, but hundreds of accommodations are located in nearby communities. Contact the Estes Park Visitor Center (800-443-7837, 970-577-9900, [www.visitestespark.com](http://www.visitestespark.com)) and the Grand Lake Chamber of Commerce (800-531-1019, 970-627-3402, or [www.grandlakechamber.com](http://www.grandlakechamber.com)) for information on everything from lodging, camping, restaurants and retail stores to guided tours, recreational opportunities, instruction and gear sales or rentals.

## Pets

Leashed pets are allowed only in areas accessed by vehicles, including roadsides, picnic areas and campgrounds. Leashes must be no

longer than six feet. **Pets are not permitted on any park trails, in meadow areas, on the tundra or in the backcountry.** They are allowed on national forest trails. Boarding facilities are available in nearby communities.

## Service Animals

The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) defines a service animal as any guide dog, signal dog, or other animal individually trained to provide assistance to an individual with a disability. Service animals perform some of the tasks that a disabled individual cannot perform for themselves. Service animals that have been individually trained to perform specific tasks for the benefit of persons with disabilities are allowed in the park. Emotional support (“therapy animals”) are not service animals under the ADA and may not access trails or other non-motorized areas or park buildings.

## Firearms

Firearms are permitted in Rocky Mountain National Park. As of February 22, 2010, a federal law allows people who can legally possess firearms under federal, Colorado and local laws, to legally possess firearms in this park. It is the visitor’s responsibility to understand and comply with all applicable federal, Colorado and local firearms laws. The discharge of firearms and hunting within the park are prohibited. Federal law prohibits firearms in certain facilities in Rocky Mountain National Park, and those places are posted with signs. Visit <http://go.nps.gov/RockyFirearms> for more information.

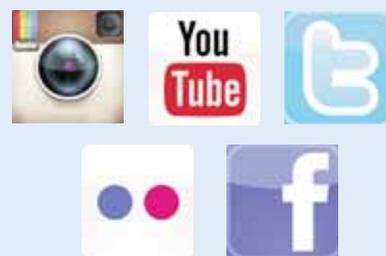
## National Forests

The Arapaho and Roosevelt National Forests (ARNF) surround Rocky Mountain National Park. In addition to campgrounds, hiking and cross-country skiing/snowshoeing, the National Forest offers some recreational opportunities not available in the park, including hiking with dogs, water recreation, four-wheeling, hunting, mountain biking and downhill skiing.

For further information, contact the ARNF Fort Collins Ranger Station at 970-295-6700; the Boulder Ranger Station at 303-541-2500; the Granby Ranger Station at 970-887-4100; the Arapaho National Recreation Area (Lake Granby area) at 970-887-4100; or visit [www.fs.usda.gov/arp](http://www.fs.usda.gov/arp)

Find Rocky through your favorite social media platform to join in on news, special events, photos, videos and more!

@Rockynps



# Park Information

## Backcountry Camping Permits

Permits are required for all camping in backcountry sites and zones. Carry-in/carry-out hard-sided bear-resistant food storage canisters are required for all backpacking parkwide between May 1 and October 31. There are inherent risks to traveling and camping in the backcountry. One of those risks is hazard trees. Campers should assess their campsite for standing dead trees that could fall. Camp safely away from standing dead trees, as near as is safely possible to the silver metal arrowhead that marks the site.

Campers should always follow Leave No Trace ethics. To prevent bears from breaking into cars, food storage lockers are located at several trailheads for backcountry campers' use. Don't store extra food in vehicles overnight! Updates on the status of specific backcountry campsites and use permits are available from the Backcountry Office.

### Reservations for summer permits:

By phone, online at least 3 days ahead, or in person (no mail):

March 1 – May 15

Online at least 3 days ahead, or in person (no mail): May 16 – September 30

### Reservations for winter, spring & fall permits:

By phone, online at least 3 days ahead, or in person (no mail):

Jan. 1 – May 15; Oct. 1 – Dec. 31

Online at least 3 days ahead, or in person (no mail): May 16 - September 30

Backcountry Offices are located next door to the Beaver Meadows Visitor Center on the east side and at the Kawuneeche Visitor Center on the west side. An administrative fee of \$26 is charged for backcountry permits between May 1 and October 31. For details and further reservation information, visit <http://go.nps.gov/RockyBackcountry>

## 2016 Campground Information

- Every park campsite has a tent pad, fire grate and picnic table.
- Except for Longs Peak Campground, which only accepts tents, all campgrounds can accommodate tent trailers, tents, pickup campers, trailers and motorhomes. More than one tent is allowed as long as they all fit on the tent pad.
- When the water is on in the summer, all campsites are \$26.00/site/night. When the water is off in the winter, all campsites are \$18.00/site/night.
- Moraine Park Campground has two stall facilities to hang a shower bag. There are no other shower facilities in the park.
- America the Beautiful Senior and Access Pass holders receive a 50% discount on camping fees.
- Quiet hours: 10:00 p.m. – 6:00 a.m. Generator hours: 7:30 – 10:00 a.m. and 4:00 – 8:30 p.m. (where allowed).
- Maximum 8 people per site.
- Stay Limit: 7-nights total, parkwide,

June 1 – September 30, with an additional 14 nights allowed October 1 – May 31.

- Reservations are highly recommended and may be made up to 6 months in advance at 877-444-6777 or at [www.reserveamerica.com](http://www.reserveamerica.com), or use the Recreation.gov iPhone App.
- Park campgrounds usually fill by midmorning in summer and on fall weekends.

## Accessibility

- Rocky has many accessible facilities for visitors, including visitor centers, scenic overlooks, self-guided trails, campgrounds, some picnic areas, and a backcountry campsite. The Access Rocky brochure is available online at <http://go.nps.gov/RockyAccessBrochure> and the park website offers additional information; visit <http://go.nps.gov/RockyAccessBrochure>
- Copies of the park map and brochure are available in Braille, audio and large print. Ask for them at park visitor centers.
- Most park shuttle buses are accessible and can accommodate wheelchairs. Contact shuttle staff or rangers if accommodation is needed.
- The park film is captioned for hearing impaired visitors at Beaver Meadows and Kawuneeche visitor centers, and features audio description for the visually impaired at Beaver Meadows Visitor Center.

- The TTY for hearing impaired callers to the park is 970-586-1319.
- Induction loops are available for the benefit of hearing aid users at the Beaver Meadows Visitor Center.
- Assisted listening devices are available for ranger-led programs with a three-day advance notice. Call park information to learn more.
- A contracted sign language interpreter can be provided for ranger-led programs given one month's notice. Less than one month and the park will do its best to meet the request with no guarantees.
- The Sprague Lake Accessible Backcountry Campsite is available by reservation. This site can accommodate 12 campers, including five wheelchairs. The administrative permit fee is \$26 between May 1 and October 31. Call the Backcountry Office for more information, 970-586-1242.

## Phone & Web Info

Park website: [www.nps.gov/romo](http://www.nps.gov/romo)

General park information:

970-586-1206

Trail Ridge Road status:

970-586-1222

Campground reservations:

877-444-6777, [www.reserveamerica.com](http://www.reserveamerica.com) or [Recreation.gov](http://Recreation.gov) (iPhone App)

Backcountry information:

970-586-1242

Emergencies: 911

Colorado Travel and Tourism:

800-COLORADO,

[www.colorado.com](http://www.colorado.com) ■

## RMNP Campground Information — Summer 2016

Campground	Reservation availability?	Summer Firewood/ice/ kindling/lighter fluid/charcoal/ pop/ice cream (cash only at ranger stations)	Max RV/Trailer Length (feet)	Toilets	Summer Dump Station/ Potable Water Hose Hookup?	Description
<b>Aspenglen</b> Elevation: 8220' 52 sites Open 5/26 - 9/25/16	Yes; can be filled by reservations	Yes	30'	Flush	No, use dump station at Moraine Park, Glacier Basin, Timber Creek	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Located in a pine forest near Fall River, just inside the Fall River Entrance on US Hwy 34</li> <li>• Within walking distance of the Fall River V.C.</li> <li>• Cell phones do not work in Aspenglen</li> <li>• One new solar-heated shower bag stall facility available 8/16</li> </ul>
<b>Glacier Basin</b> Elevation: 8500' 150 sites Open 5/26 - 9/11/16	Yes; in summer. Note: Due to a water construction project, reservations not accepted until spring.	Yes	35'	Flush	Yes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Located in a lodgepole pine forest along Bear Lake Road</li> <li>• On summer shuttle bus route</li> <li>• Hazard trees removed, so no shade in C, D &amp; Group loops</li> </ul>
<b>Glacier Basin Group Sites</b> Elevation: 8500' 13 sites Open 5/26 - 9/11/16	Yes; in summer. Note: Due to a water construction project, reservations not accepted until spring.	Yes	Tents only	Flush	N/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fee is \$4 per person per night</li> <li>• Located in a lodgepole pine forest along Bear Lake Road</li> <li>• Hazard trees removed, so no shade</li> </ul>
<b>Longs Peak</b> Elevation: 9405' 26 sites; Open in summer	Always first-come, first served	Firewood only	Tents only	Vault	N/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Located 9 miles south of Beaver Meadows Visitor Center off of Hwy 7</li> <li>• Trailhead to Longs Peak and other destinations nearby</li> </ul>
<b>Moraine Park</b> Elevation: 8160' 244 sites Open year-round Reservable for summer	Yes; can be filled by reservations in summer	Yes	Limited number of RV/trailer sites up to 40'	Flush except B-Loop is vault	Yes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Located in a ponderosa pine forest above the meadows of Moraine Park;</li> <li>• Trails from the campground connect to numerous other trails</li> <li>• Access to free summer shuttle to Bear Lake and Estes Park from campground</li> <li>• 2 solar-heated shower bag stall facilities</li> </ul>
<b>Timber Creek</b> Elevation: 8900' 98 sites Open 5/26 -10/30/16	Always first-come, first-served in summer	Firewood only	30'	Flush	Yes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The only west side campground</li> <li>• Near the Colorado River, 10 miles north of Grand Lake on US Hwy 34 (Trail Ridge Road)</li> <li>• Hazard trees removed, so no shade</li> </ul>

# Suggested Activities

## A WEEK IN THE PARK

### Rocky Has Plenty to See & Do

When famed *Rocky Mountain News* editor William Byers visited this region back in 1864, he tried to climb Longs Peak. Byers failed, but he had a memorable experience making it to the summit of neighboring Mount Meeker.

To anyone planning a visit to this stretch of the Rockies, Byers advised a trip of at least eight days. Of course, he traveled by horseback and it took him a couple of days just to get here from Denver. But a week in this area definitely is worth considering, especially if you're in search of the perfect trip. Here are some suggestions on how to spend seven days in Rocky:

**DAY ONE:** Time to stretch those legs. Pick a gentle trail for a stroll. Wander to a nearby waterfall (maybe Copeland, Adams or Alberta) or around a beautiful lake (perhaps Bear, Sprague or Lily). Many people require a day or two to get used to the altitude, and some time spent at the park's lower elevations is a good idea.

**DAY TWO:** If you're feeling acclimated to the elevation, explore the high country by car. The trip across Trail Ridge Road is punctuated by many scenic overlooks that will introduce you to the region. There's lots to see – scenery, wildlife and wildflowers. A leisurely drive with lots of stops, short walks and chats with the rangers will make this a memorable outing. Top off your full day with an evening ranger talk at one of the campgrounds. (Inquire at a visitor center or call 970-586-1206 for topics and times.)

**DAY THREE:** Begin your morning with a ranger-led birdwatching expedition. (See the park newspaper for programs.) You do not have to be an avid birdwatcher to enjoy an introduction to this informative and interesting activity. In only an hour or two, you can learn a lot about the park and its wild inhabitants. Spend the rest of the day walking on the road along Moraine Park toward Fern Lake trailhead, exploring the Big Thompson River and stopping for a picnic along the way.

**DAY FOUR:** Do what the locals do: Hike the backcountry. Pick a more ambitious walk to a location suited to your ability. (See page 7 of this publication for hiking suggestions.) Plan on an afternoon rain shower.

**DAY FIVE:** Take a Rocky Mountain Conservancy Field Institute class. The non-profit Rocky Mountain Conservancy offers half-day, day-long and multi-day classes for adults, kids and families on all sorts of natural and cultural history subjects. In a short time and at a reasonable cost, you can learn a lot from experts about subjects such as outdoor skills, photography, wildlife, art and history. (Reservations are required. For information and registration, call 970-586-3262 or visit [RMConservancy.org](http://RMConservancy.org).)

**DAY SIX:** Now that you're better acclimated, it's time to try a more rigorous hike. High country lakes are especially popular destinations. Today, you also can

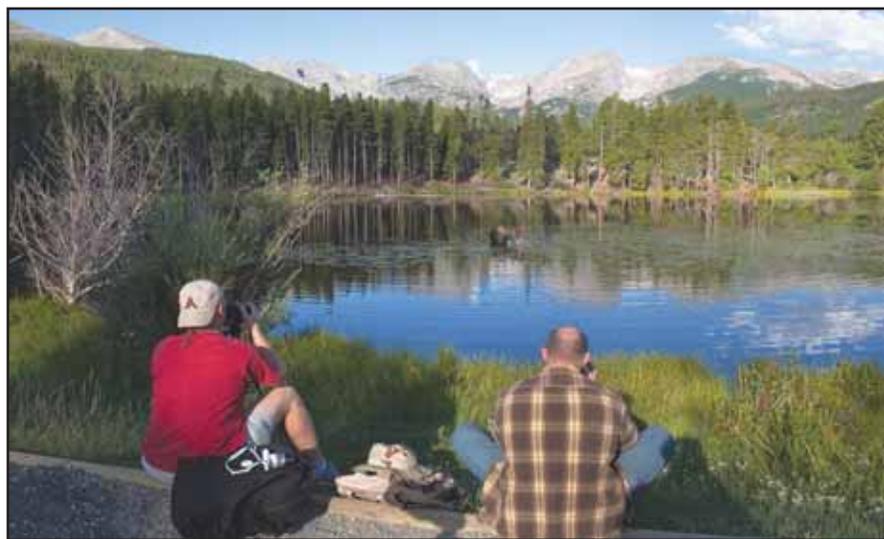
apply what you learned from your chats with rangers, the birdwatching trip and your seminar.

**DAY SEVEN:** Try something new. Perhaps you've never ridden a horse, been fly fishing, climbed a mountain or sketched an alpine scene. Here's your chance. After you've sampled one or two Rocky Mountain wonders, you'll find there's a lot more to do than you thought. But after this first week, you're off to a great start. ■



**Conservancy Nature Stores recommend:**

► [A Day in Rocky](#)



Watching wildlife is one of the most popular activities for visitors in the park. (Lee Kline)

## A DAY IN THE PARK

### A List of "Must Do's" While in Rocky!

What can we see in a single day in Rocky Mountain National Park? Lots of mountains, that's for sure. Whatever else you see here depends on what you're looking for, but Rocky has so much to offer, so try something new!

- **Drive Trail Ridge Road** It is one of America's most spectacular scenic drives and every one of the many overlooks provides amazing views.
- **Take a hike** Experience the wilderness of the park's backcountry. There are lots of trails and a wide variety of destinations, from lakes and waterfalls to summits, forests and meadows.
- **Watch for wildlife** Viewing the great variety of animals and birds is one of the most popular activities in the park. Elk, mule deer and bighorn sheep are seen year-round.
- **Attend a ranger-led program** Year-round, park rangers lead a variety of interesting and informative walks, talks, hikes, evening programs and more. Check

schedules in current park newspapers.

- **Become a Junior Ranger** Kids 12 and younger can participate, with fun activity books the whole family can enjoy (in English and Spanish). Pick up a booklet at a park visitor center and earn a Junior ranger badge!
- **Visit a visitor center or historical site** Stop at a visitor center and explore the exhibits and talk to a ranger.
- **Visit Holzwarth Historic Site** Get a taste of early tourism at one of the first dude ranches in Colorado. Keep your eyes peeled for moose in the Kawuneeche Valley!
- **Enjoy a picnic** Many places within the park provide pleasant outdoor settings made better with family, friends and food. Look for picnic icons on the park map.
- **Take pictures** The park is perfect for photography. Wildlife is abundant and the mountain scenes tend to change hourly with varying light, clouds and shadows.

## Discover Nature With Your Kids

Kids are born naturalists. They access the natural world by asking questions. Introducing children to the outdoors can begin at any time, but why not begin early? And why not start them out in Rocky Mountain National Park, one of the country's premier outdoor wonderlands?

Infants can be carried in a front pack, tucked inside the jacket if it's chilly. Hike anywhere. The stunning scenery and the fresh mountain air will put them to sleep in short order.

Toddlers more actively interact with nature. It is a time of observation, of making connections and stockpiling information. This is a wonderful time to introduce them to one of the many discovery trips found around the park. A few suggestions:

- Explore the edges of Bear Lake while enjoying the guidebook-guided trail tour that explains the area's interesting natural and human history. Water holds an amazing variety of plant and animal life that will pique a child's curiosity.
- Discover Rocky Mountain's wonderful wildlife. At particular times throughout the year (ask a park ranger), the bighorn sheep come down to Sheep Lakes. Kids especially enjoy watching them cross the road after the lambs are born in late May.

• Kids a little bit older might enjoy expending energy hiking along a trail, but most seem happiest thoroughly exploring a smaller area. On any hike with 3- to 6- year- olds, it's a good idea to include a magnifying glass in the backpack. Textures of trees, plants, bugs and rocks are exciting when viewed close-up.

• Children love climbing on rocks. The trail to Gem Lake is a rocky paradise lined by boulders that are perfectly arranged for climbing. The scenery is inspiring for parents and kids alike.

• In the early summer, enjoy the amazing display of colorful wildflowers found along the trails to Cub Lake and around Lily Lake. Have the youngsters keep an eye out for hummingbirds that may be visiting the flowers. Watch for beaver activity along streams. Beaver dams, active or abandoned, are easy to spot, and stream banks are ideal places to look for animal tracks.

• Kids ages 12 and under have fun learning about the park through the popular Junior Ranger program. Age-specific Junior Ranger activities booklets are available for free at visitor centers throughout the park in both English and Spanish. After completing the activities in the colorful, heavily illustrated

booklets, youngsters are awarded an official Rocky Mountain National Park Junior ranger badge. In the summer, kids can enjoy the special Junior Ranger programs and earn their badge at Junior Ranger Headquarters. ■

**Keeping Rocky WILD**



**Junior Rangers Make a Difference!!**

Hey, kids! Be sure to pick up a Junior Ranger activity booklet at any park visitor center - it's full of fun games and great stuff to discover with your family and friends. When you're finished, you can earn an official Junior Ranger badge! There's more national park adventures to be found at home - visit these park websites for some cool park activities:

[www.nps.gov/learn](http://www.nps.gov/learn)  
(click on **webrangers**)  
[www.nps.gov/romo/forkids](http://www.nps.gov/romo/forkids)  
(click on **Junior Ranger**)

# Scenic Drives



Magnificent mountain scenery is commonplace along Trail Ridge Road, a summer-only highway that climbs to a high point of 12,183 feet in Rocky Mountain National Park. (NPS Ann Schonlau)

## Sweeping Vistas Abound on Trail Ridge Road

Trail Ridge Road, Rocky Mountain National Park's renowned highway to the sky inspires awe and practically begs to be noticed at one of the many pullouts along the road.

Spanning the 50 miles between Estes Park on the park's east side and Grand Lake on the west, Trail Ridge Road is the highest continuous paved highway in the United States. Eleven miles of this high highway travel above treeline, the elevation near 11,000 feet where the park's evergreen forests come to a halt. As it winds across the alpine tundra's vastness to its high point at 12,183 feet elevation, Trail Ridge Road offers motorists thrilling views, wildlife sightings and spectacular alpine wildflower displays.

Whether they begin their journey at Estes Park or Grand Lake, Trail Ridge Road travelers climb some 4,000 feet in a matter of minutes. The changes that occur en route are fascinating to observe. Montane woodlands of aspen and ponderosa pine soon give way to thick subalpine forests of fir and spruce. At treeline, the last stunted, wind-battered trees yield to the alpine tundra.

Up on that cold, windswept world, conditions resemble those found in the Canadian or Alaskan Arctic. The tundra normally is windy and 20 to 30 degrees cooler than Estes Park or Grand Lake. The sun beats down with high-ultraviolet intensity. The vistas, best enjoyed from one of several marked road pullovers, are extravagant, sweeping north to Wyoming, east across the Front Range cities and Great Plains, south and west

into the heart of the Rockies.

For all its harshness, the Trail Ridge tundra is a place of vibrant life and vivid colors. Pikas, marmots, ptarmigans and bighorn sheep may be seen. About 200 species of tiny alpine plants hug the ground. Despite a growing season that lasts less than 50 days, many plants bloom exuberantly, adorning the green summer tundra with swatches of yellow, red, pink, blue, purple and white. All colors are seen from the Tundra Communities Trail, a half-hour walk beginning near the parking area at Rock Cut.

Below treeline, forested moraines, great heaps of earth and rock debris left behind by melting Ice Age glaciers, rise above lush mountain meadows. The Continental Divide, where streamflows are separated east from west, is crossed at Milner Pass, located in subalpine woodlands at a surprisingly low 10,120 feet elevation. Moose munch greenery in the upper reaches of the Colorado River, which flows through the scenic Kawuneeche Valley. Grazing elk greet sunrise and sunset in many of the park's forest-rimmed meadows.

Trail Ridge Road is a paved two-lane U.S. Highway (34) with virtually no shoulders or guardrails. The road is only open when weather conditions are favorable, usually late-May through mid-October.

At all elevations, the drive on Trail Ridge Road is a memorable adventure. Put aside at least a half day for the trip. Longer, if possible.

It's worth the time. The experience, to be sure, is hard to describe. ■

More information about Trail Ridge Road available at: <http://go.nps.gov/RockyRoads>

## ROUTE OFFERS A LOOK AT ROCKY'S NATURE CLOSE-UP

Completed in 1920, Old Fall River Road earned the distinction of being the first auto route in Rocky Mountain National Park offering access to the alpine tundra. In the minds of many visitors, this beloved byway through the wilds remains foremost.

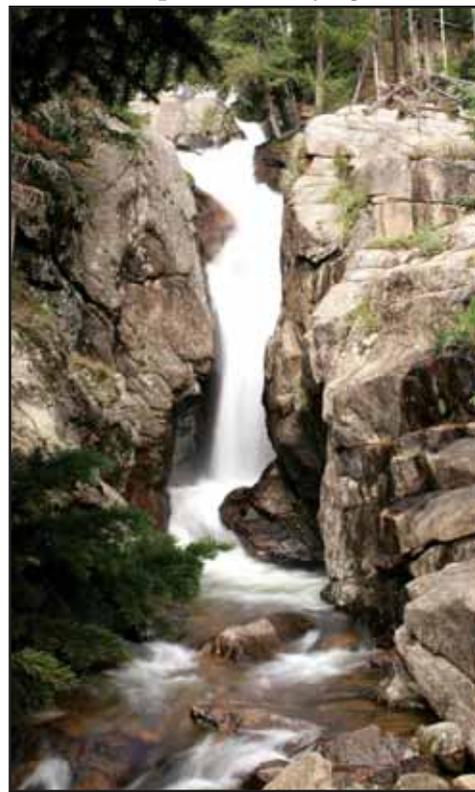
Trail Ridge Road is well known as "the nation's highest continuous paved highway." Old Fall River Road is a "motor nature trail." Primarily gravel, one-way uphill, with no guardrails and punctuated by tight switchbacks, the slower-paced, 9-mile-long Old Fall River Road leads travelers from Horseshoe Park (just west of the Fall River Entrance) up a deeply cut valley to Fall River Pass, 11,796 feet above sea level. The posted speed limit is 15 miles per hour, a clear indication that a drive up Old Fall River Road is not for the impatient.

The road is narrow and curved. Vehicles more than 25 feet long and vehicles with trailers are prohibited. In some places, the trees of the montane and subalpine forests are so close that motorists can touch them. Old Fall River Road is ideal for visitors seeking intimacy with nature.

The road follows a route taken long ago by American Indian hunters who came to the park area in search of its abundant game. Early in the trip, travelers pass an alluvial fan scoured out by the devastating 1982 Lawn Lake flood and then again in the 2013 flood. Nearby is the site of a labor camp that housed state convicts who worked on the road project many decades ago. For these men, crime did not pay. The laborers were forced to build the three-mile stretch of road to the scenic respite of Chasm Falls with no more than hand tools at their disposal.

After passing Willow Park, where elk often graze, Old Fall River Road enters the alpine tundra. Awaiting there is the Fall River Cirque, birthplace of glaciers that once worked their way through the mountain valleys. The road traverses the headwall of this amphitheater-like formation before joining Trail Ridge Road near the Alpine Visitor Center at Fall River Pass.

Ahead lie the wonders of Trail Ridge Road, which leads travelers east to Estes Park or southwest to Grand Lake. Behind, but not soon forgotten, is that winding old route that offers travelers a taste of auto travel in days gone by and a look at Rocky Mountain's nature close-up. ■



Chasm Falls is just one of the many natural wonders awaiting travelers along Old Fall River Road. (Richard Youngblood)

More information about Old Fall River Road available at: <http://go.nps.gov/RockyRoads>

## When Are Park Roads Open?

Trail Ridge Road usually opens for the season on the Friday of Memorial Day weekend. It is not uncommon for the road to be closed temporarily during the summer season because of snowfalls. Heavy snows typically close the road for the winter season in mid- to late October.

Old Fall River Road is normally open from early July through late September.

Bear Lake Road is open year-round, but visitors are strongly urged to take advantage of the free summer Bear Lake Road corridor shuttle bus service. (See page 12 for shuttle information.)

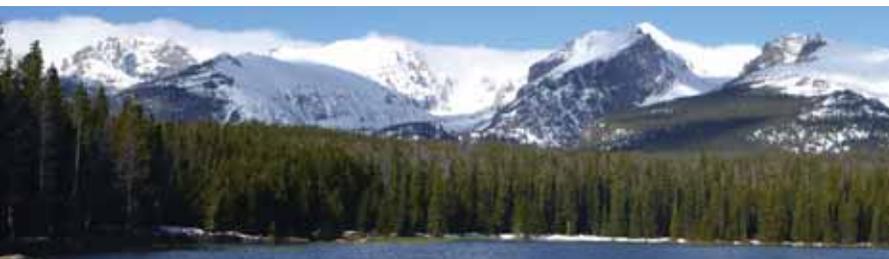
For current information, please check the park's website, <http://go.nps.gov/RockyRoads>, stop by a park visitor center, or call the Information Office at 970-586-1206. ■



Early visitors enjoying the view from Old Fall River Road.

 **Conservancy Nature Stores recommend:**

- [Geology Along Trail Ridge Rd](#)
- [Guide to Trail Ridge Road](#)
- [Bear Lake Nature Trail](#)



The Continental Divide from Bierstadt Lake. (Madeline Wilson)

# Hiking & Climbing

## Enjoy and Protect Rocky's Fragile Alpine Tundra

Approximately one-third of Rocky Mountain National Park is alpine tundra, which generally begins at elevations above 10,500 feet and boasts some of the most dramatic mountain scenery imaginable.

Many tundra trekkers are captivated by sweeping views encompassing rock, ice, sky and distant ranges. But pausing to take in the subtle wonders of the alpine world can enhance the hiking experience. The vast, wide-open landscape in this land above the trees tells some amazing stories of adaptation and survival.

Animals such as American pikas and Yellow-bellied marmots can be found in rocky areas, where they persevere in an arctic-like climate.

Elk find relief from summer's heat in this high-altitude environment.

Several species of birds spend the summer on the tundra, including Horned larks, well-camouflaged white-tailed ptarmigans and American pipits. Tiny alpine flowers bloom in abundance during the short growing season, their stunning colors inviting hikers to bend down for a close-up look.

With the exception of the Tundra Protection Areas located at the Alpine View Trail, Rock Cut, Tundra Communities Trail, Forest Canyon Overlook and Gore Range Overlook, visitors are permitted to hike on the tundra throughout the park. Alpine plants may be adaptable to the rugged climate above treeline,

but they are no match for the soles of hiking boots. Areas repeatedly trod by hikers can take decades to recover as the short alpine growing season provides only a few weeks for damaged plant communities to heal.

To minimize impact and preserve this fragile environment, please follow a few simple guidelines:

- Obey regulations prohibiting off-trail hiking in the Tundra Protection Areas. These zones are located in places where visitation is highest, and hikers must stay on marked trails.
- Always stay on hiking trails where they exist.
- Walk on rocks or snow when possible to avoid contact with the alpine tundra's fragile plant life.
- Minimize trampling. When hiking off-trail across the open tundra, never walk single-file. ■



Alpine avens, King's crown, Chiming bells and other exquisite alpine plants are easily damaged by careless hikers. (Nancy Wilson)

Learn more about Rocky's alpine tundra:  
<http://go.nps.gov/RockyTundra>

## Climbing For Technical Types

Mountain adventures in the park are not limited to hiking. Technical climbing routes abound east of the Continental Divide.

Lower-elevation climbing is especially popular on Lumpy Ridge. Less-accessible technical climbing routes can be found high above treeline. They often involve a lengthy hike, higher elevations and considerably greater skill and risk.

For more information about specific climbing sites, safety precautions and regulations, contact the park's Backcountry Office at 970-586-1242. ■

### Know Before You Hike...

- **Stay together** - don't separate on the trail and always keep children with the group.
- **Leave detailed plans** of your itinerary, and stick to the plan!
- **Be aware of falling trees**, which are hazards throughout the park.
- **Don't count on cell phone service** in the park - there are many "dead" spots in this rugged terrain.
- **Be aware and prepared for changing weather.** Thunderstorms develop quickly, so avoid being above treeline after noon when thunderstorms often occur.
- **Drink lots of water** to stay hydrated in this dry climate, and bring high-energy snacks to fuel your hike.
- **Wear sturdy footwear** for rocky park trails.
- **Practice Leave No Trace ethics:** plan ahead and prepare; travel on durable surfaces; dispose of waste properly; leave what you find; respect wildlife; be considerate of other visitors.

#### Always remember:

Pets are not allowed on any park trails, in park meadows or on the tundra!

## LONGS PEAK Much More Than a Mountain

At 14,259 feet, Longs Peak towers above all other summits in Rocky Mountain National Park. Different angles show the great mountain's unique profiles. Changing weather reflects Longs Peak's many moods.

In the summertime - the season when thousands attempt to climb to Longs' summit - those moods can be unpredictable. Variable weather, including snow, cold temperatures and gusty winds can occur at any time. Most days see clouds building in the afternoon sky, often exploding in storms of brief, heavy rain, thunder and dangerous lightning. People usually start the climb well before dawn to avoid these weather-related hazards.

The Keyhole Route is usually free of ice and snow between mid-July and early September, though conditions do vary. Check with a ranger, call 970-586-1206, or visit the park website <http://go.nps.gov/LongsPeak>.

It is a strenuous eight miles one-way with an elevation gain of 4,850 feet, crossing sheer vertical rock faces, narrow ledges, loose rock and steep cliffs. Good route-finding and rock scrambling skills are a must to follow the red and yellow bull's eyes that mark the route at the steepest areas. To lose the route may mean more difficult climbing with potentially severe consequences, so climbers are advised to follow the route with care. Be aware that the last 1 1/2 miles to the summit are the most difficult and demanding at a time when you are most tired. Physical fitness and acclimation to the high altitude are required.

Weather is another challenge often faced on Longs Peak, and one that can be difficult to predict. Along the Keyhole Route, extreme conditions can appear suddenly and drastically, ranging from gale-force winds, thunderstorms and lightning to freezing temperatures, hail and snow. These conditions require greater mountaineering skills and sound judgment.

This challenging route was the choice of British adventurer Isabella Bird in 1873. Her words of wonder and praise for Longs Peak, which concluded that it was "much more than a mountain," ring true today as if the ink in her book, *A Lady's Life in the Rocky Mountains*, was still fresh.

Tragically, there are those who never left Longs Peak



Much of the year, snow covers Longs Peak, the park's highest mountain summit. (NPS/John Marino)

alive. A stone gazebo at the Keyhole formation displays a plaque memorializing Agnes Vaille, a well-known climber in the 1920s who succeeded in making the first winter ascent of the mountain's precipitous East Face by a woman in January, 1925. Sadly, she met her death upon her descent during freezing blizzard conditions.

Agnes Vaille and more than 50 other climbers have lost their lives on Longs Peak. It is not a mountain tolerant of the unprepared.

Keyhole Route climbers should be properly outfitted with sturdy footwear, layers of clothing, high-energy food and plenty of water. Use caution when ascending or descending steep areas, and be aware that high elevations can affect conditioning and judgment. Don't be too proud to back off when bad weather threatens or when conditions are marginal.

Climbing Longs Peak is an experience not easily forgotten. But it is essential to be prepared, to be aware of surroundings and weather conditions, and always to use common sense. Have a safe trip. ■

Learn more about climbing Longs Peak:  
<http://go.nps.gov/LongsPeak>



A program of the Rocky Mountain Conservancy

### Conservancy Nature Stores recommend:

- ▶ *Alpine Wildflowers of the Rocky Mountains*
- ▶ *National Geographic Topo Maps*

The Guide is published annually by the Rocky Mountain Conservancy and Rocky Mountain National Park.

## Bus Tour Adventures in Rocky Mountain National Park!

with the Rocky Mountain Conservancy Field Institute

- ◆ Grand Lake Safari: Educational Adventure by Bus
- ◆ Journey to the Top! A Trail Ridge Road Bus Adventure
- ◆ Elk Expeditions

970-586-3262

Sit back and experience the park with a professional naturalist in these educational park tours. Available from June through October. Ask for a schedule at park visitor centers, or, call 970-586-3262 for more information.

Visit [RMConservancy.org](http://RMConservancy.org) to register!

# Popular Hikes

Due to the flood of September, 2013, backcountry travelers may still encounter unexpected conditions and flood damage. Stay alert and be prepared!

Destination Trailhead Distance (one-way in miles)

## Lakes

<b>NYMPH LAKE</b>	Bear Lake	0.5
This is a great "get into shape" hike for new park arrivals.		
<b>DREAM LAKE</b>	Bear Lake	1.1
Dramatic scenery rewards hikers making this short climb.		
<b>BIERSTADT LAKE</b>	Bierstadt Lake	1.4
	Bear Lake	1.6
This popular mountain lake is nestled in heavy timber.		
<b>THE POOL</b>	Fern Lake	1.7
A deep pool of the Big Thompson offers a peaceful respite.		
<b>EMERALD LAKE</b>	Bear Lake	1.8
Mountains rise steeply above this popular hiking destination.		
<b>GEM LAKE</b>	Lumpy Ridge	1.8
The trail to this pretty lake usually is hikeable year-round.		
<b>LAKE HAIYAHA</b>	Bear Lake	2.1
Haiyaha is almost surrounded by the Continental Divide.		
<b>CUB LAKE</b>	Cub Lake	2.3
This trail is adorned with early summer wildflowers.		
<b>MILLS LAKE</b>	Glacier Gorge	2.8
Sweeping mountain scenery surrounds this lovely lake.		
<b>THE LOCH</b>	Glacier Gorge	3.0
The popular lake sits in an inspiring mountain setting.		
<b>FERN LAKE</b>	Fern Lake	3.8
A tourist lodge once sat upon Fern Lake's scenic shoreline.		
<b>ODESSA LAKE</b>	Bear Lake	4.1
	Fern Lake	4.4
Dramatic peaks loom above this stunning mountain lake.		
<b>CHASM LAKE</b>	Longs Peak	4.2
Don't feed the begging marmots by this rugged lake.		
<b>SANDBEACH LAKE</b>	Sandbeach Lake	4.2
A steady climb rewards hikers with fine scenery.		
<b>FINCH LAKE</b>	Finch Lake	4.5
Remnants of the 1978 Ouzel Fire highlight this Wild Basin trek.		
<b>SKY POND</b>	Glacier Gorge	4.9
Divide views surround an awesome destination.		
<b>BLACK LAKE</b>	Glacier Gorge	5.0
This mountain lake is set above dramatic Ribbon Falls.		
<b>LONE PINE LAKE</b>	East Inlet	5.5
A sheer rock wall ascends from Lone Pine's far shore.		



Hiking toward Black Lake (Forrest Shafer)

<b>BLUEBIRD LAKE</b>	Wild Basin	6.0
Lovely wildflowers highlight this southeastern hike.		
<b>PEAR LAKE</b>	Finch Lake	6.5
Hikers find solitude at a remote Wild Basin destination.		
<b>THUNDER LAKE</b>	Wild Basin	6.8
This high-elevation lake sits in a flower-filled meadow.		
<b>LAKE VERNA</b>	East Inlet	6.9
Fjord-like Lake Verna rewards the ambitious hiker.		
<b>LION LAKE No. 1</b>	Wild Basin	7.0
Wildflowers grow in profusion at this subalpine lake.		
<b>SPIRIT LAKE</b>	East Inlet	7.8
Some hike to the remote west side lake to fish.		
<b>LAKE NOKONI</b>	North Inlet	9.9
Tranquility abounds at this distant west side lake.		
<b>LAKE NANITA</b>	North Inlet	11.0
Hiking in the park's interior is a wilderness experience.		

## Waterfalls

<b>COPELAND FALLS</b>	Wild Basin	0.3
This easy hike to a beautiful setting is ideal for families.		



Gray jay (Marlene Borneman)

<b>ALBERTA FALLS</b>	Glacier Gorge	0.8
	Bear Lake	0.9
This dramatic waterfall is a popular park destination.		
<b>CALYPSO CASCADES</b>	Wild Basin	1.8
The waterfall was named in honor of the calypso orchid.		
<b>FERN FALLS</b>	Fern Lake	2.7
This refreshing, inspiring place is perfect for trail breaks.		
<b>OUZEL FALLS</b>	Wild Basin	2.7
These scenic falls are frequently photographed.		
<b>CASCADE FALLS</b>	North Inlet	3.5
A gentle west side hike through a lodgepole forest.		
<b>TIMBERLINE FALLS</b>	Glacier Gorge	4.0
Seeing this jewel of a waterfall is well worth the climb.		

## Mountain Summits

All hikes to mountain summits are strenuous. Be sure to thoroughly research your route ahead of time and pack plenty of food, water and extra clothing.

<b>DEER MTN. (10,013')</b>	Deer Mountain	3.0
Fine views make this a great picnic destination.		
<b>ALPINE RIDGE TRAIL (11,428')</b>	Alpine VC	0.5
Sweeping views accompany every step of this short walk to an overlook on Trail Ridge Road.		
<b>FLATTOP MTN. (12,324')</b>	Bear Lake	4.4
It's an arduous climb to this peak offering panoramic views and access to many other great mountain summits.		
<b>ESTES CONE (11,006')</b>	Lily Lake	3.7
The views from the top of this peak are some of the finest in the park. Be prepared for a steep, rough trail after Storm Pass.		

## Historic Sites

<b>TUNDRA COMMUNITIES TRAIL</b>	(Strollers OK)	0.5
This paved trail at Rock Cut along Trail Ridge Road leads to panoramic views of the alpine tundra at the Toll Memorial.		
<b>EUGENIA MINE</b>	Longs Peak	1.4
Mine remains in the Longs Peak area recall the dashed hopes of early prospectors.		
<b>LULU CITY</b>	Colorado River	3.7
This 1800s mining camp boomed briefly and went bust.		

## HIKING ESSENTIALS

- Sturdy footwear
- Rain gear
- Layered clothing
- Sweater or jacket
- Long pants
- Gloves and hat
- Extra socks
- Sun block
- Sunglasses
- Whistle
- Flashlight
- Pocket knife
- High-energy snacks
- First aid kit
- Waterproof matches
- Plenty of water
- Topo map and compass or other navigational aid



## Accessible and Family-friendly Trails

	<b>HOLZWARTH HISTORIC SITE</b>	Trail Ridge Road	0.5	Strollers permitted
It's a short walk on a level gravel trail to this dude ranch complex developed in the early 1900s.				
	<b>SPRAGUE LAKE</b>	Sprague Lake	.5 (loop)	Strollers permitted
Lovely views of the Continental Divide grace this level, hardened trail. An accessible campsite is located in the area.				
	<b>BEAR LAKE NATURE TRAIL</b>	Bear Lake	0.6 (loop)	Partially accessible, strollers permitted
An excellent booklet-guided nature trail circles this popular subalpine lake at the end of Bear Lake Road.				
	<b>LILY LAKE</b>	Lily Lake	0.7 (loop)	Strollers permitted
Look for wildflowers in the spring and early summer along the level gravel trail around a mountain lake.				
	<b>COYOTE VALLEY</b>	Coyote Valley	1.0 (loop)	Strollers permitted
Elk and moose sometimes are seen from this level gravel trail, especially during dawn and dusk.				
	<b>ADAMS FALLS</b>	East Inlet Trailhead	0.3	Hiking trail
It's a short hike to a dramatic waterfall near Grand Lake on the west side of the park.				
	<b>MORaine PARK DISCOVERY CENTER NATURE TRAIL</b>	Moraine Park Discovery Center	0.6 (loop)	Hiking trail
Interpretive signs and a full-color booklet guide visitors along this scenic nature trail in Moraine Park.				

Other family-friendly hikes include the Forest Canyon Overlook Trail, Hidden Valley Trail, Lake Irene Trail and Tundra Communities Trail - ask a ranger for more information about these gems!

## Park Visitor Center Information

Five visitor centers are located in the park to assist you during your visit. Hours vary, but all offer park information, restrooms and a park bookstore. The free park movie is shown at Beaver Meadows and Kawuneeche visitor centers. Check the park newspaper or <http://go.nps.gov/RockyVCs> for hours and more information.

**Beaver Meadows:** Located on Hwy 36 west of Estes Park; free park movie; Backcountry Office next door; free Wi-Fi

**Fall River:** Located on Hwy 34 west of Estes Park; exhibits; free Wi-Fi

**Moraine Park:** Located on Bear Lake Road; exhibits

**Alpine:** Located atop Trail Ridge Road; exhibits; adjacent restaurant & gift store

**Kawuneeche:** Located on Hwy 34 north of Grand Lake; exhibits; free Wi-Fi

# Wildlife



## WILD & WATCHABLE

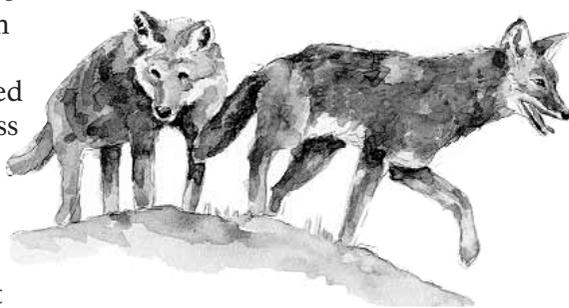
Rocky Mountain National Park visitors have a passion for viewing wild animals, especially the large ones. With elk, bighorn sheep, mule deer and moose calling the park home, it's no surprise that wildlife watching is rated the number-one activity by a vast majority of Rocky's visitors.

The park's great large-animal population makes it one of the country's top wildlife watching destinations. But also found in Rocky Mountain National Park are nearly 60 other species of mammals, more than 280 recorded bird species, six amphibians (including the endangered boreal toad), one reptile (the harmless garter snake), 11 species of fish and countless insects, including a surprisingly large number of butterflies. On this page are a few of the wild residents park visitors might encounter.




### MULE DEER

**Habitat:** All habitats  
**Viewing Tips:** At lower elevations, mule deer are most often found in open areas.




### COYOTE

**Habitat:** All habitats  
**Viewing Tips:** The coyote's yipping and howling sometimes is heard in the evening and morning.




### YELLOW-BELLIED MARMOT

**Habitat:** Rock piles  
**Viewing Tips:** Look for marmots sunbathing on rock outcroppings on the tundra along Trail Ridge and Old Fall River roads.




### MOOSE

**Habitat:** Stream beds and meadows  
**Viewing Tips:** These large mammals frequent willow thickets along the Colorado River in the Kawuneeche Valley on the park's west side.




### PIKA

**Habitat:** Rock piles at higher elevations  
**Viewing Tips:** Listen for its sharp, distinctive bark and watch for movement among the rocks.



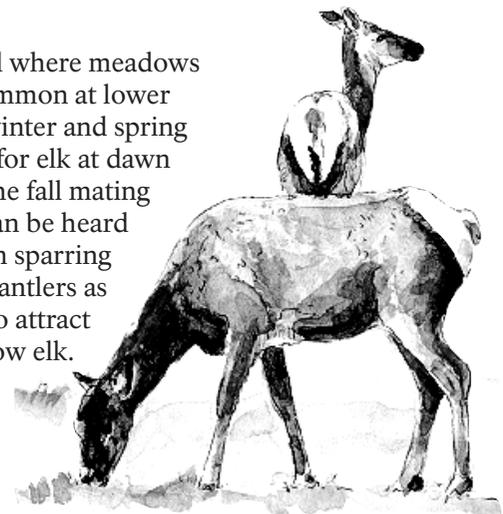

### WHITE-TAILED PTARMIGAN

**Habitat:** Around willows and rock outcrops on the alpine tundra  
**Viewing Tips:** Look carefully. Their excellent camouflage makes ptarmigans hard to spot.



### ELK

**Habitat:** Meadows, and where meadows and forests meet. Common at lower elevations in the fall, winter and spring  
**Viewing Tips:** Look for elk at dawn and dusk. During the fall mating season, bull elk can be heard bugling and seen sparring with their large antlers as they attempt to attract harems of cow elk.




## Be Bear Aware!

Rocky Mountain National Park has a small population of black bears. Chances are you won't see one during your visit, but it is very important that your actions do not attract bears, which are, by nature, intelligent, curious and hungry. Once a bear gets a taste of human food, almost nothing will stop it from looking for more. This leads to conflict with campers, park visitors and homeowners, which can eventually lead to the bear's death.

"Food items" include food, drinks, toiletries, cosmetics, pet food and bowls, and other odoriferous attractants. At trailheads, please do not leave any food items in your vehicle. On the trail, keep food items with you at all times. Always keep a clean campsite, in campgrounds and in backcountry sites. Never leave food items unattended. In campgrounds, store food items inside vehicle trunks with windows closed and doors locked or in park-provided bear boxes. At backcountry campsites, all food items must be stored in carry-in, carry-out hard-sided bear-resistant storage containers.

## Save a Bear's Life!

## Watching Wildlife Tips

- Never, ever feed wildlife, including birds and chipmunks. Feeding reduces their ability to survive the long mountain winter. When they panhandle by roadsides, animals fall easy prey to automobiles. As they become habituated to humans and lose their natural fear, the animals become aggressive and may be destroyed. Feeding or harassing wildlife is illegal in all national parks.
- Wildlife is unpredictable - watch from a distance. For your safety and theirs, use binoculars or a telephoto lens to get close-up views. Following larger animals too closely to get a photograph or a better look can stress them and threaten their health. If animals notice you or if they seem nervous, you are too close. Move away quietly.
- Obey all signs posting closed areas. At different times of the year, some areas are closed to protect wildlife during nesting, mating and birthing seasons. Obey "No Stopping" traffic zones.
- Use of wildlife calls and spotlights is illegal. They stress animals and alter their natural behavior.

- Keep pets in your vehicle. They may scare wildlife, and wild animals can hurt your pet.
- Large animals such as elk, sheep, bears and mountain lions can be dangerous. Check at visitor centers for valuable tips on safety around wildlife.
- Drive slowly and cautiously. Watch for animals crossing the road. Deer and elk are seldom alone. If you see one animal, look for others that may follow.
- Stop your car to watch animals only if you can pull off the road safely and completely. Do not block traffic. Do not park on vegetation.
- When possible, get away from roadsides and sit quietly to observe and listen for wildlife. Talk only when necessary, and do so quietly so you don't disturb the animals or other wildlife watchers. If viewing from your vehicle, turn off the motor. ■



### Conservancy Nature Stores recommends

- *Field Guide to Wildlife Viewing in RMNP*
- *Watchable Wildlife: RMNP Mammals*

# Quiet Times

## Peace, Nature Prevail During the Quiet Seasons

Summer in Rocky Mountain National Park means green meadows, shimmering lakes, plentiful wildlife and flower shows on the alpine tundra. But summer is also the busiest season, when parking areas can fill and some roads and trails can be congested.

Many visitors find that autumn, winter and spring offer different opportunities, when it's relatively more quiet and less busy at Rocky Mountain.

The park is open year-round. Only Trail Ridge Road, Old Fall River Road and some secondary dirt roads are closed by winter's heavy snows, but both sides of the park have miles of open roads to explore year-round.

More than half of the park's approximately four million annual visitors arrive during June, July, August and weekends in September, leaving the remainder of the year less crowded. An average winter day sees only one-tenth the number of people visiting than a typical summer day.

In addition, autumn, winter and spring offer an ever-changing palette of colors and many different activities.

As summer becomes **autumn**, the shortening days trigger changes in the natural world. Two of the park's most anticipated events occur in September and October.

Elk begin moving to lower elevations in preparation for the rut, or mating season. Bulls display magnificent racks of antlers, and their eerie bugling carries across the meadows and forests. Evenings and early mornings are the best times to observe and hear these animals.

Look for elk in park meadows, such as Horseshoe Park, Beaver Meadows and Moraine Park on the park's east side; Harbison Meadow and the meadow at the Holzwarth Historic Site on the west side.

Autumn comes early to the high country and aspen trees, which occur on both sides of the park, offer the most brilliant colors. In the Grand Lake area, aspen leaves start turning gold in early September; on the east side, Bear Lake starts turning in mid-September; in the Estes Park area in late September. Temperature, rain, snow and wind affect when the leaves turn and sometimes cause the leaves to drop early.

A walk through the autumn forests also reveals the reds and golds of numerous understory plants. Autumn days often are splendid – crisp and clear with an occasional snowfall.

**Winter** begins early at Rocky

Mountain's high elevations. By mid-November, the Kawuneeche Valley may have enough snow for snowshoe treks and long, gentle cross-country ski tours.

For those not looking for snow, some east side hiking trails can be surprisingly snow-free – or nearly so – year-round. Conditions change regularly throughout the season, so be sure to check at a visitor center, or at [www.nps.gov/romo/planyourvisit/trail\\_conditions.htm](http://www.nps.gov/romo/planyourvisit/trail_conditions.htm), for the latest hiking and snow conditions before starting out.

Wildlife viewing can be especially rewarding in the wintertime. The sights of a coyote hunting in a snow-covered meadow, of herds of elk with their breath condensing in the air, of a cow and a calf moose silhouetted against the snow, are unforgettable park images.

**Spring** arrives at different times in the park, depending on elevation and slope. In the Kawuneeche Valley and Bear Lake areas, spring snowshoeing and skiing are sometimes possible. Meanwhile, lower-elevation areas are starting to bud and bloom.

Mountain bluebirds, which start returning from their winter grounds in early March, are brilliant in flight. Beginning in mid-March, look for nesting raptors on Lumpy Ridge as peregrine and prairie falcons, golden



Winter brings snow, serenity and regular wildlife sightings to Rocky Mountain National Park. The park's autumn, winter and spring seasons offer smaller crowds and plentiful activities. (Gene Putney)

eagles and red-tailed hawks nest on the warm, sunny cliffs. In early April, stroll Moraine Park to search for the season's first wildflowers, including tulip-shaped Pasqueflowers, pink Springbeauties and yellow Sage buttercups. Also in early April, ground squirrels and marmots emerge from hibernation.

As the spring season progresses, the melting snowline climbs higher

into the mountains. But, those relatively few people who visited the park during the autumn, winter and spring know they and nature shared some very special moments indeed. ■

Discover more winter activities in Rocky at:

<http://go.nps.gov/RockyWinterRec>

## Scenery and Solitude on Rocky's West Side

Rich in its variety of resources and human history, the park's Colorado River District west of the Continental Divide is filled with opportunities for adventure, exploration, solitude and reflection.

The Ute and the Arapaho were the most recent American Indians to frequent the area. They did not settle permanently, but their passages over high mountain passes within the park were regular occurrences. Today, following the Ute Trail from the Alpine Visitor Center and descending to the subalpine habitat that surrounds Milner Pass, the footsteps of the Ute and Arapaho are almost audible when hiking their ancient paths.

Active settlement in the park's west began with the homesteaders and miners who arrived in the late 1800s. These hardy settlers occupied the valley well into the twentieth century. Today, a hiker might imagine the raucous noise of a busy mining community fading into the wind while walking a pleasant 3 ¼ miles along the Colorado River to the abandoned mining town of Lulu City on the Colorado River Trail.

Along the way are abandoned mine entrances, cabin ruins and other remnants of past inhabitants and visitors. The Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) also was active along this trail in the 1930s, and the Phantom Valley CCC Camp site was located only a mile from the trailhead. The landscape has changed over the years, but evidence of earlier inhabitants and spectacular views are everywhere for discovery.

Families can begin their discovery into another time on one of the family-friendly trails of the Colorado River District. In 1920, the Holzwarth Ranch opened as a dude ranch. Today, on many summer days, tours of the restored ranch house and outbuildings are offered at the end of a ½ mile walk across the valley. Watch for wildlife here, as moose and elk are frequent visitors to the area.

The Coyote Valley Trail is a one-mile wheelchair-accessible loop along the Colorado River featuring picturesque views of the Never Summer Mountains. Further down the valley, a short 1/3 mile walk on the East Inlet Trail offers dramatic views of Adams Falls

and of a gorgeous meadow just beyond.

For those who favor longer, more strenuous hikes, forging another seven miles onward beyond the falls (round-trip) leads past the meadow to the top of The Devil's Staircase. A while after passing the falls, the ascent becomes increasingly aggressive, climbing steadily for the next mile. Hikers pause to enjoy the emerging westward views of Grand Lake as they climb the Devil's Staircase. This section of trail seemingly was etched out of the rock wall. Finally, after a sharp switchback, the trail arrives at its destination — a rock shelf offering spectacular views.

Hikers then can choose to continue on to Lone Pine Lake, a stunning subalpine lake (11 miles round trip) with unsurpassed vistas of the surrounding peaks.

Longer, more challenging hikes also are available on the park's west side. For impressive views of Big Meadows and of the "Big Meadows" burn area above Granite Falls, the Onahu Trail Loop begins at Green Mountain. For those with stamina, the Tonahutu Trail Loop is a challenging 27-mile loop that passes through some of the most beautiful alpine scenery that the park has to offer. Here, a hiker can be transported to new heights and enjoy intimate forests and mountain streams.

A smorgasbord of delights awaits on the park's west side. ■



Moose are frequently seen along the Colorado River in the Kawuneeche Valley (Jack Glover)



Shooting star (*Dodecatheon poeticum*) (Liza Grant)



**Conservancy Nature Stores recommends**

- ▶ *The Best of the Kawuneeche Valley*
- ▶ *Watchable Wildlife: RMNP Mammals*



## Your Purchase Makes A Difference!

### Shop at the Rocky Mountain Conservancy Nature Stores

These products have been selected by the nonprofit Rocky Mountain Conservancy for their usefulness in planning a visit to Rocky Mountain National Park. Conservancy proceeds help support important park programs.

- Alpine Visitor Center
- Beaver Meadows Visitor Center
- Fall River Visitor Center
- Kawuneeche Visitor Center
- Moraine Park Discovery Center

Rocky Mountain Conservancy • P.O. Box 3100 • Estes Park, CO 80517 • (970) 586-0108

### THE BEST OF BEAR LAKE COUNTRY: A RMNP INSIDER'S GUIDE

RM Conservancy

**AWARD WINNER!** In

this beautiful book, park ranger-naturalists share their knowledge of the region's mountain-rimmed lakes, cascading waterfalls, soaring summits,

fascinating wildlife, colorful plant life and rich human history through the four seasons. Accompanying their accounts are breathtaking images from top photographers. 32 pages, softcover.

Item# 2015 \$5.95

### THE BEST OF THE KAWUNEECHE VALLEY: A RMNP INSIDER'S GUIDE

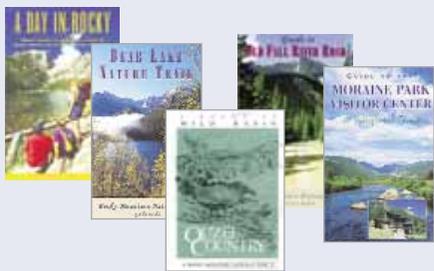
Rocky Mountain Conservancy

In this beautifully illustrated booklet, expert park ranger-naturalists point the way to the special places

discoverable in the Kawuneeche Valley, its lakes, waterfalls, peaks, passes, wildlife, plant life and rich human history. It is the perfect primer for anyone seeking to explore the park's wild, wonderful west side in hiking boots, on skis or atop snowshoes. 24 pages, softcover.

Item# 8289 \$5.95

### RMNP SITE GUIDES



Each guide explores a different facet or site in Rocky. Collect them all!

**A Day in Rocky**

Item# 9 \$3.95

**Bear Lake Nature Trail**

Item# 2887 \$2.00

**Moraine Park Visitor Center and Interpretive Trail**

Item# 2900 \$2.00

**Guide to Old Fall River Road**

Item# 2908 \$2.00

**Ouzel Country (Wild Basin)**

Item# 2909 \$1.00

### GUIDE TO TRAIL RIDGE ROAD

Rocky Mountain Conservancy

**REVISED EDITION!**

From the comfort of your vehicle, experience the stunning scenic vistas, vast alpine landscapes and fascinating wildlife commonly seen along the highest continuous paved highway in North America. This self-guided tour booklet visits 12 marked stops along Trail Ridge Road answering many of the questions travelers frequently ask park rangers. Let this useful and beautifully illustrated publication be your guide to mountain adventure. 24 pages, softcover.

Item# 2 \$2.00



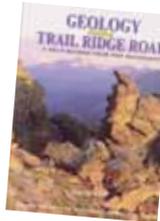
### GEOLOGY ALONG TRAIL RIDGE ROAD

(Available Summer, 2016)

Omer B. Raup

**AWARD WINNER!** The fascinating geologic episodes that created the park's amazing scenery come to life in an extraordinary award-winning book written by a veteran USGS geologist. Color photos and informative text detail 17 stops along Trail Ridge Road. This beautiful best seller also features a glossary and three-dimensional foldout map. 75 pages, softcover.

Item# 2884 \$14.95



### FIELD GUIDE TO WILDLIFE VIEWING IN ROCKY MOUNTAIN NATIONAL PARK

Rocky Mountain Conservancy  
Illustrations by Wendy Smith

Exquisite illustrations and expert information make this 40-page guide essential to wildlife watchers. Detailed illustrations of the park's four ecosystems are followed by individual fine-art vignettes of many mammals and birds commonly seen in the respective life zones. Additional text offers expert information on species identification, habitat and prime park viewing locations, as well as viewing tips and fast facts. 40 pages, softcover.

Item# 2894 \$6.95



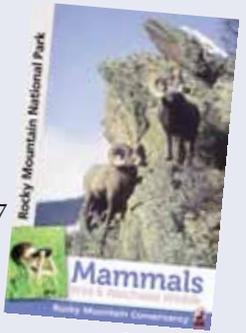
### Learn about Rocky's charismatic megafauna!

### WILD & WATCHABLE WILDLIFE: RMNP MAMMALS

Rocky Mountain Conservancy

Rocky Mountain National Park is one of America's premier places to view large mammals. Patience, timing and luck are key factors in locating them. This guide features 7 of the large mammals seen in Rocky Mountain National Park. Learn about the animals' history, what they eat and how they behave, and discover some of the best viewing sites in the park, and more. The more you know about wildlife, the greater your chance to observe these amazing animals in the wild. 32 pages, softcover.

Item# 91 \$5.95



### ROCKY MOUNTAIN NATIONAL PARK: NATURAL HISTORY HANDBOOK 2nd Edition

John Emerick

From its geological origins to today's inspiring landscapes, a seasoned naturalist reveals the wonders of Rocky Mountain National Park in this natural history handbook. The region's human history, from ancient hunters to modern settlement, is followed by the geology, climate and the five ecosystem environments found in the park. 178 pages, softcover.

Item# 1280 \$16.95

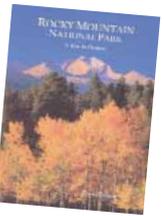


### ROCKY MTN. NAT'L. PARK: A YEAR IN PICTURES

David Dahms

A rich photographic showcase of the magnificent scenery in RMNP. More than 100 stunning color photographs celebrate the progression of the seasons. Images of rugged mountains, alpine lakes and rushing streams are complemented by intimate wildflower and wildlife photos. 64 pages, softcover.

Item# 2672 \$9.95



### RMNP ROAD GUIDE

National Geographic

This book is the essential guide for motorists. Discover roadside wonders, including stunning scenery, a profusion of animals, and the park's fascinating human history. This helpful book includes road maps with side-by-side commentaries. 93 pages, softcover.

Item# 2823 \$8.95



### RMNP SPIRIT OF THE MOUNTAINS 2nd Edition

National Park Service

Featuring beautiful cinematography, expert narrative and a captivating original music score, this high-definition film captures the park's grandeur through the four seasons. Visitors experience this award-winning production in park visitor centers. 23 minutes.

Item# 6772 \$9.95



### ALPINE WILDFLOWERS OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS

Beatrice E. Willard & Michael Smithson

**REVISED EDITION!**

Written by leading tundra ecology experts, this beautiful classic is a guide to many of the wildflowers that carpet the alpine tundra during the high country summer. 40 pages, softcover.

Item# 30 \$5.95



### ROCKY MOUNTAIN WILDFLOWERS

David Dahms

A handy pocket guide to Rocky Mountain wildflowers. Great for taking into the field. 123 pages, softcover.

Item# 2675 \$6.95



**BECOME A MEMBER OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN CONSERVANCY**

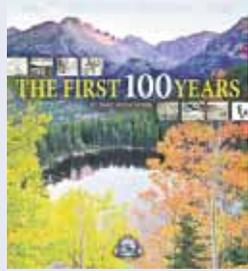
and save 15% on books and maps and a host of wonderful park items today!

**RMConservancy.org**

## CELEBRATING ROCKY MOUNTAIN NATIONAL PARK with New Centennial Products

Items designed with the park's birthday in mind - enjoy them at home or collect them for posterity!

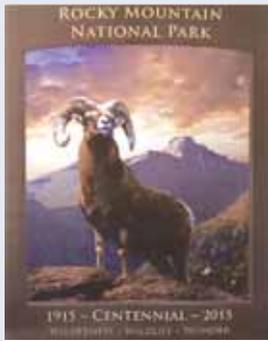
### RMNP: THE FIRST 100 YEARS



*Mary Taylor Young*  
A century has passed since Rocky Mountain National Park was established in 1915. An award-winning writer tells a story that stretches from the dawn of time into the future.

As America lights the candles for Rocky's 100th birthday, discover why there is so much to celebrate. Hardcover, 166 pages.

Item# 9799 \$39.95



### CENTENNIAL POSTER

by James Disney

Item# 791 \$5.95

Signed by artist copy

Item# 991 \$9.95

### RMNP CENTENNIAL FILM WILDERNESS, WILDLIFE, WONDER

Fall River Productions

Marking the park's centennial year, this stunning film explores the grandeur and mystery of Rocky through historic images and interviews with national park rangers sharing their provocative insights on the value of national parks to our generation and those to come. Celebrate and enjoy the park's centennial with this special keepsake film. 23 minutes.



DVD Item# 9849 \$12.95

Blu-ray Item# 9850 \$16.95

### THE LIVING DREAM: 100 YEARS OF RMNP

Nick Mollé Productions

Journey into Rocky's past with current-day historians, anthropologists and mountain enthusiasts who share the stories and events that shaped Rocky Mountain National Park in 1915, and discover the passion that protects the park today - for the future.



DVD Item# 9847 \$19.95

Blu-ray Item# 9848 \$24.95

### NPS CENTENNIAL PRODUCTS



#### NPS CENTENNIAL PATCH

Item# 7239 \$4.99

Measures 3 1/2" x 2 1/4"

#### NPS CENTENNIAL PIN

Item# 7238 \$4.99

Measures 1 1/8" x 3/4"

#### NPS CENTENNIAL DECAL

Item# 7240 \$1.99

Measures 4 1/2" x 3"



#### RMNP MUG

Established 1915

Item# 779 \$12.95

### HIKER'S BUNDLE



Includes the best-selling book *Best Easy Day Hikes*, by Kent and Donna Dannen, a \$9.95 retail value, and Trails Illustrated's popular park topo map, which retails for \$11.95. This best-selling package is your key to unforgettable park adventures at a special savings.



Retail value: \$21.90

Item# 726

Package price \$19.95

### HIKING

#### HIKING RMNP

Kent Dannen

The tenth edition of this guidebook to the park and the Indian Peaks Wilderness is the hiker's bible. Detailed descriptions, maps, charts and illustrations show the way to all destinations. 304 pages, softcover.

Item# 8597 \$16.95

#### THE LONGS PEAK EXPERIENCE

Mike Donahue

Written by a veteran climber, this book is especially recommended for first-time Longs Peak trekkers. A member of a family of Longs Peak mountaineers, the author offers route descriptions and trip preparation information. 80 pages, softcover.

Item# 655 \$8.95



### HIKING ADVENTURES IN RMNP

Rocky Mountain Conservancy

This easy-to-use newspaper offers a broad range of hiking options available in six regions of RMNP.

Includes maps, trail descriptions, mileage, difficulty levels and trails checklist. 8 pages.

Item# 2895 \$1.00



### RMNP WALKING STICK MEDALLION

This iconic image embossed on brass metal depicts a thoughtful hiker in the mountains. Embossed type in the border reads: Rocky Mountain National Park.

Measures 1-1/2" x 1-1/2"

Item# 7179 \$4.95



### Love Rocky Mountain National Park? Help us make it even better!



If you've walked the Lily Lake Trail, explored the Fall River Visitor Center, or introduced a child to nature through the park's Junior Ranger Program, you know our work.

Become a Member or donate

**Rocky Mountain  
Conservancy**

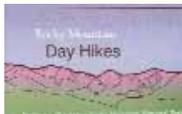
**RMConservancy.org**

### ROCKY MOUNTAIN DAY HIKES

Dave and Hal Rusk

A great pocket guide covering 24 hikes in the park. Elevation profiling gives hikers an idea of the terrain out there on Rocky Mountain National Park's spectacular hiking trails. 68 pages, softcover.

Item# 187 \$5.95



### HIKING CIRCUITS IN RMNP

Jack & Elizabeth Hailman

This is the first guide dedicated exclusively to loop trails in Rocky Mountain National Park. Included are descriptions and maps detailing 33 treks, with detailed driving instructions to the access points. Hikes range from an easy stroll around a lake to multi-day backpacking trips. 240 pages, softcover.

Item# 3471 \$19.95



### Junior Rangers: You are the future!



Sew this patch onto your backpack, jacket or shirt as a reminder of your accomplishment of becoming a junior ranger.

Item# 8822 \$3.95



Perfect for carrying lots of stuff, this vest has 6 front pockets and one back pocket for everything important! Youth sizes S, M, L, XL.

Item# 5838 \$24.95



Junior Rangers love this floppy hat to keep cool! Youth sizes S, M/L.

Small Item# 8766 \$11.95  
M/L Item# 8767 \$11.95



Celebrate Junior Rangers everywhere with this iconic pin of a Rocky Mountain bighorn sheep and Longs Peak!

Item# 2382 \$3.95

### CIMARRON

#### THE BIGHORN SHEEP

RM Nature Association

Cimarron, the bighorn lamb, is experiencing the world around him for the very first time. Join Cimarron as he comes face to face with Rocky Mountain wildlife - ptarmigan, beaver and a mountain lion! Ages 3-12, 32 pages, softcover.

Item# 9706 \$9.95



### THE ADVENTURES OF TWO RAINDROPS RUNNING WILD

Rocky Mountain Nature Association

Come along on the adventures of two raindrops that land on the Continental Divide in Rocky Mountain National Park. Explore their travels toward the Pacific and Atlantic oceans down the Colorado, Cache la Poudre, Platte, Missouri and Mississippi rivers. Ages 3-12, softcover, 36 pages.

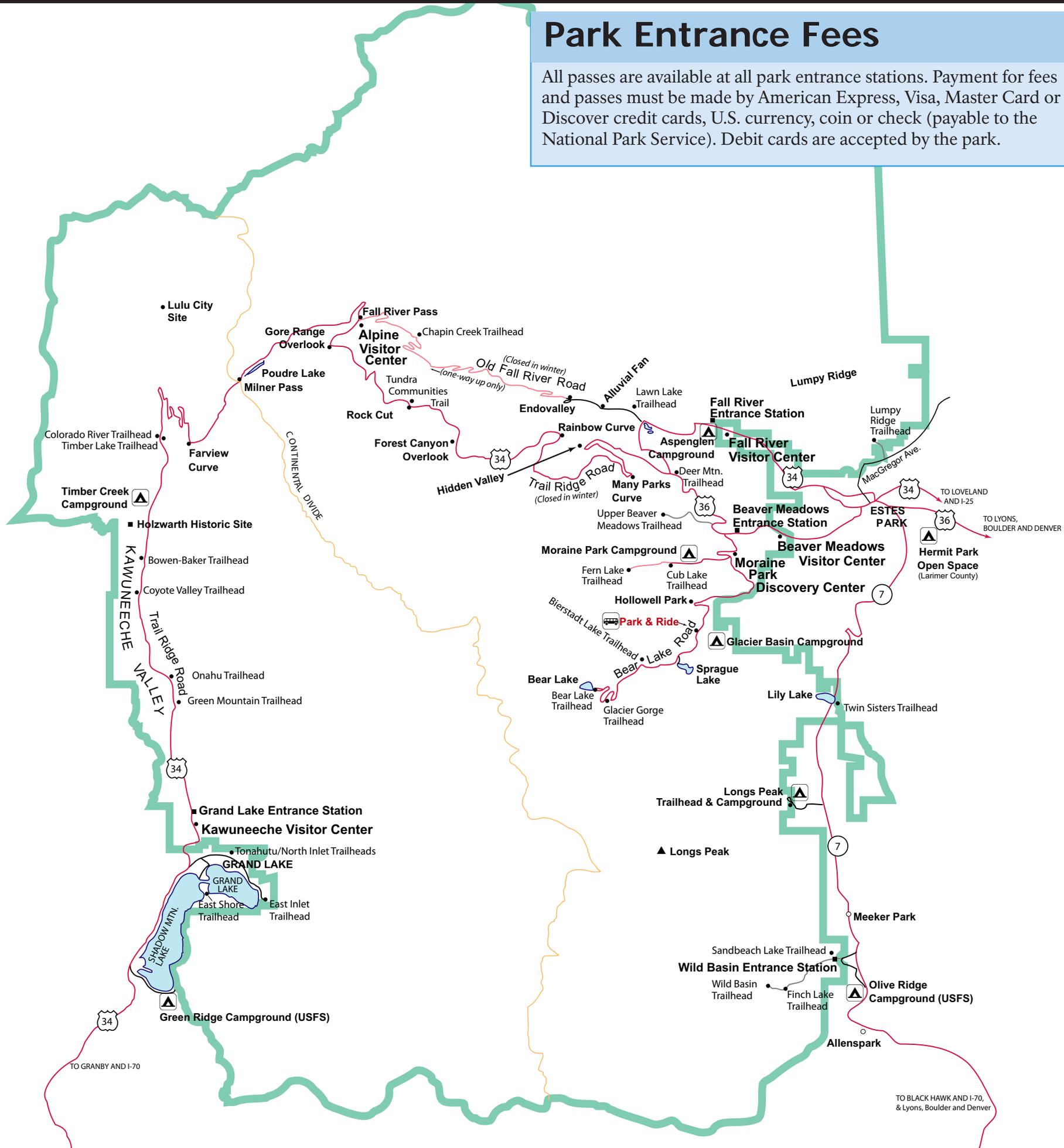
Item# 7663 \$9.95



# Park Map

## Park Entrance Fees

All passes are available at all park entrance stations. Payment for fees and passes must be made by American Express, Visa, Master Card or Discover credit cards, U.S. currency, coin or check (payable to the National Park Service). Debit cards are accepted by the park.



## Bear Lake Road & Hiker Shuttle Services

The Bear Lake Road corridor is served by two shuttle routes:  
**Bear Lake Route ~ Moraine Park Route**  
 The shuttle is free to park visitors.

Rocky Mountain National Park and the Town of Estes Park operate a Hiker Shuttle connecting the Estes Park visitor center, the park's Beaver Meadows Visitor Center and the Park & Ride on Bear Lake Road. The shuttle is free, but a park pass is required.

### RMNP Shuttle Bus Schedule 2016

**Bear Lake & Moraine Park Routes:**  
 Daily service — 5/28 through 10/10

#### Hiker Shuttle

Daily service - 6/25 through 9/11  
 Weekends - 9/17, 9/18, 9/24, 9/25, 10/1, 10/2, 10/8, 10/9, 10/10

## ROCKY MOUNTAIN CONSERVANCY FIELD INSTITUTE

### EDUCATIONAL TOURS & ADVENTURES IN ROCKY MOUNTAIN NATIONAL PARK



970-586-3262

- ◆ Operating since 1962
- ◆ Expert instructors
- ◆ Photography, wildlife, art, geology, natural & cultural history & outdoor skills
- ◆ Classes for kids and families
- ◆ Half-day, daylong and multi-day classes
- ◆ Custom adventures & step-on tours
- ◆ Credit available
- ◆ **Adventures by Bus!**



[RMConservancy.org](http://RMConservancy.org)