Point Reyes

National Park Service
U.S. Department of the Interior

Point Reyes National Seashore



Birding at the Point Reyes Lighthouse

The area around the Point Reyes Lighthouse contains the harshest climate on the peninsula. Between the fog and wind, many land-bird migrants need to stop for rest and refueling in the coastal scrub (mostly bush lupine and coyote brush) which surrounds the parking lot. Some may also be found in the wind-blown cypress trees along the way to the Lighthouse. From the Lighthouse Observation Deck, or the Lighthouse itself (which is down 314 steps), one may also see more pelagic birds on the cliffs, rocks, and in the surf. Be sure to keep your eyes open for passing marine mammals, and, in the summer, look for common murres nesting on the rocks below.

Resident Birds (Present all year - numbers vary)	Summer Birds	Winter Birds	Migrants *
Brown Pelican Brandt's Cormorant Pelagic Cormorant Turkey Vulture Peregrine Falcon Red-tailed Hawk Black Oystercatcher Western Gull Great-horned Owl Black Phoebe Rock Wren Common Raven Song Sparrow Savannah Sparrow White-crowned Sparrow House Finch	Brown Pelican Northern Harrier Heermann's Gull Caspian Tern Common Murre Pigeon Guillemot Tufted Puffin Allen's Hummingbird Anna's Hummingbird Barn Swallow Cliff Swallow Violet-green Swallow Brown-headed Cowbird European Starling American Goldfinch	Western Grebe Clark's Grebe Northern Fulmar Surf Scoter Black Scoter Cooper's Hawk Sharp-shinned Hawk American Kestrel Merlin Wandering Tattler Black Turnstone Mew Gull California Gull Herring Gull Glaucous-winged Gull Thayer's Gull Northern Flicker Say's Phoebe Ruby-crowned Kinglet Golden-crowned Kinglet Townsend's Warbler Yellow-rumped Warbler Hermit Thrush Golden-crowned Sparrow Fox Sparrow Dark-eyed Junco Purple Finch	Brant Goose White-winged Scoter Surf Scoter White Pelican Bonaparte's Gull Sabine's Gull

^{*}Over 400 birds have been seen along the outer edges of the Point! Many of these were far off their normal migratory path, perhaps confused or blown off course by storms. The best time to catch a glimpse of one of these birds, called vagrants, is from mid-May through early June, and from late August through October.