This hike will take you through the grassland, over the edge of a bluff east of the main park road, past Black Forest petrified wood, and out to an overlook with a broad view to the east and south across the Dead Wash drainage. It involves scrambling up and down boulders into washes, and is considered a moderately difficult hike.

Dead Wash Overlook

4 miles (6.4 km) round trip

Elevation Change: 300 ft (91 m)

GPS coordinates:
Starting point: N 35°2′09.9″ W 109°48′01.6″
Gate crossing point: N 35°2′23.2″ W 109°47′23.8″
Dead Wash Overlook: N 35°2′18.9″ W 109°47′11.8″

This hike will take you through the grassland, over the edge of a bluff east of the main park road, past Black Forest petrified wood, and out to an overlook with a broad view to the east and south across the Dead Wash drainage. It involves scrambling up and down boulders into washes, and is considered a moderately difficult hike.

Watch where you step!

Cryptobiotic Soil is all around you. This crusty substance plays an important role in arid ecosystems. It provides much needed nutrients to the plant and wildlife. Once damaged, it can take anywhere from 30 to 100 years to grow back.
Park at the small gravel lot just before mile marker 7 (i.e. 7 miles from the north entrance of the park).

Head east over two rolling ridges noting ring muhley grass, narrowleaf yucca, four-wing saltbush, Bigalow’s sagebrush, sand sagebrush, grizzly prickly pear, and other native plants. Watch for ground squirrel or even American badger holes! You will also see small isolated juniper trees.

At GPS: N 35°2’14.54” W 109°47’35.76”, move from petrified log to petrified log until you come to a huge petrified tree stump, lying on its side. Turn southeast to follow the valley between this log and the gypsum covered hill.

After walking over a small rise, you’ll follow a drainage east toward a barbed wire fence. This is the former park boundary—the park boundary is now just north of where you’ll cross it. Head left (north) and walk along the fence until you reach a “gap” marked with a green pole. GPS: N 35°2’23.2” W 109°47’23.8”.

*As we improve access to certain areas of the park, this location may have change into a V-Gate.

After crossing the fence, immediately drop into the wash in front of you and follow it all the way to the flats below. The upper part of the wash can be seen to the right.
The photo to the right shows the lower part of the wash. Don’t forget to turn around occasionally and see what your route will look like on the way back.

When you come out at the bottom, start looking for what’s left of a “melting” badland—a small mound (about 6’ high) of maroon clay.

Walk past this eroding badland and climb up to the saddle in the formation ahead, Dead Wash Overlook.

GPS: N 35°2’18.95″ W 109°47’11.86″

Enjoy the panoramic view east and south (photo below) across the Dead Wash Drainage, across the Burlington Northern and Santa Fe (BNSF) Railway tracks, where the watercourse meets the Puerco River. The bump on the horizon slightly southeast is Black Knoll, just inside the new boundary of the expanded park. Continuing the view to the right you will see Blue Mesa—you may be able to spot the park road climbing out of the Puerco drainage toward Blue Mesa.

Scramble back down the same way and retrace your steps back up to the parking lot.
Things to Know About Off the Beaten Path Hikes

Hiking off-trail offers the opportunity to enjoy this landscape beyond the experience of the average visitor. These “Off the Beaten Path” hikes are suggested routes; not paved or maintained trails—although you may notice social paths or old road beds. All of the hikes require route-finding skills. Bring a compass and/or GPS tracking device.

Please consider the following and plan accordingly:

You are responsible for your own safety.

Some areas have little to no cell phone coverage.

Understand that you are heading into a wild natural region.

Know your personal limits, and of those in your party.

Wear appropriate shoes and sun protection. Bring food and plenty of water (1 gal./person/day).

Follow all park rules and regulations.

Do not create rock cairns or trail markers.

The backcountry of Petrified Forest National Park offers:

• A semi-arid landscape with elevations over 5,500 ft (1,700 m) with no water or shade.

• No marked trails—route-finding skills are necessary.

• Uneven surfaces that may become impassable when wet.

• Steep hills, narrow canyons, and crumbly surfaces.

• Temperatures that fluctuate widely (>100˚F/38˚C in summer and <32˚F/-0˚C in winter).

• Solitude and beauty.

Unless you have an overnight Wilderness Area Permit, you are required to be out of the park by closing hours. Backcountry camping must be one mile away from any established trail or road. Camping in vehicles in parking areas is not permitted. Ask park staff for more details on backcountry camping.

Using This Guide

This book is a collaboration of staff and volunteers who have wandered these areas to find important landmarks and beautiful vistas. The maps provide the route to destinations. The photos are references to help you find your way. Remember to keep an eye on the weather, find a landmark near where you parked to stay orientated, and be sure to drink plenty of water!

Onyx Bridge

4 miles (6.4 km) round trip

Elevation Change: 300 ft (91 m)

GPS coordinates
Trailhead: Onyx Bridge: 35°6’31.0”N 109°47’32.1”W

GPS coordinates are set in:
Degrees° Minutes’ Seconds”
Be sure to set your GPS in the appropriate format to prevent confusion. There may be a margin of error up to 30 meters for the listed coordinates.
The Leave No Trace Principles

The Leave No Trace Principles are the bedrock of the Leave No Trace program. They provide guidance to enjoy our natural world in a sustainable way that avoids human-created impacts. These principles have been adapted to they can be applied in your backyard or your backcountry.

Plan Ahead and Prepare
- Know the regulations and special concerns for the area you’ll visit.
- Prepare for extreme weather, hazards, and emergencies.
- Schedule your trip to avoid times of high use.
- Visit in small groups when possible. Consider splitting larger groups into smaller groups.
- Repackage food to minimize waste.
- Use a map and compass to eliminate the use of marking paint, rock cairns or flagging.

Travel and Camp on Durable Surfaces
- Durable surfaces include established trails and campsites, rock, gravel, dry grasses or snow.
- Protect riparian areas by camping at least 200 feet from lakes and streams.
- Good campsites are found, not made. Altering a site is not necessary.
In popular areas:
- Concentrate use on existing trails and campsites.
- Walk single file in the middle of the trail, even when wet or muddy.
- Keep campsites small. Focus activity in areas where vegetation is absent.
- In pristine areas:
  - Disperse use to prevent the creation of campsites and trails.
  - Avoid places where impacts are just beginning.

Dispose of Waste Properly
- Pack it in, pack it out. Inspect your campsite and rest areas for trash or spilled foods. Pack out all trash, leftover food and litter.
- Deposit solid human waste in catholes dug 6 to 8 inches deep, at least 200 feet from water, camp and trails. Cover and disguise the cathole when finished.
- Pack out toilet paper and hygiene products.

Leave What You Find
- Preserve the past: examine, but do not touch cultural or historic structures and artifacts.
- Leave rocks, plants and other natural objects as you find them.
- Avoid introducing or transporting non-native species.
- Do not build structures, furniture, or dig trenches.

Respect Wildlife
- Observe wildlife from a distance. Do not follow or approach them.
- Never feed animals. Feeding wildlife damages their health, alters natural behaviors, and exposes them to predators and other dangers.
- Protect wildlife and your food by storing rations and trash securely.
- Control pets at all times, or leave them at home.
- Avoid wildlife during sensitive times: mating, nesting, raising young, or winter.

Be Considerate of Other Visitors
- Respect other visitors and protect the quality of their experience.
- Be courteous. Yield to other users on the trail.
- Step to the downhill side of the trail when encountering pack stock.
- Take breaks and camp away from trails and other visitors.
- Let nature’s sounds prevail. Avoid loud voices and noises.

Look what I found!

One of the marvelous things about exploring the Wilderness Areas is finding all the unique artifacts. We cannot stress enough how important it is to leave any fossils, archeology artifacts (i.e. pottery sherds and arrowheads), rocks, plants, or animals exactly where you found them. Much like a forensic scientist at a crime scene, when artifacts are removed or displaced, a wealth of information is lost about that item. Please join the millions of hikers before you and do not pick up anything you find out on these hikes. Take a picture of the artifact, and one of the surrounding area, and show these to a ranger so we can send a scientist to recover it. Be careful not to post where you found these items online, because those locations may encourage looters.

Petroglyphs are easily damaged by even the softest touch. The oil on your hands will deteriorate the rock art. These ancient symbols cannot be recovered once lost.

Help us protect these awesome resources for future explorers such as yourself!
These **free** apps will assist you while you venture through Petrified Forest National Park.

**Chimani**

Chimani provides apps for specific National Parks, including Petrified Forest! Features include:

- **GPS-enabled maps**
- **Expert-written details on more than 120 points of interest**
- **Collect points and earn badges for visiting parks and other points of interest**
- **And much, much more!**

*Be sure to download the features inside the app before heading in the park.

**iNaturalist**

iNaturalist offers a chance to become a citizen scientist! Take photos of flora and fauna with your device and upload. Find out what that critter or flower is with in-depth descriptions. Most importantly, these records give biologists a way to track and monitor life in these ecosystems with your help. Join the iNaturalist community today!

Both apps available on:

[Download on the App Store](#)  [Available on Google Play](#)

Sometimes going off the beaten path makes all the difference