Please note: This text is from the fourth edition of *Federal Historic Preservation Laws*, published in 2006 by the National Center for Cultural Resources, National Park Service, Department of the Interior. This edition contains 24 Federal laws and portions of laws that pertain to the preservation of the Nation's cultural heritage.

The citations in this book are no longer current. We have retained this online edition for its historic value, and for the plainlanguage context that it provides about these laws.

For up-to-date citations and links to the current text of Federal historic preservation laws, please consult our webpage about Federal Historic Preservation Laws, Regulations, and Orders:

https://www.nps.gov/subjects/historicpreservation/laws.htm.

For information about **Title 54 of the United States Code**, please visit:

https://www.nps.gov/subjects/historicpreserve

https://www.nps.gov/subjects/historicpreservation/laws-intro.htm.

National Park Service Organic Act

SECTION 1, NPS MISSION, AS AMENDED

This Act became law on August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535, 16 U.S.C. 1) and has been amended twice. This description of the Act, as amended, tracks the language of the United States Code except that (following common usage) we refer to the "Act" (meaning the Act, as amended) rather to the "subchapter" or the "title" of the Code.

16 U.S.C. 1, Service created, director, other employees

Section 1

There is created in the Department of the Interior a service to be called the National Park Service, which shall be under the charge of a director who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Director shall have substantial experience and demonstrated competence in land management and natural or cultural resource conservation. The Director shall select two Deputy Directors. The first Deputy Director shall have responsibility for National Park Service operations, and the second Deputy Director shall have responsibility for other programs assigned to the National Park Service. There shall also be in said service such subordinate officers, clerks, and employees as may be appropriated for by Congress. The service thus established shall promote and regulate the use of the Federal areas known as national parks, monuments, and reservations hereinafter specified, except such as are under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Army, as provided by law, by such means and measures as conform to the fundamental purpose of the said parks, monuments, and reservations, which purpose is to conserve the scenery and the natural and historic objects and the wild life therein and to provide for the enjoyment of the same in such manner and by such means as will leave them unimpaired for the enjoyment of future generations.

National Park Service Organic Act

SECTION 8, REPORTS ON THREATENED LANDMARKS AND NEW AREA STUDIES, AS AMENDED

This Section of the Act became law on October 7, 1976 (Public Law 91-458, 16 U.S.C. 1a-5) and has been amended six times. This description of the Act, as amended, tracks the language of the United States Code except that (following common usage) we refer to the "Act" (meaning the Act, as amended) rather than to the "subchapter" or the "title" of the Code. The National Park Service Organic Act is the short title for a much longer law that established the National Park Service 16 U.S.C. 1 (August 25, 1916) and continues to address park related matters.

16 U.S.C. 1a-5, Additional areas for National Park System

16 U.S.C. 1a-5(a), General authority to investigate, study, and monitor areas of national significance

Section 8

(a) The Secretary of the Interior is directed to investigate, study, and continually monitor the welfare of areas whose resources exhibit qualities of national significance and which may have potential for inclusion in the National Park System. Accompanying the annual listing of areas shall be a synopsis, for each report previously submitted, of the current and changed condition of the resource integrity of the area and other relevant factors, compiled as a result of continual periodic monitoring and embracing the period since the previous such submission or initial report submission one year earlier.

Report on threatened landmarks

The Secretary is also directed to transmit annually to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and to the President of the Senate, at the beginning of each fiscal year, a complete and current list of all areas included in the Registry of Natural Landmarks and those areas of national significance listing on the National Register of Historic Places which areas exhibit known or anticipated damage or threats to the integrity of their resources, along with notations as to the nature and severity of such damage or threats.

(Rest of subsection omitted)

16 U.S.C. 1a-5(b), Studies of areas for potential addition

- (b)(1) At the beginning of each calendar year, along with the annual budget submission, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the United States Senate a list of areas recommended for study for potential inclusion in the National Park System.
- (2) In developing the list to be submitted under this subsection, the Secretary shall consider—

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- (A) those areas that have the greatest potential to meet the established criteria of national significance, suitability, and feasibility;
- (B) themes, sites, and resources not already adequately represented in the National Park System; and
 - (C) public petition and Congressional resolutions.
- (3) No study of the potential of an area for inclusion in the National Park System may be initiated after the date of enactment of this subsection, except as provided by specific authorization of an Act of Congress.
- (4) Nothing in this Act shall limit the authority of the National Park Service to conduct preliminary resource assessments, gather data on potential study areas, provide technical and planning assistance, prepare or process nominations for administrative designations, update previous studies, or complete reconnaissance surveys of individual areas requiring a total expenditure of less than \$25,000.
- (5) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to or to affect or alter the study of any river segment for potential addition to the national wild and scenic rivers system or to apply or to affect or alter the study of any trail for potential addition to the national trails system.
- (c)(1) The Secretary shall complete the study for each area for potential inclusion in the National Park System within 3 complete fiscal years following the date on which funds are first made available for such purposes. Each study under this section shall be prepared with appropriate opportunity for public involvement, including at least one public meeting in the vicinity of the area under study, after reasonable efforts to notify potentially affected land-owners and State and local governments.
- (2) In conducting the study, the Secretary shall consider whether the area under study—
- (A) possesses nationally significant natural or cultural resources and represents one of the most important examples of a particular resource type in the country; and
 - (B) is a suitable and feasible addition to the system.

16 U.S.C. 1a-5(c), Report on areas for potential addition

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- (3) Each study—
- (A) shall consider the following factors with regard to the area being studied—
 - (i) the rarity and integrity of the resources;
 - (ii) the threats to those resources;
- (iii) similar resources are already protected in the National Park System or in other public or private ownership;
 - (iv) the public use potential;
 - (v) the interpretive and educational potential;
- (vi) costs associated with acquisition, development and operation;
 - (vii) the socioeconomic impacts of any designation;
- (viii) the level of local and general public support; and
- (ix) whether the area is of appropriate configuration to ensure long-term resource protection and visitor use;
- (B) shall consider whether direct National Park Service management or alternative protection by other public agencies or the private sector is appropriate for the area;
- (C) shall identify what alternative or combination of alternatives would in the professional judgment of the Director of the National Park Service be most effective and efficient in protecting significant resources and providing for public enjoyment; and
- (D) may include any other information which the Secretary deems to be relevant.
- (4) Each study shall be completed in compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 [42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.].
- (5) The letter transmitting each completed study to Congress shall contain a recommendation regarding the Secretary's preferred management option for the area.

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16 U.S.C. 1a-5(d), New area study office

16 U.S.C. 1a-5(e), List of areas

- (d) The Secretary shall designate a single office to be assigned to prepare all new area studies and to implement other functions of this section.
- (e) At the beginning of each calendar year, along with the annual budget submission, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a list of areas which have been previously studied which contain primarily historical resources, and a list of areas which have been previously studied which contain primarily natural resources, in numerical order of priority for addition to the National Park System. In developing the lists, the Secretary should consider threats to resource values, cost escalation factors, and other factors listed in subsection (c) of this section. The Secretary should only include on the lists areas for which the supporting data is current and accurate.

(16.U.S.C. 1a-5(f), Authorization of appropriations, omitted)