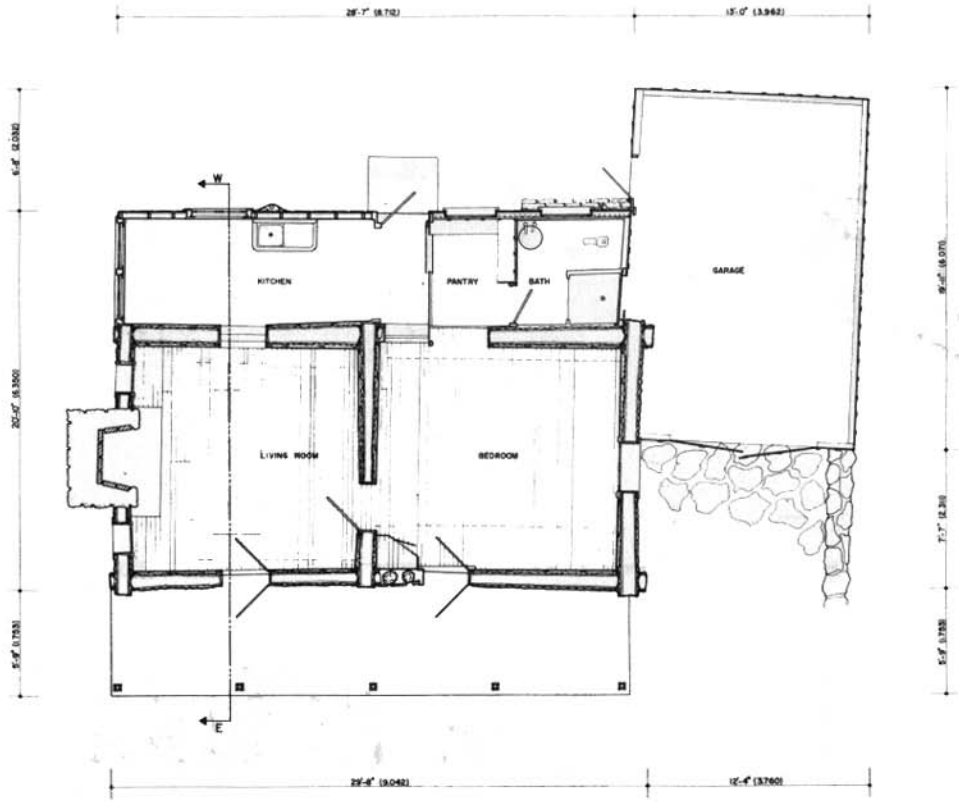

FLOOR PLAN

SCALE 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 FEET

0 1 2 3 METERS

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE:

THE STAFFORD-RIGGS CABIN IS HISTORICALLY SIGNIFICANT AS ONE OF THE FIRST HOMESTEAD DWELLINGS IN THE CHIRICAHUA MOUNTAINS VICINITY. ARCHITECTURALLY, IT ILLUSTRATES THE TECHNIQUES AND MATERIALS USED IN BUILDING ONE OF THE EARLY LOG CABINS OF SOUTHEASTERN ARIZONA. THE STAFFORD-RIGGS CABIN IS ALSO AMONG THE OLDEST SURVIVING LOG CABINS IN THE REGION. THE SITE SURROUNDING THE CABIN CONTAINS PHYSICAL EVIDENCE OF THE EARLY AGRICULTURAL EFFORTS OF JAY HUGH STAFFORD, A PIONEER SETTLER: AN ORCHARD OF FRUIT TREES AND AN IRRIGATION SYSTEM. AFTER CIRCA 1919, THE STAFFORD CABIN WAS REMODELED AS A GUEST CABIN FOR THE FARAWAY RANCH, A COMMERCIAL GUEST RANCH OPERATED BY LILLIAN AND ED RIGGS.

EXTERIOR MATERIALS:

LOGS (CABIN)
BOARD AND BATTEN (GARAGE AND WEST ADDITION)
ASPHALT SHINGLES (WEST ADDITION)
RHYOLITE FIELD STONE (CHIMNEY)
CONCRETE (PORCH FLOOR)

INTERIOR MATERIALS:

PLASTER BOARD (CABIN, KITCHEN, AND BATH)
COMMON BRICK (CHIMNEY HEARTH)
PINE FLOORING (LIVING AND BEDROOM)
CONCRETE (HEARTH, WEST ADDITION, AND GARAGE FLOORS)
LINOLEUM (BATHROOM FLOOR)
BOARD AND BATTEN (PANTRY)

DRAWN BY: RUSSELL WILCOX CARDOZO

CHIRICAHUA NATIONAL MONUMENT
FARAWAY RANCH PROJECT 1983

STAFFORD-RIGGS CABIN
CHIRICAHUA NATIONAL MONUMENT, COCHISE COUNTY, ARIZONA

SURVEY NO. HABS AZ-139

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY
SHEET 9 OF 10 SHEETS