V. MISCELLANEOUS MEMORIALS

1. Camp Blount Tablets, Lincoln County, Tennessee

SEVENTY-FIRST CONGRESS. SESS. II. CH. 579. 1930.

801

CHAP. 579.—An Act For the erection of tablets or markers and the commemoration of Camp Blount and the Old Stone Bridge, Lincoln County, Tennessee.

June 23, 1930. [H. R. 7924.] [Public, No. 419.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to erect at Camp Blount, Lincoln County, Tennessee, tablets or markers describing and commemorating the historical events which have taken place there.

SEC. 2. That in connection with Camp Blount the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to accept, upon behalf of the United States, a donation of and title to the historic and picturesque Old Stone Bridge crossing Elk River at the site of Camp Blount, together with the approaches thereto and any land adjoining said bridge; and to erect appropriate tablets or markers. The Secretary of War is authorized to acquire by gift such lands adjoining said bridge or approaches or in the area of Camp Blount as may be reasonably required to properly commemorate the Old Stone Bridge and Camp Blount and to effectuate the purposes of this Act.

SEC. 3. The Secretary of War is authorized to do all things necessary to accomplish said purpose, by contract or otherwise with or without advertising, under such conditions as he may prescribe, including the engagement, by contract, of services of such architects, sculptors, artists, or firms or partnerships thereof, and other technical and professional personnel as he may deem necessary without regard to civil-service requirements and restrictions of law governing the employment and compensation of employees of the United States, and to spend in accordance with the provisions of this Act such sum of money as may be placed in his hands as a contribution additional to the funds appropriated by Congress.

SEC. 4. The plans and designs of such tablets or markers shall be subject to the approval of the National Commission of Fine Arts.

SEC. 5. The Secretary of War is hereby authorized to enter into an agreement with the appropriate officials of the town of Fayetteville, the county of Lincoln, or the State of Tennessee for the care and maintenance of the said tablets and markers, the Old Stone Bridge, and lands appertaining thereto: *Provided*, That such care and maintenance shall be without expense to the National Government.

SEC. 6. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, so much of the sum of \$10,000 as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Approved, June 23, 1930.

Camp Blount, Tenn. Tablets, to be erected at, commemoratin g historic events.

Acceptance of title to Old Stone Bridge across Elk River.

Of adjoining lands.

Secretary of War to carry out provisions of Act.

Plans, etc., to be approved by National Commission of Fine

Maintenance.

Proviso. No Federal expense. Sum authorized.

2. Kill Devil Hill Monument, Kitty Hawk, North Carolina

1264

SIXTY-NINTH CONGRESS. SESS. II. CH. 251. 1927.

March 2, 1927. [S. 4876.] [Public No. 668.] CHAP. 251.—An Act Providing for the erection of a monument on Kill Devil Hill, at Kitty Hawk, North Carolina, commemorative of the first successful human attempt in history at power-driven airplane flight.

Kitty Hawk, N.C. 1265 Monument to commemorate first successful airplane flight to be erected on Kill Devil Hill at.

Commission created. Duties of commission.

Sums authorized to be appropriated.

Approval of designs, etc.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be erected on Kill Devil Hill, at Kitty Hawk, in the State of North Carolina, a monument in commemoration of the first successful human attempt in all history at power-driven airplane flight, achieved by Orville Wright on December 17, 1903; and a commission to be composed of the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of Commerce is hereby created to carry out the purposes of this Act.

SEC. 2. That it shall be the duty of the said commission to select a suitable location for said monument, which shall be as near as possible to the actual site of said flight; to acquire the necessary land therefor; to superintend the erection of the said monument; and to make all necessary and appropriate arrangements for the unveiling and dedication of the same when it shall have been completed.

SEC. 3. That such sum or sums as Congress may hereafter appropriate for the purposes of this Act are hereby authorized to be appropriated.

SEC. 4. The design and plans for the monument shall be subject to the approval of the commission of Fine Arts and the Joint Committee on the Library.

Approved, March 2, 1927.

3. Lee Mansion, Arlington National Cemetery, Virginia

SIXTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS. SESS. II. CH. 562. 1925.

1356

CHAP. 562.—Joint Resolution Authorizing the restoration of the Lee Mansion in the Arlington National Cemetery, Virginia

March 4, 1925. [H. J. Res. 264.] [Pub. Res., No. 74.]

Whereas the era of internecine strife among the States, having yielded to one of better understanding, of common loyalty, and of a more perfect Union; and

Whereas, now honor is accorded Robert E. Lee as one of the great military leaders of history, whose exalted character, noble life, and eminent services are recognized and esteemed, and whose manly attributes of precept and example were compelling factors in cementing the American people in bonds of patriotic devotion and action against common external enemies in the war with Spain and in the World War, thus consummating the hope of a reunited country that would again swell the chorus of the Union: Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States Of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed, as nearly as may be practicable, to restore the Lee Mansion in the Arlington National Cemetery, Virginia, to the condition in which it existed immediately prior to the Civil War and to procure, if possible, articles of furniture and equipment which were then in the mansion and in use by the occupants thereof. He is also authorized, in his discretion, to procure replicas of the furniture and other articles in use in the mansion during the period mentioned, with a view to restoring, as far as may be practicable, the appearance of the interior of the mansion to the condition of its occupancy by the Lee family.

Approved, March 4, 1925.

Lee Mansion, Arlington, Va. Preamble.

Restoration of, in Arlington National Cemetery, to condition prior to Civil War.

Replicas of furniture, etc., to be procured.

4. New Echota Marker, Georgia

431 SEVENTY-FIRST CONGRESS. SESS. II. CH. 347. 1930.

May 28, 1930. [H. R. 9444.] [Public, No. 277.]

Cherokee Indians. Marker at New Echota, former capital of, authorized.

Selection of site.

Sum authorized. *Post*, p. 910.

CHAP. 347.—An Act To authorize the erection of a marker upon the site of New Echota, capital of the Cherokee Indians prior to their removal west of the Mississippi River, to commemorate its location, and events connected with its history.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is authorized to erect upon some portion of the site of New Echota, last capital of the Cherokee Indians prior to their removal in 1838 west of the Mississippi River, a suitable marker commemorating said location, with adequate inscriptions relative to the principal facts of its history.

SEC. 2. The site for said marker shall consist of not more than one acre of land, which shall be selected under the direction of the Secretary of War, and shall be furnished free of cost for this purpose.

SEC. 3. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any funds in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$2,500, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Approved, May 28, 1930.

PUBLIC LAWS—CH. 971—SEPT. 21, 1950

896

[CHAPTER 971]

September 21, 1950 [H. R. 3274] [Public Law 801]

AN ACT

To provide for the conveyance of certain historic properties to the State of Georgia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to convey to the State of Georgia, without consideration, for public use as a part of the park system of that State, and under such terms and conditions as the Secretary may deem advisable, the following described historic properties and improvements thereon:

(a) The Atlanta Campaign National Historic Site comprising the "Ringgold Gap Site", the "Rocky Face Ridge Site", the "Resaca Site", the "Cassville Site", and the "New Hope Church Site", aggregating a total of approximately fifteen acres of land, which are described in the order dated October 13, 1944 (9 F. R. 12868), of the Acting Secretary of the Interior;

(b) The site, comprising approximately one acre of land, and improvements thereon, known as the New Echota Marker property, established pursuant to the Act of May 28, 1930 (46 Stat. 431).

Approved September 21, 1950.

State of Georgia. Conveyance.