## 4. Pinus edulis - (Juniperus monosperma, Juniperus deppeana) / Bouteloua gracilis Open Woodland Association

Two-needle pinyon - (Oneseed juniper, Alligator juniper) / Blue grama Open Woodland Association

This association is characterized by a moderately dense tree canopy (15–47%) co-dominated by two-needle pinyon (*Pinus edulis*) and oneseed juniper (*Juniperus monosperma*), with one common associate, gray oak (*Quercus grisea*), and an herbaceous stratum (<0.5) dominated by blue grama (*Bouteloua gracilis*). The dominant canopy trees, two-needle pinyon (*P. edulis*) and oneseed juniper (*J. monosperma*), both provide an average of

## **Common species**

- Pinus edulis
- Juniperus monosperma
- Quercus grisea
- Cercocarpus montanus
- Bouteloua gracilis

11% cover throughout the community, with values ranging above 30%. Tree heights vary, with two-needle pinyon (P. edulis) ranging from 6 to 12 meters tall and averaging to 8 meters. Oneseed juniper (*J. monosperma*) is shorter, averaging 5 meters tall and rarely over 6 meters. Gray oak (Q. grisea) is a common associate, providing an average of 7% cover and growing as a tree up to 6 meters tall (averaging 4 m) and occasionally as a shrub with heights less than 2 meters. Other trees, such as ponderosa pine (*Pinus ponderosa*), alligator juniper (*Juniperus deppeana*), and Rocky Mountain juniper (*Juniperus scopulorum*), are occasional, rarely covering more than 1 or 2%. Blue grama (B. gracilis) provides variable cover in the field stratum, with values ranging up to 18%, but averaging to only 5%. On occasion, sideoats grama (*Bouteloua* curtipendula) can appear co-dominant or even provide more cover than blue grama (B. gracilis), but not consistently across the landscape. The shrub layer is normally not well developed, with individuals scattered or growing beneath taller trees, and rarely providing much more than 3% cover. However, on the steeper, rockier, exposed hill crests, alderleaf mountain mahogany (C. montanus) can provide a few percent cover (up to 10%).

This association spans large areas, often covering and wrapping around entire hilltops. Elevation ranges from approximately 1,700 to 1,920 meters  $(5,600-6,300 \, \text{ft})$ . Typically, these communities are found on predominantly west-, southwest-, and southeast-facing slopes, covering 33.66%  $(352.31 \, \text{ha/870.59} \, \text{ac})$  of the project area and 28.40%  $(60.56 \, \text{ha/150.00} \, \text{ac})$  of the monument.



