LESSON PLAN: 6

SESSION TITLE: PROGRAM AND PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

SESSION LENGTH: 2 Hours ORIG. PREPARED BY: M. Whatley, 10/86 REVISED BY: M. Gillett, 1/92

OBJECTIVES: At the end of this session, participants will be able to:

Develop a list of 3 suggestions for conducting peer evaluations;
 List 3 techniques that can be used to self evaluate interpretive programs;
 Given 4 examples of evaluation forms, develop and write out one self-evaluation form.

TRAINING AIDS: Flip Chart, video tapes, VCR, monitor.

HANDOUTS: Examples of evaluation forms.

Content	Method	Time
I. Introduction:	Lecture	5 Min.
A.Point out quote on flip chart: "Practice will improve skill and experience will help one's competence - but only if there is feedback regarding the quality of the performance. If you don't find out how well you are doing while you are practicing or experiencing, your skill is not likely to improve."		
B.State the Objectives of this session, listing them on a flip chart or on an overhead.		
II. <u>Evaluation Process</u>		
A."Life experiences" when we were evaluated.(eg. grades, parents, etc.)	Participative Lecture	10 Min.
B.Participants' reaction to positive and negative results of "life experience" evaluations. Stress "coaching" aspect of evaluation.		
C.The positive aspects of evaluation 1.Have the class list some of the good that comes from evaluation.	Brainstorming / Lecture	10 Min.
2.Stress the "Spiral Toward Excellence" approach, where preparation leads to presentation which leads to evaluation which leads to better preparation which leads to better presentation etc. in an expanding spiral, rather than in a closed loop of preparation, presentation, preparation, presentation.		

Content	Method	Time
2.Compare other professionals' need for critiquing and coaching with interpretive needs.(eg. the professional baseball player and the pitching coach; the professional opera star and a voice coach, etc.)	Discussion	5 Min.
III.Evaluation Techniques.		
A.Samples of critique methods	Lecture	5 Min.
1.Audience feedback: do they look at you, answer questions, smile, applaud, thank you etc.	Brainstorming	5 Min.
2.Cassette Tape (evaluate your voice and the content of your talk, grammar, vocabulary etc.)	Lecture	5 Min.
3.Video Tape (evaluate verbal communications skills, non-verbal communications, body language, audience reaction, content of talk, logistics etc.)	Tape Example	15 Min.
<pre>4.Watching others in order to evaluate   yourself.(comparison)</pre>		
IV.Developing a Self Critiquing Form		
A.Review of sample forms Instructor should mention that although some of the sample forms have points associated with them, using a point system may be painful to the person being evaluated. Emphasize that there is a lot of flexibility with the forms used, and evaluation forms can be very effective without points.	Individual Exercise	5 Min
B.Participants practice making their own forms. Different formats may be desired for different types of presentations.	Group Discussion	10 Min.
C.Participants will use self evaluation forms on themselves next time they give an interpretive presentation.		

Content	Method	Time
V. Peer Review Encourage participants to establish peer evaluations with other interpreters in their parks. Peer review can give the whole staff an opportunity to get used to being "evaluated" before the (probably more stressful) supervisory evaluation.	Participative Lecture/ Brainstorming	15 Min.
<pre>Have the class brainstorm ideas for how to conduct peer audits. Answers instructor should hope for: -always establish a relaxed and supportive atmosphere -sensitivity in giving constructive criticism -point out positive aspects of program as well as suggestions for improvement -allow plenty of room for personal style; don't suggest changing personality -avoid auditing (both peer and supervisory) until the interpreter's given the program a couple times -audit more than once, comment on improvements</pre>		
VI.Conclusion	Participative Lecture	10 Min.
Refer back to the session objectives and ask the class to tell you whether they were met. Have them list ways to self evaluate, and offer some suggestions for peer evaluations. It is important to end the session on a positive note, stressing the benefits of evaluation, and the improvements that can result from effective evaluations.		

## CRITIQUE OF SLIDE PRESENTATION/TALK

Туре	of Talk	د		Duratio	n of Tal	lk _			-
		GRADE SCALE:	0 (weak)	1 (FAIR)	2 (GOOD)	(V.	3 GOOD)	4 (outst.)	
The	<u>Program</u>			<u>Points</u>				<u>Comments</u>	
1.	Locatio	on of speaker o	n stage?						
2.	Introdu	action?							
3.	Subject	: well organize	d?						
4.	Have a	central theme?							
5.	Tell a	story?							
6.	Accurat	ce?							
7.	Proper	level for list	ener?						
8.	Right d	luration?							
9.	Conclus	sion?							
10.	Did it	interpret the	subject?						
<u>The</u>	Delivery	Ζ							
1.	Volume?	2							
2.	Rate of	speaking?							
3.	Englisł	1?							
4.	Pronunc	ciation?							<u>.</u>
5.	Enuncia	ation?							
6.	Voice m	nodulation							
7.	Use of	conversational	tone?						
8.	Use of	the dramatic?							
9.	Manneri	isms?							
10.	Gesture	es?							

Speaker's Attitudes

1.	Enthusiastic?				
2.	Confident?				
3.	Courteous?				
4.	Friendly?				
5.	Relaxed?				
	all Impression of t the Evaluator	he Talk			
	TOTAL POINTS SCOR	ED			
	Point Values:	0-15 16-36 37-64 65-85 86-100	- - -	Weak Fair Good Very Good Outstanding	
<u>EVAL</u>	UATION OF VISUAL MA	TERIALS			
1.	Color quality?				
2.	Composition?				
3.	Positioning on the	screen?			
4.	Quality of slides?				
5.	Quantity of slides	?			
б.	Slides used effect	ively?			
TOTAL POINTS SCORED BY GROUP OVERALL RATING BY GROUP					

**GENERAL COMMENTS:** 

## INTERPRETIVE WALKS CRITIQUE

Speaker	Place	Date	Time	To	
PRE-WALK				Yes	No
Did the leader arrive on	time?				
Did the leader make an e	ffort to gre	et people as	they arrived	?	
Did the leader build a p with the audience?	ersonal rela	tionship			
Appearance (uniform, per	sonal)				
Did the leader choose an	d appropriat	e gathering a	rea?		
Was the meeting area cle	an?				
INTRODUCTION					
Did the leader introduce	himself/her	self?			
Was an overview of the w	alk given?				
Was a theme introduced?					
Were trail conditions, d	istances, ti	mes given?			
Were operational instruc stay on trail, don't pic questions)?					
Were safety instructions ivy)?	given (i.e.	, poison			
WALK					
Were stops well-chosen f for size of group?	or material;				
Was duration of stops ap	propriate?				
Was there a transition b	etween stops	?			
Was the speaker affable	about talkin	g to people i	nformally?		
Was there a good balance	between wal	king and talk	ing?		
Did the speaker position (re: size of group, wind					
Was the speaker knowledg	eable?				
Was there a theme?					

Did the walk relate to the purpose of the park	?		
		Yes	No
Was group participation encouraged?			
Was the speaker adaptable to unforseen events?			
Did the speaker encourage the use of senses?			
CONCLUSION			
Was there a summary and definite ending to the walk?			
Were the people left with a message?			
Were the people invited to participate in othe park activities?	r? .		
Was the group returned to the starting place?			
Did the speaker remain for awhile to speak informally?			
I have reviewed this with my supervisor	Employee's sign	ature	

COMMENTS

EVALUATION OF AN	INTERPRETIVE	TALK
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Sp	eaker:	_Subject:	Date:		
	Rate each of the following elements of the interpretive talk, using a point system of 1-10 (weak to strong). Make appropriate comments to support your rating.				
		COMMENTS			
1.	Introduction				
	Points				
2.	Subject well organized				
	(did it tell a story?)				
	Points				
3.	Conclusion				
	Points				
	-				
4.	Rate of speaking				
	Points				
	-				
5.	Voice modulation				
	Points				
	-				
6.	Use of conversational				
	tone				
	Points				
7.	Use of the dramatic				
	Points				
8	- Mannerisms & Gestures				
υ.	Points				

9.	Enthusiasm	
	Points	
10	. Courteous & Friendly	
	Points	

Overall impression and general comments: