

Monroe's Cross Roads (NC018)

Location	Cumberland, Hoke, and Moore counties
Campaign	Campaign of the Carolinas (February-April 1865)
Battle Date(s)	March 10, 1865
Principal Commanders	Brevet Major General Judson Kilpatrick [US]; Major General Joseph Wheeler, Lieutenant General Wade Hampton, Major General Matthew C. Butler [CS]
Forces Engaged	3 rd Cavalry Division [US]; Hampton's Cavalry Command (Wheeler's Cavalry Corps and Butler's Division)[CS]
Results	Union victory
Study Area	17,527.05 acres The revised Study Area reflects the advance of Union scouts from the southwest and the Confederate routes of advance and retreat toward Fayetteville.
Potential National Register Lands	13,820.25 acres
Protected Lands	264.25 acres U.S. Army, Fort Bragg Military Reservation, 219.00 acres, fee simple North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of State Parks, 45.25 acres, fee simple
Publicly Accessible Lands	264.25 acres Fort Bragg Military Reservation, Fort Bragg Cultural Resources Management Program, 219.00 acres (by appointment/escorted) Weymouth Woods Natural Area, North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, 45.25 acres
Management Area	Fort Bragg Military Reservation Weymouth Woods Natural Area
Friends Group(s)	None
Preservation Activities Since 1993	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Advocacy ✓ Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories Fundraising ✓ Interpretation Projects Land or Development Rights Purchased Legislation ✓ Planning Projects ✓ Research and Documentation Other
Public Interpretation Since 1993	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Brochure(s) Driving Tour Living History ✓ Maintained Historic Features/Areas Visitor Center ✓ Walking Tour/Trails ✓ Wayside Exhibits/Signs

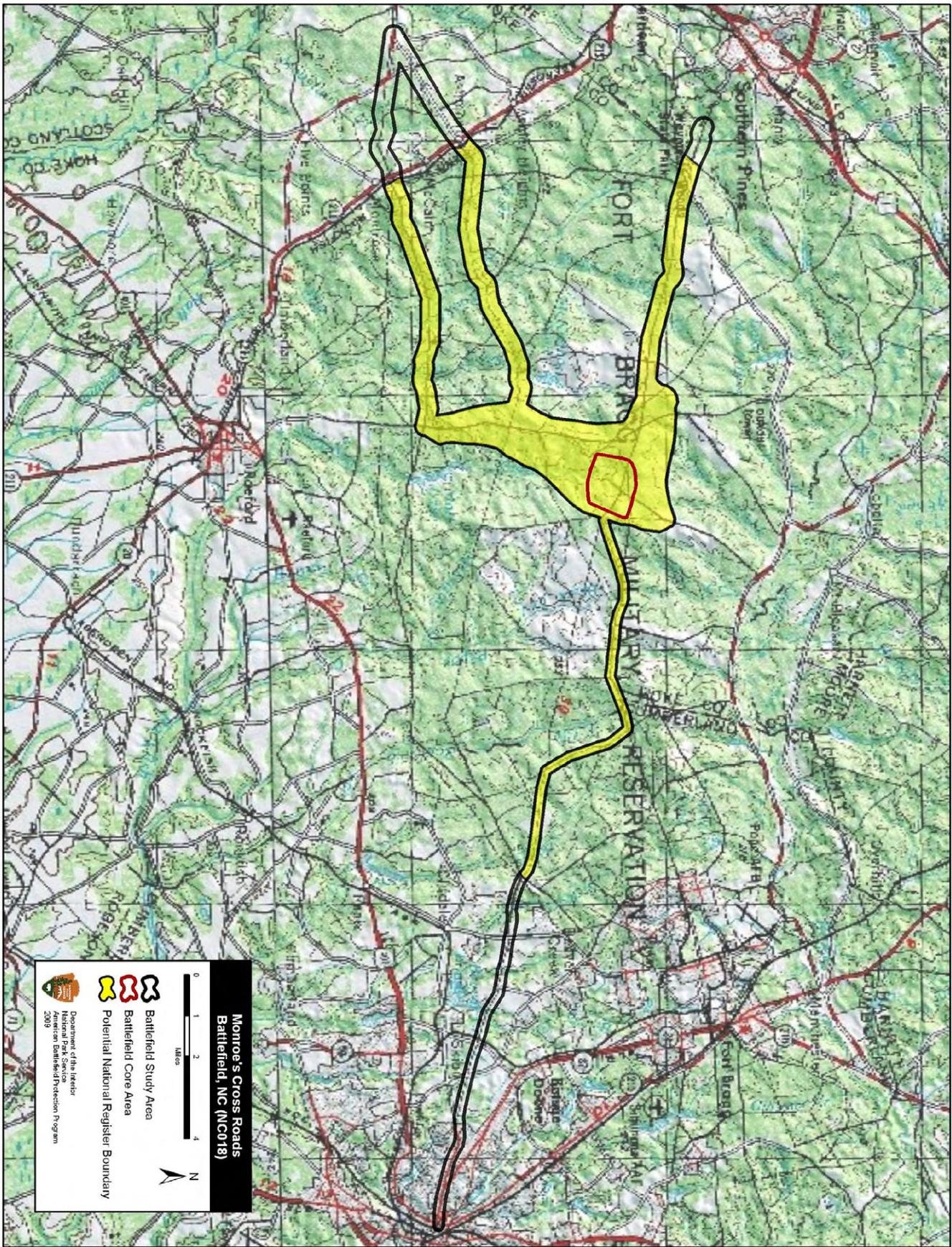
- ✓ Website(s)
www.bragg.army.mil/culturalresources/monroe's_crossroads.htm
- Other

Condition Statement

Most of the battlefield lies within the Fort Bragg Military Reservation and has been spared residential and commercial development. Through 1995, the Core Area was used for military training purposes and some portions of this area were disturbed through past land management and training activities. Today, 219 acres of the Core Area are protected and managed by the Fort Bragg Cultural Resources Management Program as a National Register-eligible archeological site. Other portions of the battlefield Study Area remain within the danger zones of two ordnance impact areas.

Historical Designation

None



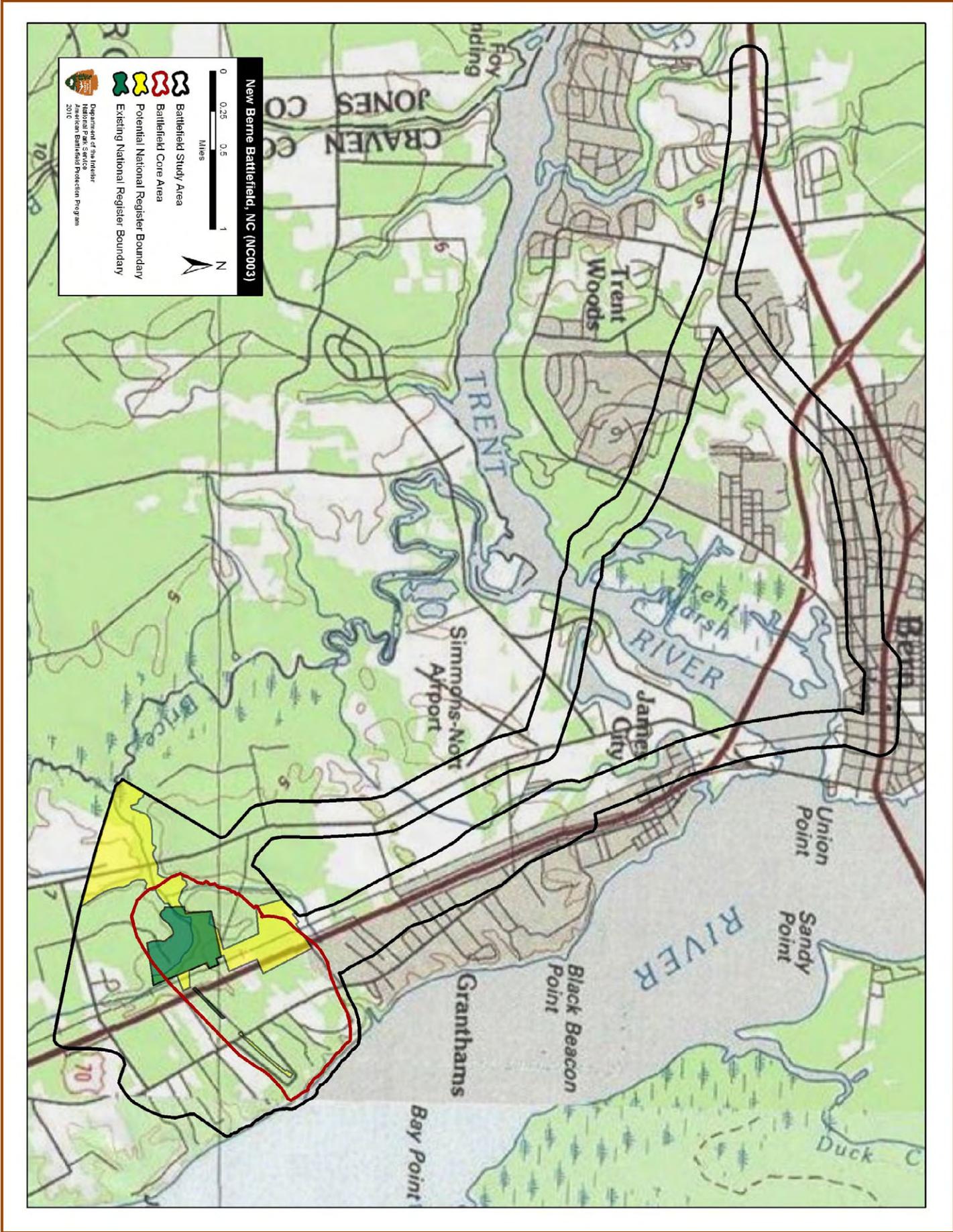
New Berne (NC003)

Location	Craven County
Campaign	Burnside's North Carolina Expedition (January-July 1862)
Battle Date(s)	March 14, 1862
Principal Commanders	Brigadier General Ambrose Burnside, Commander Stephen C. Rowan [US]; Brigadier General Lawrence O'Bryan Branch [CS]
Forces Engaged	Department North Carolina and the Naval Forces in Pamlico Sound [US]; 1 st Division, Department of North Carolina [CS]
Results	Union victory
Study Area	3,917.62 acres The Study Area was revised to include the Confederate retreat route and an expanded Core Area. The Core Area now reflects the lands and waters associated with the entire Federal battle line and the Federal naval attack.
Potential National Register Lands	301.85 acres
Protected Lands	27.05 acres New Bern Historical Society, Inc., fee simple
Publicly Accessible Lands	27.05 acres New Bern Civil War Battlefield Park, New Bern Historical Society, Inc.
Management Area	New Bern Civil War Battlefield Park
Friends Group(s)	New Bern Historical Society, Inc. (1923) http://newbernhistorical.org/
Preservation Activities Since 1993	Advocacy Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories Fundraising Interpretation Projects ✓ Land or Development Rights Purchased Legislation Planning Projects ✓ Research and Documentation Other
Public Interpretation Since 1993	Brochure(s) Driving Tour Living History ✓ Maintained Historic Features/Areas Visitor Center ✓ Walking Tour/Trails ✓ Wayside Exhibits/Signs ✓ Website(s) www.newbernhistorical.org/battlefield-park/ Other
Condition Statement	The battlefield bears little resemblance to its 1862 appearance. Large housing developments threaten to destroy the last surviving

vestiges of the field. Intact Core Area lands need immediate protection if any significant portions of this battlefield are to be preserved for future generations.

Historical Designation

National Register of Historic Places, New Bern Battlefield Site
(2001)



Plymouth (NC012)

Location	Washington, Bertie, and Martin counties
Campaign	Operations against Plymouth (April-May 1864)
Battle Date(s)	April 17-20, 1864
Principal Commanders	Colonel Henry W. Wessells [US]; Major General Robert Hoke [CS]
Forces Engaged	Plymouth garrison [US]; Hoke's Division [CS]
Results	Confederate victory
Study Area	3,280.45 acres The revised Study Area includes waterways associated with the CSS <i>Albemarle's</i> approach and the Federal navy's retreat. It also includes the three approach routes used by the Confederate army from the south and east of the town. Two Core Areas were added. The western Core Area represents the Union naval bombardment of a Confederate sand battery west of town. The small southern Core Area reflects an engagement associated with a limited Union sortie against the Confederate line.
Potential National Register Lands	1,599.65 acres
Protected Lands	0.00 acres
Publicly Accessible Lands	0.00 acres
Management Area	None
Friends Group(s)	None
Preservation Activities Since 1993	Advocacy Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories Fundraising ✓ Interpretation Projects Land or Development Rights Purchased Legislation Planning Projects Research and Documentation Other
Public Interpretation Since 1993	✓ Brochure(s) Driving Tour Living History Maintained Historic Features/Areas ✓ Visitor Center ✓ Walking Tour/Trails ✓ Wayside Exhibits/Signs Website(s) Other
Condition Statement	Except for the historic waterways used by the opposing navies, the battlefield has been destroyed by significant changes in land use since the Civil War. Plymouth provides opportunities for commemoration, but few opportunities for landscape protection.

Historical Designation

While the overall battlefield landscape has not been listed in the National Register, the Plymouth Historic District (1990) does include portions of the battlefield and does recognize that aspect of the town's history.

Roanoke Island (NC002)

Location	Dare County
Campaign	Burnside's North Carolina Expedition (January-July 1862)
Battle Date(s)	February 7-8, 1862
Principal Commanders	Brigadier General Ambrose E. Burnside, Flag- Officer Louis M. Goldsborough [US]; Brigadier General Henry Wise [CS]
Forces Engaged	Department of North Carolina and the North Atlantic Blockading Squadron [US]; Wise's Legion [CS]
Results	Union victory
Study Area	12,304.16 acres The revised Study Area conforms to the contours of the island. The Core Areas were honed to more accurately reflect the range of the naval and land engagements.
Potential National Register Lands	8,881.84 acres
Protected Lands	787.56 acres National Park Service, 355.45 acres, fee simple North Carolina Department of Cultural Resources, North Carolina Division of Historic Sites, 200.03 acres, fee simple North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission, 197.08 acres, fee simple U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 35.00 acres, fee simple
Publicly Accessible Lands	752.56 acres Fort Raleigh National Historic Site, National Park Service, 355.45 acres Elizabeth II State Historic Site, North Carolina Department of Cultural Resources, 200.03 acres Roanoke Island Marshlands, North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission, 187.41 acres Croatan Sound Boating Access Area, North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission, 9.67 acres
Management Areas	Croatan Sound Boating Access Area Elizabeth II State Historic Site Fort Raleigh National Historic Site Roanoke Island Marshlands
Friends Group(s)	None
Preservation Activities Since 1993	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Advocacy ✓ Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories ✓ Fundraising ✓ Interpretation Projects Land or Development Rights Purchased Legislation ✓ Planning Projects ✓ Research and Documentation Other
Public Interpretation Since 1993	Brochure(s) Driving Tour

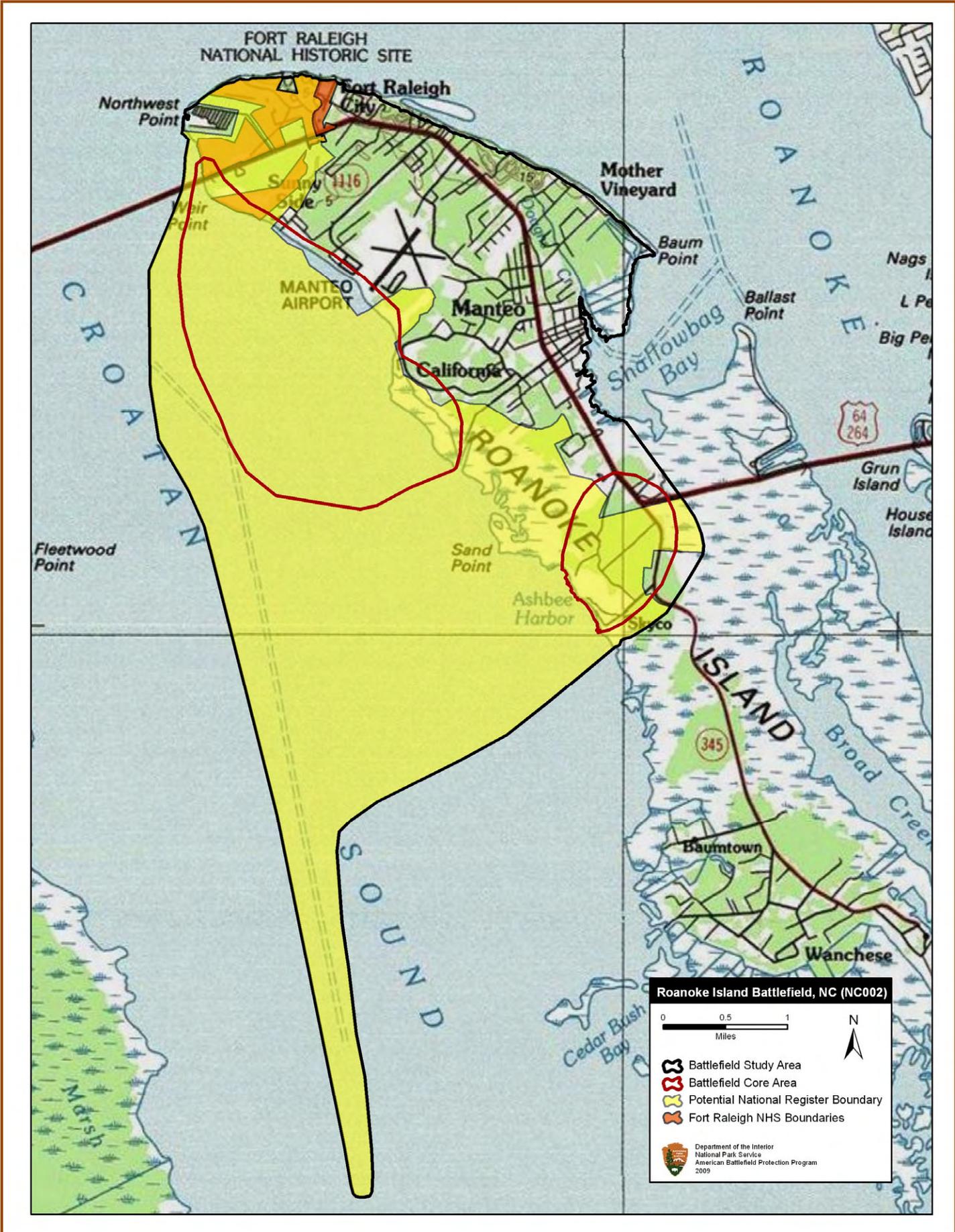
Living History
Maintained Historic Features/Areas
✓ Visitor Center
✓ Walking Tour/Trails
✓ Wayside Exhibits/Signs
Website(s)
Other

Condition Statement

Accelerating growth from Manteo has overwhelmed the battlefield. Only the western edge of the island and Croatan Sound retain integrity. Completed in 2002, The Virginia Dare Memorial Bridge, which carries U.S. Route 64/246 across the sound, has diminished the setting and feeling of the water portion of the battlefield (bridge not shown on USGS topographic map below). Of the historic land remaining, most is protected by the National Park Service and the State of North Carolina. The few undeveloped but private parcels that contribute to the battlefield's integrity should be the focus of immediate protection efforts.

Historical Designation

None

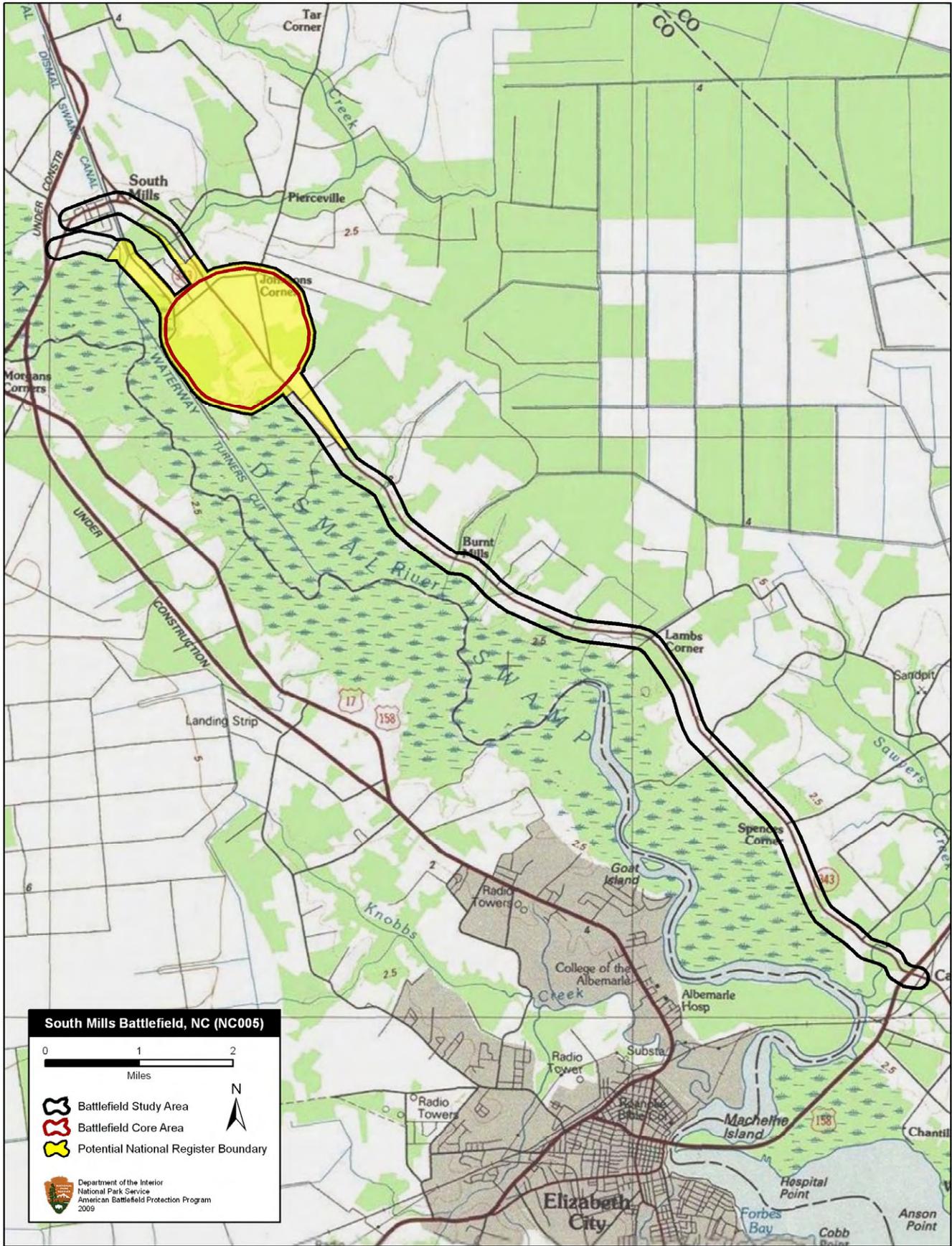


South Mills (NC005)

Location	Camden County
Campaign	Burnside's North Carolina Expedition (January-July 1862)
Battle Date(s)	April 19, 1862
Principal Commanders	Brigadier General Jesse Reno [US]; Colonel Ambrose Wright [CS]
Forces Engaged	2 nd and 4 th Brigades, 2 nd Division, Department of North Carolina [US]; 3 rd Georgia Infantry Regiment, Colonel Ferebee's North Carolina Militia, McComas's Battery, and Captain Gillett's Southhampton Cavalry Company [CS]
Results	Inconclusive
Study Area	3,206.82 acres The Study Area now reflects the lengthy route taken by Federal forces advancing on South Mills and the route of the Confederate retreat.
Potential National Register Lands	1,534.37 acres
Protected Lands	0.00 acres
Publicly Accessible Lands	0.00 acres
Management Area	None
Friends Group(s)	None
Preservation Activities Since 1993	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advocacy Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories Fundraising Interpretation Projects Land or Development Rights Purchased Legislation Planning Projects Research and Documentation Other
Public Interpretation Since 1993	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Brochure(s) Driving Tour Living History Maintained Historic Features/Areas ✓ Visitor Center Walking Tour/Trails ✓ Wayside Exhibits/Signs Website(s) Other
Condition Statement	The battlefield's Core Area remains in pristine condition, but surrounding land has been compromised by modern road construction and past development along those roads. Today, development pressure in the area is low. Critical ground at South Mills can be permanently protected if federal, state, and local entities coordinate their efforts within the next decade.

Historical Designation

None

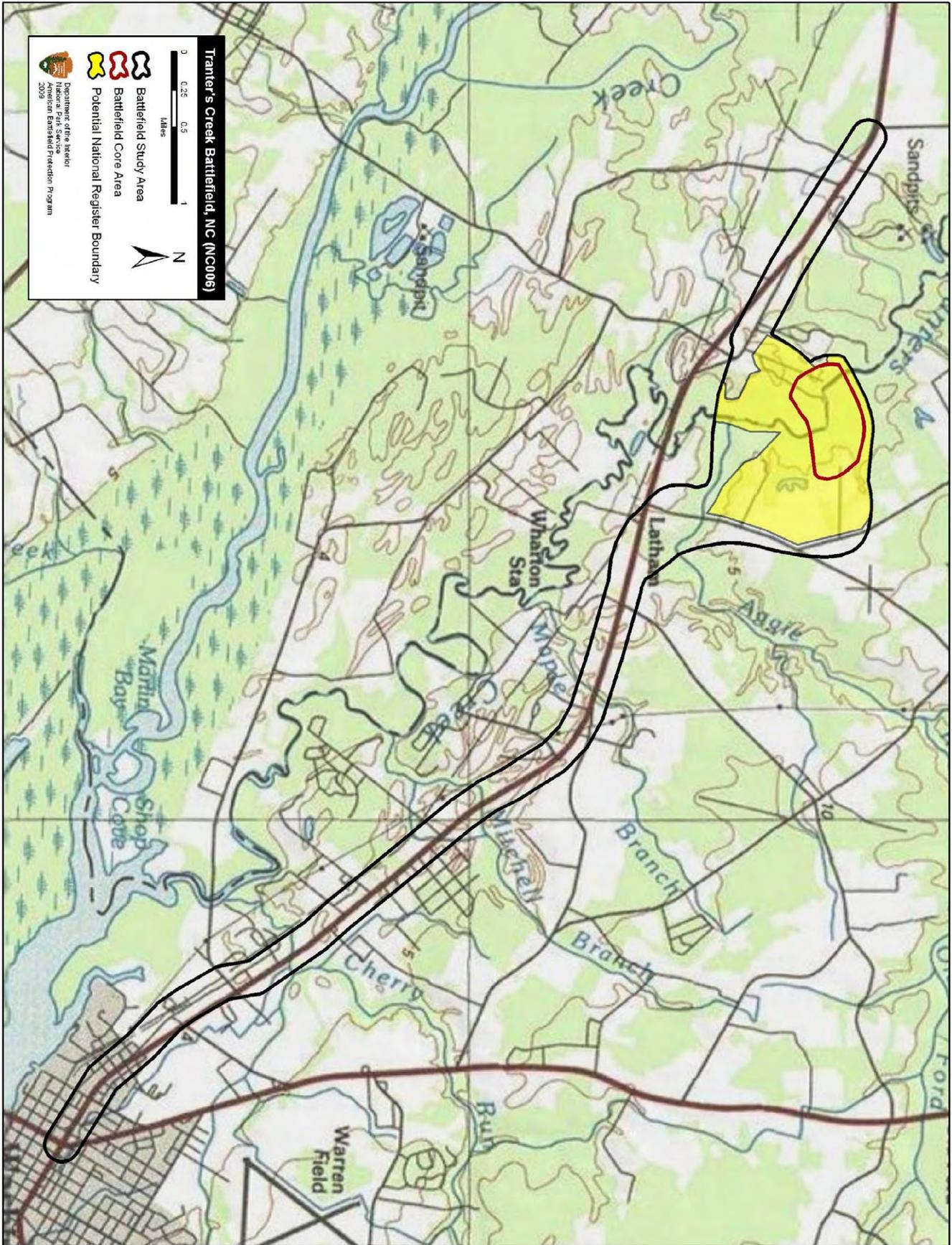


Tranter's Creek (NC006)

Location	Beaufort and Pitt counties
Campaign	Burnside's North Carolina Expedition (January-July 1862)
Battle Date(s)	June 5, 1862
Principal Commanders	Lieutenant Colonel F. A. Osborne [US]; Colonel George Singletary [CS]
Forces Engaged	24 th Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, Captain George F. Jocknick's company of the 3 rd New York Cavalry and two pieces of artillery [US]; 44 th North Carolina Infantry [CS]
Results	Union victory
Study Area	2,077.84 acres The Core Area was expanded to include the Federal earthworks. The Study Area was expanded to accommodate the new Core Area to reflect the Federal approach route from Washington.
Potential National Register Lands	652.32 acres
Protected Lands	0.00 acres
Publicly Accessible Lands	0.00 acres
Management Area	None
Friends Group(s)	None
Preservation Activities Since 1993	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advocacy Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories Fundraising Interpretation Projects Land or Development Rights Purchased Legislation Planning Projects Research and Documentation Other
Public Interpretation Since 1993	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Brochure(s) Driving Tour Living History Maintained Historic Features/Areas Visitor Center Walking Tour/Trails ✓ Wayside Exhibits/Signs Website(s) Other
Condition Statement	Only around the Core Area does the battlefield landscape remain intact, but development pressure in the area is low. The nearly pristine 650 acres that survive can be permanently protected if federal, state, and local entities coordinate their efforts within the next decade.

Historical Designation

None



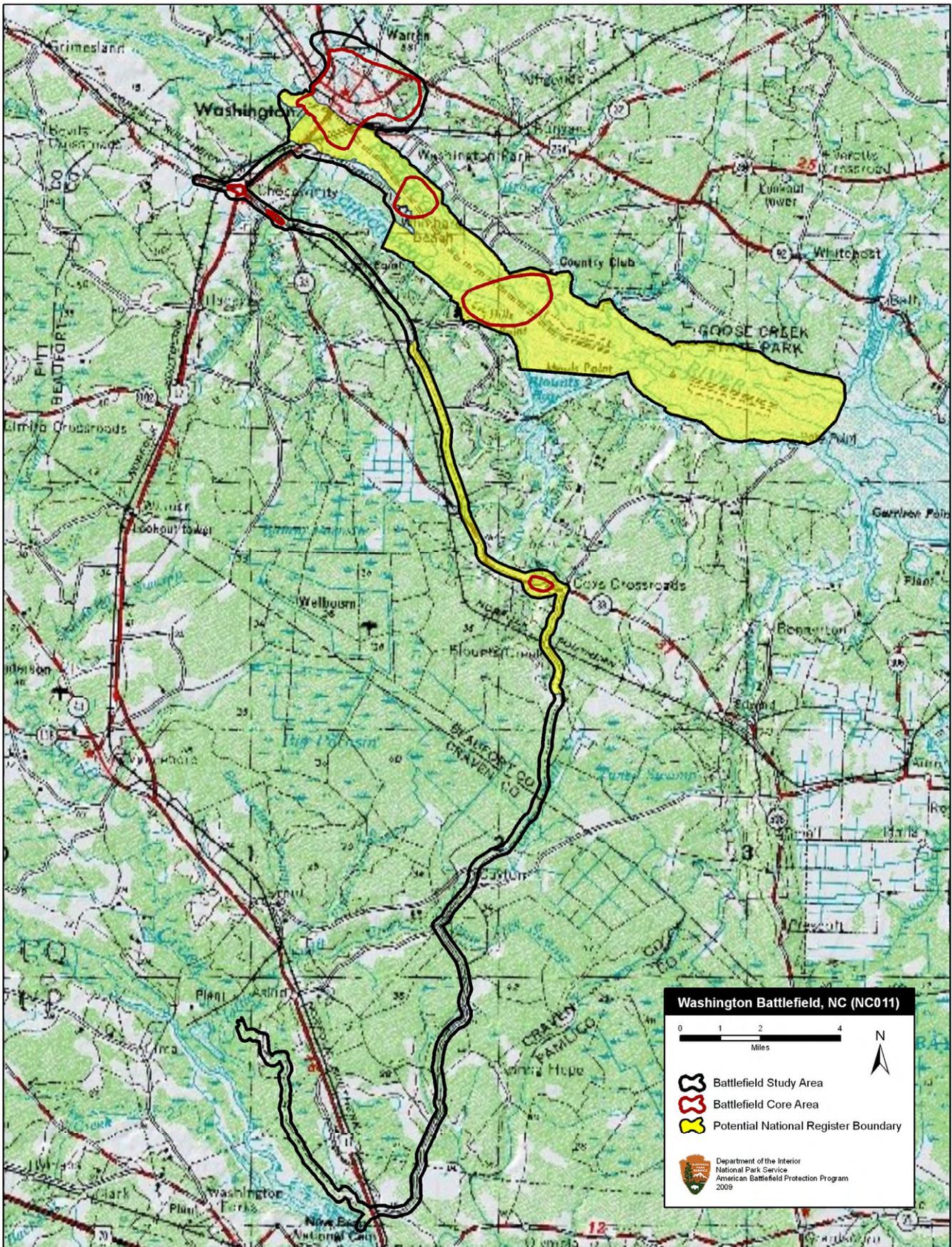
Washington (NC011)

Location	Beaufort and Craven counties
Campaign	Longstreet's tidewater operations (February-May 1863)
Battle Date(s)	March 30–April 20, 1863 (Siege)
Principal Commanders	Brigadier General John G. Foster, Commander Henry K. Davenport [US]; Major General D. H. Hill [CS]
Forces Engaged	The Washington garrison, the relief column of the XVIII Corps, and the Naval Forces in the Pamlico Sound [US]; Hill's Division [CS]
Results	Inconclusive
Study Area	26,775.05 acres The ABPP made substantial changes to the 1993 battlefield boundaries. Core Areas were added to describe areas of naval bombardment and locations of Confederate delaying actions along the Federal approach to Washington. The Study Area was expanded to accommodate the new Core Areas, to reflect the areas in which Federal naval forces operated, and to illustrate the approach route of the Union army's relief column.
Potential National Register Lands	18,074.04 acres
Protected Lands	192.58 acres City of Washington, easement
Publicly Accessible Lands	0.00 acres
Management Area	None
Friends Group(s)	None
Preservation Activities Since 1993	Advocacy Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories Fundraising Interpretation Projects Land or Development Rights Purchased Legislation Planning Projects Research and Documentation Other
Public Interpretation Since 1993	Brochure(s) Driving Tour Living History Maintained Historic Features/Areas Visitor Center Walking Tour/Trails ✓ Wayside Exhibits/Signs Website(s) Other
Condition Statement	The historic landscape is altered and fragmented. The most cohesive portion of the field is the Pamlico Sound, where three

naval bombardments took place during the siege. A few small but significant parcels may still be identified and protected related to the Siege of Washington, but opportunities for commemoration and interpretation are more prevalent.

Historical Designation

None



White Hall (NC008)

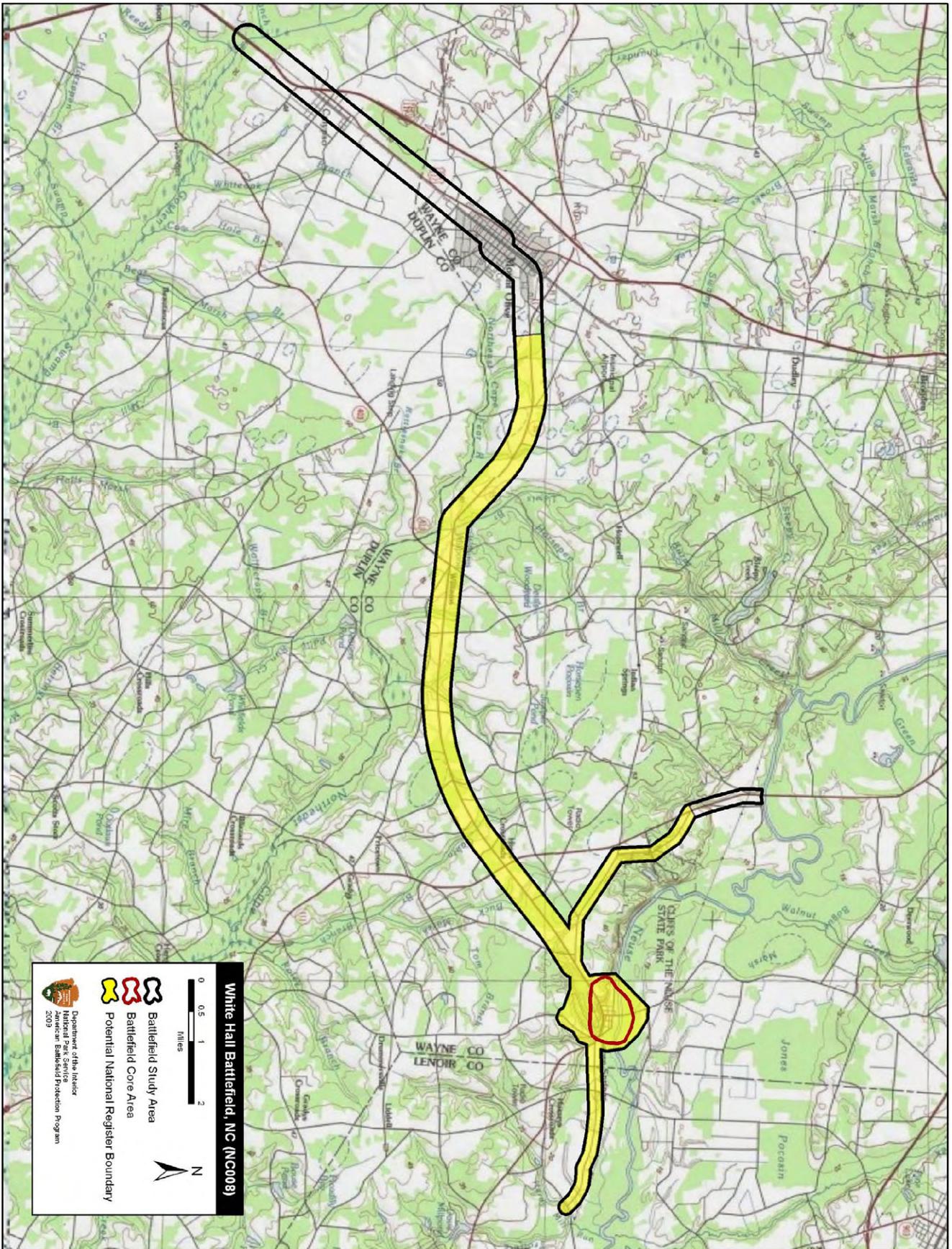
Location	Wayne and Duplin counties
Campaign	Goldsborough Expedition (December 1862)
Battle Date(s)	December 16, 1862
Principal Commanders	Brigadier General John G. Foster, Major Jephtha Garrard [US]; Brigadier General Beverly Robertson [CS]
Forces Engaged	Five companies of the 3 rd New York Cavalry, a section of artillery from the 23 rd New York Independent Battery, Colonel Thomas J. C. Amory's Brigade, and Thomas G. Stevenson's Brigade [US]; Robertson's Brigade [CS]
Results	Inconclusive
Study Area	7,274.28 acres The Study Area was expanded to include Garrard's cavalry movements against Mount Olive and the destruction of the Goshen Swamp Bridge.
Potential National Register Lands	5,015.85 acres
Protected Lands	71.18 acres North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of State Parks, fee simple
Publicly Accessible Lands	71.18 acres Cliffs of Neuse State Park, North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources
Management Area	Cliffs of Neuse State Park
Friends Group(s)	None
Preservation Activities Since 1993	Advocacy Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories Fundraising Interpretation Projects Land or Development Rights Purchased Legislation Planning Projects Research and Documentation Other
Public Interpretation Since 1993	Brochure(s) Driving Tour Living History Maintained Historic Features/Areas ✓ Visitor Center Walking Tour/Trails ✓ Wayside Exhibits/Signs Website(s) Other

Condition Statement

The battlefield retains most of its historic terrain and features. About 70 acres of the battlefield are protected within the Cliffs of the Neuse State Park. Further efforts to preserve land at White Hall may be most effective by targeting Core Area lands adjacent to the state park on both sides of the Neuse River.

Historical Designation

None



Wilmington (NC016)

Location	New Hanover and Brunswick counties
Campaign	Operations against Fort Fisher and Wilmington (January-February 1865)
Battle Date(s)	February 12-22, 1865
Principal Commanders	Major General John Schofield, Rear-Admiral David D. Porter [US]; General Braxton Bragg [CS]
Forces Engaged	Department of North Carolina, Army of the Ohio, and the North Atlantic Blockading Squadron [US]; Major General Robert F. Hoke's Division and Brigadier General Johnson Hagood's Brigade [CS]
Results	Union victory
Study Area	28,829.79 acres The ABPP made substantial changes to the 1993 battlefield boundaries. Core Areas were added to reflect fighting on the western battlefield and the intense skirmishing that took place along the Confederate line of retreat. The Study Area was expanded to accommodate the new Core Areas and to reflect all areas of military operation associated with the battle, especially the Federal army's advance up the west side of the Cape Fear River.
Potential National Register Lands	13,777.21 acres
Protected Lands	1,848.36 acres North Carolina Coastal Land Trust, 645.09 acres, easement Brunswick County, 625.00 acres North Carolina Department of Cultural Resources, North Carolina Division of Historic Sites, 361.62 acres, fee simple North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of State Parks, 208.22 acres, fee simple Cameron Art Museum, 9.00 acres, fee simple North Carolina Coastal Land Trust, 0.69 acres, fee simple
Publicly Accessible Lands	1,203.84 acres Brunswick Nature Park, Brunswick County, 625.00 acres Fort Fisher State Historic Site North Carolina Department of Cultural Resources, 297.67 acres Brunswick Town/Fort Anderson State Historic Site, North Carolina Department of Cultural Resources, 63.95 acres Carolina Beach State Park, North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, 208.22 acres Cameron Art Museum, 9.00 acres
Management Area	Brunswick Nature Park Brunswick Town/Fort Anderson State Historic Site Cameron Art Museum Carolina Beach State Park Fort Fisher State Historic Site
Friends Group(s)	Friends of Brunswick Town/Fort Anderson (2008)
Preservation Activities Since 1993	✓ Advocacy Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories Fundraising

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Interpretation Projects <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Land or Development Rights Purchased Legislation Planning Projects Research and Documentation ✓ Other <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Earthworks Stabilization
Public Interpretation Since 1993	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Brochure(s) ✓ Driving Tour ✓ Living History ✓ Maintained Historic Features/Areas ✓ Visitor Center (Fort Anderson engagement) ✓ Walking Tour/Trails ✓ Wayside Exhibits/Signs ✓ Website(s) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> http://www.nchistoricsites.org/Brunswic/main.htm Other
Condition Statement	<p>Because the ten-day operation against Wilmington covered almost 29,000 acres of land on both sides of the Cape Fear River, it is not surprising that the battlefield today is substantially altered in some places but in relatively good condition in others. Preservation initiatives need to target interconnected parcels within the numerous Core Areas to protect and interpret as much of the battle story as possible. Fortunately, portions of the battlefield are owned by a variety of public entities, including the U.S. Department of Defense's Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point, two state historic sites, and Brunswick County. Cultural resource management of battlefield landscapes and features on these public lands can serve as anchor points for future battlefield preservation, interpretation, and tourism.</p>
Historical Designation	None

Wyse Fork (NC017)

Location	Lenoir, Craven, and Jones counties
Campaign	Campaign of the Carolinas (February-April 1865)
Battle Date(s)	March 7-10, 1865
Principal Commanders	Major General John Schofield [US]; General Braxton Bragg [CS]
Forces Engaged	Major General Jacob D. Cox's Provisional Corps [US]; Major Generals Robert F. Hoke and Daniel H. Hill's Division's, Department of North Carolina [CS]
Results	Union victory
Study Area	17,308.31 acres The Study Area encompasses the separate Federal routes of advance, the Confederate route of advance, and the areas of flank attacks made by both forces. The western edge of the Core Area was adjusted to include the location of an additional Confederate battery.
Potential National Register Lands	12,011.47 acres
Protected Lands	59.35 acres North Carolina Department of Cultural Resources, 56.06 acres, easement Lenoir County, 3.29 acres, fee simple
Publicly Accessible Lands	3.29 acres Lenoir County
Management Area	Blue-Gray Visitors Center
Friends Group(s)	Historical Preservation Group, Inc. (2002) http://www.historicalpreservationgroup.org
Preservation Activities Since 1993	<ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Advocacy✓ Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories✓ Fundraising✓ Interpretation Projects✓ Land or Development Rights PurchasedLegislation✓ Planning Projects✓ Research and DocumentationOther
Public Interpretation Since 1993	<ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Brochure(s)✓ Driving Tour✓ Living History✓ Maintained Historic Features/Areas✓ Visitor Center✓ Walking Tour/Trails✓ Wayside Exhibits/Signs✓ Website(s) http://www.historicalpreservationgroup.org✓ Other Preservation march, symposia

Condition Statement

The battlefield is little changed since the Civil War. Threats to the rural landscape are increasing, however. Development pressure from Kinston along U.S. Route 70, and the proposed U.S. Route 70 Kinston Bypass across the battlefield, imperil the site today. Immediate protection of Wyse Fork as a "complete" battlefield landscape needs to be the focus of federal, state, and local efforts.

Historical Designation

None

