



National Park Service  
U.S. Department of the Interior

Hawai'i Volcanoes National Park  
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Hawaii National Park, HI  
808-985-6000 phone  
[www.nps.gov/havo](http://www.nps.gov/havo)

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## Hawai'i Volcanoes National Park

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**Park History** Established on Aug. 1, 1916, Hawai'i Volcanoes is the 15th national park in a system that now comprises 423 areas. The park is located on the southeastern side of the island of Hawai'i. Hawai'i Volcanoes National Park is designated as an International Biosphere Reserve (1980) and a World Heritage Site (1987).

**Purpose** The mission of Hawai'i Volcanoes National Park is to protect, conserve, and study the volcanic landscapes and associated natural and cultural resources and processes, and to facilitate safe public access to active volcanism, diverse geographic settings, and wilderness for public education and enjoyment.

**Resources** Hawai'i Volcanoes National Park has been designated as an International Biosphere Reserve (1980) and a World Heritage Site (1987).

Geological: Hawai'i Volcanoes extends from sea level to 13,679 feet (4,169 meters) and encompasses the summits and rift zones of two of the world's most active volcanoes, Kīlauea and Mauna Loa. Its volcanic features include calderas, pit craters, cinder cones, spatter ramparts, fumaroles, solfataras, pāhoehoe and 'a'ā flows, tree molds, black sand beaches, and thermal areas.

Biological: Seven ecological zones (coast, lowland, mid-elevation woodland, rain forest, upland forest, subalpine, and alpine) harbor unique native plant and animal communities. The park provides refuge for seven threatened species including the nēnē (Hawaiian goose) and 47 endangered species which include honu'ea (hawksbill turtle), 'ua'u (Hawaiian petrel), and 'ahinahana (Ka'ū silversword).

Cultural: The Kānaka Maoli (Native Hawaiian) connection to the land, both past and present, is found from the coast to the summits of both volcanoes. The rich archeological record connects today's Hawaiians to their ocean-faring ancestors who made landfall on this island. Other layers in the park's cultural history include decades of geological exploration, the stewardship of natural landscapes, and its ranching and military history which are shared with visitors by driving the roads, hiking the trails, visiting historic districts and buildings, and the use of archive and museum collections.

**Statistics** Interior Regions: 8, 9, 10 & 12  
Size: 354,461 acres; 106 miles of roads; 155 miles of marked trails; 123,100 acres of legislated wilderness; 121,015 acres of eligible wilderness; 7,850 acres potential wilderness  
Staffing: 79 full-time permanent employees  
Annual Visitation: 1,580,961 recreational visitors (2022)  
Budget: \$8,297,000 (2021)  
Deferred Maintenance: \$139,597,916 (2023)  
Economic Benefits to Communities: The most recent NPS report shows that 1,262,747 visitors in 2021 spent \$117 million in communities near the park. That spending supported 1,220 jobs in the local area.

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<b>Interested Agencies &amp; Organizations</b>	Friends of Hawai'i Volcanoes National Park Hawai'i Pacific Parks Association Hawai'i Volcanoes Lodge Company, LLC Kilauea Military Camp, a Joint Services Recreation Center U.S. Geological Survey, Hawaiian Volcano Observatory U.S. Geological Survey, Pacific Island Ecosystems Research Center U.S. Forest Service, Biological Quarantine Facility Volcano Art Center Gallery
<b>Congressional District</b>	<b>Senators:</b> Senator Brian E. Schatz (D), Senator Mazie Hirono (D) <b>Representatives:</b> U.S. Representative Ed Case (D), U.S. Representative Jill Tokuda (D)
<b>Contacts</b>	<b>Superintendent:</b> Rhonda Loh, 808-985-6026, rhonda_loh@nps.gov <b>Public Affairs:</b> Jessica Ferracane, 808-985-6018, jessica_ferracane@nps.gov

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