# Hawai‘i Volcanoes National Park

## Park History
Established on Aug. 1, 1916, Hawai‘i Volcanoes is the 15th national park in a system that now comprises 423 areas. The park is located on the southeastern side of the island of Hawai‘i. Hawai‘i Volcanoes National Park is designated as an International Biosphere Reserve (1980) and a World Heritage Site (1987).

## Purpose
The purpose of the park is to protect, study and provide access to Kīlauea and Mauna Loa, two of the world’s most active volcanoes, and perpetuate endemic Hawaiian ecosystems and the traditional Hawaiian culture connected to these landscapes.

## Resources
Hawai‘i Volcanoes National Park has been designated as an International Biosphere Reserve (1980) and a World Heritage Site (1987).

**Geological:** Hawai‘i Volcanoes extends from sea level to 13,681 feet (4,170 meters) and encompasses the summits and rift zones of two of the world’s most active volcanoes, Kīlauea and Mauna Loa. Its volcanic features include calderas, pit craters, cinder cones, spatter ramparts, fumaroles, solfataras, pāhoehoe and ‘a‘ā flows, tree molds, black sand beaches, and thermal areas.

**Biological:** Seven ecological zones (coast, lowland, mid-elevation woodland, rain forest, upland forest, subalpine, and alpine) harbor unique native plant and animal communities. The park provides refuge for seven threatened species including the nēnē (Hawaiian goose) and 47 endangered species which include honu‘ea (hawksbill turtle), ‘ua‘u (Hawaiian petrel), and ‘ahinahana (Ka‘ū silversword).

**Cultural:** The Kānaka Maoli (Native Hawaiian) connection to the land, both past and present, is found from the coast to the summits of both volcanoes. The rich archeological record connects today’s Hawaiians to their ocean-faring ancestors who made landfall on this island. Other layers in the park’s cultural history include decades of geological exploration, the stewardship of natural landscapes, and its ranching and military history which are shared with visitors by driving the roads, hiking the trails, visiting historic districts and buildings, and the use of archive and museum collections.

## Statistics
**Interior Regions:** 8, 9, 10 & 12  
**Size:** 335,259 acres; 94 miles of roads; 155 miles of marked trails; 123,100 acres of legislated wilderness; 121,015 acres of eligible wilderness; 7,850 acres potential wilderness  
**Staffing:** 79 full-time permanent employees  
**Annual Visitation:** 589,775 (2020)  
**Budget:** $8,297,000 (2021)  
**Deferred Maintenance:** $139,597,916 (2021)  
**Economic Benefits to Communities:** The most recent NPS report shows that 590,000 visitors in 2020 spent $50.2 million in communities near the park. That spending supported 552 jobs in the local area.
| Interested Agencies & Organizations | Friends of Hawai‘i Volcanoes National Park  
| | Hawai‘i Pacific Parks Association  
| | Hawai‘i Volcanoes Lodge Company, LLC  
| | Kīlauea Military Camp, a Joint Services Recreation Center  
| | U.S. Geological Survey, Hawaiian Volcano Observatory  
| | U.S. Geological Survey, Pacific Island Ecosystems Research Center  
| | U.S. Forest Service, Biological Quarantine Facility  
| | Volcano Art Center Gallery |
| Congressional District | **Senators:** Senator Brian E. Schatz (D), Senator Mazie K. Hirono (D)  
| | **Representatives:** U.S. Representative Ed Case (D), U.S. Representative Kai Kahele (D) |
| Contacts | **Superintendent:** Rhonda Loh, 808-985-6026, rhonda_loh@nps.gov  
| | **Public Affairs:** Jessica Ferracane, 808-985-6018, jessica_ferracane@nps.gov |