Effigy Mounds

National Monument



Junior Ranger Activity Booklet





Dear Junior Ranger Candidate:

Welcome to Effigy Mounds National Monument! The Junior Ranger program was created to help children <u>EXPLORE</u> the national parks and monuments, <u>LEARN</u> about the national parks and monuments, and to understand them well enough to want to <u>PROTECT</u> them. If you would like to earn an official Junior Ranger certificate, please follow these instructions:

- 1) Fill in your name, address, and age on next page.
- 2) Complete the activities from this booklet required for your age level.

 A parent, adult, or ranger must verify the completion of each activity.
- 3) Turn in your booklet at the visitor center or mail it to:

Junior Ranger Program
Effigy Mounds National Monument
151 HWY 76
Harpers Ferry, IA 52146

Junior Ranger books and badges are available at the visitor center desk or by mail. There is no cost to participate. Junior Ranger patches are also available for purchase in the visitor center.

4) Your booklet will be returned to you as a reminder of your visit to Effigy Mounds National Monument.

This booklet is designed to help you explore Effigy Mounds National Monument. When you watch the film, visit the museum, hike the trails and attend ranger programs you will gain:

- *An understanding and appreciation of the early American Indian people that inhabited this area so long ago.
- *An understanding and appreciation of the natural environment here and along the Upper Mississippi River Valley.
- *A knowledge of the National Park Service's mission to preserve and protect natural and cultural resources.

Good luck and have a great time!



EXPLORE 'LEARN' PROTECT



Name:			
Address:			
Age:			
☐ Little Bear	Ages 6-7		

The smallest bear effigy in the monument, Little Bear is 87 feet long and only about two feet high. This mound is the first effigy you see on the Fire Point Trail. Complete 5 activities in this booklet.

☐ Bird of Prey Ages 8-10

Some of the bird mounds have wings that are angled back like falcons, making them look like they are diving. Bird mounds almost always are facing water and might represent birds that we still see today along the Mississippi River. Complete 7 activities in this booklet.

☐ Great Bear Ages 11-12

At 137 feet long and over three feet high, Great Bear is the largest bear effigy mound in the monument. While most bear mounds face downstream, Great Bear is mysteriously facing the other way! Complete 8 activities in this booklet.

WHAT'S RIGHT, WHAT'S WRONG?

In order to <u>PROTECT</u> our national monuments and preserve them for others to visit, we must take care of the monument. While visiting Effigy Mounds National Monument, decide which things are okay to do and circle them.



- -Smell the flowers
- -Keep dogs on a leash
- -Dig in the Indian mounds for souvenirs
- -Feed the wild animals
- -Put litter in a trash can
- -Pull a squirrel's tail
- -Pick the flowers
- -Throw rocks off Fire Point
- -Walk on the mounds
- -Say "HI" to a park ranger
- -Touch a tree along the trail
- -Use binoculars to look out over the river
- -Carve your name in a rock









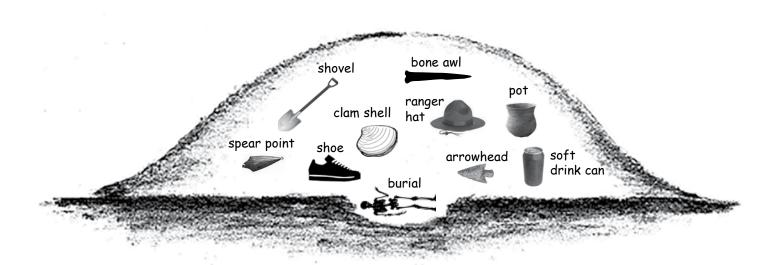
Image Credit: U. S. Fish & Wildlife Service

WHAT BELONGS IN THE MOUND?

While you <u>EXPLORE</u> the monument, <u>LEARN</u> about the mounds and the artifacts that would have been buried in them.

Find and circle six things that could be found in an undisturbed prehistoric Indian mound.

Cross out the things that do not belong.



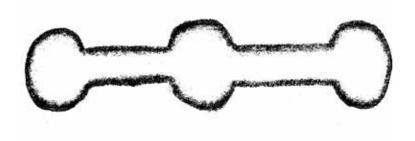
MATCH THE MOUNDS

<u>LEARN</u> about the different types of mounds that the Indians of the Woodland Culture built. Then draw a line to the correct mound shape from its description.

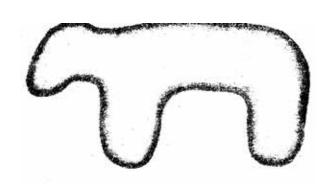
Effigy Mound - The term effigy refers to mounds built in the shape of something. Here at Effigy Mounds National Monument, we have effigy mounds in the shape of bears and birds.



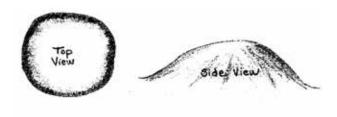
Conical Mound - Round, dome shaped mounds three to ten feet high and approximately ten feet across. Some can be bigger, some can be smaller.



Linear Mound - Long, hot dog shaped mounds in lengths from 50 to 300 feet long and up to 10 feet wide.



Compound Mound - Conical mounds connected to linear mounds. Most consist of three conical mounds and two linear mounds, but there is one at Effigy Mounds National Monument that has seven conicals and is 300 feet long.





PICTURE THE PAST

While you are <u>EXPLORING</u> the monument... Visit the museum, watch the film, and/or go on a hike with a ranger to <u>LEARN</u> the answers to the following questions.

Compare your life to the life of a Woodland Indian your age living 1,000 years ago.

WOODLAND INDIAN

YOU

Where they lived in the winter:	Where you live in the winter:
How they would get their food:	How you get your food:
What they did for fun:	What you do for fun:
Where they put someone who had died:	Where you put someone who has died:
Who they would be with at a feast or celebration:	Who you would be with at a feast or celebration:
How they would know it is dinnertime:	How you know it is dinnertime:
Which ways of life of the Woodland Indian are similar to yours?	
Which ones are different?	

National Parks Word Search

There are currently over 400 areas in the national park system and the oldest one is Yellowstone National Park which was created in 1872. Iowa has two, Herbert Hoover National Historic Site and Effigy Mounds National Monument.

V G E Ε W I Ν D C Y Η F Т S Η 0 R Ε Ε S Q J L Μ R U Μ Ε V S Т W R Х Y P Ι D L 0 Ε D U В Η P C K Y M O Т Ν В R O U N Α Ι Y R Ν T G Т Q K Х G L S O S Ε R U Α Ν S Α Т D Ν S R Т R Y U Z E Y Α X Y L Ι L V Η Ι W Т C P C Q D 0 Ν Т F R S C U C Α M C E U Η M R Т T Ι U S Ε Η 0 В L В 0 Ι Α N M A Η D L Ε L Α Ε Η K Ε V В S В C U Α S K Т V E V Ι Α Η S G 0 L D Α C G Α Y C G D S Y Η E R В E R T Н 0 0 Ε R D 0 O S Η Z Т В S В G 0 K 0 V Ι C M О S Z Ε N L Ι R 0 Q 0 Ν Α Α F E F W M M I P D Η В Α D Ν D Ε S U L Ε G Y W N В R Η Ι S Т R J X S Η E Ν Α Ν D 0 Α Η Y S Z U F Ι N D E R S Ν V Ι L L Ε R 0 Q V V Y G Ε M I Ε R Y 0 Α U R S D D X R Х F F G U N D S S R Η Ε Ι Y Μ O AMWARNVX T O L F J T

> ACADIA HERBERT HOOVER **ANDERSONVILLE** APOSTLE ISLANDS **OCMULGEE** ARCHES **PIPESTONE BADLANDS** CHACO CULTURE DENALI **DEVILS TOWER EFFIGY MOUNDS GETTYSBURG**

MT. RUSHMORE ROCKY MOUNTAIN SHENANDOAH **VOYAGEURS** WIND CAVE YELLOWSTONE YOSEMITE



National Park Service Mission

The arrowhead patch is a symbol that you will see on every Park Ranger's uniform and on signs throughout the park. It is important because each part of the patch represents the resources the National Park Service works to protect.

Instructions: Below is the outline of the arrowhead patch. Find an arrowhead in the park and draw in the missing elements, then read about what each part of the patch represents. Please note the sample below the outlined patch.



The bison represents all the different animals in all the different parks.

The trees represent all the different plants.

The mountains represent all the different land formations.

The lake represents all the different bodies of water.

The arrowhead shape represents the different **history** at every park.

Cultural Currents in a River of Time

12,000 BP

Small bands of wandering hunters called

passed through this region tracking large game animals. Specially fashioned spear throwers, called atlatls enabled skilled hunters to hurl stone-tipped spears with speed and accuracy.

2300 BP

Centered in the Ohio River Valley, the

____extended its powerful reach to the Mississippi. Artifacts

made from copper, obsidian and other exotic materials have been found in burials suggesting participation in a vast trade network.

1300 BP

Mounds of earth scuplted into the shapes of bears, birds, and reptiles are thought to reference the realms of earth, sky, and water. The builders belonged to the

and were the last purely hunter/gatherers to live in the region.

12,000) BP	Paleo-Indians
3,000	BP	Archaic Tradition
2,300	BP	Hopewell Tradition
1700	BP	Cultural Transition
1300	BP	Effigy Mound Tradition
700	BP	Oneota Tradition
BP refers to Time Before Present		

Life ways along the Mississippi River have evolved for more than 12,000 years. Archaeologists organize artifacts that mark these changes by date and assign cultural names that describe them.

Your task in this activity is to read the description and fill in the missing name OR the missing date. Names and dates for the cultural traditions found at Effigy Mounds are in the box below.

BP

Early American Indians throughout the Eastern Woodlands followed Archaic Traditions. They were experts at skillfully using the forest environment to survive. Their dead were buried in shallow pits lined with red oxide.

BP

After Hopewell traditions faded from the region, Indians living here experienced a Cultural Transition where harmony with the natural world became most important once again.

Many compound and linear mounds were built during this era.

BP

Moving up the Mississippi River from what is now the St. Louis region, the Oneota Tradition introduced farming, extensive trade, and complex social organizations. During this era traditional mound building eventually disappears.



Complete the following story by filling in the blanks. Choose your words from the list printed below. Each word can only be used once.

A Woodland Indian Story

My people follow the life wo	ays of the	Indian traditions	s. In the summer we live
in villages along the	Riv	er. When winter comes my	y extended family moves
up into the highland bluffs (where we live in_	and	·
In the summer we harvest_	and fis	sh from the river, gather_	and
from the forests, and collec	ct plants and herb	os that we use for	We also dig
clay from the river beds the	at we fashion into)	and storage containers.
When we live together we b	ouild mounds and h	noldto hor	nor our ancestors. We
also bury	so that	they may return to the e	earth.
In the winter we hunt for_	·	and other small gam	e. During long winter
nights Grandfather tells sto	ories about the ar	ncient ones, our	·
He tells us how they followe	ed rivers to find t	hisland. Thi	s has been our home for
many			
I sometimes wonder who will our and watch_	and	soar over the	
the rising	_		d.a2
Will they honor our	ana	our ancient mou	nas?
I can only hope they will.			
	<u>Wor</u>	<u>d Bank</u>	
Mississippi	caves	rock shelters	generations
nuts	berries		gener arions
ceremonies	deer	Woodland	cooking pots
		rabbits	human remains
sacred	clams	A	
eagles	medicines	trails	ancestors
traditions	protect	vultures	full moon

EFFIGY MOUNDS SCAVENGER HUNT BINGO

As you <u>EXPLORE</u> the museum and trails at Effigy Mounds National Monument, you will see and hear many different things. Observe any of the items in the squares below and make an X through it. Get five in a row up, down, across, or diagonally and you have BINGO! Remember to check the exhibits in the visitor center and museum!

Eagle or Turkey Vulture	Animal Track	Boat on the Mississippi River	Leaf Chewed by an Insect	Bird Nest	
Great Bear Mound	Bird Singing	Squirrel Leaf Nest	Bird Feather	Little Bear Mound	
Wild Mammal	Maple Tree	Piece of Litter (please pick it up!)	Frog Calling	Conical Mound	
Fork in the Trail	Spider Web	Dog on a Leash	Mosquito	Park Ranger	
Reptile or Amphibian	Compound Mound	A Fern	Den Hole in a Tree	Mushroom or Fungi	
					ľ

ANIMAL SCRAMBLE & MATCH

Unscramble the letters below to discover what each animal is. Then <u>LEARN</u> about each animal by matching the number of the animal with its description.

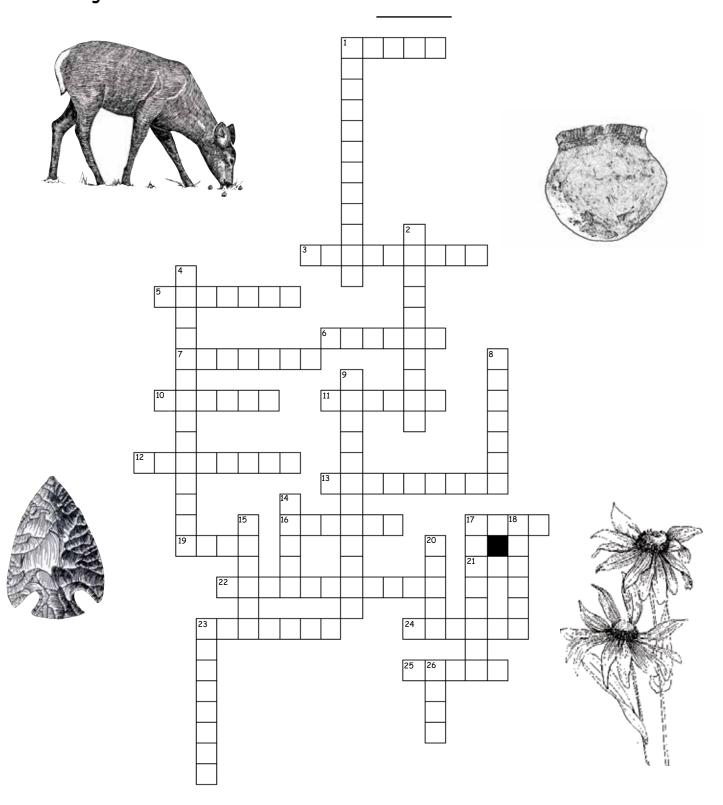
	Wild Turkey Beaver Spider
	Word Bank White Tail Deer Raccoon Snake
	H. Don't jump, don't be scared! I'm just coiled up on this rock enjoying the sunshine. When I get hungry, I'll slither away and eat a mouse
	G. Many people think I'm a real pest, but I'm just doing my job. Only the females of my species are the ones that bother you, as they try to draw blood for protein to lay eggs
	F. I am North America's largest rodent, growing up to 46 inches long, including my flat tail. My front teeth are sharp and help me cut trees down to build a dam or lodge
8. NORCACO	unattended, I might steal it. I guess that's why I'm a Masked Bandit
7. ULSERQIR	E. I am nocturnal, meaning I hunt for my food at night. I like to eat seeds, insects, and berries. If you are camping and leave food
6. SQTIMOOU	wanted me to be the national bird, but the eagle was chosen instead. Thanksgiving is a holiday I do not like
5. ETIALWIHT EERD	D. I am a big bird, but you don't see me fly too often. Ben Franklin
4. AESKN	C. I am the mammal you are most likely to see while walking the trails at Effigy Mounds. I will ignore you if I am busy gathering nuts
3. DIPRES	think is beautiful. A male is called a buck and a female, a doe
2. REBVEA	B. I am a large brownish mammal that many people
1. DLWI RKUTYE	A. I have 8 legs and up to 8 eyes. I like to eat insects after spinning a web to trap them in

Squirrel

Mosquito

EFFIGY CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Read the park brochure, see the film, visit the museum, and/or go on a ranger-auided hike to fill in the crossword nuzzle and test



ACROSS

- 1. This huge bird can have a wingspan of 6 1/2 feet and has a white head when it is mature.
- 3. The view from here includes the Mississippi River and Prairie du Chien, WI. (2 words)
- 5. Tall grassy area that is sometimes set on fire to rejuvenate the plants.
- 6. A person in the park who can answer your questions, help you, or lead you on a hike.
- 7. From an overlook, you may see one of these pushing barges upriver.
- 10. The river between the North and South Units of Effigy Mounds National Monument.
- 11. Moundbuilders _____ for exotic items like copper, obsidian, mica, and ocean shells.
- 12. Type of mound made up of conical and linear mounds.
- 13. Beware of this plant in the woods "itching" to get you. (2 words)
- 16. This type of tree has an acorn that Native Americans ground up and used for food. (2 words)
- 17. Some spiders build these to trap insects.
- 19. A large animal the Woodland Indians hunted for food, especially in the winter.
- 21. Ellison _____, the man who studied the mounds in the early 1930s.
- 22. The grand river that can be seen from the overlooks on the monument's trails.
- 23. Places to look at and study artifacts and art of past cultures.
- 24. Prehistoric spear thrower.
- 25. At Effigy Mounds National Monument, there are effigy mounds in the shape of bears and _____.

DOWN

- 1. The name of the film shown regularly at Effigy Mounds National Monument about people who shaped the earth.
- 2. A bird you might hear tapping at trees as it looks for insects.
- 4. The largest effigy mound in the North Unit. (3 words)
- 8. The Woodland Indians made this out of clay to store food and to cook in.
- 9. A person who studies the artifacts of a past culture.
- 14. Listen carefully and you might hear these amphibians calling near the water, especially at night.
- 15. Effigy Mounds National Monument has over 13 miles of these you can hike on.
- 17. The name given to the Native Americans who built the mounds.
- 18. One of the things sometimes found in a mound.
- 20. The type of material used to make stone tools.
- 23. You might encounter one of these pesky insects on your hike.
- 26. The state in which Effigy Mounds National Monument is located.

Word Bank

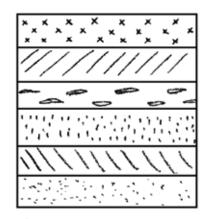
Atlatl Tuaboat Orr Trails Deer Ranger Webs Towa Fire Point Red Oak Museums Burial Flint Frogs Eagle Prairie Mosquito Pottery Woodland Birds Great Bear Mound Yellow Archeologist Traded Woodpecker Earthshapers Compound Mississippi Poison Ivy

DIGGING DEEP

When archeologists study artifacts of prehistoric peoples, they usually discover the deeper an object is in the ground, the older it is. But not always! Watch out for disturbances in the soil.

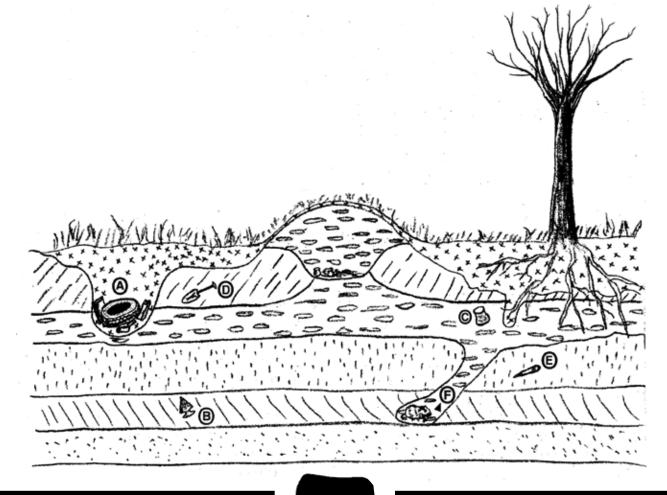
Using the diagram and key below, match the time period of each soil section with the artifact found in the ground.

Artifact	Time Period	
A. Tire		years ago
B. Spear Point		years ago
C. Pot		years ago
D. Shovel		years ago
E. Bone Awl		years ago
F. Arrowhead		years ago



0-10 years ago 10-200 years ago 200-800 years ago 800-1,500 years ago 1,500-8,000 years ago

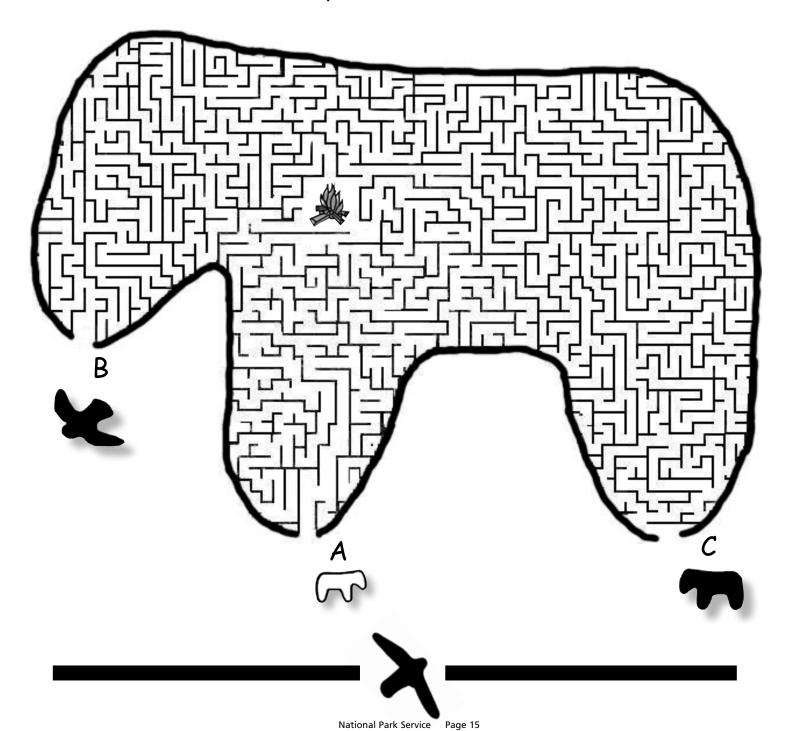
8,000+ years ago



BEAR MAZE

While you are <u>EXPLORING</u> Effigy Mounds National Monument you will see many mounds. The effigy mounds are in the shapes of bears and birds. This national monument was created to <u>PROTECT</u> these mounds. We <u>PROTECT</u> them by not walking over them and we ask you to help protect them for future generations.

Find your way to the ceremonial fire pit located in the heart of the bear mound. Little Bears start at A, Birds of Prey start at B, and Great Bears start at C.



ADOPT-A-TREE

While <u>EXPLORING</u> the trails at Effigy Mounds National Monument, you might encounter the tree that is "just right for you." If so, you can adopt that tree! When you have found the perfect tree, answer the following questions. Then come back to Effigy Mounds National Monument time and time again to check on your tree, <u>PROTECT</u> your tree and give it a hug!

Where is your tree? (Describe its location along the trail. Example: On the right side of the trail just before Little Bear Mound.)			
What kind of tree is it?			
What do you think this tree has seen ove	er the years of its life?		
Do you think the tree is older or younger	than you?		
Does anything use this tree as a home?			
Give your tree a name:			
	This is to certify that has adopted above said tree by the name of mithin the boundaries of Effigy Mounds National Monument. The above named person will treat this tree with respect and honor, including the environment in which the tree is found. Certified this day Signed (Park Ranger)		

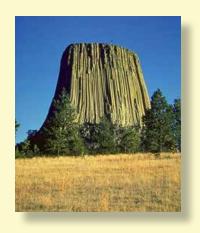
Match These Other National Park Sites

Draw a line matching the name of the park to its picture





Saratoga



Mesa Verde

Herbert Hoover (Birthplace)

Great Smoky Mountains





Devils Tower

Yellowstone









PHOTOS BY NPS





Effigy Mounds National Monument

This Certifies that

has successfully completed all the requirements to be granted the title of **JUNIOR RANGER** for taking an active interest in Effigy Mounds National Monument

Explore, Learn, Protect: Be A Junior Ranger!



Junior Ranger Pledge: I promise to discover all I can about Effigy Mounds National Monument and to share my discoveries with others. I pledge to conserve the natural resources of the Earth and show respect for nature and the historical events that happened before me.

Park Ranger

Date



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EXPERIENCE YOUR AMERICA

The National Park Service cares for special places saved by the American people so that all may experience our heritage.