## Choose Your Own Tree Adventure (Tree Classification at Great Sand Dunes)

1. Is this tree deciduous? —

If yes, go to #2. If no, go to #4.

At Great Sand Dunes, deciduous trees' leaves fall off in the autumn.

Quaking Aspen

2. Are the leaves heart-shaped?

If yes, this is a quaking aspen. If no, go to #3.

3 Are the leaves narrow?

This is a narrow-leaf cottonwood.



Narrow-leaf Cottonwood

4. Is it an evergreen? —

If yes, go to #5. If no, go to #2.

At Great Sand Dunes, evergreen trees have cones.

5. Are the leaves scaly or needle-like?

If scaly, this is a Rocky Mountain juniper.

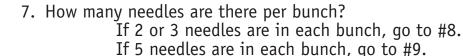
If needle-like, go to #6.

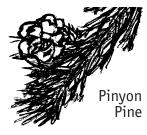


Rocky Mountain Juniper

6. Are the needles attached in bunches or one-by-one? If attached in bunches, go to #7.

If attached one-by-one, go to #10





8. How long are the needles?

If 1 to 2 inches long, this is a pinyon pine. If 5 to 7 inches long, this is a ponderosa pine.



Ponderosa Pine

9. Do the cones have sharp bristles?

If yes, this is a bristlecone pine

If no, this is a limber pine.

(These trees are only found at high elevations.)



## Tree Classification -

10. Do the cones hang down?

If yes, go to #11.

If no, go to #12.

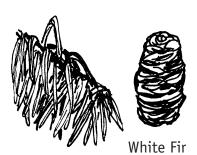


11. Are the needles spiky to touch?

If yes, go to #14. If no, this is a Douglas-fir.

12. These needles should be soft to touch. How long are the needles?

If 2 to 3 inches long, this is a white fir. If 1 to two inches long, go to # 13.



13. Is the top of the tree pointy and the branches short, close to the tree, and is the tree located high atop the ridges or mountains?

If yes, this is a subalpine fir. If no, go back to #12.



Subalpine Fir

14. How long are the cones?

If 1 to 2 inches long, this is an Engelmann spruce. If 2 to 4 inches long, go to #15.

15. Does the over all color of the tree's needles look silveryblue in color?

If yes, this is a blue spruce. If no, to back to #14.



Engelmann Spruce



Blue Spruce