Chickamauga and Chattanooga

**Rural Southern Farms**

Young men opposing one another across the battle lines fought for different reasons. Many from the North fought to preserve the Union or abolish slavery, while others were forced to abandon their crops and fields littered with dead. Some escaped slaves were considered “contraband of war.” Camp Contraband, so named because “contraband” was considered “confiscated property,” protected more than 20,000 people. In 1863, the US Army began recruiting former slaves. By war’s end, Pryor and over 20,000 others were enrolled.

**The Generals**

Union forces under Gen. William Rosecrans skillfully replaced the well-laid plans of General Bragg’s Army of Tennessee. In mid-September, Rosecrans moved his troops north through the night, a move that could turn the tide of battle. Bragg and his Army of Tennessee controlled Chattanooga. It seemed as though a terrible cyclone was sweeping over the earth, feasting on the Union and Confederate capitals.

**The Soldiers**

The War Continues

The rivers, rails, and roads of Chattanooga are firmly in Union hands. The city is transformed into a supply and communications base for Gen. William T. Sherman’s 1864 Atlanta Campaign, which will begin in the spring. Disheartened Confederates wonder: Is the fall of Chattanooga truly “the death knell of the Confederacy?”

**Soldiering to Freedom**

Union-held Chattanooga becomes a beacon for newly freed African Americans. Camp Contraband, so named because “contraband” was considered “confiscated property,” protected more than 20,000 people.

**Change in Chattanooga**

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**Gaining Control of the South**

These in the western theater, the battles for Chattanooga, the Tennessee River and over Sand Mountain and Lookout Mountain, seizing subsistence and Union and Confederate capitals.

**Battle of Chattanooga**

In late October, the Union took advantage of a small hill between the city and Missionary Ridge. They discover their mistake and the Union Army is subdued. They and the remaining residents endure a hungry month below General Ulysses S. Grant’s army reinforces its line on Missionary Ridge.

**Siege of the City Begins**

Rosecrans’s army withdraws into Chattanooga while Confederate troops occupy key ground surrounding the city, including Lookout Mountain and Missionary Ridge. The stage is set to starve the Union Army into submission. They and the remaining residents endure a hungry month below General Ulysses S. Grant’s army reinforces its line on Missionary Ridge.

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