Junior Ranger
Ages 7-12
Welcome to Carlsbad Caverns National Park!

Become a junior ranger by completing 7 of the first 15 activities listed below and What I Can Do! (page 14). Check the box next to each activity you complete. When you are finished, take it to the information desk to receive a junior ranger badge.

This book belongs to: __________________________

Activity

☐ 1. Respect and Protect (page 2)
☐ 2. Cavern Scavenger Hunt (page 3)
☐ 3. Mapping a Cavern (page 4)
☐ 4. The Carlsbad Cavern Story (page 5)
☐ 5. Ask a Ranger (page 6)
☐ 6. Go Take a Hike (page 7)
☐ 7. Geology Rocks! (page 8)
☐ 8. What’s the Word? (pages 9–10)
☐ 9. Cavern Word Search (page 11)
☐ 10. Winged Wonders (page 12)
☐ 11. Carlsbad Caverns Diamante (page 13)
☐ 12. Hike the Natural Entrance Trail
☐ 13. Walk Through the Big Room
☐ 14. Attend a Ranger-Guided Tour or Program
☐ 15. Watch the Park Movie
☐ 16. What I Can Do! (page 14)
Respect and Protect

It is important that we all do our part to protect the cavern and ourselves. In the drawing below, circle what is wrong to identify how to correctly protect the cavern. Then answer the questions at the bottom.

1. Imagine you saw someone breaking a cavern rule. What would you do? ________________________________________________________________

2. Carlsbad Caverns National Park has about 500,000 visitors every year. If every visitor took a formation, what would the cavern look like in the future? ________________________________________________________________

3. Why is it important to follow the rules in the cavern? ________________________________________________________________
## Cavern Scavenger Hunt

Mark the box for the cave formations or historic artifacts you see as you visit the cavern. How many can you find?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Image</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Stalagmites: Formations growing up from the ground" /></td>
<td>Stalagmites: Formations growing up from the ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Cave Pools: Places where water dripping from above collects in the cavern" /></td>
<td>Cave Pools: Places where water dripping from above collects in the cavern</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Stalactites: Formations that hang down from the ceiling" /></td>
<td>Stalactites: Formations that hang down from the ceiling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Cave Popcorn: Circular and bumpy formations found throughout the cavern" /></td>
<td>Cave Popcorn: Circular and bumpy formations found throughout the cavern</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Soda Straws: Delicate and hollow formations about the width of a water droplet" /></td>
<td>Soda Straws: Delicate and hollow formations about the width of a water droplet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Draperies: Sheet-like formations that grow on steep slopes on the ceiling" /></td>
<td>Draperies: Sheet-like formations that grow on steep slopes on the ceiling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Spirit World Rope: A 255-foot (75 meter) rope first climbed in 1985 to explore the cavern" /></td>
<td>Spirit World Rope: A 255-foot (75 meter) rope first climbed in 1985 to explore the cavern</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Columns: Formations that go from the ceiling to the floor" /></td>
<td>Columns: Formations that go from the ceiling to the floor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Historic Ladder: Used by National Geographic explorers in 1924" /></td>
<td>Historic Ladder: Used by National Geographic explorers in 1924</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NPS / DUSTIN BAKER ILLUSTRATIONS
Mapping a Cavern

Cave surveying is an important task to help map and understand a cave. A team consists of three to four members, and one person is always in charge of sketching new passages. Imagine you are now a surveyer, in charge of drawing a newly discovered room in Carlsbad Cavern. Use the key below to add features to the room. Be sure to give your discovery a name!

Room name: _________________________________________________________________

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The Carlsbad Cavern Story

Use the key below to fill in the blanks and piece together the human history of Carlsbad Cavern.

Humans have known about Carlsbad___ ____ ____ ____ for thousands of years. American Indians, like the Mescalero ____ ____ ____ ____ tribe, lived near the Natural Entrance, long before the early settlers knew the cavern existed. Around 1898, a ____ ____ ____ ____ named Jim White followed what he thought was smoke on the horizon. But when he came closer, he realized it was hundreds of thousands of ____ ____ ____ ____ free-tailed bats “boiling” out of a large cave. Jim made a ____ ____ ____ ____ out of fence wire and sticks to investigate the darkness. He became the first important ____ ____ ____ ____ to tell about the marvels he saw. His wild underground tale attracted just a few ____ ____ ____ ____ adventurers, but others were more interested in the bats. Miners like Abijah Long found value in ____ ____ ____ ____ deposits, and started removing it in 1903. Some of the guano was 40 feet (12 meters) deep! It was processed and shipped to California as ____ ____ ____ ____ for the citrus groves. Soon, the unique geology and history became far more ____ ____ ____ ____ in saving this special place. Carlsbad Cavern became a national ____ ____ ____ ____ in 1923, then a national ____ ____ ____ ____ in 1930 to preserve the land and caves within. The cultural and natural importance of the park led to its designation as a World ____ ____ ____ ____ Site in 1995. Now, people from all over the world come to be inspired by this cavern’s beauty. How will you help protect this park for ____ ____ ____ ____ generations?

Key: A B C D E F G H I J K L M
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26
Ask a Ranger

Find a park ranger or volunteer and ask the questions below.

1. What is your name?
   ______________________________________

2. What is your job in the park?
   ______________________________________

3. What is a park close to where you grew up?
   ______________________________________

4. What was the first national park you ever visited?
   ______________________________________

5. Why do you think Carlsbad Caverns National Park is important?
   ______________________________________

6. What is Carlsbad Cavern’s most famous animal and what does it eat?
   ______________________________________
   ______________________________________

7. Who owns the national parks?
   ______________________________________
Go Take a Hike

Walk the 1/2 mile (0.8 km) Nature Trail at the east end of the parking lot. Ask a park ranger for directions.

As you walk, look at the diversity of plants that are native to the Chihuahuan Desert. Use the signs along the trail and identify the plants below, using the word bank at the bottom of the page to help you. Write at least one thing you observed or learned about each plant.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cholla</th>
<th>Desert Willow</th>
<th>Juniper</th>
<th>Lechuguilla</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ocotillo</td>
<td>Prickly Pear</td>
<td>Sotol</td>
<td>Yucca</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Word Bank

NPS / LAUREL MCKENZIE ILLUSTRATIONS
Geology Rocks!

Read the geologic story of the cavern and complete the activity below.

There are beautiful rock decorations in the cavern. These formations are made by drops of water that have slowly trickled through the ground. As it travels underground, the water picks up calcite (as well as other minerals) along the way. When the water drips in the cavern, it evaporates and leaves calcite behind. Calcite formations grow very slowly and are very fragile. It takes years for them to grow, but only one careless moment to destroy them.

Help Roslin the Raindrop travel to the Big Room by finding the path through the maze.
What’s the Word?

Use the clues and word bank below to complete the crossword on the following page.

**ACROSS**

2. Carlsbad Caverns National Park is located in the _____ Desert.

5. These representatives of United States citizens made Carlsbad Caverns a national park in 1930.

6. Cave formations are often made up of this type of mineral.

8. A type of environment that receives very little precipitation (rain and snow).

9. Carlsbad Caverns and other national parks are protected and set aside for the _____ of resources.

11. Like many caves, Carlsbad Cavern formed in this kind of rock.

13. Fossils of ocean creatures, like trilobites, are found in the park. This indicates that millions of years ago, this area was covered by an inland _____.

**DOWN**

1. Visible on a dark and clear night at the park, this is a dusty white band of stars that stretches across the sky.

3. Found in the Big Room, the ________ Pit is actually 140 feet (43 meters) deep and a favorite for many visitors.

4. A caver wears this on their head for safety when exploring wild caves.

7. Another word for bat droppings which were once mined from Carlsbad Cavern to be used as fertilizer.

10. From April through October, Carlsbad Cavern is home to thousands of migratory bats. These bats are called Brazilian free-_____ bats.

12. These species from a different place are introduced and ultimately harm native habitats.

**WORD BANK**

- Chihuahuan
- Invasive
- Sea
- Calcite
- Limestone
- Milky Way
- Helmet
- Preservation
- Tailed
- Arid
- Bottomless
- Guano
- Congress
Cavern Word Search

Complete the word search by finding the underlined words in the puzzle.

Carlsbad Caverns National Park has more wildlife than first meets the eye—both above and below ground! The Chihuahuan Desert is the most biologically diverse desert in the Western Hemisphere. There are many species of **SNAKES** that hide beneath rocks. As you drive into the park, you might be lucky enough to see a **TARANTULA** cross the road. It may look like a pig, but the **JAVELINA** is more closely related to the hippopotamus. Some animals are rare to see, but you can hear them calling into the night, like the **COYOTE**. It is not unusual to see a **RINGTAIL** hanging around the cavern, hoping to snag one of our Brazilian free-tailed **BATS** as they leave for dinner. These famous mammals are not to be confused with the cave **SWALLOWS** that make their mud nests in the cavern entrance. Keep your eyes open for New Mexico’s state bird, the **ROADRUNNER**, too!

A **TROGLOBITE** is a creature that lives inside the cavern all year round, many are found in this cave. There are countless varieties of **MICROBES** that are helping scientific research—including finding life on other planets! You may not be able to spot the tiny **CAVE SPIDERS** on some of our active formations, but you may be lucky in seeing at least one of the three species of **CRICKETS** that live here. One of these species was even discovered here! There are several types of **BEETLES** that depend on other insects for survival. But perhaps the most bizarre cave creature is the **HORSEHAIR WORM**, a parasite that lives in cave pools.
Winged Wonders

Carlsbad Caverns National Park is home to many species of bats. However, these amazing creatures are often misunderstood. Decide whether each statement below is true or false, then create your own story at the bottom of the page.

True / False  Bats are flying mammals.
True / False  Bats like to live in people’s hair.
True / False  Bats are helpful because some species eat a lot of insects.
True / False  All bats have rabies.
True / False  Like mice, bats are rodents.
True / False  Bats are blind.
True / False  All bats are vampires that eat blood.

Some ancient cultures wrote stories to explain how bats came to be today. Many tribes in southeast New Mexico believe that bats are messengers between the spirit world and the real world. If you throw your moccasin in the air and catch a bat, good luck is on the way!

Come up with your own personal legend about these magical animals. Try to use some of what you have seen and learned during your visit to Carlsbad Caverns National Park in your story.
Carlsbad Caverns Diamante

Diamantes are a special kind of poem shaped like a diamond. They are seven lines long and have a special pattern. Choose something you learned about at the park during your visit. Create your poem below by picking words to describe the first word. Use the example below for inspiration.

Example

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Noun</th>
<th>Adjective</th>
<th>Adjective</th>
<th>Verb (-ing word)</th>
<th>Verb (-ing word)</th>
<th>Verb (-ing word)</th>
<th>Verb (-ing word)</th>
<th>Noun</th>
<th>Noun</th>
<th>Noun</th>
<th>Noun</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cave</td>
<td>Dark</td>
<td>Spooky</td>
<td>Chambers</td>
<td>Formations</td>
<td>Squeezes</td>
<td>Discoveries</td>
<td>Exploring</td>
<td>Inspiring</td>
<td>Protecting</td>
<td>Protecting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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What I Can Do!

The junior ranger motto is “Explore, Learn, and Protect.” Answer the questions below to explain how you can achieve these important goals.

1. One way I can explore my environment at home is by:

2. One place where I can go to learn more about plants and animals near my home is:

3. I can help protect plants, animals, and the environment near my home by:

Junior Ranger Pledge

I, ____________________, am proud to be a National Park Service Junior Ranger. I promise to explore, learn about, and protect my national parks and the natural world around me. I will share my knowledge of these special places with my friends and family.
Certificate of Achievement

Junior Ranger Program in Carlsbad Caverns National Park

has successfully fulfilled the requirements of the
Junior Ranger Program and is hereby proclaimed an official
Junior Ranger.

Park Ranger

Date