AMERICAN OYSTERCATCHER (*Haematopus palliatus*) MONITORING AT CAPE LOOKOUT NATIONAL SEASHORE

2011 SUMMARY REPORT



An American Oystercatcher Chick and Egg. Photo Credit: Andy Lawrence 2011

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Abstract

There were 62 American Oystercatcher pairs nesting throughout the ocean beach habitat of the seashore in 2011. North Core Banks had 32 pairs, South Core Banks had 24 pairs, and Shackleford Banks had 6 pairs. Egg-laying was initiated on April 10th and a total of 114 nests were documented. Thirty-seven chicks fledged: 24 from North Core Banks, 12 from South Core Banks, and 1 from Shackleford Banks. North Core Banks was the most productive with a fledge success rate of 0.75, while South Core Bank's fledge success was 0.50, and Shackleford continues to be the least productive with a fledge success rate of 0.17. Overall for the entire seashore, the fledge success rate was 0.60 per nesting pair.

Introduction

American Oystercatchers are common nesters throughout the park, primarily on the ocean beach. They are listed as a 'Bird of Special Concern' in North Carolina by the North Carolina Wildlife Resource Commission. Their choice of nesting habitat makes them particularly vulnerable to disturbance by park visitors and off-road vehicles.

Monitoring of American Oystercatcher nesting at Cape Lookout National Seashore (CALO) began in 1995. A researcher from Duke University studied nesting on South Core Banks and found low reproductive success. She also documented chick mortality caused by off-road vehicles. Since 1997 researchers from North Carolina State University (NCSU) and park staff have conducted censuses, monitored nesting success, and banded oystercatchers in the park.

Site Description

Cape Lookout National Seashore is located in the southern Outer Banks of North Carolina between Ocracoke and Beaufort Inlets. The seashore was divided into three barrier islands during the 2011 breeding season. The northernmost island, North Core Banks (NCB), was approximately 23 miles long, extending from Ocracoke Inlet to Ophelia Inlet. South Core Banks (SCB) extends southward from Ophelia Inlet almost 25 miles to Barden Inlet. The Core Banks have a northeast to southwest orientation and exhibit a low profile landscape. The third island, Shackleford Banks (SB), is 9 miles long and has an east-west orientation with a higher dune system and larger areas of vegetation. All islands in the park are subject to constant and dramatic change by the actions of wind and waves.

Methods

The Interim Protected Species Management Plan/ Environmental Assessment (IPSMP/EA) 2006 contains outlines of management and monitoring protocols. Park service staff conducted surveys of Shackleford Banks nesting birds once a week beginning in April. Weekly surveys of nesting habitat on North and South Core Banks also began in April and breeding monitoring was continued seven days per week until the end of the nesting season. In 2011, NCSU researchers conducted focused monitoring of American Oystercatchers on North and South Core Banks allowing park staff to closely

monitor other protected species. Park staff still performed management actions for oystercatchers.

Management actions for oystercatchers included closing the area around the a nest with "Bird Sanctuary" signs if the nest was in danger of being run over by off-road vehicles or stepped on by pedestrians. Generally, nests found in the dunes were not posted. There is some concern that predators might learn to associate posts with nests. Small posted areas may also unnecessarily attract curious park visitors and cause disturbance.

In addition to the closure around the nest, a 600-foot buffer was established around each nest. This buffer allowed vehicle and pedestrian traffic to pass by on the lower beach by the ocean shoreline, but prevented stopping, parking, or camping near the nest. The buffer zone was defined by two sets of 18" X 18" yellow signs placed on each side of a nest.

The locations of the nests were recorded using a GPS unit and the park's mile marker system. Nest locations were marked inconspicuously with either a stake or objects like sticks or shells to facilitate follow-up checks. Information about the habitat type was also noted. If one or both adults were banded, that information was recorded on the nest data sheet.

Nests were checked regularly, every 1 to 3 days, to monitor the status of incubation and document losses. One day before the expected time of hatch, the ocean beach in that area was closed to vehicles with traffic routed to the backroad. In areas where there is no backroad, signs were placed on the beach warning of the presence of flightless chicks and reducing the speed limit to 15mph. Chicks were monitored daily until they fledged or were lost. Since 2010, chicks were considered fledged at 35 days old for productivity purposes. For management purposes, the chicks are considered fledged when strong flight is actually observed.

Results

Sixty two pairs of American Oystercatchers nested at CALO (Table 1). Counts were for pairs on or near the ocean beach and did not include marsh islands.

Table 1. American Oystercatcher Nesting Pairs- 2011

| North Core Banks | 32 pairs |
|-------------------|----------|
| South Core Banks | 24 pairs |
| Shackleford Banks | 7* pairs |

Nesting pairs were spread throughout most of the ocean beach habitat in the park (Figures 1 & 2). The birds did not use areas adjacent to buildings and concentrations of people.

^{*}Shackleford and South Core shared a nesting pair

Hatch and Fledge Success

One hundred fourteen nests were found of which 29 hatched at least one egg. Thirty-seven chicks were known to survive 35 days to fledge (Table 2). Of the nests that failed, 46 were lost to predation, 32 nests failed due to unknown causes, 5 were abandoned, one was lost to a weather event, and one was lost to human disturbance (Table 3). Raccoons (34), mink (7) cat (1), ghost crab (1), fish crow (1) and undetermined mammalian (3) were found to be predators of oystercatcher eggs. Table 4 summarizes the reproductive success over the last 15 years. Table 4 data were reviewed and updated for this current report and differ slightly from past report summaries. The fledgling success is calculated using the known nesting pairs. This allowed for cross-year comparisons with variable monitoring efforts and other unknowns. In 2011, sixty-two known nesting pairs produced thirty-seven fledglings for a fledge success rate of 0.60. Individual nest data are found in Appendix 1. Tables 5, 6, 7, and 8 summarize the reproductive success by island with known and comparable data.

Table 2. Oystercatcher Nesting by Island 2011

| Island | # pairs | #Nests | # Nests Hatched | # Chicks Fledged |
|-------------------|---------|--------|-----------------|------------------|
| North Core Banks | 32 | 54 | 18 (33%) | 24 |
| South Core Banks | 24 | 51 | 9 (18%) | 12 |
| Shackleford Banks | 7* | 9 | 2 (22%) | 1 |
| CALO Total | 62 | 114 | 29 (25%) | 37 |

^{*}Shackleford and South Core shared a nesting pair

Table 3. 2011 Causes of Nest Failure

| Island | Predation | Flooding/ Storms | Human Disturbance | Abandoned | Unknown |
|-------------------|-----------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------|---------|
| North Core Banks | 28 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 3 |
| South Core Banks | 18 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 23 |
| Shackleford Banks | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 |
| CALO total | 46 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 32 |

Table 4. Summary of Seashore Oystercatcher Reproductive Success Data, 1995-2011

| Year | Island | #Nests | #Nests | # Pairs | #Chicks |
|------|--------------------------|--------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | Hatched | (nesting) | fledged |
| 1995 | South Core Banks | 36 | 12 (33%) | 20 | 7 (0.35) |
| 1997 | South Core Banks | 34 | 4 (12%) | 23 | 2 (0.08) |
| 1998 | North & South Core Banks | 98 | 12 (12%) | 58 | 7 (0.12) |
| 1999 | North & South Core Banks | 114 | 16 (14%) | 67 | 6 (0.09) |
| 2000 | North & South Core Banks | 74 | 25 (34%) | 54 | 7 (0.13) |
| 2001 | North & South Core Banks | 109 | 20 (18%) | 56 | 2 (0.03) |
| 2002 | North & South Core Banks | 89 | 8 (10%) | 46 | 6 (0.13) |
| 2003 | Cape Lookout N.S. | 105 | 17 (16%) | 54 | 8 (0.15) |
| 2004 | Cape Lookout N.S. | 71 | 38 (54%) | 52 | 45 (0.86) |
| 2005 | Cape Lookout N.S. | 66 | 26 (39%) | 54 | 18 (0.33) |
| 2006 | Cape Lookout N.S. | 70 | 23 (33%) | 52 | 26 (0.50) |
| 2007 | Cape Lookout N.S. | 99 | 21(21%) | 61 | 31 (0.51) |
| 2008 | Cape Lookout N.S. | 91 | 17 (19%) | 57 | 15 (0.26) |
| 2009 | Cape Lookout N.S. | 83 | 20(24%) | 61 | 21 (0.34) |
| 2010 | Cape Lookout N.S. | 113 | 28 (25%) | 62 | 34 (0.55) |
| 2011 | Cape Lookout N.S | 114 | 29 (25%) | 62 | 37 (0.60) |

Table 5. Summary of North Core Banks Oystercatcher Reproductive Success Data, 1998-2011

| Year | Island | #Nests | #Nests | # Pairs | #Chicks |
|-------|--------------------|--------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | Hatched | (nesting) | fledged |
| 1998 | North Core Banks | 72 | 5 (7%) | 38 | 4 (0.10) |
| 1999 | North Core Banks | 62 | 11 (18%) | 39 | 5 (0.13) |
| 2000 | North Core Banks | 36 | 7 (19%) | 29 | 1 (0.03) |
| 2001 | North Core Banks | 53 | 12 (22%) | 29 | 1 (0.03) |
| 2002 | North Core Banks | 46 | 4 (9%) | 23 | 5 (0.22) |
| 2003 | North Core Banks | 36 | 7 (19%) | 20 | 2 (0.10) |
| 2004 | North Core Banks | 25 | 20 (80%) | 21 | 31 (1.48) |
| 2005 | North Core Banks | 20 | 11 (55%) | 16 | 6 (0.38) |
| 2006 | North Core Banks | 18 | 8 (44%) | 14 | 5 (0.36) |
| 2007 | North Core Banks | 32 | 8 (25%) | 17 | 14 (0.82) |
| 2008 | North Core Banks | 22 | 4 (18%) | 14 | 3 (0.21) |
| 2009* | North Core Banks * | 40 | 7 (18%) | 29 | 8 (0.28) |
| 2010* | North Core Banks * | 58 | 15 (26%) | 31 | 15 (0.48) |
| 2011* | North Core Banks * | 54 | 18 (33%) | 32 | 24 (0.75) |

^{*} Includes former Middle Core Banks and Ophelia Island.

Table 6. Summary of former Middle Core Banks and Ophelia Island, Mile 19 to Mile 22.5, Oystercatcher Reproductive Success Data from 2004 to 2011.

| Year | Island | #Nests #Nests | | # Pairs | #Chicks |
|------|------------|---------------|---------|-----------|------------|
| | | | Hatched | (nesting) | fledged |
| 2004 | MCB | 5 | 4 (80%) | 5 | 7 (1.40) |
| 2005 | MCB | 9 | 5 (55%) | 7 | 9 (1.28) |
| 2006 | MCB and OI | 10 | 8 (80%) | 10 | 10 (1.00) |
| 2007 | MCB and OI | 14 | 9 (64%) | 13 | 13 (1.00) |
| 2008 | MCB and OI | 8 | 5 (62%) | 8 | 7 (0.88) |
| 2009 | MCB and OI | 13 | 3 (23%) | 10 | 1 (0.10) |
| 2010 | MCB and OI | 24 | 4 (17%) | 13 | 2 (0.15) |
| 2011 | MCB and OI | 23 | 8 (35%) | 14 | 12 (0.86) |

Table 7. Summary of South Core Banks Oystercatcher Reproductive Success Data from 1995 to 2011

| Year | Island | #Nests | #Nests | # Pairs | #Chicks |
|------|------------------|--------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | Hatched | (nesting) | fledged |
| 1995 | South Core Banks | 36 | 12 (33%) | 20 | 7 (0.35) |
| 1997 | South Core Banks | 34 | 4 (11%) | 23 | 2 (0.09) |
| 1998 | South Core Banks | 26 | 7 (27%) | 20 | 3 (0.15) |
| 1999 | South Core Banks | 52 | 5 (10%) | 28 | 1 (0.04) |
| 2000 | South Core Banks | 38 | 18 (47%) | 25 | 6 (0.24) |
| 2001 | South Core Banks | 56 | 8 (14%) | 27 | 1 (0.04) |
| 2002 | South Core Banks | 43 | 4 (9%) | 23 | 1 (0.04) |
| 2003 | South Core Banks | 59 | 9(15%) | 27 | 6 (0.22) |
| 2004 | South Core Banks | 33 | 13 (39%) | 20 | 6 (0.30) |
| 2005 | South Core Banks | 27 | 9 (33%) | 22 | 3 (0.14) |
| 2006 | South Core Banks | 31 | 6(19%) | 19 | 10 (0.53) |
| 2007 | South Core Banks | 41 | 4(21%) | 21 | 4 (0.19) |
| 2008 | South Core Banks | 44 | 5 (11%) | 24 | 5 (0.21) |
| 2009 | South Core Banks | 30 | 11(37%) | 22 | 11 (0.50) |
| 2010 | South Core Banks | 43 | 11 (25%) | 23 | 17 (0.74) |
| 2011 | South Core Banks | 51 | 9 (18%) | 24* | 12 (0.50) |

^{*}Shackleford and South Core shared a nesting pair

Table 8. Summary of Shackleford Banks Oystercatcher Reproductive Success Data from 2003 to 2011

| Year | Island | #Nests | #Nests | # Pairs | #Chicks |
|------|-------------------|--------|---------|-----------|----------|
| | | | Hatched | (nesting) | fledged |
| 2003 | Shackleford Banks | 10 | 1 (10%) | 7 | 0 (0.00) |
| 2004 | Shackleford Banks | 8 | 1 (14%) | 6 | 1 (0.17) |
| 2005 | Shackleford Banks | 10 | 1 (10%) | 9 | 0 (0.00) |
| 2006 | Shackleford Banks | 11 | 1 (9%) | 9 | 1 (0.11) |
| 2007 | Shackleford Banks | 12 | 0 (0%) | 10 | 0 (0.00) |
| 2008 | Shackleford Banks | 17 | 3 (18%) | 11 | 0 (0.00) |
| 2009 | Shackleford Banks | 13 | 2 (15%) | 10 | 2 (0.20) |
| 2010 | Shackleford Banks | 12 | 2 (17%) | 8 | 2 (0.25) |
| 2011 | Shackleford Banks | 9 | 2 (22%) | 7* | 1 (0.14) |

^{*}Shackleford and South Core shared a nesting pair

Banding

Thirty-five chicks and one adult were captured and banded in the park by NCSU researchers. Two chicks were lost after banding and four fledged without bands. Park staff and researchers recorded band re-sights of individuals and nesting pairs in the seashore throughout the summer. Of the 62 nesting pairs 39 pairs (63%) had at least one individual of the pair banded, while 23 pairs (37%) were unbanded. NCB had 21 pairs banded and 11 pairs unbanded. SCB had 17 pairs banded and 7 pairs unbanded. SB had two pairs banded and 5 unbanded pairs. There are 56 (45%) individual adults that are banded and 68 (55%) that are unbanded in the nesting population in 2011. See appendix 1 for nesting pair re-sight data and 2011 chick band data. Green flags with 3 letter codes were introduced this year in the banding program. Details on oystercatcher band combinations can be found at the website: http://www.amoywg.org/banding-re-sighting/.

Discussion

Both Old Drum Inlet and New Drum Inlet remained closed in the 2011 nesting season. In late August Hurricane Irene passed over Cape Lookout and the both inlets were reopened. These inlets are relatively shallow and may fill in by the summer of 2012. Old Drum and New Drum Inlets closed naturally in March 2009. This action joined the previously isolated 3.5 miles of Middle Core Banks and Ophelia Island to North Core Banks and provided for vehicle access down to Ophelia Inlet. The breeding seasons from 2000 to 2008 on Middle Core Banks experienced little recreational disturbance and reduced predation levels as a 3 mile separate island. Ophelia Island was similarly isolated for the three breeding seasons from 2006 to 2008 until New Drum Inlet closed. The hatch rates and fledgling success in this area were the highest in the seashore during those years of isolation, Table 6. Table 6 contains data from 2004 to 2011. Monitoring and data collection were inconsistent from 2000 to 2003. In 2008, seven oystercatcher chicks fledged from mile 19 to mile 22.5 of the seashore, while only one chick in 2009 and two chicks in 2010 fledged from this same area. A backroad vehicle trail behind the dunes was established from mile 19 to mile 21 with three access ramps in early 2011. This enabled traffic to be detoured off the ocean beach to the backroad when chicks were present. In 2011 twelve chicks fledged from this area and the productivity and the hatch success increased from 2009 and 2010 levels. These productivity and hatch success rates are still lower than the years when Middle Core Banks was an isolated island.

North Carolina State University research activity in the seashore continued to study the raccoon population and the American Oystercatcher breeding success on SCB in 2011. A separate research project studying American oystercatcher response to a lowered military flight ceiling over a section of NCB concluded at the end of the 2011 nesting season.

Hatch rates in 2011 varied throughout the park. Hatch success rates were 33% on North Core Banks, 18% on South Core Banks and 22% on Shackleford Banks. Predators, flooding, and human disturbance were the known causes of some nest losses. Forty seven nests were known lost to predators, 28 on NCB and 19 on SCB. Research use of video cameras on nests on NCB documented raccoons as the primary predator and decreased the number unknown causes of nest loss. There were three unknown nest failures on NCB compared to 25 unknown nest failures on SCB, which did not have nest cameras. On SB six of the nine nests were lost for unknown reasons. Mink were a significant predator of nests (7) on SCB. Only one nest was lost to flooding and /or high wind events. Five nests were abandoned. There was one human disturbance related nest failure on SB, identified as such by footprints up to the nest and a campsite within 100 feet. An egg was missing from the nest and the adults had abandoned the remaining egg. In addition there was a pair setting up territory on the west end of SB in early April that was not seen after the Easter Holiday. Pedestrian traffic is high in this area where boat ferries drop off passengers. This, combined with the loss of habitat due to erosion may have contributed to the lack of two pairs from nesting in former year territories on the west end of SB. Hurricane Irene improved the habitat by flattening the dunes and creating sand flats in this area, which should provide good nesting habitat in 2012.

There were no incidences of chick mortality due to vehicles documented in the seashore in 2011. Nest 25 on NCB at mile 21.30 hatched on May 28th during Memorial Day weekend onto a section of beach without a backroad for detouring traffic. Signs were placed to slow down beach traffic and to warn of the chick's presence, however the chicks were not seen after May 29th. The heavily tire-rutted beach was searched for dead chicks, but none were found and the chick loss was classified as unknown. Researchers on NCB reported a chick from nest NCB 21 with a leg injury after it was banded at age 32 days: the chick, G (KU), was not seen again. Its sibling, G (TL), did fledge from the same beach that was open to vehicles due to the lack of a backroad. The chick loss was classified as unknown. There was one known chick mortality that occurred during the recapture and weighing process. One chick from nest NCB 42 banded G (CEL), at age 30 days, was recaptured at age 38 days to be weighed. It sustained a wing injury and died in hand. Its sibling, G (CEM), did fledge from this nest.

Fledging success in the park was 0.60 chicks per nesting pair with a large variance by island. Fledgling success rates were 0.75 on NCB, 0.50 on SCB, and 0.14 on SB. Fledge success on NCB was the third highest on record and Shackleford Banks continues to have low fledge success (Table 5 & 8). A range-wide productivity standard was established defining fledging at 35 days old. This standard provides consistence throughout the nesting range. A total of 37 chicks reached 35 days old and were considered fledged: this is reflected in the 0.60 productivity rate. However, we know that not all chicks can actually fly at day 35. The average age of chicks fledging in 2011 from 18 broods was 42 days from the hatch date. This calculation excludes four broods with unknown exact fledge dates. The range of fledging age, determined from the 18 broods, was from 38 to 46 days (Appendix 1). Chicks are monitored and managed until they exhibited strong flight greater than 150 feet.

Figure 1.

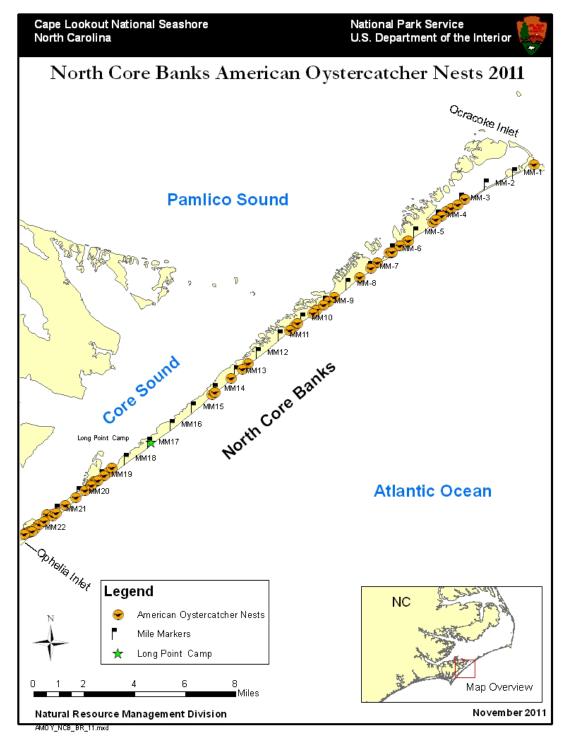
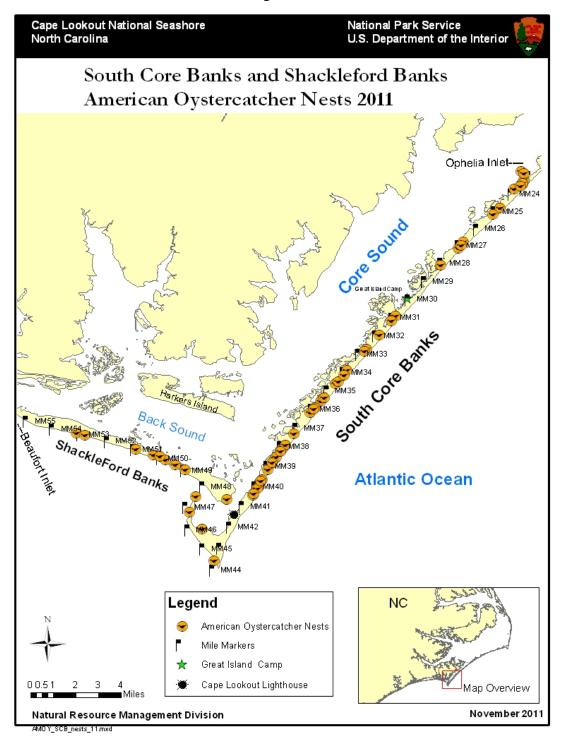


Figure 2.



APPENDIX 1A AMERICAN OYSTERCATCHER NESTS- NORTH CORE BANKS-2011

| Nest # | Pair # | Adult BANDS | MILE | LOCATION | FOUND | EGGS | POSTED | COMMENTS |
|-----------|-----------|---------------------------|-------|-------------------|--------|------|--------|---|
| 1 | 1 | G(04) & G(73) | 9.53 | Open Beach | 14-Apr | 3 | yes | Raccoon ate 1 chick and two eggs caught on video |
| 2 | 2 | UNB +UNB | 20.32 | Open Beach | 17-Apr | 3 | yes | Chicks: G(TN) & G(RT), 2 fledged day 41 |
| 3 | 3 | G(UW) & UNB | 7.63 | Open Beach | 18-Apr | 3 | yes | Chicks: G(RU) & G(TR), 2 fledged day 41 |
| 4 | 4 | UNB +UNB | 19.40 | Behind Dunes | 22-Apr | 3 | no | Chicks: G(CEF) Flag, 1 fledged day 39 |
| 5 | 5 | UNB +UNB | 19.72 | Base of Dune | 22-Apr | 3 | Yes | Chicks: G(CEN) & G(CEE) flags, 2 fledged day 40 |
| 6 | 6 | UNB +UNB | 19.95 | Open Beach | 22-Apr | 3 | yes | Chicks: G(RR) & G(RP), 2 fledged day 38 |
| 7 | 7 | UNB +UNB | 22.38 | dunes | 22-Apr | 3 | yes | Nest Failed 5/12/11, raccoon tracks at nest, predation |
| 8 | 8 | G(EO) & _,X:_ | 14.30 | Open Beach | 22-Apr | 3 | yes | Chicks: G(CEC) & G(CEA), two chicks seen on 6/24-6/26 day 35 to 37, only one chick seen flying for sure on 7/3 ay day 44 2 chicks fledged |
| 9 | 9 | G(M3) & UNB | 10.51 | Near base of dune | 22-Apr | 2 | yes | Failed 4/26/11, Raccoon/Cat |
| 10 | 10 | G(<u>U</u> U) & UNB | 9.00 | Base of Dune | 22-Apr | 4 | yes | Failed 5/11/11, Raccoon tracks present |
| 11 | 11 | G(<u>A</u> U) & _:R, X | 12.62 | Base of Dune | 23-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 5/8/11, Egg yolk and ants near nest, Ghost crab tracks present, also raccoon tracks nearby. |
| 12 | 12 | G(AO) & R;X:_ | 6.20 | shell flat | 23-Apr | 2 | yes | Failed 5/3/11, predated, Raccoon tracks present |
| 13 | 13 | _,silver:_'white & UNB | 19.00 | shell flat | 23-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 5/20/11, Raccoon tracks present |
| 14 | 14 | G(F3) & G(CI) | 5.53 | Base of Dune | 23-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 5/14/11, Raccoon tracks present |
| 15 | 15 | UNB & G(M8) | 19.59 | Behind Dunes | 23-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 5/12/11, Raccoon tracks present |
| 16 | 16 | G(?H) & X; | 4.42 | Open Beach | 23-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 5/9/11, Raccoon tracks, Camera was at nest |
| 17 | 17 | G(T6) & _,X:B | 3.73 | Open Beach | 23-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 4/26/11, Unknown |
| 18 | 18 | R(P9) & UNB | 22.52 | Top of Dune | 23-Apr | 2 | yes | Failed 4/29/11, Eggs buried under 8" sand after high winds on 4/28/11 |
| 19 | 19 | UNB & UNB | 20.78 | In Dunes | 24-Apr | 3 | yes | G(CEJ) & G(CK) 2 fledged day 42, G(CEH) not seen |
| 20 | 20 | G(F6) & UNB | 0.32 | open beach | 24-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 5/20/11, unknown |
| 21 | 21 | UNB & UNB | 6.82 | Shell bed | 26-Apr | 3 | no | G(TL);G(KU)-released with injured left leg, not seen after day 32 |
| 22 | 22 | G(F1) & UNB | 3.60 | Shell bed | 29-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 5/24/11, 1 chick predated, Aerial?, 1 egg abandoned |
| 23 | 23 | G(P5) & UNB | 22.10 | Sand Flat | 28-Apr | 3 | yes | Chicks: G(CEK), G(KR), 2 fledged day 42 |
| 24 | 24 | UNB&_b/X:_, g | 21.40 | Soundside | 29-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 5/6/11, Raccoon caught on Video predating nest |
| 25 | 25 | UNB & G(K2) | 21.30 | Behind Dunes | 29-Apr | 2 | no | Failed 5/30/11, UNK, |

| 28 28 UNB & UNB | 7.12 | | 30-Apr | 2 | yes | Failed 5/6/11, UNK |
|--|-------|-----------------------|------------------|-----|------|--|
| | 1.12 | Base of Dune | 1-May | 2 | yes | Failed 5/27/11, Raccoon |
| | 9.71 | Open Beach | 5-May | 2 | yes | Failed 5/26/11, Raccoon |
| 29 29 G(74) & G(MD) 1 | 19.37 | Behind Dunes | 6-May | 2 | yes | Failed 5/7/11, predation, unknown animal |
| 30 9 G(M3) & UNB 1 | 10.74 | Base of Dune | 8-May | 3 | yes | Chick: G(CEY) flag 1 fledged day 41 |
| 31 30 UNB & UNB 3 | 3.02 | low dune | 9-May | 1 | yes | Failed 5/12/11, Abandoned, UNK why |
| 32 31 UNB & UNB 1 | 10.34 | Behind Dunes | 10-May | 2 | yes | Failed 5/29/11, Raccoon |
| Red(P9) & | | | | | | |
| 33 18 UNB 2 | 22.46 | shell bed | 10-May | 2 | yes | Failed 6/1/11, Raccoon seen on video |
| | 4.00 | Base of Dune | 11-May | 3 | yes | lost 5/23/11 GC hole in nest & raccoon tracks near nest |
| | 19.07 | Old Drum | 13-May | 2 | yes | Failed 6/3/11, Raccoon on video |
| 36 12 G(AO) & R;X:_ (| 6.24 | On top of dune | 16-May | 3 | yes | Failed 5/26/11, Abandoned UNK, lost two eggs |
| | | | | | | Failed 7/14/11, Abandoned 1 month after hatch date, |
| | 14.19 | Open Beach | 17-May | 2 | yes | Fish Crow took 1 egg 6/15 on video |
| 38 29 G(74) & G(MO) 1 | 19.36 | Shell bed | 18-May | 2 | yes | Failed 6/7/11, Raccoon |
| 39 11 G(AU) &,_:R, X 1 | 12.91 | Open Beach | 19-May | 3 | yes | Chicks: G(CEX) & G(CEU), 2 fledged day 44 |
| UNB & | | | - | | - | |
| Blue/silver: | | | | | | |
| | 21.95 | dune | 20-May | 3 | yes | Failed 6/1/11, Raccoon |
| 41 16 UNB & G(?,H) | 4.26 | Base of Dune | 20-May | 3 | yes | Failed 6/15/11, Feral Cat tracks at nest |
| | | | | | | Chick G(CEM) fledged day 44, Chick:G(CEL) died at |
| | 8.76 | Base of Dune | 21-May | 3 | yes | day 38 during capture, considered fledged |
| | 19.62 | Base of Dune | 23-May | 1 | yes | Chick: G(CEP) fledged day 40 |
| | 9.24 | Open Beach | 25-May | 3 | yes | chick unbanded 1 fledged day 45 |
| | 5.48 | Open Beach | 25-May | 3 | yes | Failed 6/7/11, Raccoon |
| | 22.36 | Base of Dune | 26-May | 2 | yes | Failed 5/30/11, predation, unknown animal |
| \ / / / = | 6.18 | Open Beach | 1-Jun | 2 | no | Failed 6/8/11, yolk in and around nest, Raccoon tracks. |
| G(CER) & | | | | | | |
| | 18.68 | Soundside | 6-Jun | 2 | Yes | Chick: G(W4), seen at day 35, 36 and 44, 1 fledged |
| | 3.35 | Open Beach | 7-Jun | 2 | yes | Failed 6/27/11, Raccoon caught on video |
| 50 7 UNB & UNB 2 | 22.30 | Shell bed | 11-Jun | 2 | yes | Failed 6/24/11, Raccoon on video |
| | 21.74 | Shell bed | 13-Jun | 2 | yes | Failed 6/25/11, Raccoon on video |
| 51 24 UNB&_b/X:_, g 2 | | | 40 1 | 0 | V/00 | Follow 7/4/44 December of the control of the contro |
| 51 24 UNB&_b/X:_, g 2 52 25 G(K2) & UNB 2 | 21.22 | In Dunes | 13-Jun | 2 | yes | Failed 7/1/11, Raccoon on video |
| 51 24 UNB&_b/X:_, g 2 52 25 G(K2) & UNB 2 | | In Dunes Shell bed | 13-Jun 14-Jun | 1 2 | yes | Failed 7/1/11, Raccoon on video Failed 6/21/11, Abandoned reason UNK |

32 nesting pairs, 54 nests, 18 nests hatched, 24 chicks fledged

APPENDIX 1B AMERICAN OYSTERCATCHER NESTS- SOUTH CORE BANKS-2011

| Nest # | Pair # | Adult BANDS | MILE | LOCATION | FOUND | EGGS | POSTED | COMMENTS |
|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|-------|-------------------|--------|------|--------|--|
| 1 | 1 | G(16) & UNB | 44.42 | open beach | 10-Apr | 3 | yes | Chicks: G(YM) & G(68), 2 fledged day 39 |
| | | G(R8) & UR- | | • | | | | , |
| 2 | 2 | O,ÚL-O | 38.1 | Base of dune | 16-Apr | 2 | yes | Failed 5/4/11, UNK |
| 3 | 3 | G(AK) & G(AL) | 23.26 | Soundside | 21-Apr | 4 | yes | Failed 4/27/11, UNK |
| 4 | 4 | G(UP) & G(UR) | 39.9 | Base of dune | 21-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 5/7/11, Mink tracks around nest |
| 5 | 5 | G(KO) & UNB | 31.92 | Open Beach | 21-Apr | 3 | yes | Chicks: G(HH), G(YP), G(N8), 3 fledged by day 48 |
| 6 | 6 | G(AP) & G(AR) | 33.88 | Behind Dune | 21-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 5/2/11, UNK |
| 7 | 7 | UNB & UNB | 26.8 | Base of dune | 22-Apr | 3 | yes | Chick: G(T3) 1 fledged day 46 |
| 8 | 8 | G(J3) & G(P4) | 24.8 | Shell bed | 22-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 4/29/11, Raccoon track near nest |
| 9 | 9 | UNB & UNB | 38.58 | dunes | 22-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 5/3/11, Mink track leading to nest |
| 10 | 10 | G(JO) & G(M1) | 35.4 | Behind Dune | 23-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 4/27/11, UNK |
| | | O, S: B, - & | | | | | | |
| 11 | 11 | UNB | 28.1 | Behind Dune | 23-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 5/1/11, Raccoon tracks present |
| 12 | 12 | UR-Red & UNB | 36.17 | Behind Dune | 24-Apr | 3 | no | Failed 5/2/11, Nutria and snake tracks near nest |
| 13 | 13 | G(J6) & UNB | 34.62 | Behind Dune | 24-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 4/28/11, UNK, mink tracks near nest on 4/24 |
| 14 | 14 | G(L2) & LL- silver | 39.6 | Base of dune | 24-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 5/2/11, Mink tracks at nest, yolk in sand |
| | | Yello,_:White,_ | | | | | • | |
| 15 | 15 | & UNB | 23.8 | Shell bed | 25-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 4/30/11, Raccoon |
| 16 | 16 | UNB & UNB | 45 | Open Beach | 25-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 5/21, UNK, soundside west of coastguard dock |
| 17 | 17 | G(J9) & UNB | 37.29 | Base of dune | 26-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 5/17/11, Mink |
| 18 | 18 | G(N3) & G(R7) | 40.38 | dune | 26-Apr | 2 | yes | Failed 5/3/11, Raccoon tracks near nest |
| 19 | 19 | UNB & UNB | 30.88 | Shell bed | 30-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 5/13/11, UNK |
| 20 | 20 | G(AN) & UNB | 32.7 | Top of dune | 30-Apr | 3 | yes | Failed 5/8/11, Mink tracks all around nest |
| 21 | 21 | UNB & G(UY) | 23 | Soundside sandbar | 3-May | 2 | yes | Failed 5/29/11, UNK |
| 22 | 22 | LIND 9 LIND | 47 | Cross alumns | 4 Mov | 0 | 1/00 | day 35 on 6/28, day 45 on 7/8- last seen in closure with |
| 22 | 22 | UNB & UNB | 47 | Grass clumps | 4-May | 2 | yes | adult , 1 considered fledged |
| 23 | 23 | UNB & UNB | 46.8 | Behind Dune | 4-May | 2 | yes | Failed 5/7/11, UNK Raccoon or Mink |
| 24 | 13 | G(J6) & UNB | 34.47 | In Vegetation | 7-May | 1 | yes | Failed 5/31/11, UNK |
| 25 | 10 | G(JO) & G(M1) | 35.57 | Behind Dune | 8-May | 3 | yes | Failed 5/26/11, UNK |
| 26 | 3 | G(AK) & G(AL) | 23.45 | Shell bed | 8-May | 3 | yes | Failed 5/30/11, Ghost crab hole beside nest |
| 27 | 8 | G(P4) & G(J3) | 25.17 | Behind Dune | 10-May | 3 | no | Failed 6/17/11, UNK |

| 28 | 6 | G(AP) & G(AR) | 34.11 | Base of dune | 12-May | 3 | yes | G (65),G (NL): 1 Not banded, 3 fledged day 41 |
|-----|----|-----------------|-------|------------------|---------|---|-------|---|
| 29 | 12 | UR-Red & UNB | 35.91 | Shell bed | 12-May | 3 | yes | Failed 5/27/11, UNK |
| 30 | 14 | G(L2) & _,_:S,_ | 39.74 | On dune | 12-May | 3 | yes | Failed 5/23/11, UNK |
| 31 | 9 | UNB & UNB | 38.81 | Base of dune | 14-May | 3 | yes | Failed 5/24/11, UNK |
| | | G(R8) & UR- | | | | | • | |
| 32 | 2 | O,UL-O | 38.18 | Base of dune | 16-May | 3 | yes | Failed 6/6/11, Mink tracks near nest, to and from nest |
| | | UNB & UL- | | . | | _ | | |
| 33 | 15 | Y,UR-W | 23.5 | Shell bed | 16-May | 3 | yes | Failed 6/1/11, Raccoon tracks near nest |
| 34 | 24 | UNB & UNB | 39.17 | Base of dune | 17-May | 1 | yes | Failed 5/23/11, UNK |
| 0.5 | | O, S: B, - & | 07.40 | 0 1 | 47.14 | 0 | | F 11 1 5 (99) 4 4 B |
| 35 | 11 | UNB | 27.12 | On dune | 17-May | 2 | yes | Failed 5/29/11, Raccoon |
| 36 | 4 | G(UP) & G(UR) | 40.06 | Base of dune | 19-May | 3 | yes | Failed 5/25/11, UNK Mink tracks near nest |
| 37 | 20 | G(AN) & UNB | 32.82 | Base of dune | 20-May | 2 | yes | Failed 6/8/11, UNK |
| 38 | 17 | G(J9) & UNB | 37.87 | Base of dune | 30-May | 2 | yes | Failed 6/2/11, Mink tracks near nest |
| 39 | 19 | UNB & UNB | 31.17 | Behind Dune | 30-May | 3 | yes | Failed 6/20/11, UNK |
| 40 | 9 | UNB & UNB | 38.5 | Open Beach | 4-Jun | 2 | yes | Failed 6/7/11, Both Mink & Raccoon tracks near nest |
| | | G(L2) & LL- | | | | | | |
| 41 | 14 | silver | 39.71 | Top of dune | 4-Jun | 2 | yes | Failed 7/13/11, UNK |
| 42 | 10 | G(M1) & G(JO) | 35.33 | Base of dune | 6-Jun | 3 | yes | Chicks: G(CEM) & 1 chick unbanded, 2 fledged day 38 |
| 43 | 4 | G(UP) & G(UR) | 40.33 | Base of dune | 6-Jun | 1 | yes | Failed 6/18/11, UNK mammalian predator |
| 44 | 12 | UR-Red & UNB | 35.98 | west of backroad | 7-Jun | 3 | yes | Failed 6/18/11, UNK |
| 45 | 3 | G(AL) & G(AK) | 23.4 | Shell bed | 9-Jun | 2 | yes | Failed 7/1/11, Raccoon tracks at nest, yolky sand in nest |
| | | UL-O, UR-B & | | | | | | |
| 46 | 11 | UNB | 26.98 | On dune | 13-Jun | 1 | yes | Failed 6/17/11, Abandoned |
| 47 | 17 | G(J9) & UNB | 37.86 | Shell bed | 15-Jun | 2 | yes | Failed 7/28/11, UNK |
| | | UL-Y & UR-W | | | | _ | | - |
| 48 | 15 | & UNB | 23.53 | Sand flat | 16-Jun | 2 | yes | Failed 7/9/11, UNK |
| 40 | 2 | G(R8) & UR- | 20.22 | Mid Dood | 10 1.00 | _ | \/O.0 | Foiled 6/05/44 LINIX |
| 49 | 2 | O,UL-O | 38.22 | Mid Beach | 18-Jun | 2 | yes | Failed 6/25/11, UNK |
| 50 | 9 | UNB & UNB | 38.8 | Base of dune | 20-Jun | 1 | yes | Failed 6/25/11, Large RV next to Yellow signs, UNK |
| 51 | 21 | G(UY) & UNB | 23 | Shell bed | 23-Jun | 2 | yes | Failed 7/2/11, Raccoon |

24 nesting pairs, 51 nests, 9 nests hatched, 12 chicks fledged

APPENDIX 1C AMERICAN OYSTERCATCHER NESTS- SHACKLEFORD BANKS-2011

| Nest | Pair | Adult BANDS | MILE | LOCATION | FOUND | EGGS | POSTED | COMMENTS |
|------|------|--------------|-------|--------------|--------|------|--------|---|
| # | # | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | UNB & UNB | 53.26 | Top of dune | 25-Apr | 3 | No | Failed 5/19/11, UNK |
| 2 | 2 | UNB & UNB | 50.39 | Shell bed | 29-Apr | 3 | No | Failed 5/19/11, UNK |
| 3 | 3 | UNB & UNB | 49 | Sand flat | 6-Mav | 2 | No | Failed 5/12/11, Abandoned-human disturbance, 1 egg missing, footprints up to nest, old campsite 100 feet away, lots of footprints at campsite |
| 4 | 4 | UNB & UNB | 49.9 | Sand flat | 12-May | 3 | No | Failed 5/19/11, UNK, yolky sand |
| 5 | 5 | G (E9) & UNB | 49.5 | Base of dune | 12-May | 2 | No | Chick not banded, last saw chick at day 37 on soundside with adults |
| | SCB | G(N3) & | | | | | | |
| 6 | 18 | G(R7) | 47 | Soundside | 19-May | 2 | Yes | chick lost by 6/23 |
| 7 | 4 | UNB & UNB | 50.15 | Shell bed | 25-May | 1 | No | Failed 6/9/11, UNK |
| 8 | 6 | UNB & UNB | 51.05 | Open beach | 25-May | 2 | No | Failed 6/9/11, UNK |
| 9 | 1 | UNB & UNB | 52.96 | On dune | 1-Jun | 2 | No | Failed 6/9/11, UNK |

6 nesting pairs, 9 nests, 2 nests hatched, 1 chick fledged