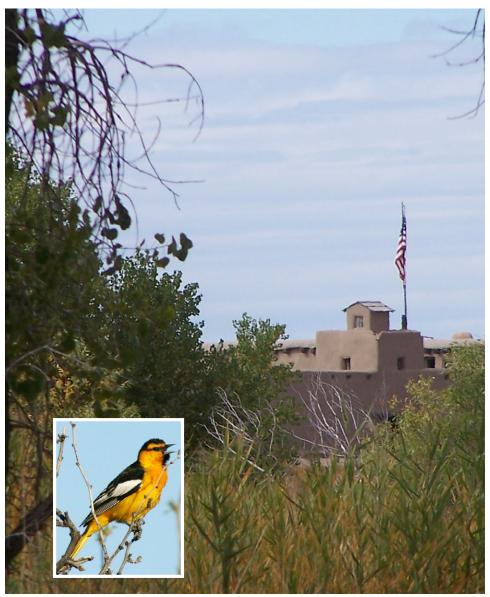
Southern Plains Inventory & Monitoring Network Natural Resource Stewardship and Science



Bent's Old Fort National Historic Site Bird Checklist



Checklist Key

Abundance

- Common May be seen daily but not in large numbers
- Uncommon Likely to be seen monthly; may be locally common
- Rare Present, but usually seen only a few times each year
- Occasional Seen in the park at least once every few years, but not necessarily every year

Habitat

- R Riparian: Habitats dominated by riverbottom cottonwood and willow forest along the Arkansas River
- **G Grassland:** Habitats in the historic site dominated by grassland such as blue grama and buffalo grass
- W Wetlands: Marshy edges in the historic site where vegetation is adapted to or tolerant of regularly-saturated soils

Season

- Resident Found year-round
- **Summer** Found predominantly in the summer months (June–August)
- Winter Found predominantly in the winter months (November–February)
- Migrant Found predominantly during spring and/or fall migratory periods (March–May, September–October)

The information in this list is based on NPSpecies, Natural Resource Condition Assessments, and Southern Plains Inventory and Monitoring Network Landbird Monitoring surveys at Bent's Old Fort NHS, and may not be a comprehensive list of all bird species in the historic site. The list is arranged by family and uses common names following the American Ornithological Society's Checklist of North American Birds 7th edition and its supplements through 2019.

Birding Ethics

Be mindful by following ethical birding guidelines that protect birds and enhance everyone's birding experience:

- » Keep your distance and avoid disturbing bird nesting sites; move away from any alarmed bird.
- » Report unusual bird observations to park rangers. This helps other birders and supports research.
- » Do not use broadcasting calls to attract birds; calls interfere with nesting activity and may frustrate other birders.
- » Report rare species nesting sites to appropriate park officials only. Use caution when posting sightings of these rare species over social media.
- » Do not set up bird feeding stations or feed birds in national historic sites.

Be aware that livestock roam the hiking trail and may be unexpectedly encountered.

Acknowledgments

All bird identification photos were generously provided courtesy of Robert Shantz (rshantz.com).

The <u>Southern Plains Inventory and Monitoring Network</u> is one of 32 National Park Service inventory and monitoring networks that assess the condition of park ecosystems and develop a stronger scientific basis for stewardship of natural resources.

Checklist

American Coot

Cn	ecklist			
Wa	terfowl (Anatidae) Common Name	Abundance	Habitat	Season
	Canada Goose	Rare	R, W	Resident
	Wood Duck	Rare	R, W	Resident
	Blue-winged Teal	Rare	R, W	Resident
	Cinnamon Teal	Rare	R, W	Migrant
	Northern Shoveler	Uncommon	R, W	Winter
	Mallard	Uncommon	R, W	Resident
	w World Quail (Odontophoric			
	Common Name Northern Bobwhite	Abundance Common	Habitat R, G	Season Resident
	Scaled Quail	Occasional	r, d G	Resident
(Ph	tridges, Grouse, Turkeys, and asianidae)	Old World C)uail	
_√	Common Name	Abundance	Habitat	Season
	Ring-necked Pheasant	Common	R, G	Resident
Dia	Wild Turkey	Rare	R, G	Resident
rig	eons and Doves (Columbidae Common Name) Abundance	Habitat	Season
	Rock Pigeon	Rare	G	Resident
	Eurasian Collared-Dove	Common	R, G	Resident
	Mourning Dove	Common	R, G, W	Resident
Cuc	koos and Roadrunners (Cucu	lidae) Abundance	Habitat	Season
	Greater Roadrunner	Occasional	G	Resident
	Yellow-billed Cuckoo	Uncommon	R, W	Summer
Nig √	hthawks (Caprimulgidae) Common Name	Abundance	Habitat	Season
_	Common Nighthawk	Uncommon	R, G, W	Summer
Swi	ifts (Apodidae)			
_√	China an Covift	Abundance	Habitat	Season
Hui	Chimney Swift mmingbirds (Trochilidae)	Rare	R, G, W	Migrant
_√	Common Name	Abundance	Habitat	Season
	Black-chinned Hummingbird	Occasional	R, G, W	Migrant
Rail √	ls, Gallinules, and Coots (Ralli Common Name	dae) Abundance	Habitat	Season
	Black Rail	Rare	W	Migrant
	Virginia Rail	Rare	W	Migrant
	Sora	Rare	W	Migrant
				J

W

Rare

Migrant

Black-chinned Hummingbird



Season

Migrant

Migrant

Season

Resident

Season

Migrant

Migrant

Migrant

Migrant

Season

Migrant

Migrant

Migrant

Season

Migrant

Resident

Migrant

Migrant

Migrant

Season

Migrant

Season

Summer

Season

Summer

Summer

Summer

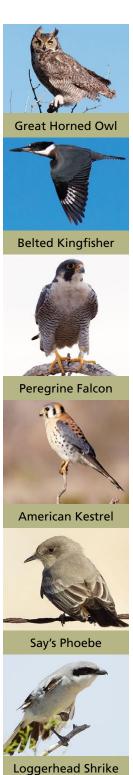
Resident

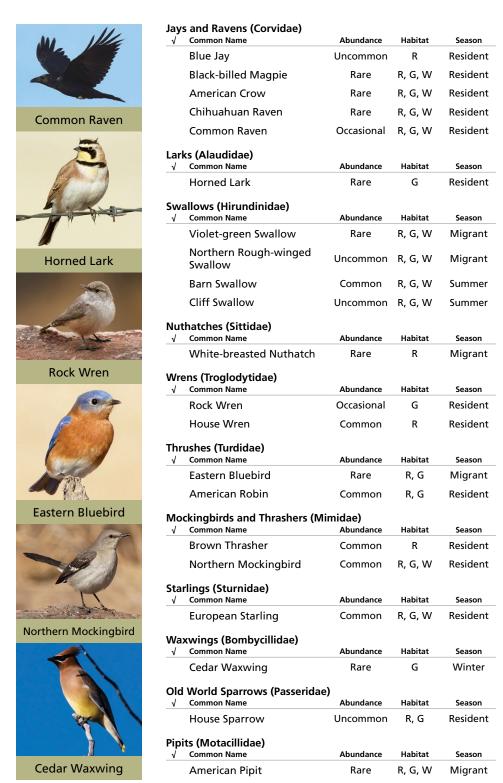
Summer

Season

Resident

Typical Owls (Strigidae) √ Common Name	Abundance	Habitat	Season
Western Screech-Owl	Rare	R	Resident
Great Horned Owl	Rare	R, G	Resident
Burrowing Owl	Rare	G	Resident
Kingfishers (Alcedinidae) √ Common Name	Abundance	Habitat	Season
Belted Kingfisher	Rare	R, W	Migrant
Woodpeckers and Allies (Picidae) √ Common Name	Abundance	Habitat	Season
Lewis's Woodpecker	Rare	R	Migrant
Red-headed Woodpecker	Common	R	Resident
Downy Woodpecker	Uncommon	R	Resident
Ladder-backed Woodpecker	Rare	R	Resident
Hairy Woodpecker	Occasional	R	Resident
Northern Flicker	Common	R	Resident
Falcons (Falconidae) √ Common Name	Abundance	Habitat	Season
American Kestrel	Common	R, G, W	Resident
Merlin	Rare	R, G	Migrant
Peregrine Falcon	Rare	G, W	Migrant
Prairie Falcon	Rare	G, W	Winter
Tyrant Flycatchers (Tyrannidae) √ Common Name	Abundance	Habitat	Season
Ash-throated Flycatcher	Uncommon	R, G, W	Summer
Great Crested Flycatcher	Rare	R	Summer
Cassin's Kingbird	Rare	R, G, W	Summer
Western Kingbird	Common	R, G, W	Summer
Eastern Kingbird	Common	R, G, W	Summer
Western Wood-Pewee	Uncommon	R, W	Migrant
Willow Flycatcher	Rare	R, W	Migrant
Say's Phoebe	Rare	G, W	Resident
Shrikes (Laniidae) √ Common Name	Abundance	Habitat	Season
Loggerhead Shrike	Rare	G	Migrant
Vireos (Vireonidae) √ Common Name	Abundance	Habitat	Season
White-eyed Vireo	Rare	R	Migrant
Bell's Vireo	Rare	R	Summer
Warbling Vireo	Uncommon	R	Migrant
Red-eyed Vireo	Occasional	R	Migrant





√	ches (Fringillidae) Common Name	Abundance	Habitat	Season
	House Finch	Rare	R, G, W	Resident
	Lesser Goldfinch	Uncommon	R, G, W	Resident
	American Goldfinch	Uncommon	R, G, W	Migrant
los	w World Sparrows and Towh	oos (Passoroll	idaa)	
vev √	Common Name	Abundance	Habitat	Season
	Cassin's Sparrow	Common	G	Summer
	Grasshopper Sparrow	Occasional	G	Migrant
	Lark Sparrow	Common	R, G, W	Resident
	Lark Bunting	Rare	G	Migrant
	Chipping Sparrow	Uncommon	R, G, W	Migrant
	Spotted Towhee	Rare	R	Migrant
	low-breasted Chat (Icteriidae	•		
√	Common Name Yellow-breasted Chat	Abundance	Habitat	Season
	renow-preasted Chat	Common	R, W	Summer
lao √	ckbirds, Orioles, and Allies (I Common Name	cteridae) Abundance	Habitat	Season
	Yellow-headed Blackbird	Rare	R, G, W	Migrant
	Western Meadowlark	Common	G	Resident
	Orchard Oriole	Uncommon	R, W	Summer
	Bullock's Oriole	Common	R, W	Summer
	Red-winged Blackbird	Common	R, G, W	Resident
	Brown-headed Cowbird	Common	R, G, W	Summer
	Brewer's Blackbird	Uncommon	R, G, W	Resident
	Common Grackle	Uncommon	R, G, W	Resident
	Great-tailed Grackle	Uncommon	R, G, W	Resident
	18/ a 1 18/ a 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
ıev √	w World Warblers (Parulidae Common Name) Abundance	Habitat	Season
	Common Yellowthroat	Common	R, W	Summer
	Yellow Warbler	Common	R, W	Summer
	Yellow-rumped Warbler	Uncommon	R	Migrant
Pira √	anga Tanagers, Cardinals and Common Name	l Allies (Cardir	nalidae) Habitat	Season
v	Western Tanager	Rare	R, G, W	Migrant
	Black-headed Grosbeak	Uncommon	R, G, W	Migrant
	Blue Grosbeak	Common	R, G, W	Summer
		Rare	R, G, W	Summer
	Lazuli Bunting	Rare		
	Indigo Bunting Dickcissel	Rare	R, G, W G, W	Migrant Migrant
			-,	

Blue Grosbeak

National Park Service U.S. Department of the Interior

Southern Plains Inventory & Monitoring Network Natural Resource Stewardship and Science



Bent's Old Fort National Historic Site commemorates the role that this trading post played in the "opening of the West." It features a reconstruction of an 1830s–1840s adobe post located on the Santa Fe Trail where traders, trappers, travelers, and the Cheyenne, Arapaho, and other tribes peacefully came together for trade.

The historic site contains 799 acres along the Arkansas River in southeastern Colorado. The native flora and fauna of the river bottoms, wetlands, and grasslands surrounding Bent's Old Fort help visitors "step back in time," and provide important habitat for birds. More

than 120 species of birds have been identified in the historic site.

The 1.5-mile hiking trail is the best place to observe birds in the park as it goes along the Arkansas River and by the Arch wetland, a large marsh. Cottonwood stands provide important habitat for Great Horned Owls, Wild Turkeys, Northern Bobwhites, and Red-headed Woodpeckers. Red-winged Blackbirds utilize the wetland year-round and Mallards, Snow Geese, and Canada Geese can be found there in the winter. Burrowing Owls, Northern Harriers, Horned Larks, and Loggerhead Shrikes utilize the area's grasslands.

