Apomation Court Hanse De The Bearer Min. J.J. mc Cargo of Co. R" Right of Va Infandry, a Parolea Presin if he army of horthur birginia, hos/umilio his home, and There remain undistant Fitzgeraid She Comby 23 Tregt Va

APCO 4247-01 Parole Pass of J. J. McCargo

Appomattox Court House April10th 1865

The Bearer Private J. J. McCargo of Company "K", 23rd Regiment of VA. Infantry, a paroled prisoner of the Army of Northern Virginia, has permission to go to his home & there remain undisturbed J. P. Fitzgerald, Lieutenant Colonel Commanding 23rd Regt., VA Infantry

Transcription of J. J. McCargo Parole Pass

Ro. !! Office Provost Marshal, Charlotte los # aug 7th 1865. John phebasgo of Charlotte County, State of Unguna, do solemnly swear, (or affirm), in presence of Almighty God, that I will henceforth faithfully support and defend the Constitution of the United States and the Union of the States thereunder, and that I will, in like manner, abide by and faithfully support all laws and proclamations which have been made during the existing Rebellion, with reference to the emancipation of Slaves-So HELP ME GOD. Juo Jellaryo I Certify, That the above Oath was administered by, and signed before me, this youth day of any . 1865, in obedience to the Amnesty Proclamation of the President of the United States, dated May 29th 1865. Timas M. Butts gard find Hasst Provos Marriad.

APCO 4248-01 Oath of Allegiance for J.J. McCargo

Gibbon, John. Personal Recollections of the Civil War, New York, G. P. Putnam's Sons. 1928

... After talking a little while, Gen. Grant beckoned me forward ... Gen. Grant said "Gen. Lee is desirous that his officers and men should have on their persons some evidence that they are paroled prisoners, so that they will not be disturbed," upon which Gen. Lee remarked that he desired to do simply what was in his power to protect his men from anything disagreeable. I said I thought that could be arranged, as I had a small printing press and could have blank forms struck off which could be filled in and one given to each officer and man of the army, signed by their own officers and distributed as required. To this he assented. . .

... My corps press was at once set to work to print off the requisite number of blank paroles but it soon became apparent that our few printers would speedily break down at the task, some 30,000 blanks being required. The Adjutant General reported that the press would have to be run all night and probably all the next day. I, therefore, directed him to send out and make a detail of the necessary number of printers to supply relays for the press until the job was finished. This was done; we obtained all the printers we wanted and the next day the paroles were ready for distribution. If we had needed fifty watch makers or blacksmiths, I presume we could have had them just as readily. . .

... By the 12th, nearly the whole army had been paroled and most of the officers and men had left for their homes. Polls in duplicate had been prepared of the different commands and on the backs of these was placed a printed slip duly filled out and signed by the commanding officer. The statement was then signed by General Geo. H. Sharpe the Assistant Provost Marshal, each party keeping a copy. Such officers as did not belong to any particular organization, signed the parole for themselves.

In addition, each officer and man, when he separated from his command, was given one of the paroles to which I have referred after it was properly filled out and signed by his immediate commanding officer...