

**World War II
Aleut Relocation Camps
in Southeast Alaska**

Charles M. Mobley

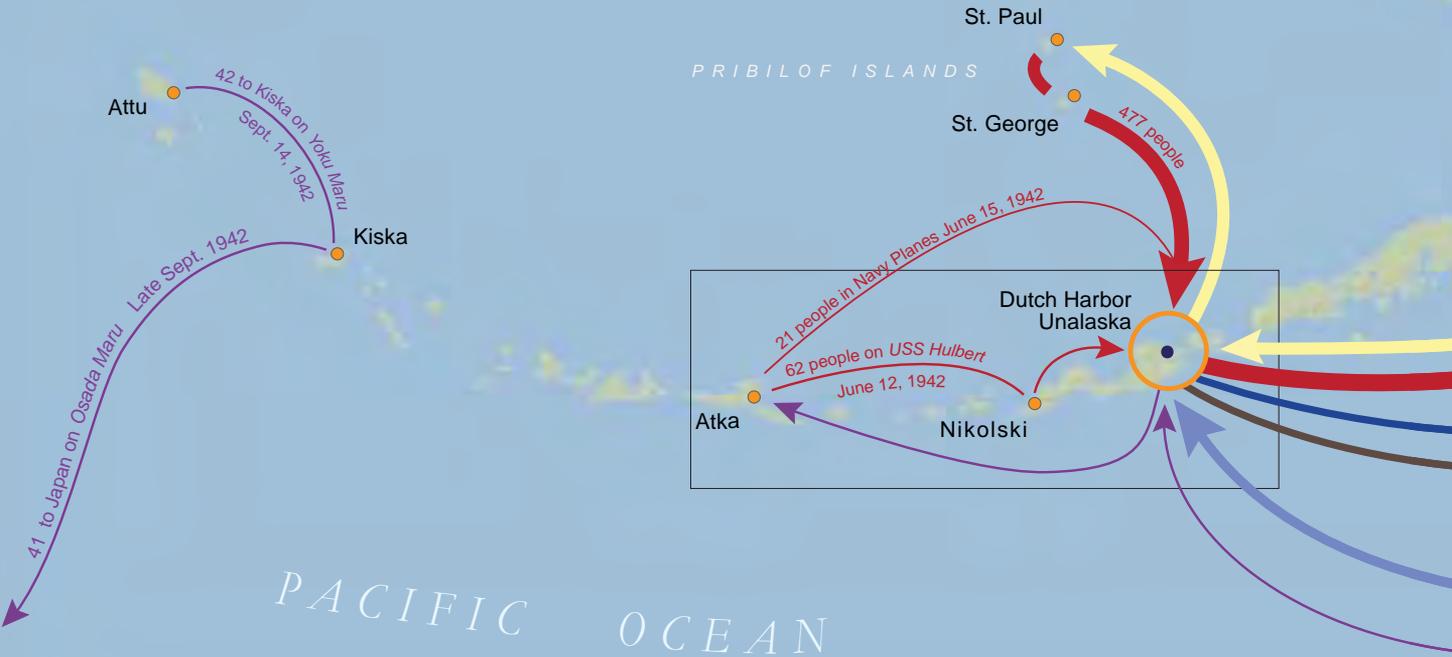
WW II ALEUTIAN ISLANDS RESETTLEMENT

- **USAT David W. Branch (April 15-17, 1945)**
 - 1st stop Akutan: Former residents of Akutan, Kashega, and Biorka disembark
 - 2nd stop Unalaska: Former residents of Unalaska and Makushin disembark
 - 3rd stop Chernofski Harbor: Former residents of Nikolski disembark, board scow to Nikolski
 - 4th stop Atka: Former residents of Atka disembark
- **USAT David W. Branch (December 12-19, 1945)**
Former Attu Residents

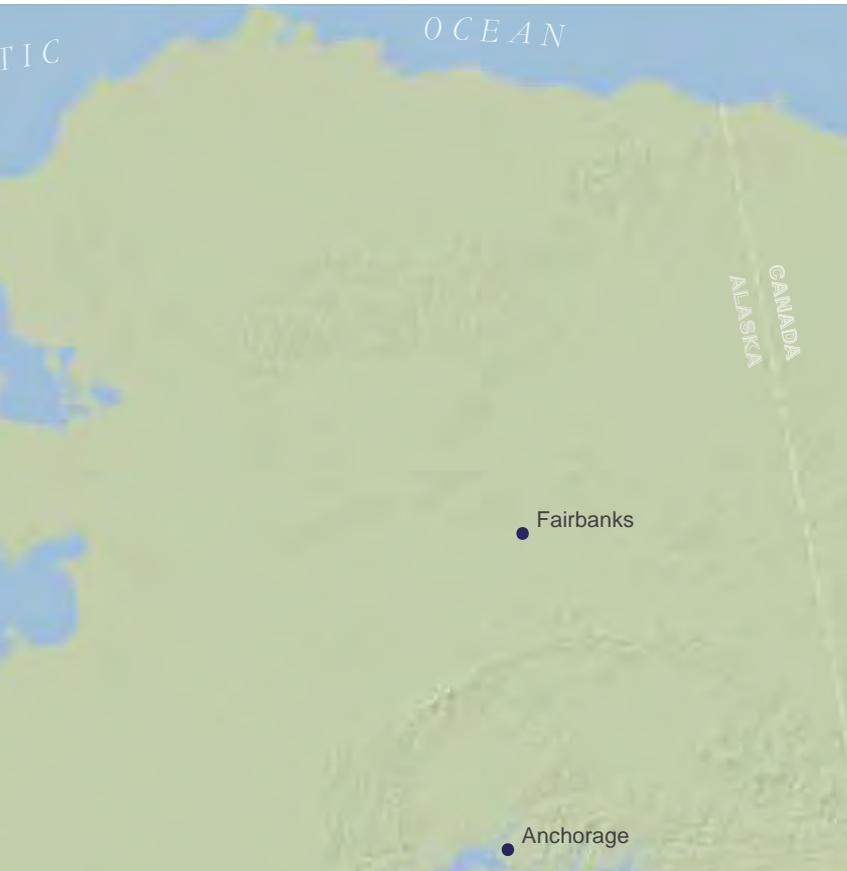


BERING SEA

PRIBILOF ISLANDS

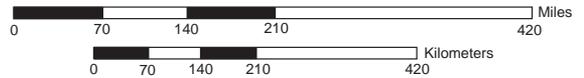


PACIFIC OCEAN

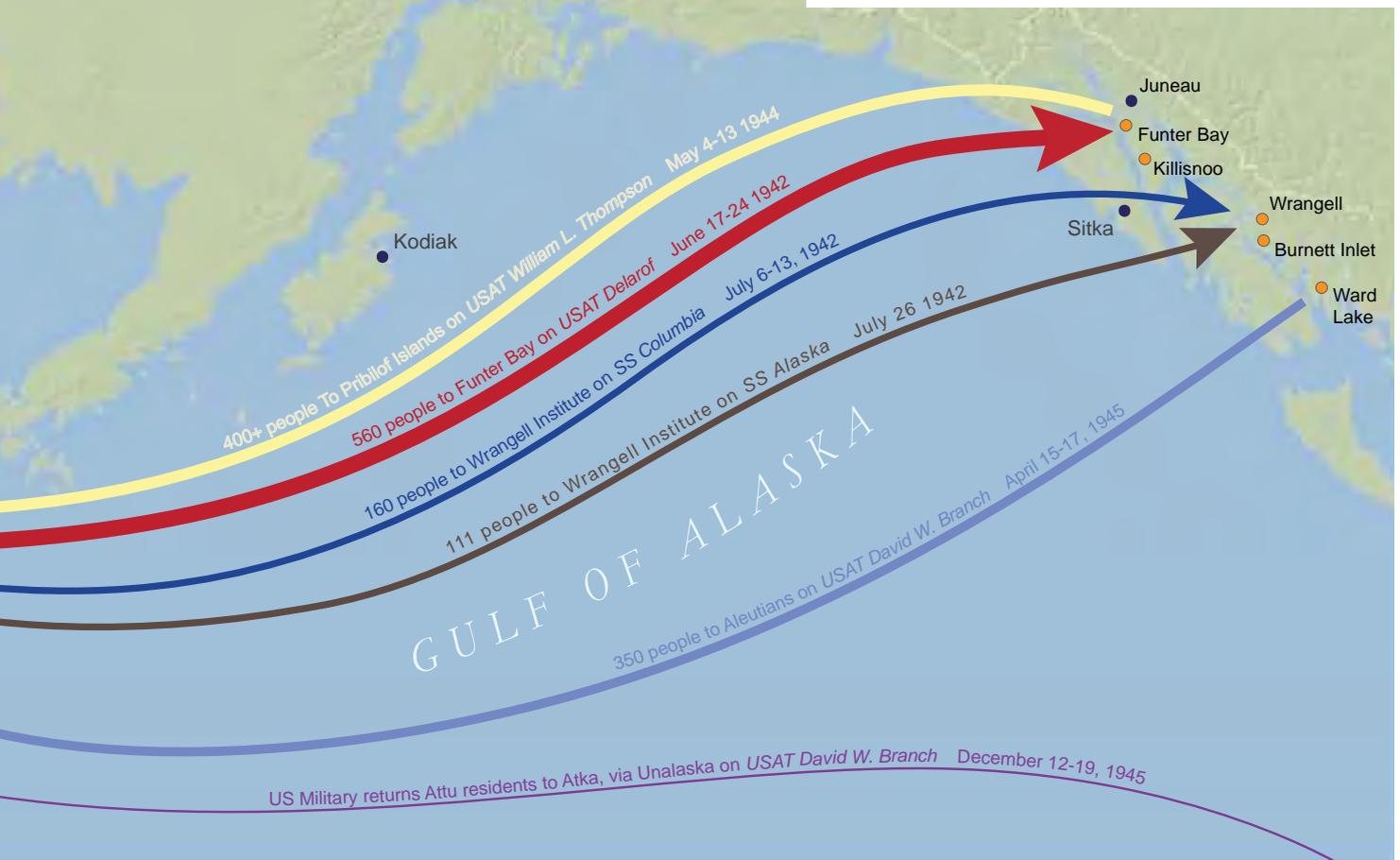


WW II ALEUT RELOCATION AND RESETTLEMENT

- █ First evacuation: *St. Paul, St. George, Atka*
- █ Second evacuation: *Nikolski, Chernofski, Akutan, Kashega, Biorka, and Makushin*
- █ Third evacuation: *Unalaska*
- █ Attu Islanders captured by Japanese are taken to Japan for the duration of the war and were returned not to their village but to Atka.
- █ First return: *St. Paul and St. George*
- █ Second return: *Nikolski, Chernofski, Akutan, Kashega, Biorka, Makushin, Unalaska and Atka*
- Villages and Camps
- Cities and Towns



Projection NAD 1983 Albers
 Base image from Circumpolar 30 Sec Shaded Relief
 compiled by USGS EROS Data Center
 National Park Service 2012



World War II Aleut Relocation Camps in Southeast Alaska

Charles M. Mobley

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In 1996 Congress designated the Aleutian World War II National Historic Area to interpret, educate, and inspire present and future generations about the history of the Unangan (Aleut) and the Aleutian Islands in the defense of the United States in World War II. In a unique arrangement, the Aleutian World War II National Historic Area and visitor center are owned and managed by the Ounalashka Corporation (the village corporation for Unalaska) and the National Park Service provides them with technical assistance. Through this cooperative partnership, the Unangax are the keepers of their history and invite the public to learn more about their past and present.

[FRONT COVER]

Two government-owned baidars, or traditional Aleut boats, were brought from the Pribilofs and used at Funter Bay. They were subsequently shared with Atkans at Killisnoo.

Alaska State Library Butler/Dale collection PCA 306-1093

[TITLE PAGE]

Pribilof villagers arrive at the Funter Bay cannery, June 24, 1942.

Aleutian Pribilof Islands Association Anatoly Lekanof, Jr. collection

[PAGES ii-iii]

Map of the Aleut relocation and resettlement. Width of arrows is proportional to the number of evacuees transported.

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except the Ward Lake CCC camp, for which photograph dates are 2011)

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