

Resources Created for Lesson Plan Three:

- Lesson plan process
- Evaluation Rubric
- Website links
- Diamante instructions
- Student worksheets
 - a. Trivia Quiz #1 and answers
 - b. Trivia Quiz #2 and answers
 - c. Family Tree Activity
 - d. Trivia Statements

Abraham Lincoln's Kentucky Influences

Lesson Overview:

Abraham Lincoln was a very important president at a very critical time in American history. He was born in Kentucky and many of the people who influenced his life were also from Kentucky. Your product should give your readers/viewers insight into his life and any Kentucky influences you found in your research. Each student will have an opportunity to present their media pieces and we will have an opportunity to read the printed media.

Procedures:

You should research and record interesting information from books, magazines, or the list of websites.

This information will be helpful in creating your timeline, feature article, brochure, diamante, movie maker, or PowerPoint.

For example:

Assemble a 2 column feature article in Microsoft Word and your stories in your own words. If you use direct quotes, make sure to put them in quotation marks. Remember to cite your sources of quotes and any information you used. As editor, you have full control about what is included in your paper, including appropriate pictures to convey your story. The same process can be used to organize your thoughts as in a writers' journal.

You may write on:

- Lincoln's life
- Lincoln's Kentucky Connections
- Slaves and/or the Underground Railroad
- Gettysburg Address & Emancipation Proclamation
- Influences made by Mary Todd Lincoln
- Influences from Henry Clay
- Time Capsule: Freedom in the Year 2000

Make sure you keep record of sources for your bibliography.

Lists of Suggested Tasks:

1. Make a timeline of significant events in Abraham Lincoln's life and their Kentucky connections. Were there also people from Kentucky who may have been primary or secondary sources?
or
2. Collect interesting facts about President Lincoln's life in Kentucky and include a photo. Turn this into a feature article, brochure, diamante, movie maker or a PowerPoint presentation.
or
3. Discuss the Emancipation Proclamation, using any of the media forms listed in #2. In the presentation, discuss what was going on in Kentucky with slavery during this time (You may even consider given a first person account of a slave traveling the Underground Railroad).

Abraham Lincoln's Kentucky Influences

Evaluation Process:

Students will be evaluated on their Feature Article.

See the teacher if you have any questions. GOOD LUCK and HAVE FUN!

EXPECTATIONS & SCORING RUBRIC:

Feature Article must contain:

- 1) Introduction and conclusion paragraphs, supported by at least THREE (3) specific points in detail. SCORING: 15 POINTS _____
- 2) The body of the article should be 5 paragraphs, minimum, but can be longer. It should be clearly written and factual. SCORING: 25 POINTS _____
- 3) The article should have no spelling/grammatical errors. One point marked off for every spelling/grammar mistake SCORING: 15 POINTS. _____
- 4) Content needs to be accurate and written in your own words. Quotes need to be placed in quotation marks and cited. No plagiarism!! SCORING: 15 POINTS. _____
- 5) The feature article shall be two columns, typed, Times New Roman 12 point font, and have one inch margins. SCORING: 10 POINTS, for including all four criteria. _____
- 5) At least two properly cited sources. SCORING: 10 POINTS. _____
- 6) At least two pictures/illustrations with captions (also cite sources of pictures in the bibliography). SCORING: 10 POINTS. _____

****100 POINTS TOTAL**** for the Feature Article: **Total of Points Received.** _____

Abraham Lincoln

Websites

- Lincoln Home-Illinois
<http://www.nps.gov/liho>
- Abraham Lincoln
<http://www.whitehouse.gov/history/presidents/al16.html>
- Lincoln Memorial
<http://www.nps.gov/linc/>
- Lincoln Boyhood home:
<http://www.nps.gov/libo/index.htm>
- Lincoln Boyhood Administrative History
<http://www.nps.gov/archive/libo/adhi/adhi1.htm>
- Mary Todd Lincoln House:
<http://www.nps.gov/history/nr/travel/lexington/mtl.htm>
- Lincoln Home National Historic Site:
<http://www.nps.gov/liho/index.htm>
- Abraham Lincoln Bicentennial Information
<http://www.lincolnbicentennial.gov/>
- Abraham Lincoln Virtual Website
<http://lcweb2.loc.gov/ammem/alhtml/>
- Abraham Lincoln's Papers at the Library of Congress
<http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/alhtml/malhome.html>
- Index of Slave Narratives
<http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/snhtml/>
- Index of Slave Narratives
<http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/snhtml/snhome.html>
- Lincoln on Slavery
<http://www.nps.gov/archive/liho/slavery/al01.htm>

- Selected Civil War Photographs

<http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/cwphtml/cwphome.html>

- Civil War Timeline

<http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/cwphtml/tl1861.html>

Interactive Websites

- Honest Abe Quiz

http://www.lincolnbicentennial.gov/for-kids/honest-abe-quiz/default.aspx?ekmense1=c580fa7b_12_76_btnlink

- White House Kids Page: Abraham Lincoln

<http://www.whitehouse.gov/kids/presidents/abrahamlincoln.html>

Diamante Instructions:

A Diamante is a type of poem used to contrast opposites.

Line 1: One-word subject: noun, must be opposite of line seven

Line 2: two words: adjectives about line one.

Line 3: three words: participles: words about first line ending in -ing or -ed.

Line 4: Four words: 2 nouns about line 1 and 2 nouns about line 7

Line 5: three words: participles: words about last line ending in -ing or ed

Line 6: two words: adjectives about line seven

Line 7: One-word subject: noun, must be opposite of line one.

Let me show you.

NOUN

ADJECTIVE, ADJECTIVE

___ ING, ___ ING, ___ ING

NOUN (TOP), NOUN (TOP), NOUN (BOTTOM), NOUN (BOTTOM)

___ ED, ___ ED, ___ ED

ADJECTIVE, ADJECTIVE

NOUN

Sample:

NOON

SUNNY, WARM

EATING, RUNNING, PLAYING

LUNCHTIME, RECESS, BED, DREAMS

SLEEPING, DREAMING, SNORING

DARK, SLEEPY

MIDNIGHT

Lesson Plan Three
Testing Your Knowledge #1

Multiple Choice regarding Abraham Lincoln and his connections to Kentucky:

1. _____ Abraham Lincoln's ancestors were
 - (a) English
 - (b) Polish
 - (c) Dutch
 - (d) Russian

2. _____ Lincoln's birthplace is located in the state of
 - (a) Illinois
 - (b) Indiana
 - (c) Ohio
 - (d) Kentucky

3. _____ Lincoln's father
 - (a) Owned several slaves
 - (b) Opposed slavery
 - (c) Believed that slavery was good for the nation
 - (d) Took his family to Indiana where he could own more slaves

4. _____ The first Lincolns to settle in the New World arrived in the colony of
 - (a) Rhode Island
 - (b) Missouri
 - (c) Massachusetts
 - (d) Connecticut

5. _____ At one time Kentucky was a part of the colony of
 - (a) Virginia
 - (b) Massachusetts
 - (c) South Carolina
 - (d) Georgia

6. _____ To enter Kentucky the Lincoln family crossed the Appalachian/Blue Ridge Mountains and entered the area through
 - (a) The Erie Canal
 - (b) The Apian Way
 - (c) The Suez Canal
 - (d) The Cumberland Gap

7. ____ While spending time in the colony of Pennsylvania, the Lincolns intermarried with a family by the name of
- (a) Roosevelt
 - (b) Boone
 - (c) Eisenhower
 - (d) Washington
8. ____ To visit the Lincoln Memorial one would visit the city of
- (a) Hodgenville, Kentucky
 - (b) Springfield, Missouri
 - (c) Elizabethtown, Kentucky
 - (d) Springfield, Illinois
9. ____ Abraham Lincoln was born in the year
- (a) 1820
 - (b) 1854
 - (c) 1809
 - (d) 1812
10. ____ The year 2009 marks the Bicentennial of Abraham Lincoln's
- (a) Birth
 - (b) Assassination
 - (c) Marriage
 - (d) Gettysburg Address
11. ____ The early childhood years of Lincoln were spent in the state of
- (a) Illinois
 - (b) Ohio
 - (c) Indiana
 - (d) Kentucky
12. ____ For the most part Abraham Lincoln's formal education
- (a) Was done online
 - (b) Was very limited
 - (c) Ended with a college degree
 - (d) Involved the use of many textbooks
13. ____ Abraham Lincoln's mother was named
- (a) Ann Rutledge
 - (b) Mary Smith
 - (c) Mary Todd
 - (d) Nancy Hanks

14. _____ Abraham Lincoln has often been referred to as
- (a) Honest Abe
 - (b) Abe, the Great
 - (c) Lazy Abe
 - (d) The Great Fighter
15. _____ In reflecting back upon Lincoln's life one can conclude that
- (a) He rose from humble beginnings
 - (b) His family amassed a great amount of wealth in Kentucky
 - (c) He believed that every one should have slaves
 - (d) He developed into a person who did not want to be around people
16. _____ Thomas Lincoln, Abraham's father was talented as a
- (a) River boatman
 - (b) Surveyor
 - (c) Carpenter
 - (d) Auctioneer
17. _____ Abraham Lincoln's grandfather, Captain Abraham Lincoln served in the militia during the American Revolution from the colony of
- (a) Virginia
 - (b) Pennsylvania
 - (c) Maryland
 - (d) Massachusetts
18. _____ Which of the following crops produced on the Lincoln farm served as a source of food for both the family and livestock?
- (a) Cotton
 - (b) Corn
 - (c) Tobacco
 - (d) Hemp
19. _____ What book served as an important source for teaching pioneer children as well as for learning religious doctrine?
- (a) The Bible
 - (b) A Tale of Two Cities
 - (c) Uncle Tom's Cabin
 - (d) Call of the Wild
20. _____ Which of the following tools was not utilized by Thomas Lincoln in the construction of the family cabin near Hodgen's Mill?
- (a) Drawing Knife
 - (b) Axe
 - (c) Broad Axe
 - (d) Electric table saw

Testing your Knowledge #1 Answers:

1. A
2. D
3. B
4. C
5. A
6. D
7. B
8. A
9. C
10. A
11. D
12. B
13. D
14. A
15. A
16. C
17. D
18. B
19. A
20. D

Lesson Plan Three

Testing Your Knowledge #2

True False:

1. ____ Abraham Lincoln considered Henry Clay of Ashland, Kentucky a prime example of what a good statesman should be.
2. ____ One of Lincoln's favorite past times was that of a large game hunter.
3. ____ Lincoln considered himself a self-made man.
4. ____ Abraham Lincoln's parents were both born in Virginia.
5. ____ Lincoln described his life as "the short and simple annals of the poor."
6. ____ Between the years 1831 and 1841 Abraham Lincoln worked at a total of ten various occupations.
7. ____ Abraham Lincoln was well-known outside the State of Illinois by the year 1850.
8. ____ Lincoln was known for his story telling and rail splitting experiences.
9. ____ Lincoln had a sense that his destiny was controlled by some larger force.
10. ____ The first Lincolns of Abraham Lincoln's lineage entered the United States from Hingham, England in 1637.
11. ____ Abraham Lincoln pursued self-education all of his life.
12. ____ Abraham Lincoln invented Lincoln Logs®
13. ____ Abraham Lincoln's father was opposed to slavery.
14. ____ Lincoln was named Abraham after his grandfather.
15. ____ Lincoln was born at the Sinking Spring Farm.
16. ____ The second farm where Abraham Lincoln lived was known as the Knob Creek Farm.
17. ____ Lincoln's birth mother was Nancy Hanks.
18. ____ At one time the state of Kentucky was a part of West Virginia.
19. ____ The Cumberland Gap was one of the most convenient places to pass through if one sought to enter Kentucky or Tennessee.
20. ____ The exploration of early explorers like Thomas Walker and Daniel Boone and their stories of the wonders of Kentucky encouraged Virginians and others to migrate into that area.
21. ____ One of the major problems facing the Lincolns in Kentucky was that of obtaining clear land titles.
22. ____ Thomas Lincoln owned slaves.
23. ____ Thomas Lincoln believed that his family would have better opportunities in Indiana, a free territory, where a number of Kentuckians had already settled
24. ____ The Lincolns moved to Indiana from Kentucky in December, 1816 and settled in the region near Little Pigeon Creek.
25. ____ Abraham Lincoln had less than a year's formal schooling during his Kentucky years.
26. ____ President Lincoln's in-laws supported the South during the Civil War.
27. ____ The Lincoln family became an example of how the Civil War split families apart.

Testing Your Knowledge #2 Answers

1. T
2. F
3. T
4. T
5. T
6. T
7. F
8. T
9. T
10. T
11. T
12. F
13. T
14. T
15. T
16. T
17. T
18. F
19. T
20. T
21. T
22. F
23. T
24. T
25. T
26. T
27. T

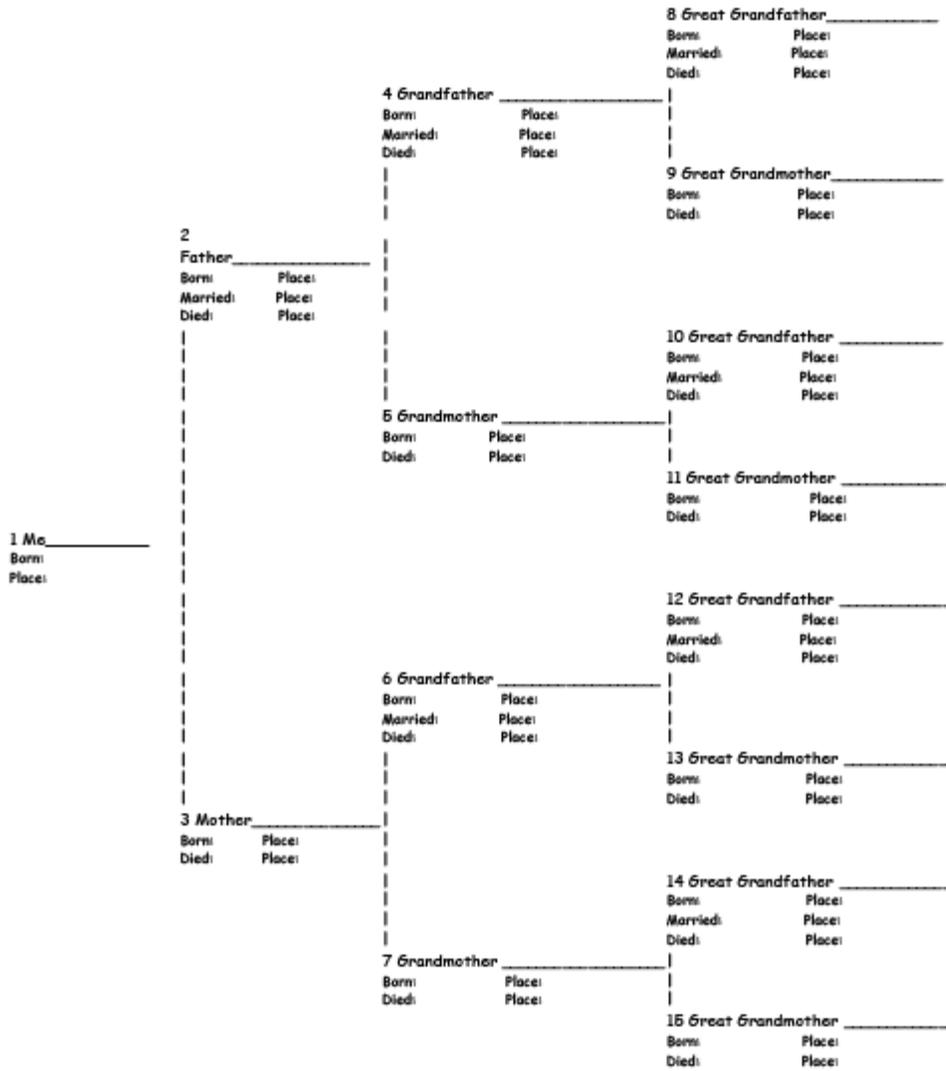
2. His favorite pastime was reading.
7. Lincoln became well known after his debates with Douglas in 1858
12. He does have a patent for lifting ships over shoals, however.
18. At one time Kentucky was part of Virginia.
22. Thomas Lincoln never owned slaves.

Abraham Lincoln's Family Tree:

Review attached Abraham Lincoln's Family Tree (descendents)* or search websites for Abraham Lincoln's Ancestral Family Tree

Then create a family tree of your own:

Ancestor Chart



L·I·N·C·O·L·N

FAMILY TREE



m. 1842

Abraham Lincoln
1809-1865



Mary Todd
1818-1882



Robert Todd
1843-1926

Mary Harlan
m. 1868

Edward "Eddie"
1846-1850



William "Willie"
1850-1862



Thomas "Tad"
1853-1871



Mary "Mamie"
1869-1938

Charles Isham
m. 1891



Abraham "Jack"
1873-1890



Jessie Harlan
1875-1948

Warren Beckwith
m. 1897



Lincoln Isham
1892-1971



Mary "Peggy"
Lincoln Beckwith
1898-1975



Robert Todd
Lincoln Beckwith
1904-1985

Trivia Questions:

1. What were the names of Abraham Lincoln's four sons? [Answer: Robert Todd Lincoln (1843-1926); Edward Baker Lincoln (1846-50); William Wallace Lincoln (1850-62); Thomas "Tad" Lincoln (1853-71)]
2. What was Lincoln's nickname and how did he come by it? [Answer: "Honest Abe"]
3. What school did Abraham Lincoln attend? [Answer: He had no formal education]
4. What other political positions did Lincoln hold? [Answer: Elected to Illinois State Legislature, 1834; Member of U.S. House of Representatives, 1847-49]

Of Note:

Lincoln was the first president to die by assassination.

Abraham Lincoln was shot while watching a performance of "Our American Cousin" at Ford's Theatre in Washington, D.C. The same play was also running at the McVerick Theatre in Chicago on May 18, 1860, the day Lincoln was nominated for president in that city.

The contents of his pockets on the night of his assassination weren't revealed until February 12, 1976. They contained two pairs of spectacles, a chamois lens cleaner, an ivory and silver pocketknife, a large white Irish linen handkerchief, slightly used, with "A. Lincoln" embroidered in red, a gold quartz watch fob without a watch, a new silk-lined, leather wallet containing a pencil, a Confederate five-dollar bill, and news clippings of unrest in the Confederate army, emancipation in Missouri, the Union party platform of 1864, and an article on the presidency by John Bright.

At 6 foot, 4 inches, Lincoln was the tallest president.

Abraham Lincoln's mother, Nancy Hanks Lincoln, died when the family cow ate poisonous white snakeroot plants. She then drank the poisoned milk from the cow and died.

Lincoln had a wart on his right cheek, a scar on his thumb from an ax accident, and a scar over his right eye from a fight with a gang of thieves.

Mrs. Lincoln's brother, half-brothers, and brothers-in-law fought in the Confederate Army.

Lincoln was the only president to receive a patent, for a device for lifting boats over shoals.

He was the first president to have a beard.

During the Civil War, telegraph wires were strung to follow the action on the battlefield. But there was no telegraph office in the White House, so Lincoln went across the street to the War Department to get the news.

He was the first president to be photographed at his inauguration. John Wilkes Booth (his assassin) can be seen standing close to Lincoln in the picture.

Lincoln and his wife held séances in the White House. They had great interest in psychic phenomena.

His son, Robert, who was in Washington when his father was killed, was also on the scene when Garfield was shot in 1881 and McKinley was assassinated in 1901.

Abraham Lincoln was the first president to be born outside of the original thirteen colonies.

Lincoln loved the works of Edgar Allan Poe.

When Abraham Lincoln was running for president, he got a letter from 11-year-old Grace Bedell saying that he would look better with a beard. Lincoln took her advice. Did it help him get elected? We don't know. But on his way to Washington, DC for the inauguration, Lincoln stopped off to visit Grace in her hometown of Westfield, NY.

Lincoln married Mary Todd on 4 Nov 1842. They had four sons. Mary had four brothers who fought for the South in the Civil War. Some people thought Mary Todd Lincoln was a spy for the South.