

Historic Preservation

This year the Point Reyes National Seashore's Historic Preservation Crew completed work on fifteen projects including four out of the park.

The crew completed roofing work on the McIsaac Ranch water tank, the Randall House and the Laird's Landing Shed / Boathouse. Stabilization work was completed on the D Ranch Old Milking Barn. Repair work was completed on the Teixeira Ranch Horse Barn, Teixeira Ranch Old Milking Barn, RCA Receiving Station Antenna Towers, Pierce Ranch Picket Fence and D Ranch Horse Barn siding. The Pierce Ranch Picket Fence and D Ranch Horse Barn were then painted by contract, as was the Wilkins Ranch Creamery Roof and the RCA Transmitting Station in Bolinas.

The crew also fabricated a new oak doorway sill / threshold for the Marine Railway contract work that was underway at the Life Saving Station Boathouse.

Outside the park, the crew completed stabilization and clean up work on a number of structures at the Death Valley Mine complex in Mojave National Preserve, worked with the Historic Preservation Training Center staff on masonry projects at Allegheny Portage Railroad National Historic Site (Pennsylvania) and Grey Towers National Historic Site (Maryland) and assisted Grant – Kohrs Ranch National Historic Site (Montana) staff in completing painting and roofing projects on a number of structures.

The archaeology program was characterized by field work and reporting. Under cooperative agreement Sonoma State University completed a 300-acre survey and geo-archaeological testing project for the coastal dune restoration project at Abbotts Lagoon. No new sites were discovered and one unknown shipwreck fragment was found and documented. A 110-acre survey of Olema Marsh was completed for the Giacomini Wetlands restoration project by the park archaeologist; no new sites were discovered. The park's VIP Archaeological Site Steward monitored and reported on three archaeological sites of concern, resolved documentation errors for two others, and with the archaeologist attempted to relocate a buried site through soils augering. In addition, the park updated 20 site condition assessments, in part through an ongoing cooperative agreement with Sonoma State University to produce a National Register district nomination for prehistoric sites. Archaeological work was coordinated with the park's affiliated Tribe, the Federated Indians of Graton Rancheria.



Preservation crew member at work

