Form No. 15-306 (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# ATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

August 1975

Omaha

U. S. Department of the Interior,

DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS

CITY TOWN

FOR NPS USE OF	1LY
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XFEDERAL \_STATE \_COUNTY \_LOCAL

National Fark Service

Midwest Regional Office

STATE

Nebraska

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	- NUMINATION F	DATE	DATE ENTERED 1110			
FOR FE	DERAL PROPERTIES	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	91	9-77		
SEE IN	STRUCTIONS IN HOW TO TYPE ALL ENTRIES C	O <i>COMPLETE NATION</i> COMPLETE APPLICAB	IAL REGISTER FORM. LE SECTIONS	S		
NAME						
HISTORIC						
Grand	Portage National Mor	ument				
AND/OR COMMON						
LOCATION						
STREET & NUMBER		,				
P.O. B	ox 666	í	_NOT FOR PUBLICATION			
CITY, TOWN			CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	RICT		
Grand	1.1CFT CATE CO.	VICINITY OF	8th			
STATE Minnes		code 27	county Cook	0.31		
CLASSIFICA						
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE		
XDISTRICT	XPUBLIC	X OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	X MUSEUM		
BUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	_UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	X PARK		
STRUCTURE	_вотн	X WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC		
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS		
OBJECT	_IN PROCESS	XYES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	_SCIENTIFIC		
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	_INDUSTRIAL	_TRANSPORTATION		
		_NO	MILITARY	OTHER		
A AGENCY						
regional headquar Mi dwes	TERS <i>III applicable)</i> t Regional Uffice, N	ational Park Serv	ri <b>c</b> e			
STREET & NUMBER						
1709 J	ackson Street					
CITY, TOWN			STATE	•		
Omaha		VICINITY OF	Nebraska	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION				
COURTHOUSE REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ET	c Midwest Regional C	office, National F	ark Service	÷		
STREET & NUMBER	1709 Jackson Stree	t				
CITY TOWN			STATE			
	Omaha	1	Nebraska			
REPRESENT	TATION IN EXISTI	NG SURVEYS				
TITLE						
	f Classified Structu	ires				
DATE						

## **DESCRIPTION**

### CONDITION

**CHECK ONE** 

CHECK ONE

X\_EXCELLENT

\_DETERIORATED

\_\_UNALTERED

X\_ORIGINAL SITE

X\_GOOD X\_FAIR X.RUINS X.UNEXPOSED XALTERED

\_\_MOVED DATE\_\_\_\_

### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Grand Portage was designated a national historic site in 1951. Nine years later Congress established Grand Portage National Monument. The monument includes the sites of the North West Company's Fur Trading post on Grand Portage and at Fort Charlotte as well as the nine-mile portage trail that connects the two.

Grand Portage National Monument lies entirely within the Grand Portage Indian Reservation in Cook county, Minnesota, within a few miles of the northwest tip of the state.

Although the original virgin forests the voyageurs knew have long since been cut, the Grand Portage passes through dense, second-growth woodland, showing no evidence of human habitation. Thus, the traveler who follows the old trail sees it much as it must have been two centuries ago.

The reconstructed structures that remain at Grand Portage National Monument represent only a small percentage of the buildings that once occupied the site of the fur emporium of the North West Company and its competitors. Most of the structures which once existed at Grand Portage were built in the French 'poteaux sur sole' or post-on-sill type of construction, at times referred to as the Canadian style or Canadian frame construction.

the following reconstructions of historic structures and one late-period historic building state of the state

HS 1 GREAT HALL - This reconstruction replaces a previous one which was built in 1939-1940 and later burned. The fire, though it destroyed many artifacts, provided a fresh opportunity to rebuild the Great Hall in a more accurate manner. The present Grand Hall was reconstructed during 1971-1972 with a number of its features substantiated by excavations. Constructed from square logs, hand hewn from local timbers; the structure measures 30' x 95'. It is 1½ stories with two fireplaces of random-coursed fieldstone, a hip roof with six gable dormers covering the Great Hall and its 95' long porch located on the south side. This structure is in excellent condition.

HS 2 CRAWFORD CABIN - This cabin was built circa 1895 on the former site of the Grand Portage post. It measures 26' x 16', with  $1\frac{1}{2}$  stories. It is a dovetail constructed log building. New flooring and a safety disappearing stairway were installed in 1973. New wiring was installed in 1974. This structure is in fair condition. RFMD//

HS 8 GATEHOUSE - A 13' x 13' building elevated approximately 12' above grade, this log gate house was built circa 1936. It is in excellent condition, although partially charred by fire in 1969.

HS 14 WAREHOUSE - A squared log building 52' x 19' set on piles, this reconstruction was completed in 1973 and is in excellent condition. It is now used as a canoe shed for interpretive purposes.

HS 15 KITCHEN - This building served as a kitchen for the main dining facilities in the Great Hall. Reconstructed between 1973 and 1976, it was based on a previous recontruction built in 1936 which burned. The structure measures 35' x 27' and is connected by a walkway to the Great Hall. It is of log construction and is 1½ stories tall.

(See continuation sheet, page no. 1)

n No. 10 300a

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## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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PAGE 1

HS 16 STOCKADE - There are 1574 linear feet of stockade, approximately 14' high. This reconstruction was first built in 1936 and rebuilt in 1964. The condition of the stockade varies from excellent to fair. It consists of logs standing in a filled trench.

HS 18 FORT CHARLOTTE SITE - This site is located on the Pigeon River at the western end of the Grand Portage trail. A few buried foundations and caved-in cellar pits mark the location of the Fort Charlotte storage depot of the North West Company. Similar remains of a short-lived outpost set up by the competing XY Company in 1797 are also evident in this area.

PORTAGE TRAIL - The nine-mile Grand Portage or "great carrying place" connected the Pigeon River and Lake Superior. The trail was used by the voyageurs, making their way to the Grand Portage Stockade, to bypass the treacherous falls and ascades of the lower Pigeon River. The trail, an unpaved foot path, passes through a dense, second growth woodland and mountainous terrain.

Two watchtowers (HS 3) once existed on the Grand Portage site. Reconstructions built in 1936 were demolished in the 1960s, due to safety problems and historical inaccuracies.

Grand Portage National Monument also includes numerous other sites of structures built in the late 18th Century by the North West Company and its competitors. Further archeological exploration is required in these locations.

One nonhistoric structure which exists within the monument's boundaries is a public restroom which is located outside the stockade at the Grand Portage post.

Another is a 270' long wood dock built on the site of the historic Grand Portage dock used in conjunction with the stockade. A previous dock constructed on the same site was destroyed by a storm in 1951 and was replaced by the present dock which is placed on 12' x 12' log cribs filled with loose rubble and is in the shape of an "L". It remains in excellent condition. This dock is used as a drop-off point for visitors travelling to and from Isle Royale National Park located in Lake Superior.

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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Grand Portage National Monument 38 miles north of Grand Marais Grand Marais, Cook County, Minnesota

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The historically associated and significant materials in the Monument's collection or under National Park Service control consist primarily of items recovered through professional archeological investigation, but does include items acquired through field collection or donation. The materials include remnants of building materials and hardware, tools, container parts, personal possessions, firearms, and trade goods. The materials especially significant are those from the 1730-1804 period, but the collection contains both earlier and later items.

### 8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AR			
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	_COMMUNITY PLANNING	_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	_LAW	SCIENCE
_1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
X 1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X 1800-1899	<b>X</b> .COMMERCE	XEXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	<b>X</b> TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	_INDUSTRY	EPOLITICS/GOVERNMENT	_OTHER (SPECIEV)
		INVENTION		

### SPECIFIC DATES

#### BUILDER/ARCHITECT

### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

In 1936, the Grand Portage site was judged by the Advisory Board on National Parks, Historic Sites, Buildings and Monuments to be of national significance because of its important association with the fur trade and the exploration and colonization of the northwest, its historic/geographic link between the United States and Canada, and its excellent state of preservation in a semi-wilderness setting.

Grand Portage National Monument is situated on Lake Superior near the northeastern tip of Lake Superior. It encompasses the site of one of the most important fur posts on the North American continent. Geography, the quest for fur, the search for the Northwest Passage, and a boundary dispute between the United States and Canada, caused it to become a great center of activity. The strategic location of Grand Portage between Lake Superior and the interconnected waterway along the present Minnesota-Ontario border guaranteed it an important place in history, because it guarded one of the best natural routes to the northern interior of the continent (the other being Hudson Bay). Because of its geographical advantages, Grand Portage was selected as the headquarters of the North West Company, a powerful British fur trading firm. Because of the importance of the company, Grand Portage was the only scene of military activity in Minnesota during the Revolutionary War when British soldiers were stationed there to protect the company's property.

The Grand Portage, or the "great carrying place," though neither the longest, the most difficult, nor the most spectacular of the portages, was a vital link in the fur trade from Montreal. This nine-mile trail represented the end of travel on the Great Lakes and the beginning of the interior river and lake route.

By 1778, the North West Company's trading post, located on the shores of the small bay at the eastern end of the "great carrying place," was in operation. This post, which took its name from the portage, served as the company's inland headquarters, and it was here that the "Nor' Westers" held their summer rendezvous.

At the peak of the North West Company's trade, there were over a thousand voyageurs in the company's service. These faithful laborers usually carried two, 90-pound packs over the portage between Fort Charlotte and Grand Portage, each trip.

The North West Company was unable to maintain a complete monopoly over the trade that passe through Grand Portage. Rivals sprang up from time to time, usually to flourish a few year and then merge with the "Nor' Westers." The most aggressive competitor, the XY Company, perated neighboring posts at Grand Portage and Fort Charlotte from 1797 to 1804.

(See continuation sheet, page no. 2)

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By 1800 the boom years of Grand Portage were near an end. In that year a United States tax collector visited the North West Company's post and gave notice that the United States would, the next year, levy duties on all merchandise and furs passing over the portage.

The "Nor' Westers" like many others, were uncertain whether the portage lay on United States or Canadian soil. Because they thought that the collector had a good case in the Jay Treaty of 1794 and that his warnings should be taken seriously, they immediately made plans to move their post to the mouth of the Kaministiquia River on Canadian soil, about 30 miles northeast, and to reopen a long abandoned and more difficult route to the west.

By 1803, the new post--first named Fort Kaministiquia and later called Fort William in honor of the company's chief superintendent, William McGillivray--was near completion, and the North West Company bade a final farewell to Grand Portage.

Although the trapping regions and trade routes principally lay in Canada, the people and events of Grand Portage were also significant in United States history. It could be said that Grand Portage played a larger part in the history of Canada than in that of the United States. But, in a larger context, it must be recognized that Grand Portage played a part in the historical development of both nations. The French explorers who used the portage knew no international boundary; they traveled into the Dakotas and the Illinois country, as well as through western Canada.

The Grand Portage trail was and still is an international road. Under the terms of the Webster-Ashburton Treaty of 1842 use of the trail remains free and open to this day to citizens of both the United States and Great Britain.

					<u>1</u>	21
9 MAJOR	BIBLIOGRAPHICA	AL REFER	RENCES	•		
Beeson, Dr.	L., Research Materia	al on Grand	Portage,	1960.		•
Fridley, R. October	W., The Story of Gra 30, 1963.	and Portage	, prepare	d for the Nati	onal Park Ser	vice,
	N., <u>Grand Portage</u> , Ant of the Interior,					
	APHICAL DATA NOMINATED PROPERTY 709.		(5	ee continuation	n sheet, page	no. 4)
UTM REFERE	GIGHT TOTAL		E.16		5 3 1 5 6 2 0	)
ZONE	219,914,00  5,311, EASTING NORTHIN 219,911,8,0  5,311,	G	B[1,6] ZONE D[1,6]	EASTING	5,3 1,5 0,0,0 NORTHING 5,3 1,5 7,3,0	
	UNDARY DESCRIPTION					
4, 5, 8, and which surrour point the paronce again for (See continuation)	nich is 330 meters s 9 in Township 63N R nds the site of the rk property runs wes or 390 meters, then ation sheet, page no	ange 6E, to old North to 260 meters as the cast for 3 . 4)	he area o West Composite rs, north 60 meters	f Grand Portag any's headquar 140 meters, e to the inters	e National Morters begins. ast 80 meters ection of two	nument From this , north
STATE		CODE	COUNTY	cuntaile	CODE	
STATE		CODE	COUNTY		CODE	
FORM P	REPARED BY					
ORGANIZATION	Thomas P. Busch, H	istorical A	Architect	DATE		
UNGANIZATION	National Park Serv	ice			22, 1976	
STREET & NUMB	er 1709 Jackson Stree	t	· •	TELEPHO 402-22]	ONE	
CITY OR TOWN	Omaha			STATE Nebrask	(a	The second secon
12 CERTIF	ICATION OF NOM STATE HISTORIC YES			NONE		
In compliance w	ith Executive Order 11593, I h	ereby nominate	this property		ERVATION OFFICER SIG	
Historic Preservi evaluate its sign	ation Officer has been allowed ficance. The evaluated level of ESENTATIVE SIGNATURE	90 days in which	h to present th	ne nomination to the S	itate Review Board a	and to
TITLE				DATE		

FOR NPS USE ONLY
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

DATE

DIRECTOR OFFICE OF ARCHEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION

ATTEST

DATE

KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER

form No 10-300a lev 10-74)

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Master Plan for Grand Portage, U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, June, 1971.

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CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 10 PAGE

### FORT CHARLOTTE

AA	16	289080	5320550				5320540
CC	16	289380	5319740	DD	16	288660	5319770
EE	16	2886४0	5319920				

### GRAND PORTAGE TRAIL

AAA	16	289390 <sup>.</sup>	5320160	BBB	16	291000	5320200
			5319880				
EEE	16	297000	5318880	FFF	16	299000	5317200
GGG	16	299790	5315520				

### Verbal Boundary Description

Here the boundary travels north for 190 meters, east for 30 meters, north again for 40 meters, then east for 400 meters and then south 550 meters to the shore of Lake Superior. At this point the boundary follows the shoreline in a southwesterly direction to the point where it began.

The portion of Grand Portage National Monument which surrounds Fort Charlotte borders Canada and lies in the NE 4 of section 29, Township 64N, Range 5E.

The Park's property also includes the Grand Portage Trail which runs from Lake Superior to the Pigeon River. This trail is protected within a strip of land 100 feet wide, for about a mile, from Grand Portage village to U.S. 61 and is 600 feet in width the remainder of the way to Fort Charlotte.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES PROPERTY MAP FORM

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SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS

TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- ENCLOSE WITH MAP

**M** NAME

HISTORIC

Grand Portage National Monument

AND/OR COMMON

2 LOCATION

CITY, TOWN

X\_VICINITY OF

COUNTY

STATE

Grand Marias

Cook

Minnesota

**MAP REFERENCE** 

SOURCE

U.S. Geological Survey, Grand Portage, Minnesota, Quadrangle

SCALE

1:24000

DATE

1959

4 REQUIREMENTS

TO BE INCLUDED ON ALL MAPS

- 1. PROPERTY BOUNDARIES
- 2. NORTH ARROW
- 3. UTM REFERENCES

INT: 3464-75

Form No. 10-301 (Rev. 1Ω-74):

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2 LOCATION

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X VICINITY OF

COUNTY

STATE

Grand Marais

Cook

Minnesota

**MAP REFERENCE** 

SOURCE

U. S. Geological Survey, Mineral Center, Minnesota, Quadrangle

SCALE

1:24000

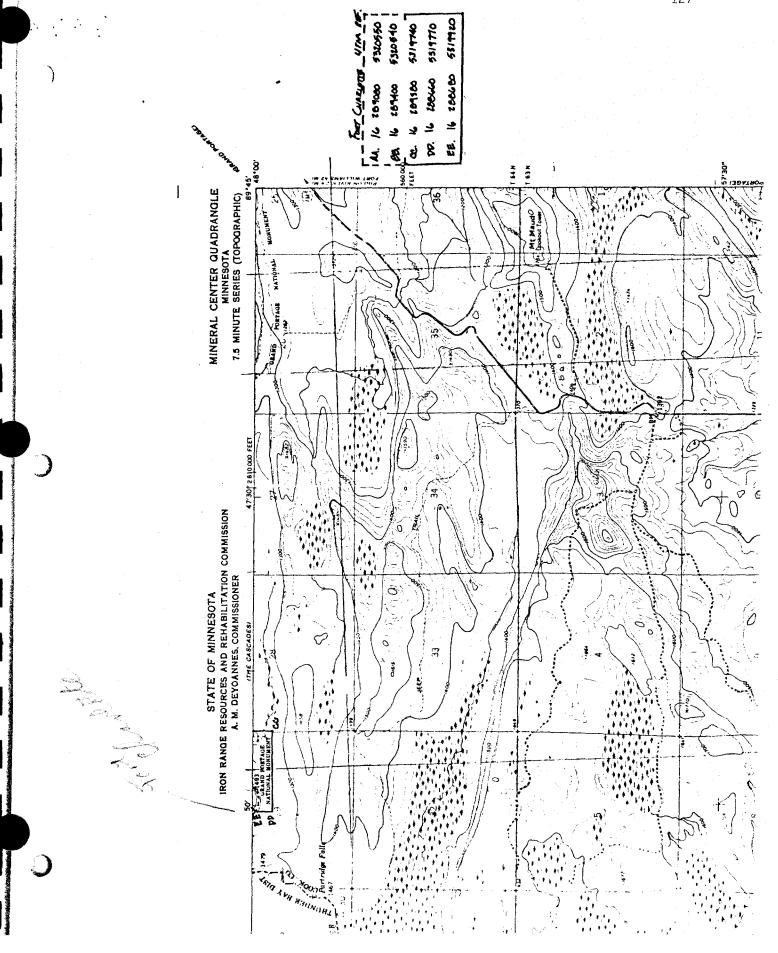
DATE 1959

### 4 REQUIREMENTS

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- 2. NORTH ARROW
- 3. UTM REFERENCES

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TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- ENCLOSE WITH MAP

**NAME** 

HISTORIC

Grand Portage National Monument

AND/OR COMMON

**LOCATION** 

CITY, TOWN

X VICINITY OF

COUNTY

STATE

Grand Marais

Cook

Minnesota

3 MAP REFERENCE

SOURCE

U.S. Geological Survey, The Cascades, Minnesota, Quadrangle

SCALE

1:24000

DATE

1960

4 REQUIREMENTS

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- 2. NORTH ARROW
- 3. UTM REFERENCES

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