



Content	Method	Time
<p>Discuss video with group, being sure to mention things like the decrease in population in Central America and Mexico after Columbus, or other world events that resulted in population changes.</p>		
<p>III. U.S. Demographics</p>		
<p>As the world population is increasing, so is that of the U.S. As the population increases, percentages of ethnic populations is also shifting.</p>	<p>Participatory Lecture</p>	<p>20 Minutes</p>
<p>Introduce statistics from <u>World Almanac</u>, U.S. population section (age distribution, percentage of population in urban areas, city populations by race, life expectancy). Solicit class comments.</p>	<p>Overheads, handouts, or discussion</p>	
<p>Introduce U.S. Census Bureau statistics "The Demographics of American Diversity" and the demographics of regional areas. (See handouts for this lesson plan. Demographics for your region can be obtained by calling your local census bureau.)</p>	<p>Lecture</p>	
<p>Summarize ideas discussed. Introduce concept that as world and U.S. population increases, we will see an increase in diverse audiences in our parks--they still may comprise a small percentage of the overall population, but as population increases, their numbers rise correspondingly.</p>		
<p>IV. National Park Service Visitors</p>		
<p>Introduce the idea that we need to know our audiences before we can serve their needs.</p>	<p>Questioning</p>	<p>5 Minutes</p>
<p>Question class to see who <u>they</u> think is visiting the parks. Write answers on flip chart. Ask them how they know this.</p>	<p>Brainstorming Flipchart</p>	
<p>Describe NPS resources available to answer these questions.</p>	<p>Overheads</p>	<p>10 Minutes</p>
<p>1. WASO Social Science Program: Superintendent's Memorandum Series, including #45, #15, and #21 (graphs).</p>		
<p>2. Report entitled "A Diversity of Visitors: A Report on Visitors to the National Park System," from the Visitor Services Project.</p>		

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<p>3. Visitor Services Project</p> <p>Describe the project, and the information it can provide to your park (Eg., proportion of visitors by country, state, county, group types, group sizes, languages spoken, activities while at park, etc.)</p> <p>Show examples of results on overhead.</p>	<p>Samples, lectures, overheads, handouts</p>	<p>15 Minutes</p>
<p>V. Activity</p> <p>Introduce activity: class will break up into four or five "buzz groups."</p> <p>Give each group a handout made up of graphs/maps/tables from one of the visitor services studies done in a park area (give a different park area to each group). Graphs most appropriate are visitor group sizes, group types, ages, map and/or table of proportion of foreign visitors by country, map and/or table of proportion of visitors from each state.</p> <p>With this information, each group will answer the following questions:</p> <p>--Describe the most common types of visitors that come to this park</p> <p>--What can be done with interpretive operations at this park to accommodate these visitors? (Examples of answers: print foreign language brochures, use microphones at programs or caption films, hire dual-language employees, have more family-oriented activities, have more children's activities, have a variety of programs for repeat visitors, etc.)</p>	<p>Buzz groups</p>	<p>25 Minutes</p>
<p>Have groups report individual results, 5 minutes per group.</p>	<p>Activity</p>	<p>30 Minutes</p>
<p>VI. Conclusion</p> <p>Review the population trends discussed earlier, reiterate objectives. Recap some of the group's ideas of how interpretation can keep up with these changes--meeting today's demands and planning for the future.</p>	<p>Participatory lecture</p>	<p>5 Minutes</p>