Species	Status	Hab.	Sp	S	F	W
VIREOS ☐ White-eyed Vireo* ☐ Blue-headed Vireo** ☐ Yellow-throated Vireo ☐ Philadelphia Vireo ☐ Red-eyed Vireo* ☐ WARBLERS	SR SR SR TR SR	Gen/I	U For FC U VU A	U FC U	U FC U VU C	
□ Blue-winged Warbler □ Golden-winged Warbl □ Tennessee Warbler □ Orange-cr. Warbler □ Northern Parula* □ Yellow Warbler* □ Chestnut-sided Warble □ Magnolia Warbler	TR TR SR SR	Aq	U VU VU FC U U	FC U	VU VU VU FC VU U	
☐ Cape May Warbler ☐ Black-thr. Blue Warble ☐ Yellow-rumped Warbler ☐ Black-thr. Green Warb ☐ Blackburnian Warbler ☐ Yellow-throated Warbler ☐ Pine Warbler* ☐ Prairie Warbler*	TR TR W V Iler* SR TR	R Gen/I	VU FC	C FC C U	VU VU FC C U FC U	U VU
☐ Palm Warbler ☐ Bay-breasted Warbler ☐ Blackpoll Warbler ☐ Cerulean Warbler* ☐ Black-and-white Warble ☐ American Redstart* ☐ Prothonotary Warbler ☐ Worm-eating Warbler	TR TR TR SR r** SR SR SR	Gen Gen Gen Gen Aq	VU VU VU FC U VU FC	U FC U VU FC	U FC U VU FC	U
□ Swainson's Warbler** □ Ovenbird** □ Northern Waterthrush □ Louisiana Waterthrush □ Kentucky Warbler* □ Common Yellowthroat* □ Hooded Warbler*	SR SR TR TR h* SR SR SR SR	Gen Gen Op	U A VU U U FC A	U A U U FC A	U FC VU U U U FC	
□ Canada Warbler □ Yellow-breasted Chat [*] □ TANAGERS □ Summer Tanager* □ Scarlet Tanager* □ CARDINALS, GROSBEA □ Northern Cardinal*	SR SR	. Op	VU U VU C S	U VU C FC	VU U VU FC FC	FC
☐ Rose-breasted Grosbe ☐ Blue Grosbeak ☐ Indigo Bunting* ☐ SPARROWS	_	Ор	VU C	VU C	FC	
□ Eastern Towhee* □ Chipping Sparrow** □ Field Sparrow* □ Vesper Sparrow	PR SR PR VI	Op Op Op	FC FC U	FC FC U	FC FC U	U VU U VU
☐ Savannah Sparrow ☐ Fox Sparrow ☐ Song Sparrow* ☐ Swamp Sparrow ☐ White-throated Sparrow ☐ White-crowned Sparrow ☐ Dark-eyed Junco	VI W W W W W	R R R R	VU U U VU FC	U	U FC U VU FC	VU VU FC U VU FC
□ BLACKBIRDS □ Bobolink □ Red-winged Blackbird** □ Eastern Meadowlark* □ Common Grackle* □ Brown-headed Cowbird □ Orchard Oriole*	PR PR	Ор	VU FC FC U U	FC FC U U	FC FC U VU	U U

Species	Status Hab.	Sp	S	F	W
□ Northern Oriole □ FINCHES	SR	VU	VU	VU	
☐ Purple Finch☐ House Finch☐ Red Crossbill	WR PR VI For	VU VU	VU	VU VU	VL VL R
☐ Pine Siskin☐ American Goldfinch*☐ Evening Grosbeak	WR PR WR	VU U R	U	VU U	VL U R
☐ House Sparrow*	PR	Ü	U	U	Ü

How You Behave Can Save

Watching wildlife the responsible way...

The thrill of watching a wild animal in its native surroundings is spectacular and awe inspiring. While visiting Big South Fork, or any other natural area, remember:

- Never feed or harass wildlife.
- View wildlife with respect.
- All wildlife is wild and unpredictable.
 Stay a safe distance from any wild animal
 —15 feet is recommended.
- All plants and animals within national park areas are protected, it is illegal to collect any wildlife without special permits.

Birding Ethics

- Be careful not to disturb nesting birds. Eggs or chicks left unattended are vulnerable to extreme temperatures or predators.
- Avoid disrupting the natural behavior of birds. Although an isolated disturbance may not be harmful to an individual's survival, cumulative incidents from other visitors may be detrimental.
- Be extremely cautious and courteous when roadside birding; be sure to pull entirely off the road when observing wildlife and to always be aware of other motorists.

Checklist data provided by: Dr. Stephen J. Stedman (Tennessee Technological University), Dr. Charles P. Nicholson (Tennessee Ornithological Society), and National Park Service National Park Service
US Department of the Interior

Big South Fork National River & Recreation Area Tennessee/Kentucky



Bird Checklist of Big South Fork NRRA



Bird watching is a very popular activity at Big South Fork NRRA. Vegetation types found at the park support a wonderful array of bird diversity. This is illustrated by the approximately 160 species recorded within park boundaries during the past 40 years.

Prior to establishment of the park, some species of birds occurred within its present-day boundaries or nearby, but they have not been recorded since. These species include the red-cockaded woodpecker and the Bewick's wren, which are not expected to occur in the area at this time. Regional populations of the golden eagle and the common raven are increasing and these birds could be reported in the near future. The peregrine falcon, which once nested in the area, is likely a rare migrant through the area although there are no recent records of it.

The park is especially rich as a haven for neotropical migrant birds. Neotropical migrants, indicated by boldfacing in the checklist, are species that breed in North America and then migrate to the tropical regions of Central and South America to spend the northern winter. Some birds may be termed partial neotropical migrants; that is, a portion of their population migrates to the tropics for the winter, but a large fraction winters in the southern parts of North America.

Some species of neotropical migrants are currently undergoing population declines throughout their ranges as a result of the effects of forest fragmentation and clearcutting. Protecting large tracts of mature forest may be the best means of ensuring the survival of these species.

Status Codes

PK	Permanent Resident
SR	Summer Resident
WR	Winter Resident
TR	Transiont

TR Transient

Visitor (no pattern of occurrence)

Boldface type indicates neotroical migrant.

Asterisks indicate confirmed (**) and highly probable (*) breeding in the area.

Abundance Code

Abuna	ance Codes
А	Abundant (26+ likely to be seen/heard in
	appropriate habitat in one day)
C	Common (11-25 likely to be seen/heard in
	appropriate habitat in one day)
FC	Fairly Common (3-10 likely to be seen/heard in
	appropriate habitat in one day)
U	Uncommon (1-2 likely to be seen/heard in
	appropriate habitat in one day)
VU	Very Uncommon (1-5 records during a season
	likely)
R	Rare (only 1-3 records ever made)

Seasons of Occurence

Sp	Spring (March-May)
Su	Summer (June-July)
Fa	Fall (August-November)
W	Winter (December-February)

Habitat Obligates and Generalists

Some species breeding in or migrating through Big South Fork NRRA are often habitat obligates, that is, their occurence is often restricted to certain habitats found within the area, while other species are habitat generalists and may be found in a wide variety of habitats within the area. The following codes are used to indicate the preferences of species with habitat restrictions:

rk
d

Field Information

The following space is provided for those wishing to keep a record of their Big South Fork birding experience.

Date/Time:	Afield:
)bserver(s):	
ky/Wind/Temp:	Total # Species
laces Visited:	
lotes:	

Species	Status	Hab.	Sp	s	F	w
LOONS & GREBES	VI	۸۵	R			
☐ Common Loon☐ Pied-billed Grebe	VI	Aq Aq	VU		VU	R
□ WATERFOWL	PR	Λα	VU	VU	VU	VU
☐ Canada Goose ☐ Wood Duck**	SR	Aq Aq	U	U	U	VU
☐ Mallard	VI	Aq	VΠ		VU	VU
☐ Blue-winged Teal ☐ Northern Shoveler	TR TR	Aq Aq	R VU		VU	
☐ Green-winged Teal	TR	Αq	R			
☐ Surf Scoter ☐ Bufflehead	TR TR	Aq Aq	R R			
☐ Common Merganser**	SR	Aq	VU			R
☐ HERONS & VŬLTURES	DD	·	- 11	11	11	\/
☐ Great Blue Heron ☐ Green Heron*	PR SR	Aq Aq	U VU	U VU	U VU	VU
☐ Black Vulture	PR	, 19	U	U	Ü	U
☐ Turkey Vulture*	PR CONS		FC	FC	FC	FC
☐ HAWKS, EAGLES, FALC ☐ Osprey	LONS TR	Aq	VU		VU	
☐ Bald Eagle	VI	Gen	VU			VU
☐ Northern Harrier☐ Sharp-shinned Hawk**	WI PR	R Op For	VU VU	VU	VU	VU VU
☐ Cooper's Hawk	PR	101	VÜ	VU	VU	VÜ
☐ Red-shouldered Hawk**		Aq	U	U	U	U
☐ Broad-winged Hawk* ☐ Red-tailed Hawk*	SR PR		U	U	U	U
☐ American Kestrel	PR	Ор	VU	VU	VU	VU
☐ TURKEY & QUAIL☐ Ruffed Grouse**	PR		U	U	U	U
☐ Wild Turkey**	PR		Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ŭ
☐ Northern Bobwhite	PR	Ор	VU	VU	VU	VU
☐ CRANES, PLOVERS☐ Sandhill Crane	TR		VU		VU	VU
☐ Killdeer**	PR	Ор	Ü	U	Ü	Ü
☐ SANDPIPERS & PHALA☐ Solitary Sandpiper	ROPES TR	Aq	VU		VU	
☐ Spotted Sandpiper	TR	Αq	VÜ		VÜ	
□ Common Snipe	WI	R Aq	VU	\/	VU	VU
☐ American Woodcock** ☐ DOVES	PR		VU	VU	VU	VU
☐ Rock Pigeon*	PR		VU	VU	VU	VU
☐ Mourning Dove* ☐ CUCKOOS	PR		U	U	U	U
☐ Black-billed Cuckoo	TR		VU		VU	
☐ Yellow-billed Cuckoo*	SR		U	U	U	
☐ OWLS ☐ Eastern Screech-Owl*	PR		U	U	U	U
☐ Great Horned Owl*	PR		Ú	U	U	U
☐ Barred Owl*	PR		U	U	U	U

Species	Statu	ıs	Н	ab.	Sp	S	F	W
☐ GOATSUCKERS		TD			\		\ /I I	
☐ Common Nighthawk ☐ Whip-poor-will*		TR SR			VU FC	FC	VU	
☐ SWIFTS & HUMMINGB	BIRDS	CD						
│ □ Chimney Swift* │ □ Ruby-thr. Hummingbii	rd*	SR SR			U	U	U	
☐ KINĞFISHERS								
☐ Belted Kingfisher* ☐ WOODPECKERS		PR		Aq	U	U	U	U
☐ Red-headed Woodpecke		PR			VU	VU	VU	VU
☐ Red-bellied Woodpecker ☐ Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	r* r	PR W			U	U	U	U
☐ Downy Woodpecker*		PR			U	U	U	U
☐ Hairy Woodpecker* ☐ Northern Flicker*		PR PR			FC U	FC U	FC U	FC U
☐ Pileated Woodpecker*		PR			FC	FC	FC	FC
☐ FLYCATCHERS ☐ Olive-sided Flycatcher		TR			R	VU		VU
☐ Eastern Wood-Pewee ³		SR		_	U	U	U	
☐ Acadian Flycatcher** ☐ Least Flycatcher		SR TR		Gen	FC VU	FC	FC VU	
☐ Eastern Phoebe**		PR			U	U	U	VU
☐ Great Cr. Flycatcher* ☐ Eastern Kingbird*		SR SR		Ор	U FC	U FC	U	
☐ MARTINS & SWALLOW	VS			Op				
☐ Purple Martin☐ Tree Swallow		SR TR			VU VU	VU	VU	
☐ N. Rough-winged Swalld	>* *WC	SR		Aq	U	U	U	
☐ Bank Swallow ☐ Barn Swallow**		TR SR			VU U	U	VU	
☐ JAYS & CROWS								
☐ Blue Jay* ☐ American Crow**		PR PR			FC FC	FC FC	FC FC	FC FC
☐ CHICKADEES & TITMIC	CE							
☐ Carolina Chickadee** ☐ Tufted Titmouse**		PR PR			C FC	C FC	C FC	C FC
□ NUTHATCHES & CREEF	PERS		_	_				
☐ Red-breasted Nuthatch☐ White-breasted Nuthatch	h*	WI PR	Κ	For	VU FC	FC	VU FC	VU FC
☐ Brown Creeper		WI	R		U		U	U
☐ WRENS ☐ Carolina Wren**		PR			U	U	U	U
☐ House Wren		TR			VU		VU	
☐ Winter Wren ☐ KINGLETS & GNATCAT	CHERS	WI	Κ		U		U	U
☐ Golden-crowned Kinglet		W		For	C		C	C
☐ Ruby-crowned Kinglet☐ Blue-gray Gnatcatcher*	*	WI SR			U FC	FC	U	VU
☐ THRUSHES				0				F.C
☐ Eastern Bluebird** ☐ Veery		PR TR		Ор	FC VU	FC	FC VU	FC
☐ Gray-cheeked Thrush		TR			VU		VU	
☐ Swainson's Thrush ☐ Hermit Thrush		TR WI	2		U		U	U
☐ Wood Thrush*		SR		0	FC	FC	FC	
☐ American Robin** ☐ MOCKINGBIRDS & THI	RASHE	PR RS		Ор	FC	FC	U	U
☐ Gray Catbird*		SR		0	U	U	U	\ /! !
☐ Brown Thrasher* ☐ Northern Mockingbird*		PR PR		Op Op	U VU	VU	VU	VU
☐ SHRIKES								
☐ Loggerhead Shrike☐ STARLINGS & WAXWII	NGS	VI		Ор	VU	VU	VU	VU
☐ Cedar Waxwing**		PR			U	U	U	U
☐ European Starling**		PR			U	U	U	U